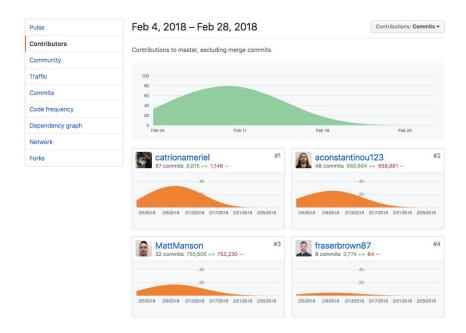
## **Evidence for Project Unit**

Catriona Meriel

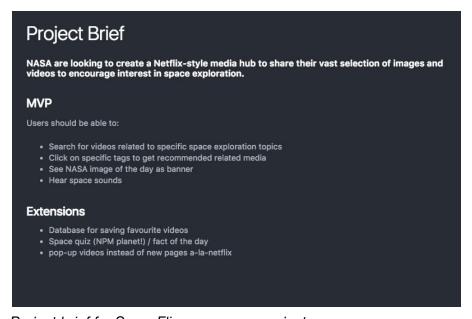
E17

### P. 1 - Github Contributors page



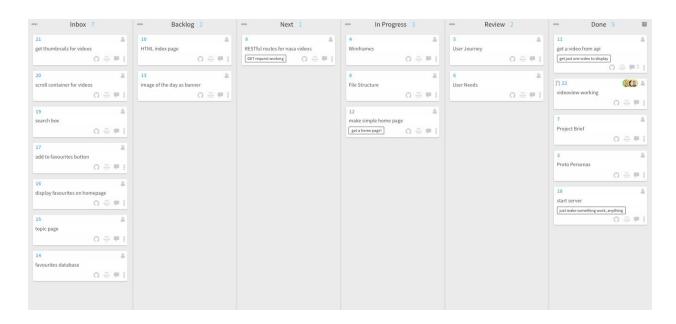
Contributors page for SpaceFlix group project

### P. 2 - Project Brief



Project brief for SpaceFlix - our group project

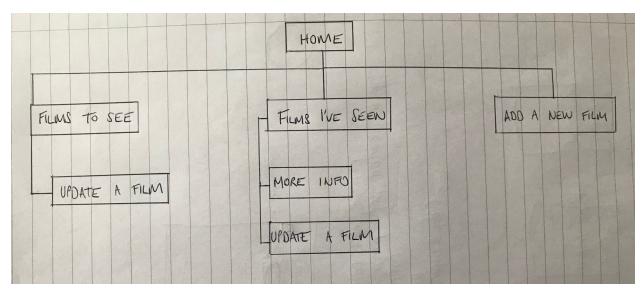
### P. 3 - Use of Waffle.io



## P. 4 - Acceptance Criteria

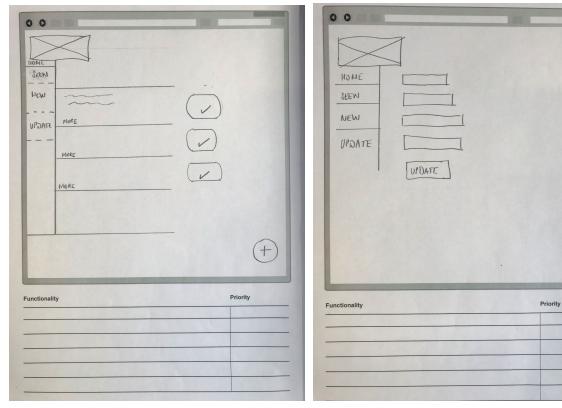
Acceptance criteria	Expected result/output	Pass/Fail
A user can search for media	A user can put a search term into the search box and the results will be displayed on the page	Pass
A user can save their favourite videos	A user can press add to favourites on a particular video page and it will be added to favourites.	Pass
A user can access their favourite videos	A user can press the button at the bottom of the home page and it takes them to their favourites page	Pass

## P. 5 - User sitemap



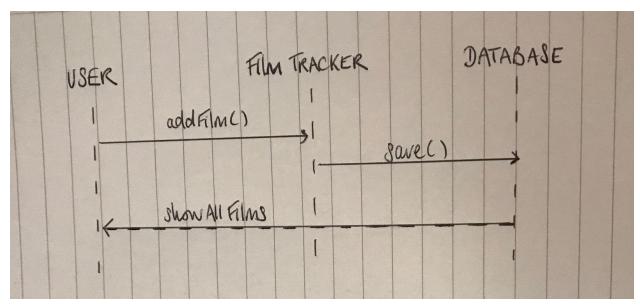
User sitemap for SeeSaw

## P. 6 - Wireframes designs

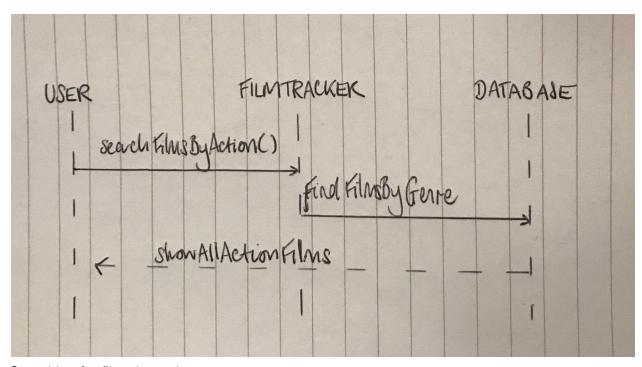


Home page and update form wireframes

## P. 7 - System interactions diagrams

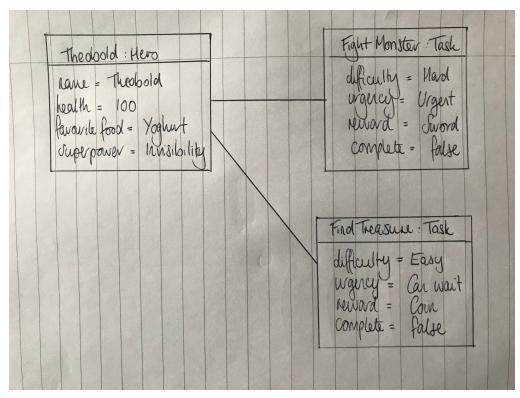


Adding a new film to the app

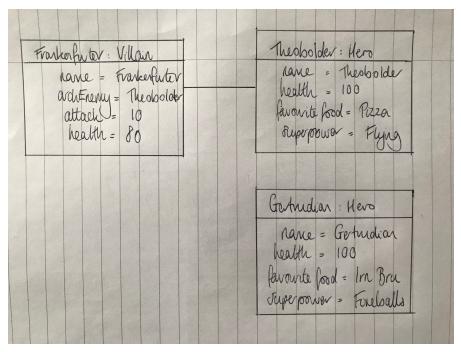


Searching for films by action genre

#### P. 8 - Two Object Diagrams



Object diagram showing instances of the hero and task classes and their relationships



Object diagram showing instances of villain and hero

#### P. 9 - Choice of two algorithms

```
Hero.prototype.sortTasks = function (sortType) {
    return this.tasks.sort(function(first, second) {
        if(first[sortType] < second[sortType]) {
            return -1;
        }
        if (first[sortType] > second[sortType]) {
            return 1;
        }
        else return 0;
        });
};
```

I decided to use a sort method on my array of tasks as it is the most efficient and shortest way to achieve a sorted array. You can also pass in what you want to sort by, which makes the algorithm polymorphic.

```
Hero.prototype.getBooleanCompletionTypeFromStringInput = function (str) {
   if (str === 'Incomplete') {
      return false;
   }
   else return true;
};
```

I split this algorithm into two smaller and neater functions. I wanted to be able to return the tasks by completion level so I first needed to check whether the user wanted completed tasks or incomplete tasks. This function returned a boolean which was then passed into a filter method. This method looped through each task in the array and returned a new array of the task which matched what you were searching for. I used this algorithm as it gave me the result I wanted in only a few lines of code.

## P. 10 Example of Pseudocode

```
def check_out_guest(guest_checking_out)
  # find guest
  # push that guest into a new array
  # delete guest from room
  to_delete = []
  guest_to_remove = @guests.find {|guest| guest == guest_checking_out}
  return "Sorry, that customer is not checked in" if guest_to_remove == nil
  to_delete << guest_to_remove
  @guests.delete(guest_to_remove)
end</pre>
```

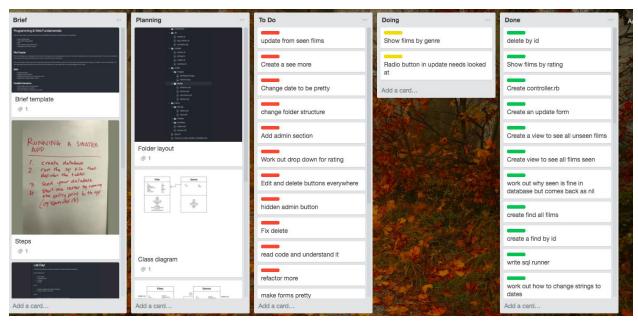
### P. 11 Github link to one of your projects



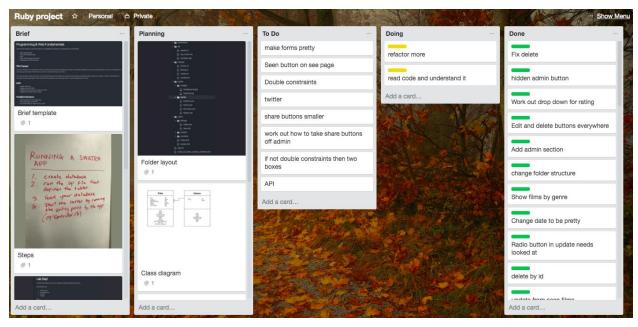
Front page of Ruby project

Github link: <a href="https://github.com/catrionameriel/Film-Tracker">https://github.com/catrionameriel/Film-Tracker</a>

## P. 12 Screenshot of your planning and the different stages of development to show changes

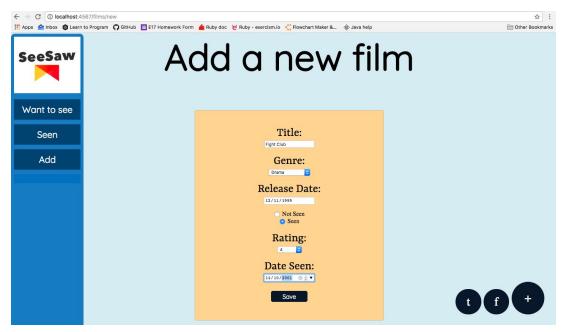


Trello board mid-way project

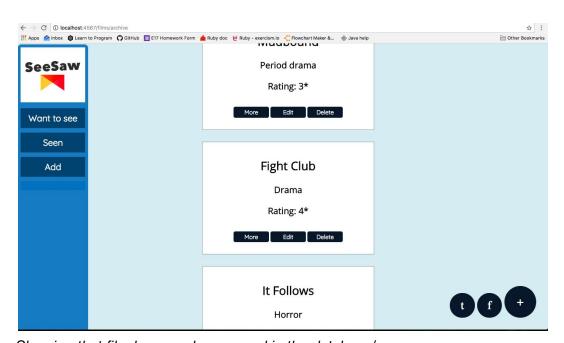


End Trello board for SeeSaw project

# P. 13 User input & P. 14 Interaction with data persistence



Showing where the user adds a new film (in this case Fight Club) and its details to the database/ app

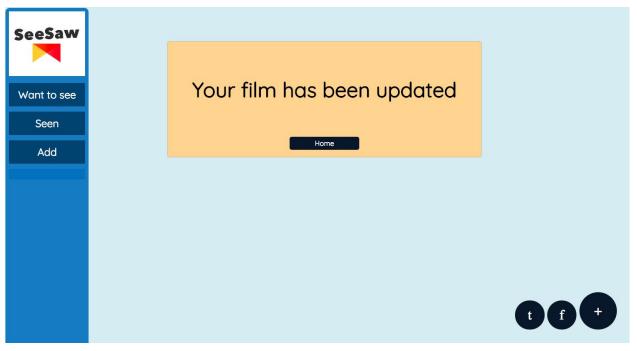


Showing that film has now been saved in the database/ app

## P. 15 - User output result



The update film page where you can change the details of the film



The page shown when film is updated

#### P. 16 Implementing APIs

```
rar ArticleSearch = function(search, key) {
  this.url = 'https://newsapi.org/v2/top-headlines?' +
              'q=' + search + '&' +
             'from=2018-02-03&' +
             'sortBy=popularity&' +
             'apiKey=' + key;
ArticleSearch.prototype.getData = function () {
 var newRequest = new XMLHttpRequest();
  newRequest.open('GET', this.url);
  newRequest.addEventListener('load', function() {
    var string = JSON.parse(newRequest.responseText)
   var newsSearch = string.articles;
   this.showImages(newsSearch);
  newRequest.send();
ArticleSearch.prototype.showStories = function (data) {
  var container = document.querySelector('#articles-container');
   var article = document.createElement('article');
   var title = document.createElement('h2');
   article.appendChild(title);
   article.appendChild(p);
    container.appendChild(article);
```

Code that requests data from API and displays it on page



The result of the news API being used whilst running

### P. 17 Bug tracking report showing the errors diagnosed and corrected

Only a certain number of videos and images are displayed on search	Failed	Added a limit to request so that only up to a certain number are returned	Passed
A user must be able to press the enter key on the search box to search	Failed	Found the enter key code from the event so that could trigger a search as well	Passed
A user must be able to hear a space sound	Failed	API was limited so had to create a random number generator that picks a random sound from the API	Passed
The design must be responsive	Failed	Used flexbox and rem to make design be able to be used on different screens	Passed
User must be able to store video in favourites	Failed	Created a database to be able to have data persistence	Passed

#### P. 18 Testing your program

```
it('hero gains health when eats', function() {
  assert.strictEqual(hero.health, 110);
it('hero gains more health when eats favourite food', function() {
 assert.strictEqual(hero.health, 130);
it('hero can add tasks to docket', function() {
 hero.addTask(task1);
 hero.addTask(task2);
 assert.strictEqual(hero.tasks.length, 2)
it('can sort tasks by difficulty', function() {
 hero.addTask(task1);
 hero.addTask(task2);
 hero.addTask(task3);
 hero.sortTasks('difficulty')
 assert.deepEqual(hero.tasks, [task2, task3, task1]);
it('can sort tasks by urgency', function() {
 hero.addTask(task1);
 hero.addTask(task2);
 hero.addTask(task3);
 hero.sortTasks('urgency');
  assert.deepEqual(hero.tasks,[task2, task1, task3]);
```

Tests for hero model

```
const Hero = function (name, favFood, superpower) {
  this name = name;
  this health = 100;
  this.favouriteFood = favFood;
 this.tasks = [];
 this.superpower = superpower;
Hero.prototype.talk = function () {
    return 'My name is ${this.name} and I am very strong!'
};
Hero.prototype.eat = function (food) {
 if (food.poisonous){
    if (food.name === this.favoriteFood) {
      this.health += (food.replenishment * 1.5);
   else this.health += food.replenishment;
 else this.health -= food.replenishment;
};
Hero.prototype.addTask = function (task) {
 this.tasks.push(task);
};
```

The eat function not working

```
28 passing (29ms)
3 failing
1) Hero
    hero gains health when eats:
    AssertionError [ERR_ASSERTION]: 90 === 110
    + expected - actual
    -90
    +110
    at Context.<anonymous> (specs/hero_spec.js:53:12)
2) Hero
    hero gains more health when eats favourite food:
    AssertionError [ERR_ASSERTION]: 80 === 130
    + expected - actual
    -80
    +130
    at Context.<anonymous> (specs/hero_spec.js:58:12)
3) Hero
    hero loses health when eats poisonous food:
    AssertionError [ERR_ASSERTION]: 120 === 80
    + expected - actual
    -120
    +80
    at Context.<anonymous> (specs/hero_spec.js:110:11)
```

Three tests failing

```
Hero.prototype.eat = function (food) {
   if (!food.poisonous){
      if (food.name === this.favoriteFood) {
        this.health += (food.replenishment * 1.5);
      }
      else this.health += food.replenishment;
   }
   else this.health -= food.replenishment;
};
```

Almost fixed function and now only one test is failing

```
30 passing (25ms)
1 failing

1) Hero
    hero gains more health when eats favourite food:

    AssertionError [ERR_ASSERTION]: 120 === 130
    + expected - actual
    -120
    +130

at Context.<anonymous> (specs/hero_spec.js:58:12)
```

```
Hero.prototype.eat = function (food) {
   if (!food.poisonous){
      if (food.name === this.favouriteFood) {
        this.health += (food.replenishment * 1.5);
      }
      else this.health += food.replenishment;
   }
   else this.health -= food.replenishment;
};
```

Found typo in function

```
Hero

/ hero has name

/ hero health starts at 100

/ hero has favourite food

/ hero can say name

/ hero has superpower

/ heroes tasks start at 0

/ hero gains health when eats

/ hero gains more health when eats favourite food

/ hero can add tasks to docket

/ can sort tasks by difficulty

/ can sort tasks by urgency

/ can sort tasks by reward

/ can get tasks by incomplete

/ can get tasks by complete

/ hero loses health when eats poisonous food
```

Now all tests are passing