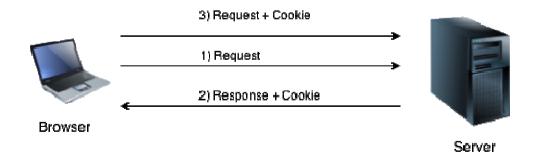
Session Tracking Mechanism - Cookies

What is Cookie?

- A cookie
 - small piece of information that is persisted between the multiple client requests
- A cookie has name and value

How Cookie works?

- By default, each request is considered as a new request
- Cookie is added with response from the servlet
- Cookie is stored in the cache of the browser
- Request is sent by the user, cookie is added with request by default
- Recognize the user as the old user.



Advantages & Disadvantages

- Advantage of Cookies
 - Simplest technique of maintaining the state
 - Cookies are maintained at client side
- Disadvantage of Cookies
 - It will not work if cookie is disabled from the browser
 - Only textual information can be set in Cookie object

Constructors & Methods

Constructor	Description
Cookie()	constructs a cookie.
Cookie(String name, String value)	constructs a cookie with a specified name and value.

Method	Description
public void setMaxAge(int expiry)	Sets the maximum age of the cookie in seconds.
public String getName()	Returns the name of the cookie. The name cannot be changed after creation.
public String getValue()	Returns the value of the cookie.
public void setName(String name)	changes the name of the cookie.
public void setValue(String value)	changes the value of the cookie.

Creation and Deletion of Cookies

How to create Cookie?

Cookie ck=**new** Cookie("user","sonoo jaiswal");//creating cook ie object

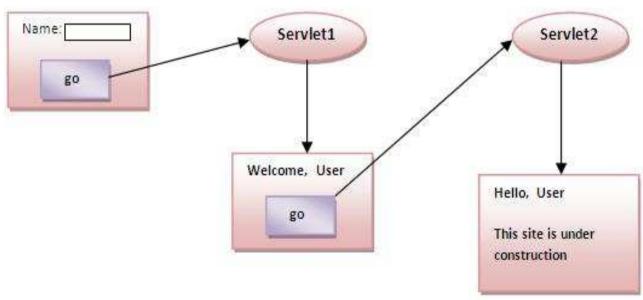
response.addCookie(ck);//adding cookie in the response

How to delete Cookie?

Cookie ck=**new** Cookie("user","");//deleting value of cookie ck.setMaxAge(0);//changing the maximum age as 0 response.addCookie(ck);//adding cookie in the response

How to get Cookies?

```
Cookie ck[]=request.getCookies();
for(int i=0;i<ck.length;i++)
{
   out.print("<br>"+ck[i].getName()+" "+ck[i].getValue());
}
```



Storing the name of the user in the cookie object and accessing it in another servlet

Cookie Example1 – web.xml

```
<servlet>
<web-app>
                                <servlet-name>s2</servlet-name>
                                <servlet-
<servlet>
                                   class>SecondServlet</servlet-
<servlet-name>s1
                                   class>
<servlet-class>FirstServlet/servlet-
                                </servlet>
  class>
</servlet>
                                <servlet-mapping>
                                <servlet-name>
<servlet-mapping>
                                <url-pattern>/servlet2</url-
<servlet-name>s1
                                   pattern>
<url-pattern>/servlet1</url-
                                </servlet-mapping>
  pattern>
</servlet-mapping>
                                </web-app>
```

Cookie Example1 – FirstServlet

```
public class FirstServlet extends HttpServlet {
 public void doPost(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response){
  try{
  response.setContentType("text/html");
  PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
  String n=request.getParameter("userName");
  out.print("Welcome "+n);
  Cookie ck=new Cookie("uname",n);//creating cookie object
  response.addCookie(ck);//adding cookie in the response
  //creating submit button
  out.print("<form action='servlet2'>");
  out.print("<input type='submit' value='go'>");
  out.print("</form>");
  out.close();
    }catch(Exception e){System.out.println(e);}
```

Cookie Example1 – SecondServlet

```
public class SecondServlet extends HttpServlet {
public void doPost(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletR
  esponse response){
  try{
  response.setContentType("text/html");
  PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
  Cookie ck[]=request.getCookies();
  out.print("Hello "+ck[0].getValue());
  out.close();
    }catch(Exception e){System.out.println(e);}
```

Cookie Example1 – SecondServlet

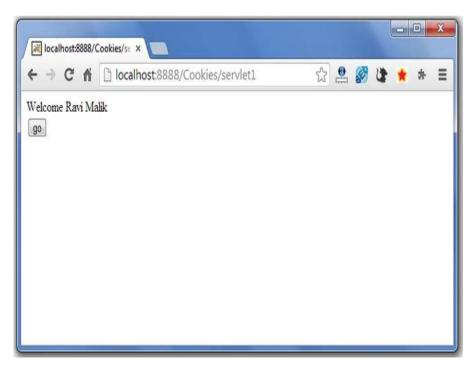
Index.html

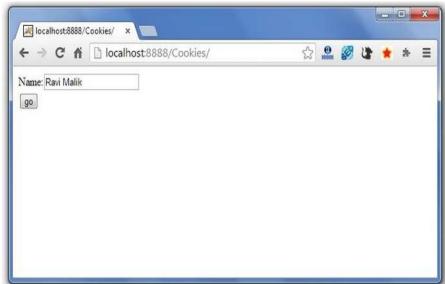
<form action="servlet1" method="p ost">

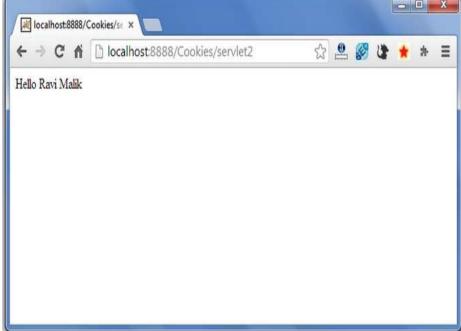
Name:<input type="text" name="us erName"/>

<input type="submit" value="go"/>

</form>







Cookie Example2 – Setting Cookies

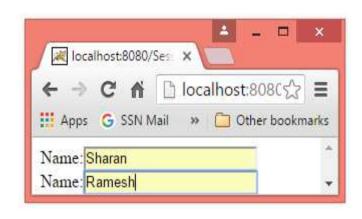
```
public void doGet(...) {
 response.setContentType("text/html");
 PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
// Create cookies for first and last names.
   Cookie firstName = new Cookie("first name",
    request.getParameter("first name"));
   Cookie lastName = new Cookie("last name".
    request.getParameter("last name"));
   // Set expiry date after 24 Hrs for both the
    cookies.
   firstName.setMaxAge(60*60*24);
   lastName.setMaxAge(60*60*24);
   // Add both the cookies in the response
    header.
   response.addCookie(firstName);
   response.addCookie( lastName );
```

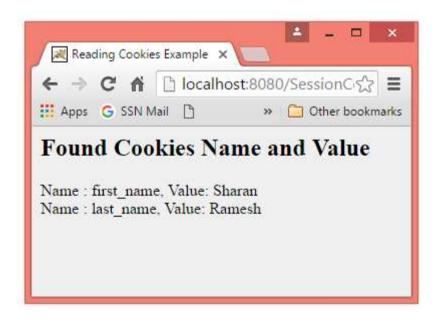
```
String title = "Setting Cookies Example";
   String docType =
   "<!doctype html public \"-//w3c//dtd html 4.0 "
   "transitional//en\">\n";
   out.println(docType +
        "<html>\n" +
        "<head><title>" + title +
    "</title></head>\n" +
        "<body bgcolor=\"#f0f0f0\">\n" +
        "<h1 align=\"center\">" + title + "</h1>\n"
        "\n" +
        " <b>First Name</b>: "
        + request.getParameter("first_name") +
    "\n" +
        " <b>Last Name</b>: "
        + request.getParameter("last_name") +
    "\n" +
        "\n" +
        "</body></html>"):}}
```

Cookie Example2 – Setting Cookies

```
public class ReadCookies extends HttpServlet if( cookies != null ){
                                                 out.println("<h2> Found Cookies Name
 public void doGet(...)
                                               and Value</h2>");
                                            for (int i = 0; i < cookies.length; i++)
   Cookie cookie = null;
   Cookie[] cookies = null;
                                               cookie = cookies[i];
   // Get an array of Cookies associated with
   this domain
                                               out.print("Name : " + cookie.getName( ) );
   cookies = request.getCookies();
                                               out.print("Value: " + cookie.getValue( ));
    // Set response content type
   response.setContentType("text/html");
                                               }else{
   PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
                                                  out.println(
   String title = "Reading Cookies Example";
                                                   "<h2>No cookies founds</h2>");
   String docType =
   "<!doctype html public \"-//w3c//dtd html
   4.0 " +
                                               out.println("</body>");
   "transitional//en\">\n";
                                               out.println("</html>");
   out.println(docType +
        "<html>\n" +
         "<head><title>" + title +
   "</title></head>\n" +
         "<body bgcolor=\"#f0f0f0\">\n" );
```

Cookie Example2 - Output







Index.html

<form action="hello" method="get">
Name:<input type="text"
name="first_name"/>

Name:<input type="text"
name="last_name"/>

<input type="submit" value="go"/>
</form>