# project

April 26, 2024

## 1 Evaluation code for filter\_dp

```
[1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

#### 1.0.1 Load and clean datasets

#### 1.0.2 Sensitivty Calculations (used in creation of sample settings)

```
[3]: # The lower the c, the less outliers (notable out-of-range values) will be used
def calculate_sensitivity(series, c=0.25):
    return c * series.std()

math_sensitivity = calculate_sensitivity(input_students['math_score'])
reading_sensitivity = calculate_sensitivity(input_students['reading_score'])
writing_sensitivity = calculate_sensitivity(input_students['writing_score'])
print(f'Sensitivity of math_score: {math_sensitivity}')
print(f'Sensitivity of reading_score: {reading_sensitivity}')
```

```
Sensitivity of math_score: 3.790770024002367
    Sensitivity of reading_score: 3.650047984313055
    Sensitivity of writing_score: 3.7989142527174105
[4]: # Salaries dataset analysis
    print("Salaries Dataset:")
    print("Original Base_Salary - Mean: {:.2f}, Std: {:.2f}".
     oformat(input_salaries['Base_Salary'].mean(), input_salaries['Base_Salary'].
     ⇒std()))
    print("Perturbed Base_Salary - Mean: {:.2f}, Std: {:.2f}".
      oformat(output_salaries['Base_Salary'].mean(), output_salaries['Base_Salary'].

std()))
    plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
    plt.hist(input_salaries['Base_Salary'], bins=250, alpha=0.5, label='Original')
    plt.hist(output_salaries['Base_Salary'], bins=250, alpha=0.5, label='Perturbed')
    plt.xlabel('Base_Salary')
    plt.ylabel('Frequency')
    plt.legend()
    plt.show()
    # Students dataset analysis
    print("Students Dataset:")
    fig, axs = plt.subplots(2, 2, figsize=(12, 12))
    # Loop through each score to plot and print statistics
    scores = ['math_score', 'reading_score', 'writing_score']
    data = []
    for index, score in enumerate(scores):
        row, col = index // 2, index % 2
        # Calculate statistics
        original mean = input students[score].mean()
        original_std = input_students[score].std()
        perturbed_mean = output_students[score].mean()
        perturbed_std = output_students[score].std()
        # Prepare statistics for printing on the plot and in console
        →original_mean, original_std))
        print("Perturbed {} - Mean: {:.2f}, Std: {:.2f}".format(score,
      →perturbed_mean, perturbed_std))
        # Adding data for the table
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print(f'Sensitivity of writing score: {writing sensitivity}')

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data.append([score, f"{original_mean:.2f}", f"{original_std:.2f}", u

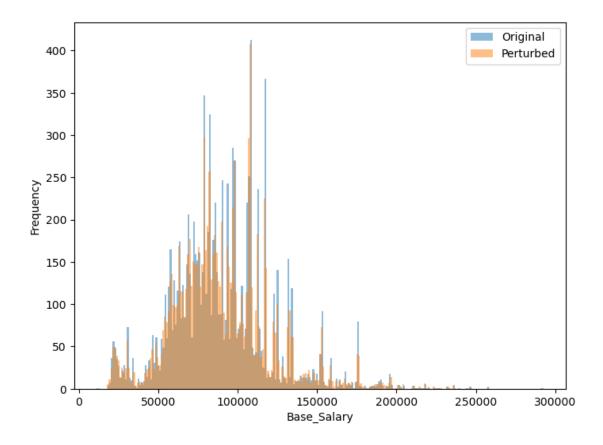
→f"{perturbed_mean:.2f}", f"{perturbed_std:.2f}"])
    # Plotting the histogram for each score
    axs[row, col].hist(input_students[score], bins=100, alpha=0.5,__
 ⇔label='Original ' + score)
    axs[row, col].hist(output_students[score], bins=100, alpha=0.5,__
 →label='Perturbed ' + score)
    axs[row, col].set_title(score.capitalize())
    axs[row, col].set_xlabel('Score')
    axs[row, col].set_ylabel('Frequency')
    axs[row, col].legend()
# Use the last subplot to create a table
axs[1, 1].axis('on') # Turn on the axis
axs[1, 1].axis('off') # Turn off the axis lines and labels
# Creating a table
column_labels = ["Score", "Original\nMean", "Original\nStd", "Perturbed\nMean", u

¬"Perturbed\nStd"]

table = axs[1, 1].table(cellText=data, colLabels=column_labels, loc='center', u
 ⇔cellLoc='center')
table.auto_set_font_size(False)
table.set_fontsize(10)
table.scale(1, 2) # Scale table size to fit better
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

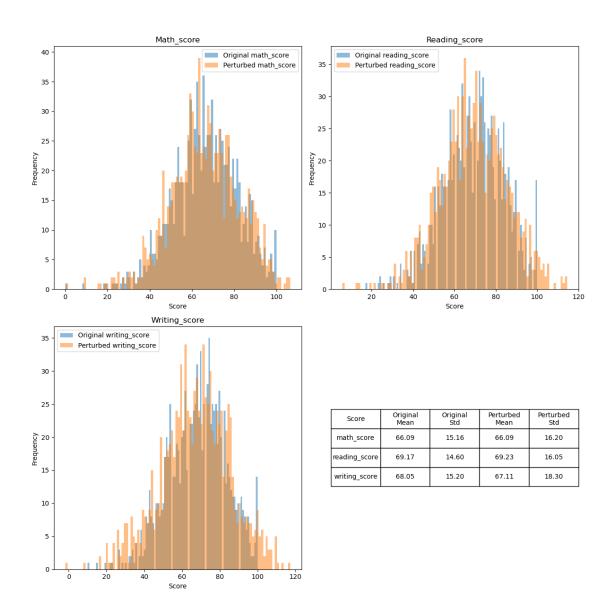
Salaries Dataset:

Original Base\_Salary - Mean: 90312.17, Std: 31240.84 Perturbed Base\_Salary - Mean: 90314.54, Std: 31246.67



### Students Dataset:

Original math\_score - Mean: 66.09, Std: 15.16
Perturbed math\_score - Mean: 66.09, Std: 16.20
Original reading\_score - Mean: 69.17, Std: 14.60
Perturbed reading\_score - Mean: 69.23, Std: 16.05
Original writing\_score - Mean: 68.05, Std: 15.20
Perturbed writing\_score - Mean: 67.11, Std: 18.30



```
[5]: # Calculate the mean absolute error (MAE) for each perturbed attribute

mae_base_salary = np.mean(np.abs(input_salaries['Base_Salary'] -__

output_salaries['Base_Salary']))

mae_math_score = np.mean(np.abs(input_students['math_score'] -__

output_students['math_score']))

mae_reading_score = np.mean(np.abs(input_students['reading_score'] -__

output_students['reading_score']))

mae_writing_score = np.mean(np.abs(input_students['writing_score'] -__

output_students['writing_score']))

print(f"Mean Absolute Error (MAE) for Base_Salary: {mae_base_salary:.2f}")

print(f"Mean Absolute Error (MAE) for math_score: {mae_math_score:.2f}")
```

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print(f"Mean Absolute Error (MAE) for reading score: {mae_reading score:.2f}")
print(f"Mean Absolute Error (MAE) for writing_score: {mae_writing_score:.2f}")
# Calculate the mean squared error (MSE) for each perturbed attribute
mse_base_salary = np.mean((input_salaries['Base_Salary'] -__
 ⇔output_salaries['Base_Salary'])**2)
mse_math_score = np.mean((input_students['math_score'] -__
 ⇔output students['math score'])**2)
mse_reading_score = np.mean((input_students['reading_score'] -__
 →output_students['reading_score'])**2)
mse_writing_score = np.mean((input_students['writing_score'] -__
 ⇔output students['writing score'])**2)
print(f"\nMean Squared Error (MSE) for Base Salary: {mse_base_salary:.2f}")
print(f"Mean Squared Error (MSE) for math_score: {mse_math_score:.2f}")
print(f"Mean Squared Error (MSE) for reading score: {mse reading score:.2f}")
print(f"Mean Squared Error (MSE) for writing_score: {mse_writing_score:.2f}")
# Calculate the root mean squared error (RMSE) for each perturbed attribute
rmse_base_salary = np.sqrt(mse_base_salary)
rmse_math_score = np.sqrt(mse_math_score)
rmse reading score = np.sqrt(mse reading score)
rmse_writing_score = np.sqrt(mse_writing_score)
print(f"\nRoot Mean Squared Error (RMSE) for Base_Salary: {rmse_base_salary:.
 ⇒2f}")
print(f"Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE) for math_score: {rmse_math_score: .2f}")
print(f"Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE) for reading_score: {rmse_reading_score:.

<
print(f"Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE) for writing_score: {rmse_writing_score:.
 # Plot the distribution of errors for each perturbed attribute
fig, axs = plt.subplots(2, 2, figsize=(12, 8))
axs[0, 0].hist(input_salaries['Base_Salary'] - output_salaries['Base_Salary'],__
axs[0, 0].set_title('Error Distribution for Base_Salary')
axs[0, 1].hist(input_students['math_score'] - output_students['math_score'],__
 ⇒bins=50)
axs[0, 1].set_title('Error Distribution for math_score')
axs[1, 0].hist(input_students['reading_score'] -__
 ⇔output_students['reading_score'], bins=50)
axs[1, 0].set_title('Error Distribution for reading_score')
axs[1, 1].hist(input_students['writing_score'] -_ _
 →output_students['writing_score'], bins=50)
axs[1, 1].set title('Error Distribution for writing score')
```

```
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

Mean Absolute Error (MAE) for Base\_Salary: 421.58
Mean Absolute Error (MAE) for math\_score: 3.87
Mean Absolute Error (MAE) for reading\_score: 4.88
Mean Absolute Error (MAE) for writing\_score: 7.52

Mean Squared Error (MSE) for Base\_Salary: 280631.57
Mean Squared Error (MSE) for math\_score: 29.93
Mean Squared Error (MSE) for reading\_score: 47.46
Mean Squared Error (MSE) for writing\_score: 108.12

Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE) for Base\_Salary: 529.75
Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE) for math\_score: 5.47
Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE) for reading\_score: 6.89
Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE) for writing\_score: 10.40

