Developing Simple Simulations with ndnSIM

NDN Tutorial – ACM ICN 2016

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https://named-data.net/icn2016-tutorial

Outline

Introduction

- Current status and usage
- Internal structure
- Tutorial with Hands On
 - Getting started
 - Prepare environment
 - Writing scenarios
 - More

Introduction

- Based on the NS-3 network simulator framework
 - C++, highly modular, actively maintained
- An open-source common framework to perform NDN-related simulationbased experiments
 - Extensively documented
 - Actively supported
- Matches the latest advancements of NDN research
 - re-uses existing codebases (ndn-cxx, NFD) in ndnSIM
 - allows porting of ndnSIM code into real implementations

Current Status of ndnSIM 1.x + 2.x

named-data-ndnSIM / ndnSIM

AaronTien / ndnSIM

apt-ndns / ndnSIM

ewa456666 / ndnS

bcy / ndnSIM

awka / ndnSIM

akaash-nigam / ndnSIM

MohammadHovaidiArdestani / ndnSIM

schwannden / ndnSIM

shivangigautam / ndnSIM

shockjiang / ndnSIM1-nCDN1

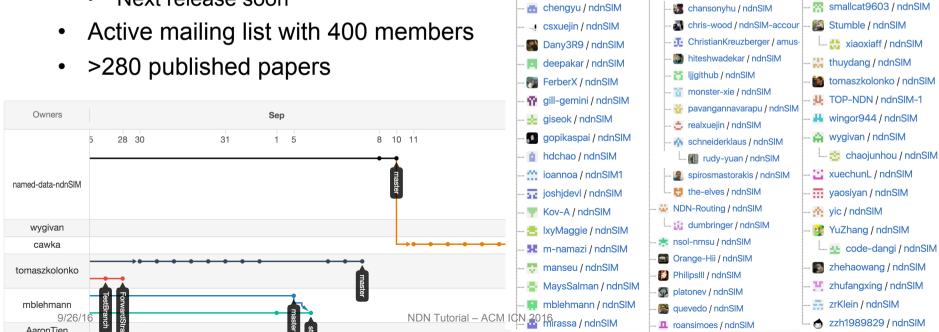
Mr-Norrell / ndnSIM

mteoli / ndnSIM

nacarino / ndnSIM

named-data / ndnSIM

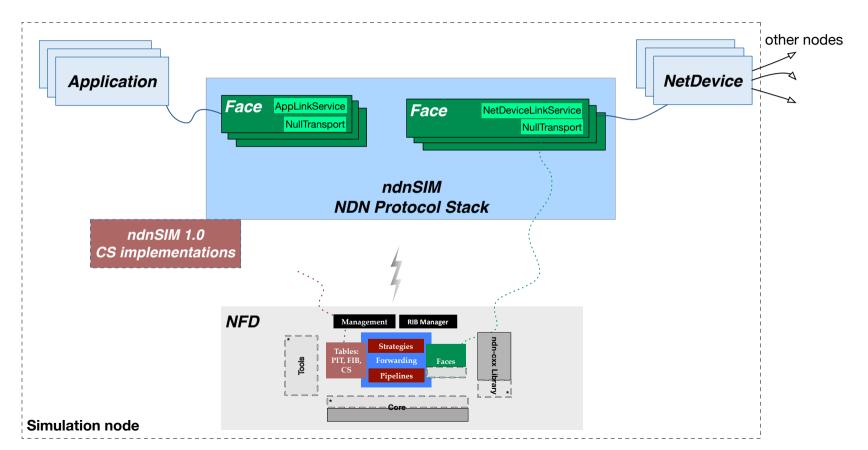
- 70 known forks on GitHub
- Active development
 - Release 2.2 this month.
 - Next release soon



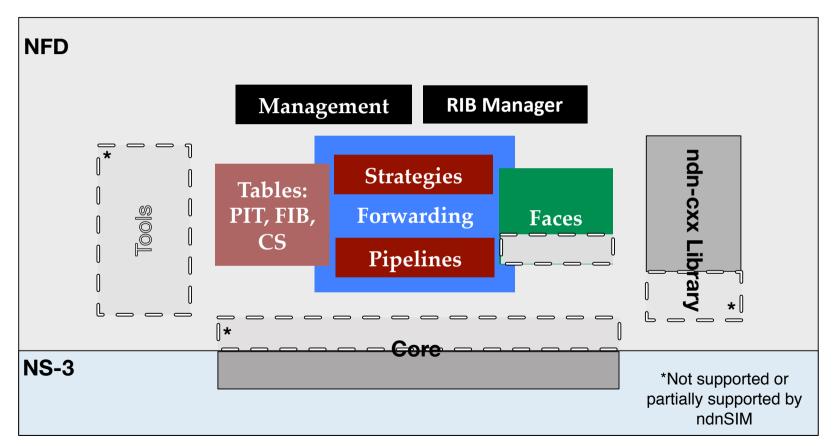
ndnSIM Can...

- Run large-scale experiments in a simple way
 - Initial topology and link parameters can be defined in a file
 - Stack helpers can adjust parameters of individual or multiple nodes at a time
 - Run emulation-like simulation experiments
 - http://ndnsim.net/guide-to-simulate-real-apps.html
- Collect detailed traces of NDN traffic flow and behavior of each forwarding component

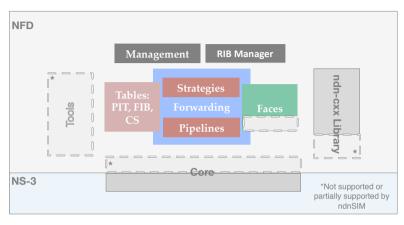
ndnSIM 2.2 Structure Overview



ndnSIM-NFD Integration



ndnSIM-NFD Integration: ndn-cxx Features



ndn-cxx

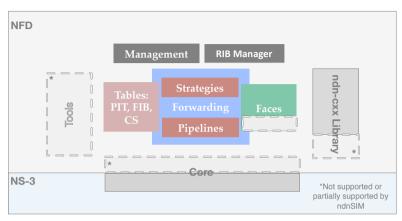
- NDN and NFD abstractions
- wire format
- security library
- (partially) utils
- (partially) ndn::Face

Can simulate real applications

ndnSIM-NFD Integration: NFD Features

NFD

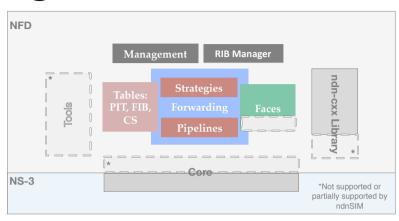
- All from Forwarding
 - Built-in forwarding strategies
 - Forwarding pipelines
- All from Tables
 - PIT, FIB, CS, measurements, strategy choice
- Management
- Partial face system
 - native NDN over NetDevices



ndnSIM-NFD Integration

ndnSIM

- Faces
 - Face with NetDevice "transport"
 - Face with ndn::App "transport"
 - ndn::Face for real app simulation
- Tables
 - All available in NFD
 - ndnSIM 1.0 CS implementations
- Helpers
 - NDN stack helper, Global routing helper, FIB helper, Strategy choice helper, App helper, Link control helper, Scenario Helper, etc.
- Tracers
 - NDN packet tracer
 - CS tracer
 - App-level tracer



Additional Documentation

- Technical Report
 - S. Mastorakis, A. Afanasyev, I. Moiseenko, and L. Zhang, "ndnSIM 2.0: A new version of the NDN simulator for NS-3," NDN, Technical Report NDN-0028, 2015
 - http://named-data.net/techreport/ndn-0028-1-ndnsim-v2.pdf
- Detailed documentation, with pointers to source code, download instructions, and examples can be found on the ndnSIM website:
 - http://ndnsim.net/

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Tutorial with Hands On

- Getting started
- Prepare environment
- Writing scenarios
- More

Code from the tutorial can be cloned from GitHub: https://github.com/cawka/ndnSIM-tutorial

Getting started

- Works in Linux, OS X, FreeBSD
 - Requires boost libraries >= 1.53
 - Python and various python bindings (for visualizer)
- Download

```
mkdir ndnSIM
cd ndnSIM
git clone git://github.com/named-data-ndnSIM/ns-3-dev-ndnSIM.git ns-3
git clone git://github.com/named-data-ndnSIM/pybindgen.git pybindgen
git clone --recurse git://github.com/named-data-ndnSIM/ndnSIM.git ns-3/src/ndnSIM
```

Build

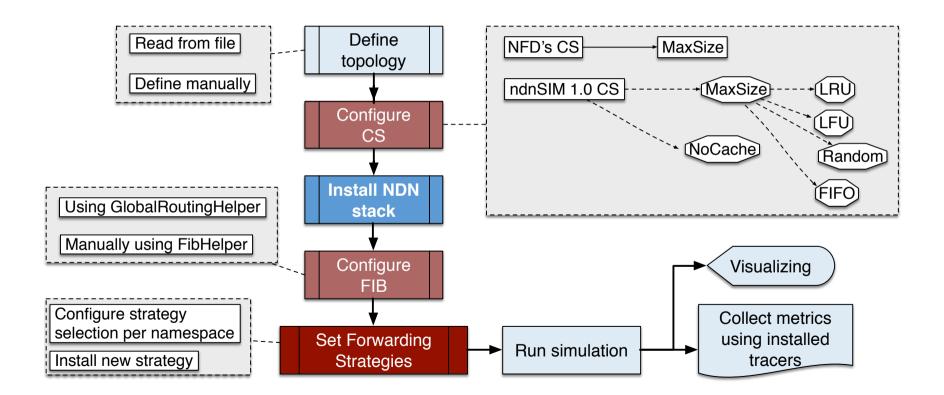
```
./waf configure --enable-examples
./waf
```

Run examples

```
./waf --run=ndn-grid
./waf --run=ndn-grid --vis
```

http://ndnsim.net/getting-started.html

Typical Workflow with ndnSIM



Simulating with ndnSIM: NS-3 Scratch Folder

NOT recommended

```
cd ndnSIM/ns-3
vim scratch/my-scenario.cc
# edit
./waf
./waf --run=my-scenario
```

- Cons and pros
 - cons
 - compilation of the scenario can be very slow
 - hard to separate simulation code from the simulator code
 - pros
 - works out-of-the box

Simulating with ndnSIM: Separate Repository

RECOMMENDED

```
cd ndnSIM/ns-3
sudo ./waf install # install ndnSIM and NS-3

git clone https://github.com/named-data-ndnSIM/scenario-template ../my-scenario
cd ../my-scenario
# create extensions (any .cppl.hpp files) in extensions/
# create scenarios in scenarios/
vim scenarios/my-scenario.cpp
# edit
./waf configure --debug
./waf --run=my-scenario
```

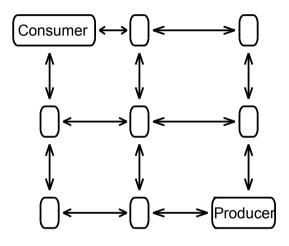
Cons and pros

- cons
 - may need certain configuration tricks (refer to README.md)
- pros
 - fast compilation
 - clear separation of the simulator code from the extensions and scenarios
 - easy to make code available for others to reproduce scenarios

Writing a Basic Scenario

Simple simulation

- filename
 - scenarios/example1.cc (C++)
 - scenarios/example1.py (Python)
- Topology
 - 3x3 grid topology
 - 10Mbps links / 10ms delays
 - One consumer, one producer



10 Mbps / 10 ms delay

NDN parameters

- Forwarding Strategy for interests: BestRoute
- FIB is computed automatically using global routing controller
- Cache: LRU with 100 items on each node (default)

NS-3 101: Simulation Scenario (C++)

Necessary includes

```
#include "ns3/core-module.h"
#include "ns3/network-module.h"
#include "ns3/point-to-point-module.h"
#include "ns3/point-to-point-grid.h"
#include "ns3/ndnSIM-module.h"
```

```
standard main function

int main(int argc, char* argv[])
{
   // scenario "meat"
   return 0;
}
```

Set necessary defaults and allow setting different defaults at run time

```
Config::SetDefault("ns3::PointToPointNetDevice::DataRate", StringValue("10Mbps"));
Config::SetDefault("ns3::PointToPointChannel::Delay", StringValue("10ms"));
Config::SetDefault("ns3::DropTailQueue::MaxPackets", StringValue("20"));
CommandLine cmd; cmd.Parse (argc, argv);
```

Create topology

```
PointToPointHelper p2p;
PointToPointGridHelper grid (3, 3, p2p);
grid.BoundingBox(100,100,200,200);
```

```
Define what to simulate
```

"Run" the simulation

```
Simulator::Stop(Seconds (20.0));
Simulator::Run();
Simulator::Destroy();
```

ndnSIM 101: Defining the Simulation (C++)

Install NDN stack

ndn::StackHelper ndnHelper;
ndnHelper.InstallAll();

Install consumer app(s)

```
NodeContainer consumerNodes;

consumerNodes.Add(grid.GetNode (0,0));

ndn::AppHelper cHelper("ns3::ndn::ConsumerCbr");

cHelper.SetPrefix("/prefix");

cHelper.SetAttribute("Frequency",

StringValue("10"));

cHelper.Install(consumerNodes);
```

Install producer app(s)

Configure FIB (manually or like here using the helper)

```
ndn::GlobalRoutingHelper ndnGlobalRoutingHelper;
ndnGlobalRoutingHelper.InstallAll();
ndnGlobalRoutingHelper.AddOrigins("/prefix", producer);
ndnGlobalRoutingHelper.CalculateRoutes();
```

Same using NS-3 Python Bindings

- Pros
 - Whole scenario defined as a simple python script
 - No need to do any compilation
- Cons
 - Limited set of features of NS-3 and ndnSIM

NS-3 101: Simulation Scenario (Python)

Necessary includes Rest of the Python script from ns.core import * from ns.network import * # scenario "meat" from ns.point_to_point import * from ns.point_to_point_layout import * from ns.ndnSIM import * Set necessary defaults and allow setting different defaults at run time Config.SetDefault ("ns3::PointToPointNetDevice::DataRate", StringValue ("10Mbps")) Config.SetDefault ("ns3::PointToPointChannel::Delay", StringValue ("10ms")) Config.SetDefault ("ns3::DropTailQueue::MaxPackets", StringValue ("20")) import sys; cmd = CommandLine(); cmd.Parse(sys.argv); Create topology p2p = PointToPointHelper() grid = PointToPointGridHelper(3,3,p2p) Define what to "Run" the simulation grid.BoundingBox(100,100,200,200) Simulator.Stop(Seconds (20.0)) Simulator.Run()

Simulator.Destroy()

ndnSIM 101: Defining the Simulation (Python)

Install NDN stack ndnHelper = ndn.StackHelper() ndnHelper.InstallAll();

Install consumer app(s)

Install producer app(s)

Configure FIB (manually or like here using the helper)

```
ndnGlobalRoutingHelper = ndn.GlobalRoutingHelper()
ndnGlobalRoutingHelper.InstallAll()
ndnGlobalRoutingHelper.AddOrigins("/prefix", producer)
ndnGlobalRoutingHelper.CalculateRoutes()
```

Running the simulation (C++)

Run C++ scenario

```
./waf --run example1
# or ./waf && ./build/example1
# or ./waf --run example1 --vis
```

Run Python scenario

```
python scenarios/example1.py
```

If in debug mode

```
NS_LOG=ndn.Consumer ./waf --run example1
# or NS_LOG=ndn.Consumer python scenarios/example1.py
```

Result IT you followed the steps

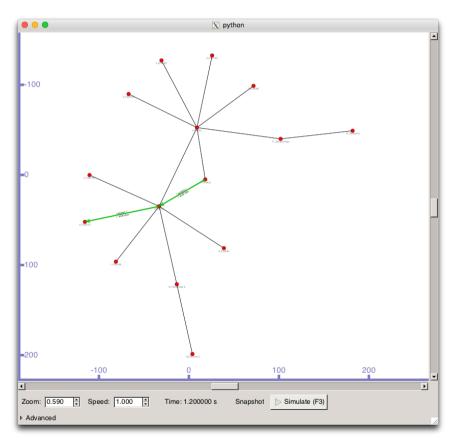
Hint: using right click on a node in visualizer, it is possible to check FIB, PIT, and CS contents on the node during the active simulation

Same example is on http://ndnsim.net

Writing a Custom App

- Two approaches
 - Use ns3::ndn::Producer/ns3::ndn::Consumer based implementation
 - Very simple and limited producer/consumers with a set of assumptions
 - Useful when investigating forwarding plane behavior (new strategy, new cache policy, etc.)
 - Use ndn::Face
 - Can write full-featured application (or use the existing one)
- Simple Producer
 - Let's use the first approach
- Simple Consumer
 - Let's use the second approach

Let's Code



Hints for Writing/Running Simulations

- Logging
- Getting metrics
- Processing metrics
- Customizing
 - Strategy
 - Content store policy
- Writing your own (not covered today)
 - Strategy
 - Content store policy

Logging in debug mode (cont.)

Selecting several several loggings

```
NS_LOG=ndn.fw:ndn.fw.BestRoute:ndn.Consumer ./waf --run=example1
```

Select all loggings (including from the NS-3)

```
NS_LOG=* ./waf --run=example1
```

DO NOT USE LOGGING TO GET METRICS

Use existing tracing helpers or write your own

Getting Metrics

* For now, supported only in C++

L3RateTracer

```
L3RateTracer::InstallAll("rate-trace.txt", Seconds(1.0));
```

AppDelayTracer

```
AppDelayTracer::InstallAll("app-delays-trace.txt");
```

CsTracer

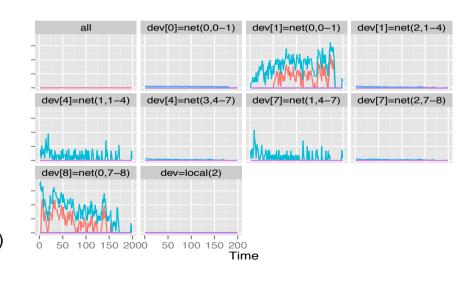
```
CsTracer::InstallAll("cs-trace.txt", Seconds(1));
```

Write your own tracer (see existing implementation for hints)

http://ndnsim.net/metric.html

Processing metrics

- Resulting .txt files can be processed
 - R
 - gnuplot
 - python graph library and others
- Example with R
 - Same scenario, but with small modifications
 - Config::SetDefault ("ns3::PointToPointNetDevice::DataRate", StringValue ("20Kbps"));
 - ndn::AppHelper cHelper ("ns3::ndn::ConsumerZipfMandelbrot");
 - very basic rate-trace.txt procesing
 - library (ggplot2)
 - data = read.table ("results/rate-trace.txt", header=T)
 - ggplot(data, aes(x=Time, y=Kilobytes, color=Type))
 + geom line () + facet wrap(~ FaceDescr)



30

Customizing Forwarding Strategy

```
StrategyChoiceHelper::Install(nodes, prefix, strategyName);
// or StrategyChoiceHelper::InstallAll(prefix, strategyName);
```

Available strategies and defaults

Namespace	Strategy Class	Strategy Name
/	fw::BestRouteStrategy	/localhost/nfd/strategy/best-route
/localhost	fw::MulticastStrategy	/localhost/nfd/strategy/multicast

Customizing Content Store Policy

```
ndn::StackHelper ndnHelper;
ndnHelper.SetContentStore ("ns3::ndn::cs::Lru", "MaxSize", "100");
```

- Available content stores
 - ns3::ndn::cs::Lru
 - ns3::ndn::cs::Random
 - ns3::ndn::cs::Fifo
 - ns3::ndn::cs::Lfu
 - ns3::ndn::cs::Nocache
 - ns3"ndn"cs"l ru"Freshness
 - ns3::ndn::cs::Random::Freshness
 - ns3::ndn::cs::Fifo::Freshness
 - ns3::ndn::cs::Lfu::Freshness
 - ns3::ndn::cs::Lru::LifetimeStats
 - ns3::ndn::cs::Random::LifetimeStats
 - ns3::ndn::cs::Fifo::LifetimeStats
 - ns3::ndn::cs::Lfu::LifetimeStats

* By default, a FIFO policy (new-style NFD)

Writing a custom forwarding strategy

- Tutorial
 - http://ndnsim.net/fw.html#writing-your-own-custom-strategy
- Example
 - http://ndnsim.net/fw.html#example
 - https://github.com/named-data-ndnSIM/ndnSIM/blob/master/examples/ndn-load-balancer.cpp
 - https://github.com/named-data-ndnSIM/ndnSIM/blob/master/examples/ndn-load-balancer/ random-load-balancer-strategy.hpp
 - https://github.com/named-data-ndnSIM/ndnSIM/blob/master/examples/ndn-load-balancer/ random-load-balancer-strategy.cpp

Write Your Own Cache Policy (ndnSIM 1.x Style)

- Option A:
 - create a class derived from ndn::ContentStore, implementing all interface functions
 - example
 - ndn::cs::NoCache
- Option B:
 - use C++ templates of ndnSIM
 - define "policy traits" (example utils/trie/lru-policy)
 - defines what to do
 - on insert (e.g., put in front)
 - on update (e.g., promote to front)
 - on delete (e.g., remove)
 - on lookup (e.g., promote to front)
 - instantiate cache class with new policy:
 - template class ContentStoreImpl<Iru_policy_traits>;
 - see examples in model/cs/content-store-impl.cc

Writing a custom cache policy

- ExamplePolicy
 - only every other data packet will be cached
 - "promote" Data packet if it is accessed more that twice
 - apply LRU cache replacement strategy
- Write "policy traits"
 - extensions/example-policy.hpp
 - use one of the existing policy traits as a base
 - utils/trie/lru-policy.hpp
- "Instantiate" content store with the policy
 - create extensions/cs-with-example-policy.cpp

Feedback

- Try out ndnSIM and let us know your thought/comments/bug reports/new feature requests!
- Join our mailing list
 - http://www.lists.cs.ucla.edu/mailman/listinfo/ndnsim
- Contribute
 - issues on Redmine
 - http://redmine.named-data.net/projects/ndnsim/issues
 - submit code reviews to Gerrit
 - http://gerrit.named-data.net/

http://ndnsim.net

Thanks

Questions?

http://ndnsim.net