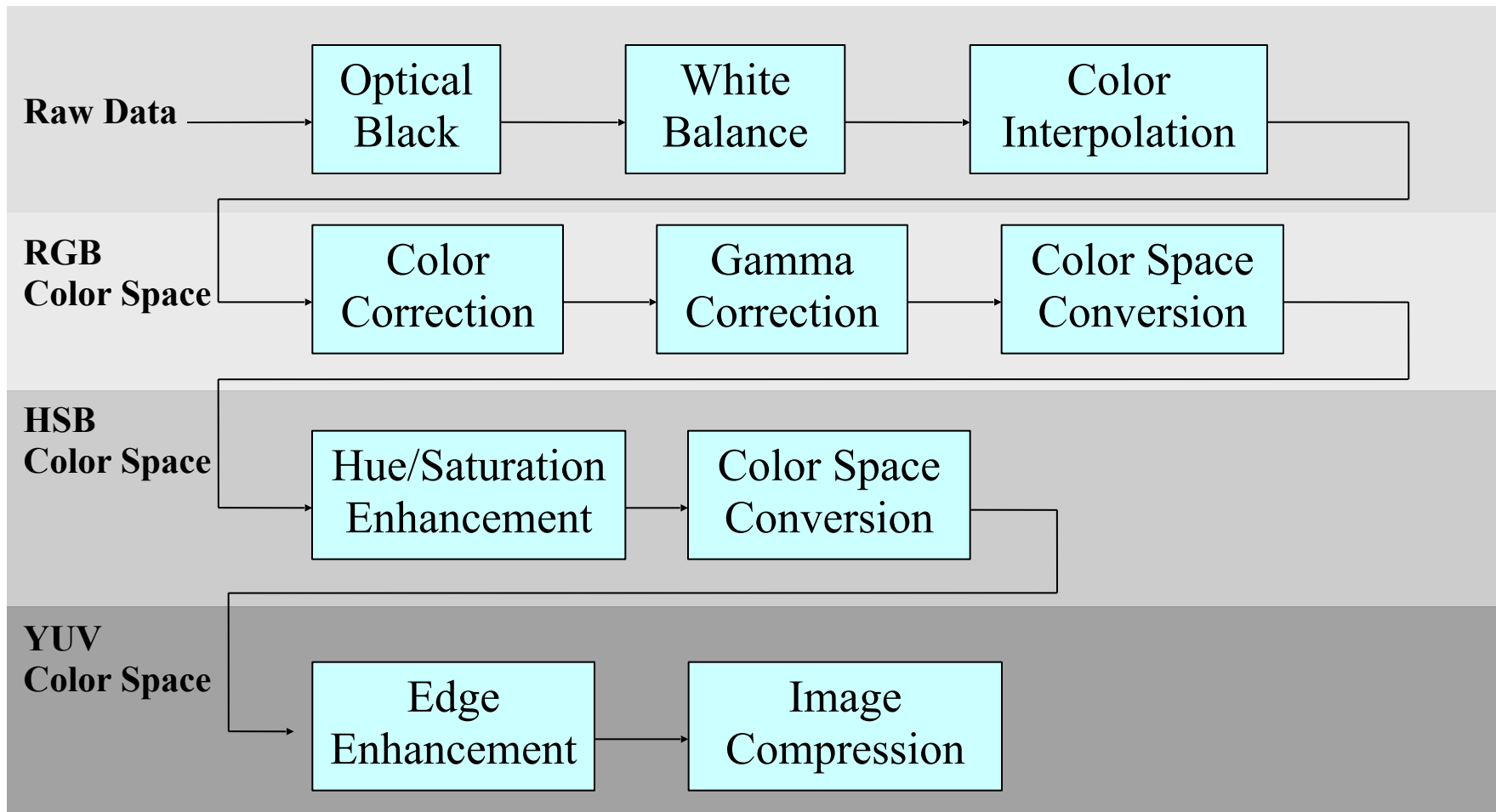


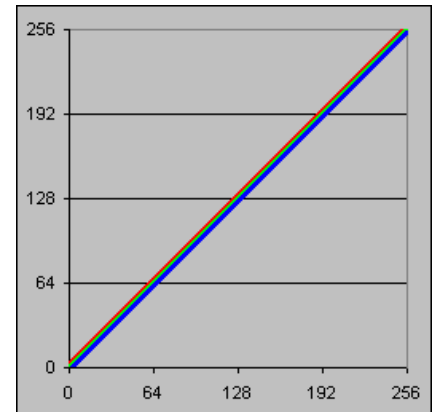
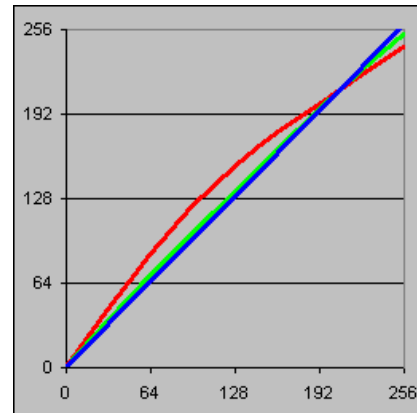
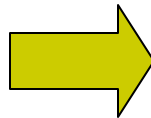
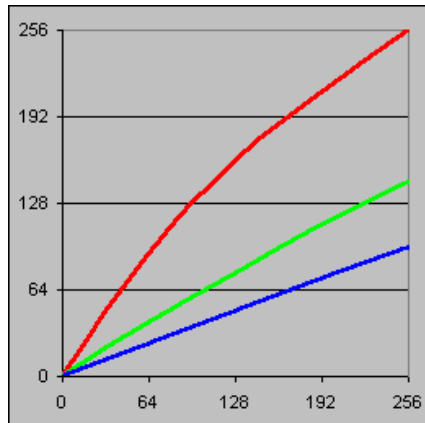
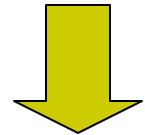
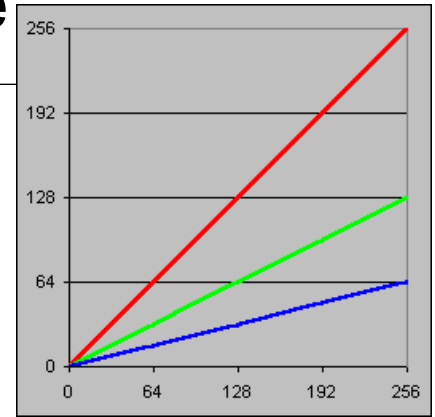


Image Pipeline Steps



White Balance

- To simulate human eyes white balance
- Adjustable channel gain for each color channel
- General approaches
 - Gray world assumption
 - Perfect reflector assumption
 - Calibration based approaches
- What if data are nonlinear?



Effect of Color Temperature over the Captured Scene

Low color temperature



High color temperature



Reddish cast



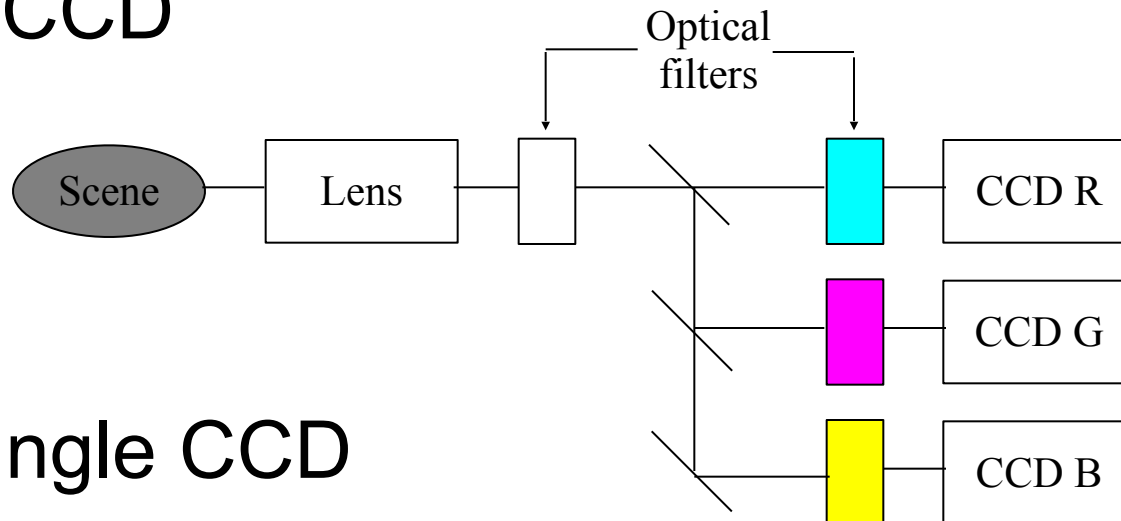
White balanced



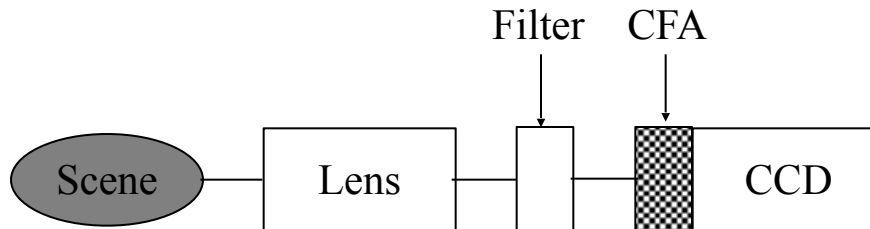
Bluish cast

3 CCD versus Single CCD

- 3 CCD

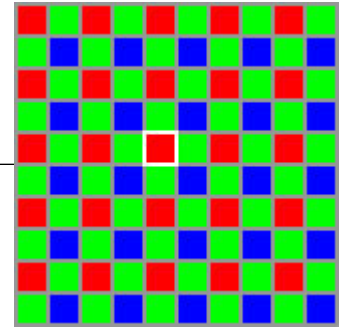


- Single CCD

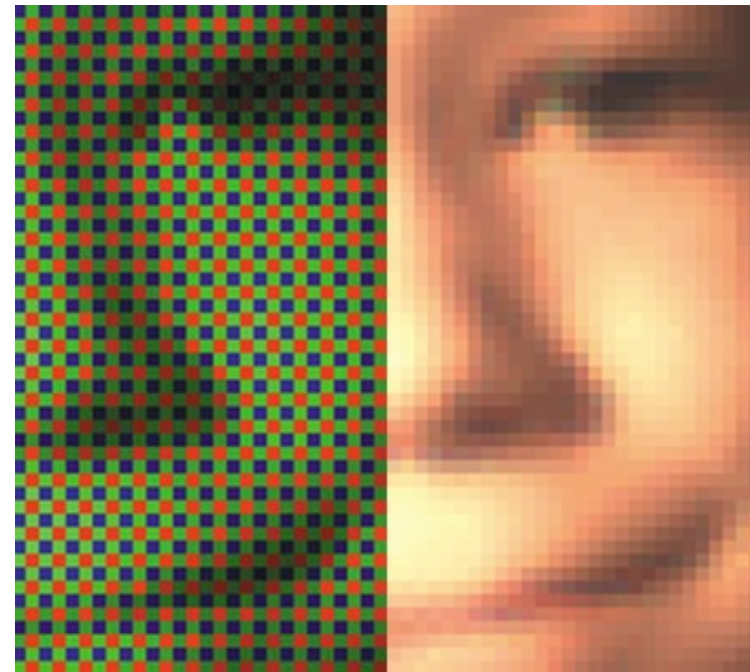




Color Interpolation

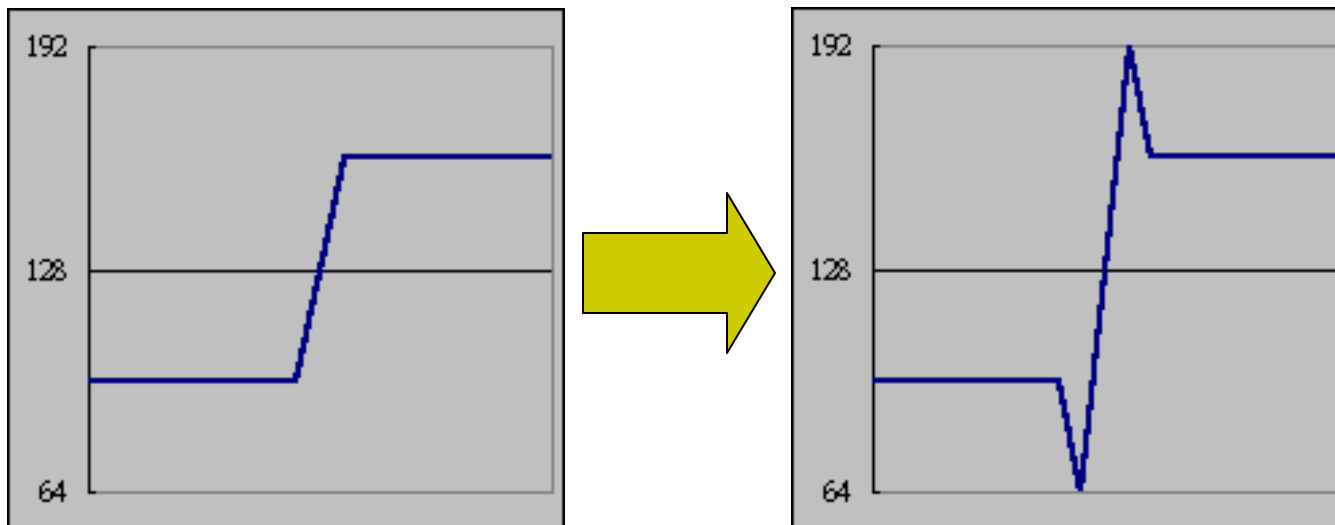


- Also called de-mosaic / raw2rgb...
- Guess missing channels for each pixel by the following:
 - Neighbor pixels
 - Edge
 - Gradient
 - ...
- Avoid zigzag and false color artifacts



Edge Enhancement

- A must - all cameras add edges
- General approaches
 - Edge filter: $N \times N$, $1 \times N + N \times 1$
 - Edge gain control
 - Edge detection module
- Noise should not be enhanced



Edge Enhancement

- Normal and strong edge enhancement

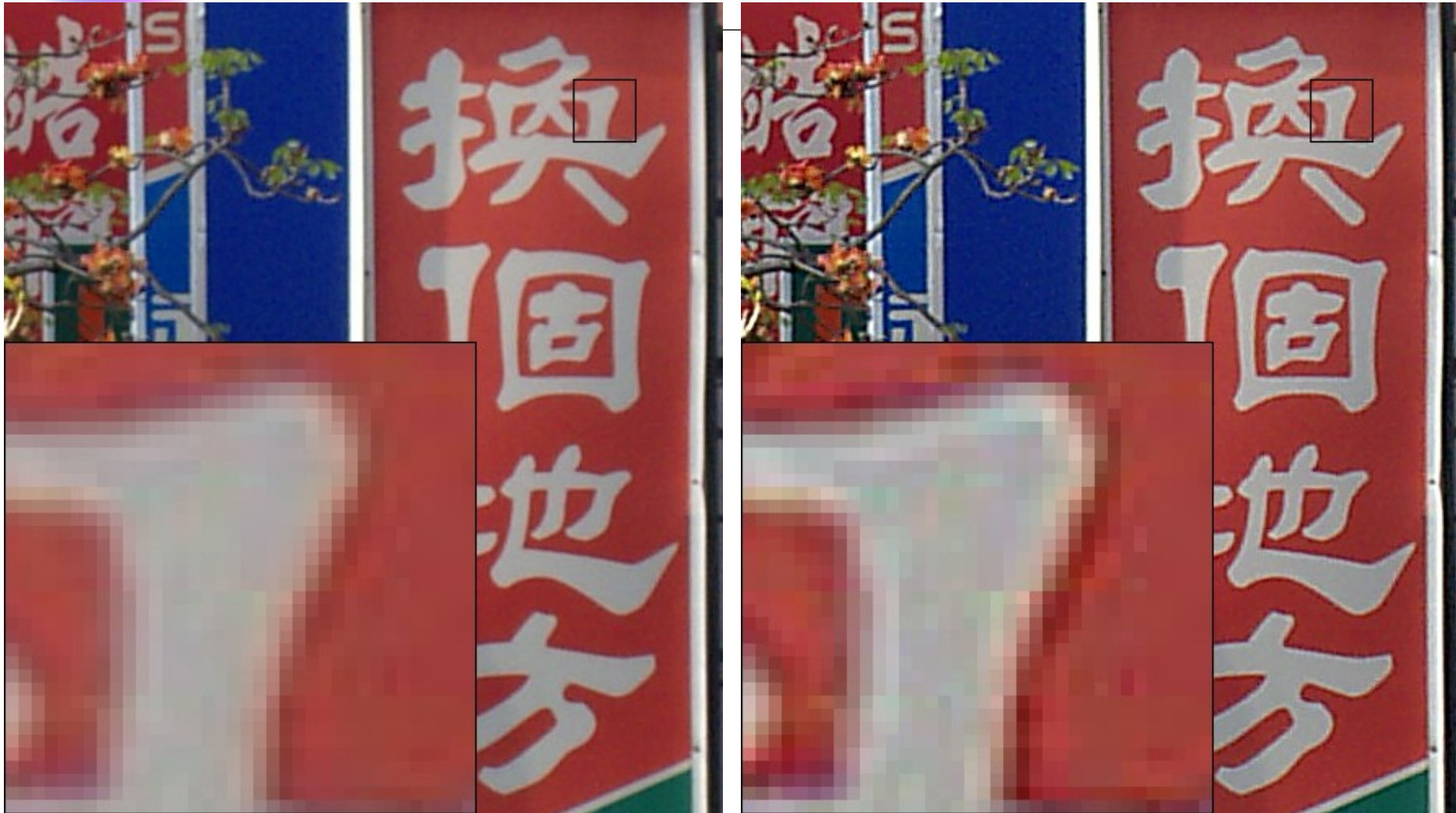
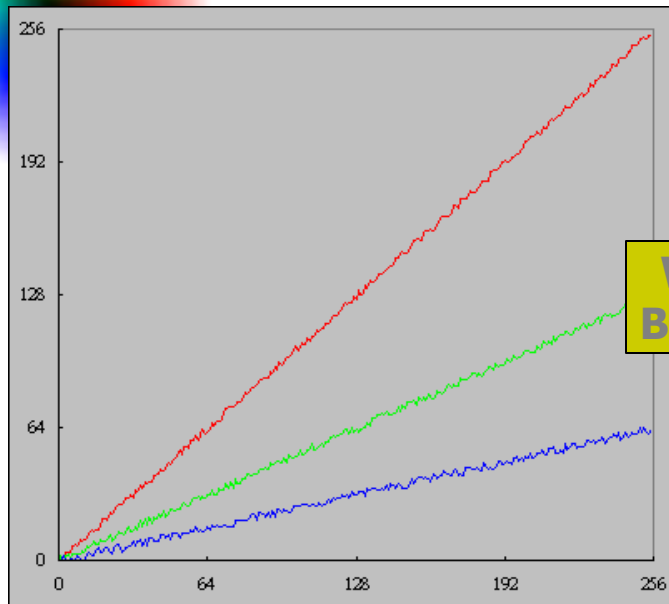
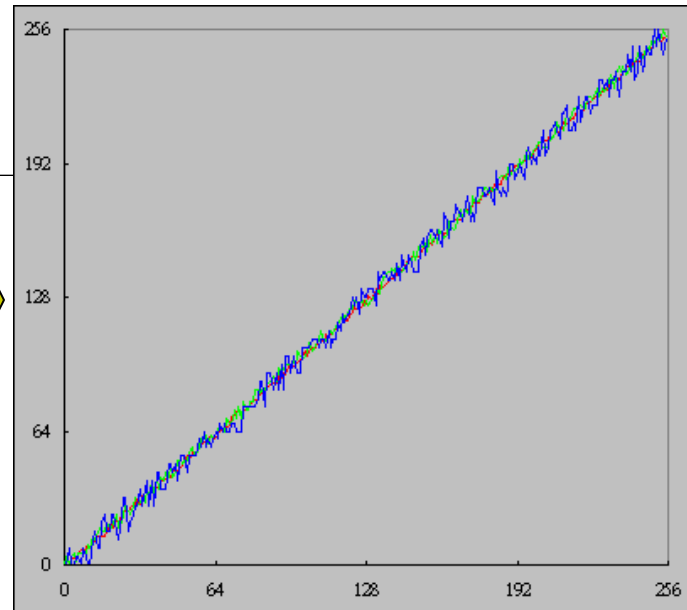


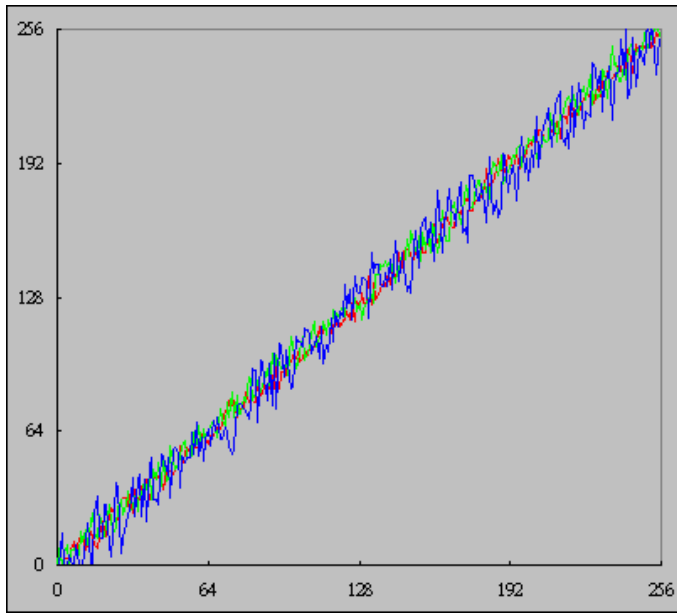
Image Pipeline Noise (8-bit, $\delta=4$)



White
Balance



Matrix



Gamma

