UNIT-III

USE CASE EXAMPLE

MADHESWARI.K AP/CSE SSNCE



Use Case Example

- **Process Sale**: A customer arrives at a checkout with items to purchase. The cashier uses the **POS** system to record each purchased item. The system presents a **running total** and **line-item** details. The customer enters **payment** information, which the system validates and records. The system updates i**nventory**. The customer receives a **receipt** from the system and then leaves with the items.
- Notice that use cases are not diagrams, they are text. Focusing on secondary-value UML use case diagrams rather than the important use case text is a common mistake for use case novices.
- Use cases often need to be more detailed or structured than this example, but the essence is discovering and recording functional requirements by writing stories of using a system to fulfill user goals; that is, cases of use.



Use Case Example

Guideline: How to Find Use Cases

- Use cases are defined to satisfy the goals of the primary actors. Hence, the basic procedure is:
- 1. Choose the system boundary. Is it just a software application, the hardware and application as a unit, that plus a person using it, or an entire organization?
- 2. Identify the primary actors those that have goals fulfilled through using services of the system.
- Identify the goals for each primary actor.
- 4. Define use cases that satisfy user goals; name them according to their goal. Usually, user-goal level use cases will be one-to-one with user goals, but there is at least one exception, as will be examined.



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