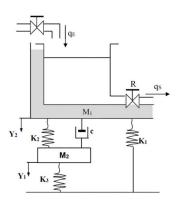


Docente: César A. Romero B.

Nombres: Maydee Pérez, Cristian Daza, Edward Benachi, Oscar Arcos, Cristhian Torres, David Aros.

Grupo:1001

Hallar la ecuación dinámica del sistema y su función de transferencia (Y1/QE) mecánico – hidráulico que se observa en la figura.



Sistema Hidráulico

$$Q_{s=\frac{h}{R}} \qquad C\frac{dh}{dt} = \Delta q = q_E - q_S$$

$$C\frac{dh}{dt} = q_E - \frac{h}{R}$$

$$q_E = C\frac{dh}{dt} - \frac{h}{R}$$

$$L \to Q_E(s) = C_s H(s) + \frac{H(s)}{R}$$

$$Q_E(s) = H(s) \left[C_s + \frac{1}{R} \right]$$

$$Q_E(s) = H(s) \left[\frac{CRs + 1}{R} \right]$$

Docente: César A. Romero B.

$$H(s) = \frac{Q_E(s)}{\left[\frac{CRs + 1}{R}\right]}$$

$$H(s) = \frac{Q_E(s)R}{CRs + 1}$$

Sistema Mecánico

| Ecuación 1 | Ecuación 2 |
|--|--|
| $\sum f = m1 - g2$ $fk1 + fk2 + fc - f(t) = -m1 * g2$ $k1y2 + k2(y2 - y1) + C(y2 - y1) - f(t) = -m1y2$ | $\sum f = m2 - g1$ $fk3 + fk2 + fc - f(t) = -m2 * g1$ $k3y1 - k2(y1 - y2) - C(\dot{y1} - \dot{y2}) = -m2\ddot{y1}$ |

Despejar y2 en ecuación 2

$$\mathcal{L} \rightarrow k3y1(s) - k2y1(s) + k2y2(s) - Csy1(s) + Csy2(s) = -m2s^2y1(s)$$

 $k3y1 - k2y1 + k2y2 - C\dot{y1} + C\dot{y2} = -m2\ddot{y1}$

$$k2y2(s) + Csy2(s) = -m2s^2y1(s) - k3y1(s) + k2y1(s) + Csy1(s)$$

$$y2(s)(k2+Cs) = -m2s^2y1(s) - k3y1(s) + k2y1(s) + Csy1(s)$$
$$y2(s) = y1(s) \left[\frac{-m2s^2 - k3 + k2 + Cs}{k2 + Cs} \right]$$

Ecuación 1

$$k1y2 + k2(y2 - y1) + C(\dot{y2} - \dot{y1}) - f(t) = -m1\ddot{y2}$$

$$k1y2 + k2y2 - k2y1 + C\dot{y2} - C\dot{y1} - f(t) = -m1\ddot{y2}$$

$$\mathcal{L} \rightarrow k1y2(s) + k2y2(s) - k2y1(s) + Csy2(s) - Csy1(s) - f(s) = -m1s^2y2(s)$$

$$f(s) = k1y2(s) + k2y2(s) - k2y1(s) + Csy2(s) - Csy1(s) + m1s^2y2(s)$$

$$f(s) = y2(s)(m1s^2 + k1 + k2 + Cs) - k2y1(s) - Csy1(s)$$

Docente: César A. Romero B.

Reemplazar ecuación 2 en ecuación 1

$$y2(s) = y1(s) \left[\frac{-m2s^2 - k3 + k2 + Cs}{k2 + Cs} \right] (m1s^2 + k1 + k2 + Cs)$$

$$f(s) = y1(s) \left[\frac{(-m2s^2 - k3 + k2 + Cs)(m1s^2 + k1 + k2 + Cs)}{k2 + Cs} \right] - k2y1(s) - Csy1(s)$$

$$f(s) = y1(s) \left[\frac{(-m2s^2 - k3 + k2 + Cs)(m1s^2 + k1 + k2 + Cs)(-k2 - Cs)}{k2 + Cs} \right]$$

Ecuación dinámica

$$\frac{y1(s)}{f(s)} = \left[\frac{k2 + Cs}{(-m2s^2 - k3 + k2 + Cs)(m1s^2 + k1 + k2 + Cs)(-k2 - Cs)} \right]$$

Ecuación integradora

$$\gamma = \frac{ml * g}{v}$$

$$f(t) = ml * g$$

$$v = Cl * h$$

$$\gamma = \frac{f(t)}{Cl * h}$$

$$\mathcal{L} \rightarrow \gamma = \frac{f(s)}{Cl * H(s)}$$

$$\gamma = \frac{f(s)}{Cl * \frac{Q_E(s)R}{CRs + 1}}$$

$$\gamma = \frac{f(s)(ChRs + 1)}{Cl * Q_E(s)R}$$



Docente: César A. Romero B.

$$Q_E(s) = f(s) \frac{(ChRs + 1)}{\gamma ClR}$$

$$QE(s) = y1(s) \left[\frac{(-m2s^2 - k3 + k2 + C)(m1s^2 + k1 + k2 + Cs)(-k2 - C)}{k2 + Cs} \right] \left(\frac{ChRs + C}{\gamma ClR} \right)$$

Función de transferencia

$$\frac{y1(s)}{QE(s)} = \left[\frac{(k2 + Cs)(\gamma ClR)}{(-m2s^2 - k3 + k2 + Cs)(m1s^2 + k1 + k2 + Cs)(-k2 - Cs)(ChRs + 1)} \right]$$