

Package ‘coastMDT’

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Title Estimate a Coastal MDT Based on Various Input Files

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Description Estimate the coastal MDT. Altimetry data and tidegauge data is combined to form an improved coastal MDT. The software package coastMDT was developed as part of the deliverable D4 in the ESA STSE project “GOCE++ Dynamic Topography at the coast and tide gauge unification (DYCOT)”. Installation instructions are found in the tutorial “coastMDT_tutorial.pdf” available from <https://github.com/cavios/coastMDT/tree/master/doc>.

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Imports ncdf4,
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akima

URL <https://github.com/cavios/coastMDT>

LazyData TRUE

BugReports <https://github.com/cavios/coastMDT/issues>

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R topics documented:

compareWithTG	2
ellipsoidTF2MT	3
getBoxMean	4
getCoastLine	4
getData	5
getLandComb	5

getLandInfo	6
getLandVal	7
getSubGrid	8
getSubTG	9
getTGCoast	10
getTGid	10
getTGVal	11
grid2file	12
iterativeAveSmoother	13
iterativeAveSmootherBoot	14
plotMDT	15
polygonizeCoast	15
readncdf1var	16
readRegGridBin	16
tideConvert	17
wgs2topCorr	18
Index	19

compareWithTG	<i>Extract MDT values at TG positions</i>
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Description

The function extracts MDT values at the position of the tide gauges, and compares the MDT values of the field with MDT values based on the tide gauges.

Usage

```
compareWithTG(TG, dat, lonlim, latlim, boxlon = 3, boxlat = 3,
  export = FALSE, tgfile = "TGcompare.csv")
```

Arguments

TG	Data frame or matrix with tide gauge information. TG should contain at least the columns with the names 'Longitude', 'Latitude', and 'TGMDT'. 'TGMDT' should contain MDT values at the tide gauge positions.
dat	An object as returned by the function 'getSubGrid' or 'iterativeAveSmoother', which includes a list containing a matrix g[lon,lat], a vector lon (longitudes) and a vector lat (latitudes).
lonlim	Vector of length 2 with the longitude data grid limits, c(lonlim[1],lonlim[2]). The limits must be given in whole degrees.
latlim	Vector of length 2 with the longitude data grid limits, c(lonlim[1],lonlim[2]). The limits must be given in whole degrees.
boxlon	The number ((2 x boxlon) + 1) of grid cells in the longitude direction, that is used to estimate the altimetry based MDT value at the coast.

boxlat	The number $((2 \times \text{boxlat}) + 1)$ of grid cells in the latitude direction, that is used to estimate the altimetry based MDT value at the coast.
export	If true the information estimated in the function is saved in a csv file. The default name is "TGcompare.csv". The file contains; All columns in the data frame TG,Alt_mean MDT,MDT_Alt_sd,bias corrected difference (alt-TG_bias_corr).
tgfile	a character string giving the name of the file.

Details

Besides the list, that is returned. A plot of the difference between the altimetry and the tide gauge MDT values is automatically generated

Value

A list that includes: mean: The mean values of the field in the box, defined by boxlon and boxlat at each tide gauge position. sd: The standard deviation of the field in the box, defined by boxlon and boxlat at each tide gauge position. bias: The bias between the mean field values and the tide gauge MDT values. diff: The difference between the mean field values and the bias corrected tide gauge MDT values RMS: The RMS of the mean field values and the tide gauge MDT values

ellipsoidTF2MT	<i>Function that estimates the correction to go from a tide free ellipsoid to a mean tide ellipsoid.</i>
----------------	--

Description

Function that estimates the correction to go from a tide free ellipsoid to a mean tide ellipsoid.

Usage

```
ellipsoidTF2MT(phi, h2 = 0.62)
```

Arguments

phi	The latitude in degrees.
h2	Love number, the default value is h2=0.62

Details

...

Value

An array with the height differences in meter.

getBoxMean	<i>Helper function: Find mean value in a box</i>
------------	--

Description

Helper function: Find mean value in a box

Usage

```
getBoxMean(dat, id, boxlon = 4, boxlat = 4)
```

Arguments

dat	Matrix[lon,lat] with MDT values
id	Matrix[N,2] with row and column id, reprecenting the center of the box
boxlon	Integer. The number ((2 x boxlon) +1) of grid cells in the longitude direction, that is used to estimate the altimetry based MDT value at the coast.
boxlat	Integer. The number ((2 x boxlat) +1) of grid cells in the latitude direction, that is used to estimate the altimetry based MDT value at the coast.

Details

...

Value

list with mean and sd values

getCoastLine	<i>Helper function to getLandVal: Extract the coast line from the land mask</i>
--------------	---

Description

Helper function to getLandVal: Extract the coast line from the land mask

Usage

```
getCoastLine(mask, land = 0, water = 1)
```

Arguments

mask	Matrix[lon,lat] with land mask values.
land	Integer value for land. Default is 0.
water	Integer value for land. Default is 1.

Details

...

Value

List with the elements; matrix `g[lon,lat]`, which contains the location of the land value which has a water neighbor. Matrix `id` which contains two columns; row no and col no of the matrix `g` where a land value is identified as coast.

getData	<i>Function to download data from the web</i>
---------	---

Description

Function to download data from the web

Usage

```
getData(localdir = tempdir(), files = NULL,
        url = "https://raw.githubusercontent.com/cavios/coastMDT/master/data/files/")
```

Arguments

<code>localdir</code>	A character string with the name of the directory where the data will be stored. If no name is given the data is automatically stored in a temporal directory.
<code>files</code>	A character vector with the names of the files to be downloaded. If not specified all data for the coastMDT package is downloaded.
<code>url</code>	A character string with the url, that specifies where the data is located. If not specified, the url is where the data for the coastMDT package is located.

Details

...

getLandComb	<i>Helper funtion to getLandVal: Finds land values based on tide gauges and altimetry</i>
-------------	---

Description

Helper funtion to getLandVal: Finds land values based on tide gauges and altimetry

Usage

```
getLandComb(polyCoast, TG, TGcorr, dat, lonlim, latlim, boxlon = 4,
            boxlat = 4)
```

Arguments

polyCoast	Matrix[lon,lat], the out put of the function polygonizeCoast. The matrix contains the coastlines of the region defined by lonlim and latlim, where the integer values represents the coast id.
TG	Data frame or matrix with tide gauge information. TG should contain at least the columns with the names 'Longitude', 'Latitude', and 'TGMDT'. 'TGMDT' should contain MDT values at the tide gauge positions.
TGcorr	Vector with bias corrected tide gauge values. Obtained from the helper function getTGVal.
dat	Matrix[lon,lat] with MDT values
lonlim	Vector of length 2 with the longitude data grid limits, c(lonlim[1],lonlim[2]). The limits must be given in whole degrees.
latlim	Vector of length 2 with the longitude data grid limits, c(lonlim[1],lonlim[2]). The limits must be given in whole degrees.
boxlon	Integer. The number $((2 \times \text{boxlon}) + 1)$ of grid cells in the longitude direction, that is used to estimate the altimetry based MDT value at the coast.
boxlat	Integer. The number $((2 \times \text{boxlat}) + 1)$ of grid cells in the latitude direction, that is used to estimate the altimetry based MDT value at the coast.

Details

...

Value

Matrix[lon,lat] with MDT land values at the coast line, defined by polyCoast

getLandInfo	<i>Helper function to getLandVal: Estimate land MDT values at the coastline based on altimetry</i>
-------------	--

Description

Helper function to getLandVal: Estimate land MDT values at the coastline based on altimetry

Usage

```
getLandInfo(mycoast, mask, dat, boxlon = 4, boxlat = 4)
```

Arguments

mycoast	Matrix[N,2] with row and column values of the coast line. mycoast is the output of helper function getCoastLine
mask	Matrix[lon,lat] representing the land mask, where land=0 and water=1
dat	Matrix[lon,lat] with MDT values
boxlon	Integer. The number ((2 x boxlon) +1) of grid cells in the longitude direction, that is used to estimate the altimetry based MDT value at the coast.
boxlat	Integer. The number ((2 x boxlat) +1) of grid cells in the latitude direction, that is used to estimate the altimetry based MDT value at the coast.

Details

...

Value

Matrix[N,4]; row id, col id, mean MDT value, sd of MDT

getLandVal	<i>Estimates MDT land values based based on altimetry, tide gauges of both</i>
------------	--

Description

Estimates MDT land values based based on altimetry, tide gauges of both

Usage

```
getLandVal(dat, mask, lonlim, latlim, TG = NULL, type = "alt",
  intMethod = "lin", boxlon = 4, boxlat = 4)
```

Arguments

dat	An object as returned by the function 'getSubGrid', which includes a list containing a matrix g[lon,lat], a vector lon (longitudes) and a vector lat (latitudes).
mask	An object as returned by the function 'getSubGrid', which includes a list containing a matrix g[lon,lat], a vector lon (longitudes) and a vector lat (latitudes). mask\$g is a Matrix[lon,lat] representing the land mask, where land=0 and water=1.
lonlim	Vector of length 2 with the longitude data grid limits, c(lonlim[1],lonlim[2]). The limits must be given in whole degrees
latlim	Vector of length 2 with the longitude data grid limits, c(lonlim[1],lonlim[2]). The limits must be given in whole degrees

TG	Data frame or matrix with tide gauge information. TG should contain at least the columns with the names 'Longitude', 'Latitude', and 'TGMDT'. 'TGMDT' should contain MDT values at the tide gauge positions.
type	Character string representing the data to be used when the land values are estimated. type="tg": tide gauge data is used to estimate the MDT land values, type="alt": altimetry data is used, and type="both": both altimetry and tide gauge data is used.
intMethod	Character string describing the interpolation method used. "lin": linear interpolation and "nn": nearest neighbor interpolation
boxlon	Integer. The number ((2 x boxlon) +1) of grid cells in the longitude direction, that is used to estimate the altimetry based MDT value at the coast.
boxlat	Integer. The number ((2 x boxlat) +1) of grid cells in the latitude direction, that is used to estimate the altimetry based MDT value at the coast.

Details

...

Value

Matrix[lon,lat] with land values

getSubGrid	<i>Extract sub grid</i>
------------	-------------------------

Description

Extract sub grid

Usage

```
getSubGrid(grid, lonlim, latlim, res = 0.125, glonlim = c(0 + (res/2), 360 -
(res/2)), glatlim = c(-90 + (res/2), 90 - (res/2)))
```

Arguments

grid	Input grid[longitude,latitude] of type matrix.
lonlim	Vector of length two containing the longitude limits of the sub grid. The limits must be given with the smallest longitude first for example c(270,300), except when the 0 longitude is crossed. In this case for example c(355,10). Acceptable values are between 0 and 360.
latlim	Vector of length two containing the latitude limits of the sub grid.
res	The resolution of the input grid in decimal degrees.
glonlim	Vector of length two containing the longitude limits of the input grid. The default is c(0,360).
glatlim	Vector of length two containing the latitude limits of the input grid. The default is c(-90,90).

Value

List with the elements; matrix g (sub grid), vector lon (longitudes), vector lat (latitudes) `##` @details ...

Examples

```
## Not run: data(landmask8)
out<-getSubGrid(landmask8,c(280,300),c(30,60))
image(out$lon,out$lat,out$g)
## End(Not run)
```

getSubTG

Find subset of tide gauges

Description

Find subset of tide gauges

Usage

```
getSubTG(TG, lonlim, latlim)
```

Arguments

<p>TG</p>	<p>Data frame or matrix with tide gauge information. TG should contain at least the columns with the names 'Longitude' and 'Latitude'.</p>
<p>lonlim</p>	<p>Vector of length 2 with the longitude data grid limits, c(lonlim[1],lonlim[2]). The limits must be given in whole degrees.</p>
<p>latlim</p>	<p>Vector of length 2 with the longitude data grid limits, c(lonlim[1],lonlim[2]). The limits must be given in whole degrees.</p>

Value

subset of TG

getTGCoast	<i>Helper function to getLandVal: Identify Coast lines with tide gauges</i>
------------	---

Description

Helper function to getLandVal: Identify Coast lines with tide gauges

Usage

```
getTGCoast(polyCoast, TG, lonlim, latlim)
```

Arguments

polyCoast	Matrix[lon,lat], the out put of the function polygonizeCoast. The matrix contains the coastlines of the region defined by lonlim and latlim, where the integer values represents the coast id.
TG	Data frame or matrix with tide gauge information. TG should contain at least the columns with the names 'Longitude', 'Latitude', and 'TGMDT'. 'TGMDT' should contain MDT values at the tide gauge positions.
lonlim	Vector of length 2 with the longitude data grid limits, c(lonlim[1],lonlim[2]). The limits must be given in whole degrees.
latlim	Vector of length 2 with the longitude data grid limits, c(lonlim[1],lonlim[2]). The limits must be given in whole degrees

Details

...

Value

Vector with coast id for the tide gauges.

getTGid	<i>Helper function: Finds row and col id of Tide gauges</i>
---------	---

Description

Helper function: Finds row and col id of Tide gauges

Usage

```
getTGid(TG, lonlim, latlim)
```

Arguments

TG	Data frame or matrix with tide gauge information. TG should contain at least the columns with the names 'Longitude', 'Latitude', and 'TGMDT'. 'TGMDT' should contain MDT values at the tide gauge positions.
lonlim	Vector of length 2 with the longitude data grid limits, c(lonlim[1],lonlim[2]). The limits must be given in whole degrees.
latlim	Vector of length 2 with the longitude data grid limits, c(lonlim[1],lonlim[2]). The limits must be given in whole degrees.

Value

Matrix[N,2] with row and coulumn id for the tide gauges

getTGVal

Helper function to getLandVal:

Description

Extract MDT values at TG positions and estimates a potential bias between the tide gauges and the model based MDT.

Usage

```
getTGVal(TG, dat, mask, lonlim, latlim, boxlon = 4, boxlat = 4)
```

Arguments

TG	Data frame or matrix with tide gauge information. TG should contain at least the columns with the names 'Longitude', 'Latitude', and 'TGMDT'. 'TGMDT' should contain MDT values at the tide gauge positions.
dat	Matrix[lon,lat] with MDT values
mask	An object as returned by the function 'getSubGrid', which includes a list containing a matrix g[lon,lat], a vector lon (longitudes) and a vector lat (latitudes). mask\$g is a Matrix[lon,lat] representing the land mask, where land=0 and water=1.
lonlim	Vector of length 2 with the longitude data grid limits, c(lonlim[1],lonlim[2]). The limits must be given in whole degrees.
latlim	Vector of length 2 with the longitude data grid limits, c(lonlim[1],lonlim[2]). The limits must be given in whole degrees.
boxlon	Integer. The number ((2 x boxlon) +1) of grid cells in the longitude direction, that is used to estimate the altimetry based MDT value at the coast.
boxlat	Integer. The number ((2 x boxlat) +1) of grid cells in the latitude direction, that is used to estimate the altimetry based MDT value at the coast.

Details

...

Value

list(TGland=out,bias=bias). TGland is data frame with 4 columns; row id, col id, corrected tide gauge value, sd of boxmean value of modeled MDT

grid2file	Write a grid[lon,lat] to a netcdf file
-----------	--

Description

This function `grid2file` saves a `grid[lon,lat]` to a netcdf file.

Usage

```
grid2file(grid, varname = "MDT", filename = "grid.nc")
```

Arguments

- `grid` An object as returned by the function 'iterativeAveSmoother', which includes a list containing a matrix `g[lon,lat]`, a vector `lon` (longitudes) and a vector `lat` (latitudes).
- `varname` A string containing the name of the variable, the default is 'MDT'
- `filename` A string containing the file name, the default is 'grid.nc'

Details

...

Examples

```
## Not run:
grid2file(boxTG_ALT,filename='MDT_filtered.nc')

## End(Not run)
```

iterativeAveSmoother

Iterative box filter

Description

The function `iterativeAveSmoother` is a simple average filter applied `nit` number of times. The size of the filter in the E-W direction is scaled according to the latitude.

Usage

```
iterativeAveSmoother(dat, mask, land, radius = 0.15/0.83, nit = 10,
  res = 0.125)
```

Arguments

<code>dat</code>	An object as returned by the function <code>'getSubGrid'</code> , which includes a list containing a matrix <code>g[lon,lat]</code> , a vector <code>lon</code> (longitudes) and a vector <code>lat</code> (latitudes). The matrix <code>dat\$g[lon,lat]</code> contains the values to be filtered.
<code>mask</code>	An object as returned by the function <code>'getSubGrid'</code> , which includes a list containing a matrix <code>g[lon,lat]</code> , a vector <code>lon</code> (longitudes) and a vector <code>lat</code> (latitudes). <code>mask\$g</code> is a <code>Matrix[lon,lat]</code> representing the land mask, where <code>land=0</code> and <code>water=1</code> .
<code>land</code>	<code>Matrix[lon,lat]</code> containing land values
<code>radius</code>	Filter radius. Default is <code>radius=0.15/0.83</code>
<code>nit</code>	Number of iterations of the box filter. Default is <code>nit=10</code>
<code>res</code>	Grid spacing of the matrix <code>dat</code> . Default is <code>dlat=0.125</code>

Details

...

Value

List with the elements; matrix[lon,lat] `g` (grid), vector `lon` (longitudes), vector `lat` (latitudes).

```
iterativeAveSmootherBoot
```

Iterative box filter

Description

The function `iterativeAveSmoother` is a simple average filter applied `nit` number of times. The size of the filter in the E-W direction is scaled according to the latitude.

Usage

```
iterativeAveSmootherBoot(dat, mask, land, radius = 0.15/0.83, nit = 10,
  res = 0.125, countMat = NULL)
```

Arguments

<code>dat</code>	An object as returned by the function 'getSubGrid', which includes a list containing a matrix <code>g[lon,lat]</code> , a vector <code>lon</code> (longitudes) and a vector <code>lat</code> (latitudes). The matrix <code>dat\$g[lon,lat]</code> contains the values to be filtered.
<code>mask</code>	An object as returned by the function 'getSubGrid', which includes a list containing a matrix <code>g[lon,lat]</code> , a vector <code>lon</code> (longitudes) and a vector <code>lat</code> (latitudes). <code>mask\$g</code> is a Matrix[lon,lat] representing the land mask, where <code>land=0</code> and <code>water=1</code> .
<code>land</code>	Matrix[lon,lat] containing land values
<code>radius</code>	Filter radius. Default is <code>radius=0.15/0.83</code>
<code>nit</code>	Number of iterations of the box filter. Default is <code>nit=10</code>
<code>res</code>	Grid spacing of the matrix <code>dat</code> . Default is <code>dlat=0.125</code>
<code>countMat</code>	A matrix where each element represent the number of times each element <code>i</code> the data matrix "dat" should be counted.

Details

...

Value

List with the elements; matrix[lon,lat] `g` (grid), vector `lon` (longitudes), vector `lat` (latitudes).

plotMDT

*Plot MDT grid***Description**

Plot MDT grid

Usage

```
plotMDT(dat, zlim, addContour = TRUE, conlev = 0.05, TGdat = NULL,
        legendUnit = "m", ...)
```

Arguments

dat	An object as returned by the function 'getSubGrid' or 'iterativeAveSmoother', which includes a list containing a matrix g[lon,lat], a vector lon (longitudes) and a vector lat (latitudes).
zlim	Range of the MDT values given as a Vector of length 2.
addContour	Boolean; To add a contour plot. Default is TRUE
conlev	The spacing between contour lines given in meters. The default is 0.05.
TGdat	MDT tide gauge data file. The file TGdat must contain at least the columns; Longitude, Latitude, TGMDT. The default is NULL.
...	Additional arguments to image.plot from fields

Details

...

polygonizeCoast

*Helper function to getLandVal: Turns land mask matrix into polygons***Description**

Helper function to getLandVal: Turns land mask matrix into polygons

Usage

```
polygonizeCoast(mask, landVal = 0)
```

Arguments

mask	Matrix[lon,lat] with land mask. Land=0 (default) and water=1.
landVal	integer representing the land value in the mask

Value

Matrix[lon,lat] whith coast line ids ##' @details ...

readncdf1var	<i>Read net cdf file with one variable</i>
--------------	--

Description

This function readncdf1var

Usage

```
readncdf1var(filename)
```

Arguments

filename	String containing the filename
----------	--------------------------------

Value

Matrix var[longitude,latitude] ### @details ...

Examples

```
## Not run:
mydat<-readncdf1var('landmask8.nc')

## End(Not run)
```

readRegGridBin	<i>Function that reads a regular global binary grid.</i>
----------------	--

Description

Function that reads a regular global binary grid.

Usage

```
readRegGridBin(filename, nx = 2880, ny = 1440, res = 0.125, ...)
```

Arguments

filename	A character string with the file name.
nx	Number of rows in the grid (longitude). Deafault is nx=2880.
ny	Number of columns in the grid (latitude). Deafault is ny=1440.
res	The grid spacing in degrees. Default is res=0.125.
...	Additional arguments to readBin.

Details

The default is grid is a 1/8 degree grid which is 2880 longitudes by 1440 latitudes: longitudes (0.5,1.5,2.5 2879.5)/8 degrees, latitudes -90 + (0.5,1.5,2.5 1439.5)/8 degrees. The type is real*4, hence the length of the file is 4*n_x*n_y. The unit is meter.

Value

An object of the type coastMDT; a list containing a matrix g[lon,lat], a vector lon (longitudes) and a vector lat (latitudes).

 tideConvert

Function for converting between different permanent tide systems.

Description

Function for converting between different permanent tide systems.

Usage

```
tideConvert(phi, convtype, k = 0.3)
```

Arguments

phi	The latitude in degrees.
convtype	A character string giving the type of conversion. The legal strings are; 'MT2ZT', 'ZT2MT', 'ZT2TF', 'TF2ZT', 'MT2TF', and 'TF2MT'. Here, MT is mean tide, ZT is zero tide and TF is tide free (or nontidal)
k	is a love number, the default value is k=0.3

Details

The conversion expressions are based on Ekman, 1989. The correction must be added.

Value

The conversion correction; An array of height differences in meters.

wgs2topCorr	<i>Function that estiamtes the height difference between WGS84 and Topex ellipsoids</i>
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Description

Function that estiamtes the height difference between WGS84 and Topex ellipsoids

Usage

```
wgs2topCorr(phi)
```

Arguments

phi	The latitude in degrees.
-----	--------------------------

Details

...

Value

An array with the height differences.

Index

`compareWithTG`, [2](#)
`ellipsoidTF2MT`, [3](#)

`getBoxMean`, [4](#)
`getCoastLine`, [4](#)
`getData`, [5](#)
`getLandComb`, [5](#)
`getLandInfo`, [6](#)
`getLandVal`, [7](#)
`getSubGrid`, [8](#)
`getSubTG`, [9](#)
`getTGCoast`, [10](#)
`getTGid`, [10](#)
`getTGVal`, [11](#)
`grid2file`, [12](#)

`iterativeAveSmoother`, [13](#)
`iterativeAveSmootherBoot`, [14](#)

`plotMDT`, [15](#)
`polygonizeCoast`, [15](#)

`readncdf1var`, [16](#)
`readRegGridBin`, [16](#)

`tideConvert`, [17](#)

`wgs2topCorr`, [18](#)