

# SARCASM DETECTION

Diana Abagyan, Libby Merchant, Emma McKibbin, Jade Phoreman, and Catherine Ball



# **TASK DESCRIPTIONS**

## PRIMARY TASK

# **Self-Annotated Reddit Corpus (SARC):** *Khodak et al. (2018)*

- English data from Reddit
- "Self-annotated" using tone indicators (/s)
  - More reliable than 3rd-party annotator
  - Still noisy
- Artificially balanced
  - Select a sarcastic (1) and non-sarcastic (0) response per thread
- Previous comments included for opt. Context
  - Variable length threads
- Created our own development set (random 10% of train)

PARTITION	ARTITION COUNT	
Training	231,374	
Development	25,708	
SARC in Total	~533M	

## PRIMARY TASK - SARC

SAMPLE RESPONSES WITH CONTEXT POST:

Original Post

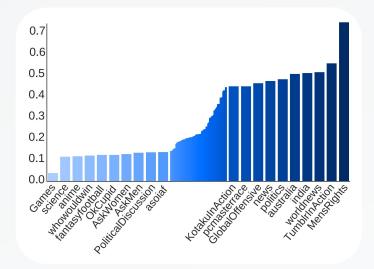
Braided Spaghetti Bread.

Non-Sarcastic Response (0)

Can I come over to your house, OP?

Sarcastic Response (1)

Needs more carbs.



% sarcasm in subreddits with >1M SARC comments (Khodak et al., 2018)

- Over 11.5K subreddits
- Also includes: time posted, author, subreddit, up- & down-vote counts

# ADAPTATION TASK: DATA COLLECTION

### Goal: sarcasm data from ND population

- Gather data from neurodiverse populations using sarcastic tone indicators
  - o Data is essentially pre-labeled for us where tone indicators are present
  - o Reddit dataset (sort of) readily available
  - Neurodiverse subreddits allow us to (sort of) identify ND populations

### Assumptions

- Posters in the selected subreddits self-identify neurodiverse
- Tone indicators will be accurate and applicable to statements where tone indicators weren't used

#### Caveats

- Posters may not necessarily be neurodiverse
- Posters have not explicitly consented to their data being used in this project.
- Reddit TOS violated

# ADAPTATION TASK: GATHERING DATA

### Reddit API

- o Oops, it's limited to the most recent 1,500 posts for each subreddit
- Reddit TOS requires special permission from their lawyers for any kind of ML training done on Reddit data or redistributing models trained by reddit data

### Offline Reddit dataset

- o Pushshift dataset of Reddit scrapes to date available from academictorrents.com
- Doesn't contain all posts or subreddits, but large (~2 TB zstd compressed)
- Contained posts from ND subreddits we were looking for

# ADAPTATION TASK: PROCESSING DATA

- Filter to subreddits we care about out of dataset
  - ~2.7 GB zstd compressed
- Filter to only posts containing sarcastic / serious tone indicators with regex
  - o Tone indicators: /s, /sarcastic, /serious, /srs
  - Plus the above but using \
- Write output in same format as training data for later tuning
- Implementation notes
  - Piped data from compressed archives to filter script directly to avoid needing to write entire uncompressed dataset to disk; avoid extra disk IO operations
  - rg` for search; memmap files while processing, teddy/aho-corasick for simd string matching



## RELATED WORK

### **Neurodiversity & Sarcasm:**

(Au-Yeung et al., 2015)

- ND people are less confident in interpreting sarcasm → tone indicators

### **Previous Sarcasm Detection Systems:**

- Many studies use SVMs and/or ensemble models
- GloVe → BERT
- CASCADE considers *user context*: models behavior of user & their preferences (*Hazarika et al., 2018*)

### **Context-Aware Sarcasm Detection Using BERT:**

(Baruah et al., 2020)

Last utterance context helps with Twitter data, not Reddit (non-SARC)

### **BERT vs. RoBERTa:**

(Liu et al., 2019)

- RoBERTa claims to be > BERT, as BERT is "undertrained"
- Outperforms BERT on Stanford Sentiment Treebank

# SYSTEM OVERVIEW & APPROACH

# **APPROACH**

### **INITIAL MODEL:**

- BERT, using only the response

### **REVISIONS:**

- BERT with context
- RoBERTa
- RoBERTa with context (revisions combined)

### **EVALUATION:**

- F1 score

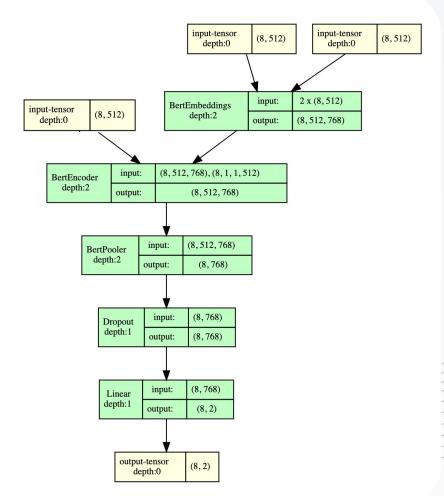
### DATA PRE-PROCESSING

- -/ CSV → JSON format (very large files)
- Context is concatenated after the post, divided by a separator token

```
"posts": [
    "Braided Spaghetti Bread"
],
    "post_ids": [
    "yae7e"
],
    "context_size": 1,
    "response_id": "c5u2m60",
    "response": "Needs more carbs.",
    "label": "1"
[CLS] needs more carbs. [SEP] braided spaghetti bread [SEP] [PAD] [PAD] [PAD]
```

# MODEL ARCHITECTURE

- BERT or RoBERTa model
  - Embeddings
  - Encoder
  - Pooler layer
- Dropout
- Classification (linear) layer



## TRAINING

- Trained classification layer and fine-tuned BERT model together
- To avoid catastrophic forgetting:
  - Low learning rate (2e-5) (Sun et al.)
  - Kept the checkpoint from the epoch with best eval F1 score
  - Train for 2-4 epochs only (Devlin et al.)
    - BERT models are from second epoch
    - RoBERTa: third epoch
    - RoBERTa + context: fourth epoch

# **RESULTS & ANALYSIS**

# **RESULTS**

	MODEL	F1-SCORE
BASELINE	Random	0.500
OUR MODELS	BERT	0.725
	RoBERTa	0.729
OUR N	BERT + Context	0.727
	RoBERTa + Context	0.736

# ERROR ANALYSIS

But this is the \*Best Health Care in The World\*.

### **ISSUES**

- Different label extraction for
   + and class
- Obviously sarcastic instances labeled as not sarcastic
- Short, ambiguous phrases

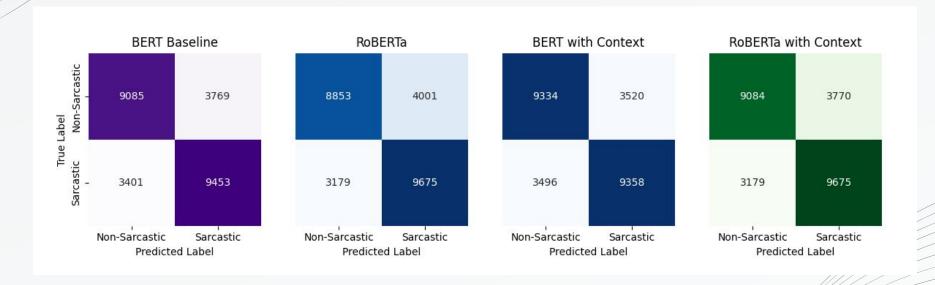
### **SUCCESSES**

 Fewer false - than false +, as we would expect



# ERROR ANALYSIS

/s /srs? /gen? /hj?





# **BIBLIOGRAPHY**

- Mikhail Khodak, Nikunj Saunshi, and Kiran Vodrahalli. 2018. A large self-annotated corpus for sarcasm. In *Proceedings of the Eleventh International Conference on Language Resources and Evaluation (LREC 2018)*, Miyazaki, Japan. European Language Resources Association (ELRA).
- Devamanyu Hazarika, Soujanya Poria, Sruthi Gorantla, Erik Cambria, Roger Zimmermann, and Rada Mihalcea. 2018. CASCADE:
   Contextual sarcasm detection in online discussion forums. In Proceedings of the 27th International Conference on Computational Linguistics, pages 1837–1848, Santa Fe, New Mexico, USA. Association for Computational Linguistics.
- Yinhan Liu, Myle Ott, Naman Goyal, Jingfei Du, Mandar Joshi, Danqi Chen, Omer Levy, Mike Lewis, Luke Zettlemoyer, and Veselin Stoyanov. 2019. RoBERTa: A Robustly Optimized BERT Pretraining Approach. arXiv e-prints, arXiv:1907.11692.
- Sheena K. Au-Yeung, Johanna K. Kaakinen, Simon P. Liversedge, and Valerie Benson. 2015. Processing of written irony in autism spectrum disorder: An eye-movement study. *Autism Research*, 8(6):749–760.
- Arup Baruah, Kaushik Das, Ferdous Barbhuiya, and Kuntal Dey. 2020. Context-aware sarcasm detection using BERT. In *Proceedings of the Second Workshop on Figurative Language Processing*, pages 83–87, Online. Association for Computational Linguistics.
- Chi Sun, Xipeng Qiu, Yige Xu, and Xuanjing Huang. 2020. How to fine-tune bert for text classification? Preprint, arXiv:1905.05583.
- Jacob Devlin, Ming-Wei Chang, Kenton Lee, and Kristina Toutanova. 2019. BERT: Pre-training of deep bidirectional transformers for language understanding. In Proceedings of the 2019 Conference of the North American Chapter of the Association for Computational Linguistics: Human Language Technologies, Volume 1 (Long and Short Papers), pages 4171–4186, Minneapolis, Minnesota. Association for Computational Linguistics.