

計算機程式語言

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Chapter 5_project 7

Write a program that finds the largest and smallest of four integers entered by the user;

Enter four integers : 21 43 10 35

Largest : 43

Smallest : 10

Use as few if statements as possible. *Hint:* Four if statements are sufficient.

Solution

```
2
3  #include <stdio.h>
4
5  int main(void){
6      int n1,n2,n3,n4,
7          largest12, smallest12,
8          largest34, smallest34,
9          largest, smallest;
10
11     printf("Enter four integers : ");
12     scanf("%d%d%d%d", &n1, &n2, &n3, &n4);
13
14     if(n1 > n2){
15         
16     }else{
17         
18     }
19
20 }
21
22 if(n3 > n4){
23     
24 }else{
25     
26 }
27
28 }
29
```

Solution

```
29  
30     if(largest12 > largest34)  
31     | _____  
32     else  
33     | _____  
34  
35     if(smallest12 > smallest34)  
36     | _____  
37     else  
38     | _____  
39  
40     printf("Largest : %d\n", largest);  
41     printf("Smallest : %d\n", smallest);  
42  
43     return 0;  
44  
45 }
```

Example

```
ming173899@LAPTOP-MTRC7IR7:/mnt/c/Users/bobo/Desktop$ ./a.out
Enter four integers : 21 43 10 35
Largest : 43
Smallest : 10
ming173899@LAPTOP-MTRC7IR7:/mnt/c/Users/bobo/Desktop$ ./a.out
Enter four integers : 1234 999 9999 5
Largest : 9999
Smallest : 5
ming173899@LAPTOP-MTRC7IR7:/mnt/c/Users/bobo/Desktop$
```

Chapter 5_project 8

8. The following table shows the daily flights from one city to another;

<i>Departure time</i>	<i>Arrival time</i>
8:00 a.m.	10:16 a.m.
9:43 a.m.	11:52 a.m.
11:19 a.m.	1:31 p.m.
12:47 p.m.	3:00 p.m.
2:00 p.m.	4:08 p.m.
3:45 p.m.	5:55 p.m.
7:00 p.m.	9:20 p.m.
9:45 p.m.	11:58 p.m.

Chapter 5_project 8

Write a program that asks user to enter a time (expressed in hours and minutes, using the 24 - hour clock). The program then displays the departure and arrival times for the flight whose departure time is closest to that entered by the user:

Enter a 24-hour time : 13:15

Closest departure time is 12:47 p.m., arriving at 3:00 p.m.

Hint: Convert the input into a time expressed in minutes since midnight, and compare it to the departure times, also expressed in minutes since midnight. For example, 13:15 is $13 \times 60 + 15 = 795$ minutes since midnight, which is closer to 12:47 p.m. (767 minutes since midnight) than to any of the other departure times.

Solution

```
2
3  #include <stdio.h>
4
5  int main(void){
6      int hours, minutes, time, closest;
7
8      printf("Enter a 24-hour time : ");
9      scanf("%d : %d", &hours, &minutes);
10
11     time = hours * 60 + minutes;
12
13     /*
14      * Bound time entered by user between two successive departures,
15      * then determine which one is closer.
16      */
17
18     if(time <= 480)      // 8:00 a.m.
19         closest = 480;
20     else if(time <= 583) // 9:43 a.m.
21         closest = (time - 480) <= (583 - time) ? 480 : 583;
22     else if(time <= 679) // 11:19 a.m.
23         closest = 679;
24     else if(time <= 767) // 12:47 p.m.
25         closest = 767;
26     else if(time <= 840) // 2:00 p.m.
27         closest = 840;
28     else if(time <= 945) // 3:45 p.m.
29         closest = 945;
30     else if(time <= 1140) // 7:00 p.m.
31         closest = 1140;
32     else // 9:45 p.m.
33         closest = 1140;
34 }
```


Solution

```
34
35
36  /*
37   Display departure and arrival times. Code from Programming Project2
38   could be used here, but arrival time would need to be stored in a variable.
39   */
40  switch(closest){
41      case 480:
42          printf("Closest departure time is 8:00 a.m, arriving at 10:16 a.m.\n");
43          break;
44      case 583:
45          printf("Closest departure time is 9:43 a.m, arriving at 11:52 a.m.\n");
46          break;
47      case 679:
48          printf("Closest departure time is 11:19 a.m, arriving at 1:31 p.m.\n");
49          break;
50      case 767:
51          printf("Closest departure time is 12:47 p.m, arriving at 3:00 p.m.\n");
52          break;
53      case 840:
54          printf("Closest departure time is 2:00 p.m, arriving at 4:08 p.m.\n");
55          break;
56      case 945:
57          printf("Closest departure time is 3:45 p.m, arriving at 5:55 p.m.\n");
58          break;
59      case 1140:
60          printf("Closest departure time is 7:00 p.m, arriving at 9:20 p.m.\n");
61          break;
62      case 1305:
63          printf("Closest departure time is 9:45 p.m, arriving at 11:58 p.m.\n");
64          break;
65  }
66
67  return 0;
68
69 }
70
```

Example

```
ming173899@LAPTOP-MTRC7IR7:/mnt/c/Users/bobo/Desktop$ ./a.out
Enter a 24-hour time : 9:45
Closest departure time is 9:43 a.m., arriving at 11:52 a.m.
ming173899@LAPTOP-MTRC7IR7:/mnt/c/Users/bobo/Desktop$ ./a.out
Enter a 24-hour time : 13:15
Closest departure time is 12:47 p.m., arriving at 3:00 p.m.
ming173899@LAPTOP-MTRC7IR7:/mnt/c/Users/bobo/Desktop$
```

Chapter 5_project 9

9. Write a program that prompts the user to enter two dates and then indicates which date comes earlier on the calendar;

Enter first date (mm/dd/yy): 3/6/08

Enter second date (mm/dd/yy) : 5/17/07

5/17/07 is earlier than 3/6/08

Solution

```
3  #include <stdio.h>
4
5  int main(void){
6      int month1, day1, year1, month2, day2, year2;
7      bool first_earlier;
8
9      printf("Enter first date (mm/dd/yy) : ");
10     scanf("%d/%d/%d", &month1, &day1, &year1);
11     printf("Enter second date (mm/dd/yy) : ");
12     scanf("%d/%d/%d", &month2, &day2, &year2);
13
14
15     if(year1 != year2)
16         first_earlier = (year1 < year2);
17     else if(month1 != month2)
18         [redacted]
19     else
20         [redacted]
21
22     if(first_earlier)
23         [redacted]
24     else
25         [redacted]
26
27
28
29     return 0;
30
31 }
```

Example

```
ming173899@LAPTOP-MTRC7IR7:/mnt/c/Users/bobo/Desktop$ ./a.out
Enter first date (mm/dd/yy) : 12/12/99
Enter second date (mm/dd/yy) : 1/1/01
1/1/01 is earlier than 12/12/99
ming173899@LAPTOP-MTRC7IR7:/mnt/c/Users/bobo/Desktop$ ./a.out
Enter first date (mm/dd/yy) : 3/6/08
Enter second date (mm/dd/yy) : 5/17/07
5/17/07 is earlier than 3/6/08
ming173899@LAPTOP-MTRC7IR7:/mnt/c/Users/bobo/Desktop$
```

Chapter 5_project 10

Using the switch statement, write a program that converts a numerical grade into a letter grade:

```
Enter numerical grade: 84
```

```
Letter grade: B
```

Use the following grading scale: A=90-100, B=80-89, C=70-79, D=60-69, F=0-59.

Print an error message if the grade is larger than 100 or less than 0. Hint: Break the grade into two digits, then use a **switch statement** to test the ten's digit.

C Chap5_2.c > ...

```
1  #include <stdio.h>
2
3  int main(void) {
4
5      int grade;
6
7      printf("Enter numerical grade: ");
8      scanf("%d", &grade);
9
10     if (grade > 100 || grade < 0)
11         grade = -11; /* To be properly caught in default case */
12
13     switch ( ) {
14
15
16
17         case 6:
18
19
20         case 7:
21
22
23         case 8:
24
25
26         case 9: case 10:
27
28
29         default:
30             printf("Error: numerical grade out of range 0-100\n");
31             break;
32     }
33
34     return 0;
35 }
36
```

Example

```
ming173899@LAPTOP-MTRC7IR7:/mnt/c/Users/bobo/Desktop$ ./a.out
Enter numerical grade: 84
Letter grade: B
ming173899@LAPTOP-MTRC7IR7:/mnt/c/Users/bobo/Desktop$ ./a.out
Enter numerical grade: 100
Letter grade: A
ming173899@LAPTOP-MTRC7IR7:/mnt/c/Users/bobo/Desktop$ ./a.out
Enter numerical grade: 1000
Error: numerical grade out of range 0-100
ming173899@LAPTOP-MTRC7IR7:/mnt/c/Users/bobo/Desktop$ ./a.out
Enter numerical grade: -200
Error: numerical grade out of range 0-100
ming173899@LAPTOP-MTRC7IR7:/mnt/c/Users/bobo/Desktop$
```