HTML – Input Types

Input Type: text

 <input type="text"> defines a one-line input field for text input:

```
Example:
<form>
   First name:<br>
   <input type="text" name="firstname"><br>
   Last name:<br>
   <input type="text" name="lastname">
</form>
                       First name:
                       Last name:
```

Submit

Input Type: password

<input type="password"> defines a password field:

User name:	
User password:	
osei password.	

Input Type: submit

- <input type="submit"> defines a button for submitting form input to a form-handler.
- The form-handler is typically a server page with a script for processing input data.
- The form-handler is specified in the form's action attribute:

Input Type: radio

- <input type="radio"> defines a radio button.
- Radio buttons let a user select ONLY ONE of a limited number of choices:

- Male
- Female
- Other

Input Type: checkbox

- <input type="checkbox"> defines a checkbox.
- Checkboxes let a user select ZERO or MORE options of a limited number of choices.

- I have a bike
- I have a car

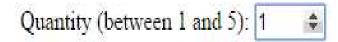
Input Type: button

- <input type="button"> defines a button:
- Example
- <input type="button" onclick="alert('Hello World!')" value="Click Me!">

Click Me!

Input Type: number

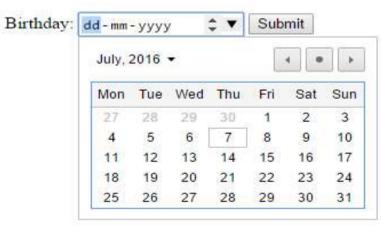
- The **<input type="number">** is used for input fields that should contain a numeric value.
- You can set restrictions on the numbers.
- Depending on browser support, the restrictions can apply to the input field.



Input Type: date

- The <input type="date"> is used for input fields that should contain a date.
- Depending on browser support, a date picker can show up in the input field.

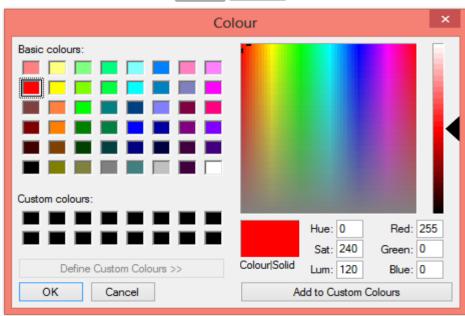
```
Example
<form>
    Birthday:
    <input type="date" name="bday">
</form>
```



Input Type: color

- The <input type="color"> is used for input fields that should contain a color.
- Depending on browser support, a color picker can show up in the input field.

</fr>
Select your favorite color:



Submit

Input Type: range

- The <input type="range"> is used for input fields that should contain a value within a range.
- Depending on browser support, the input field can be displayed as a slider control.

```
<form>
<input type="range" name="points" min="0" max="10">
</form>
```



Input Type: month

- The <input type="month"> allows the user to select a month and year.
- Depending on browser support, a date picker can show up in the input field.

```
Example
<form>
    Birthday (month and year):
        <input type="month" name="bdaymonth">
</form>
```



Input Type: time

- The <input type="time"> allows the user to select a time (no time zone).
- Depending on browser support, a time picker can show up in the input field.

```
Example
<form>
    Select a time:
    <input type="time" name="usr_time">
</form>
```

Select a time: 11:05 x \$ Submit

Input Type: datetime-local

- The <input type="datetime-local"> allows the user to select a date and time (no time zone).
- Depending on browser support, a date picker can show up in the input field.

Input Type: email

- The **<input type="email">** is used for input fields that should contain an e-mail address.
- Depending on browser support, the e-mail address can be automatically validated when submitted.
- Some smartphones recognize the email type, and adds ".com" to the keyboard to match email input.

Input Type: url

- The **<input type="url">** is used for input fields that should contain a URL address.
- Depending on browser support, the url field can be automatically validated when submitted.
- Some smartphones recognize the url type, and adds ".com" to the keyboard to match url input.