# Problem-Solution

CSCI 4448/5448: Object-Oriented Analysis & Design Lecture 13b

# Acknowledgement & Materials Copyright

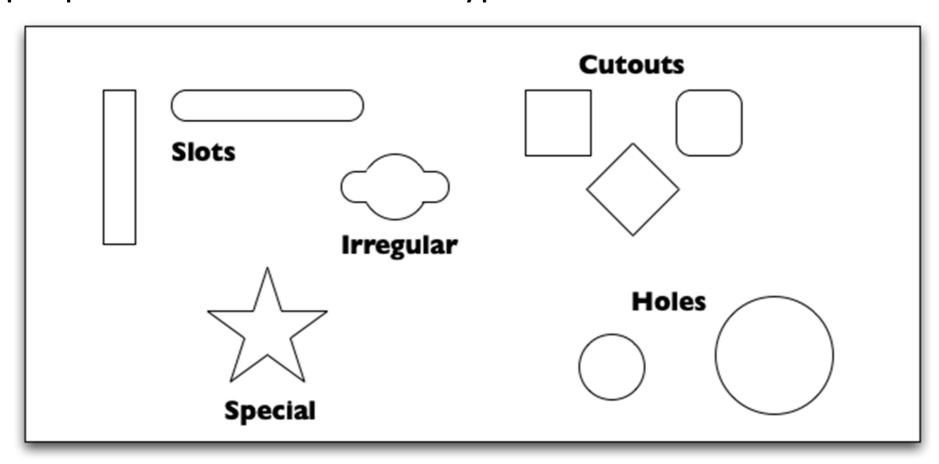
- I'd like to start by acknowledging Dr. Ken Anderson
- Ken is a Professor and the Chair of the Department of Computer Science
- Ken taught OOAD on several occasions, and has graciously allowed me to use his copyrighted material for this instance of the class
- Although I will modify the materials to update and personalize this class, the original materials this class is based on are all copyrighted
   © Kenneth M. Anderson; the materials are used with his consent; and this use in no way challenges his copyright

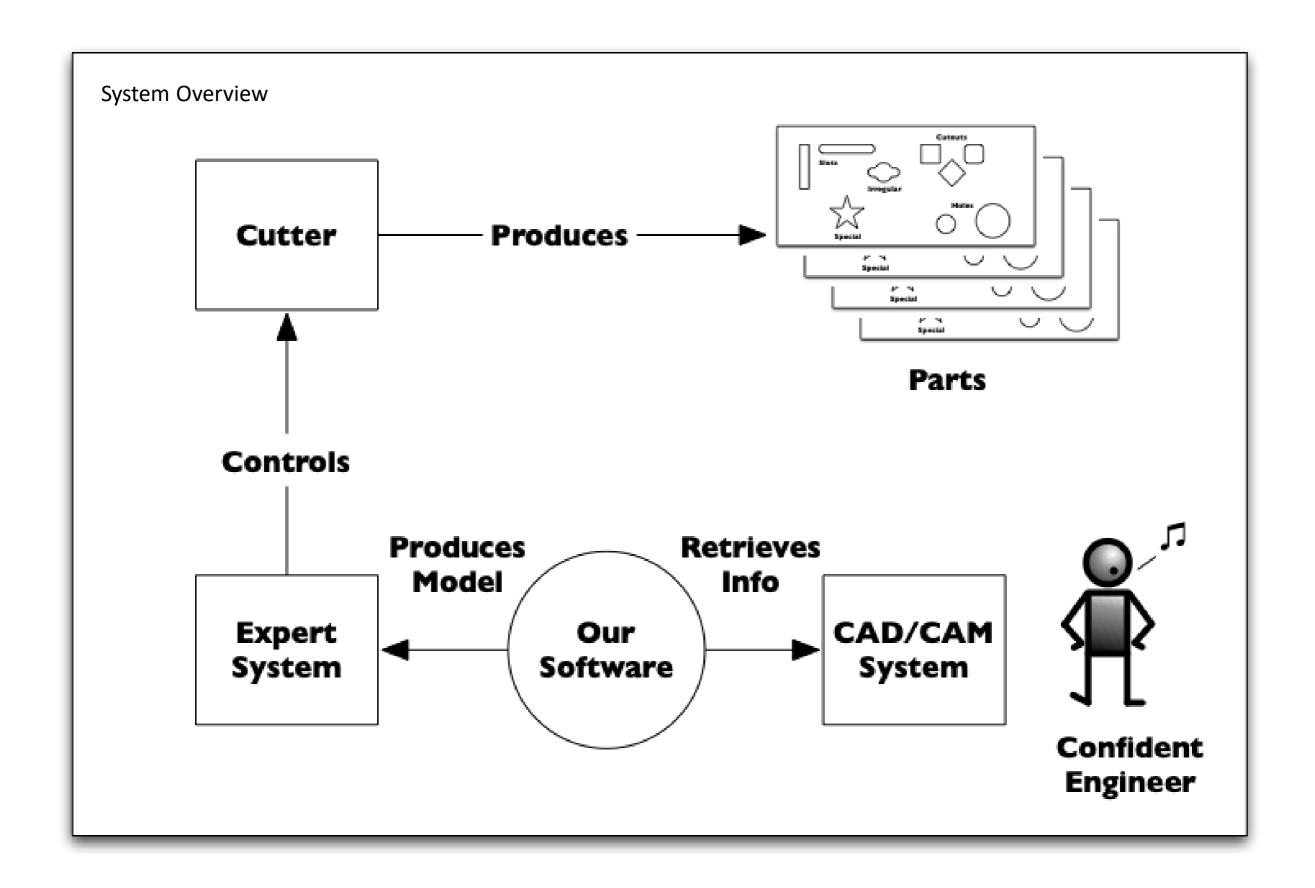
#### Goals of the Lecture

- Introduce and reflect on a design problem example
- Present an initial design to the problem domain
  - Highlight its strengths (if any) and weaknesses
- This example is from the Shalloway/Trott previous textbook...

#### The Problem Domain

- A company provides software that
  - allows engineers to create models for parts made out of sheet metal
  - generates the instructions needed by a computer-controlled cutting tool to actually make the part specified by the models
- Example part with five "feature" types



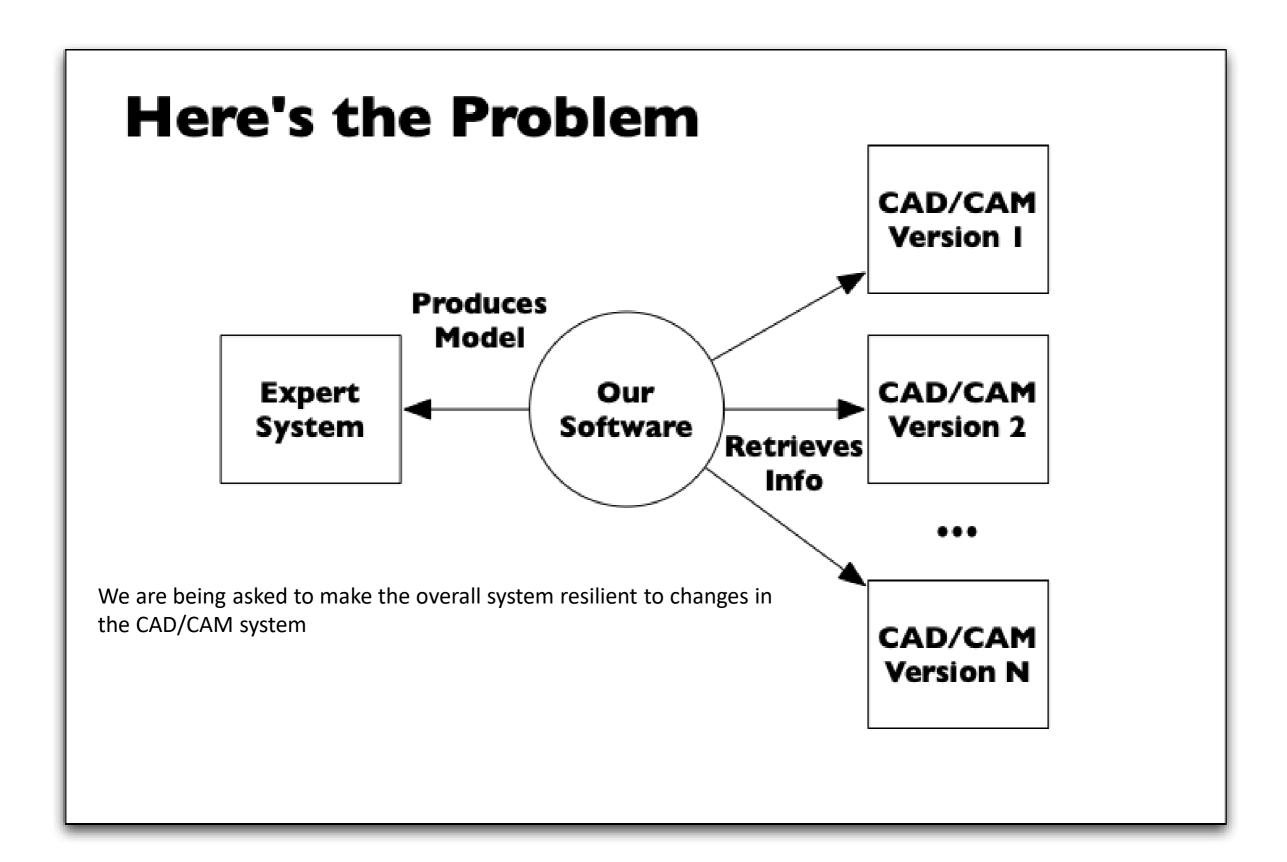


### Nice system!

- The engineers get to use familiar tools when designing new parts
- The expert system encodes all the rules about how the cutter is used to create parts out of features
- Our software simply acts as the "glue" between these two major components
  - extracting information and converting it into a format that the expert system understands
- The use of existing CAD software was a good decision
  - Imagine if the original development team had been infected with Not Invented Here syndrome and had decided they needed to build a modeling tool
    - It would have increased expense and complexity
      - Plus their tool would likely have been non-standard
    - Sometimes, "buy" is the best option of a "buy vs. build" decision
      - be sure to leverage standards in your system designs

#### So, What's the Problem?

- So far, all I've presented is information about the application domain
  - What we are missing is details concerning what the problem might be
- Don't confuse supplemental/domain information for a problem statement
  - As designers, we need to know what the problem is

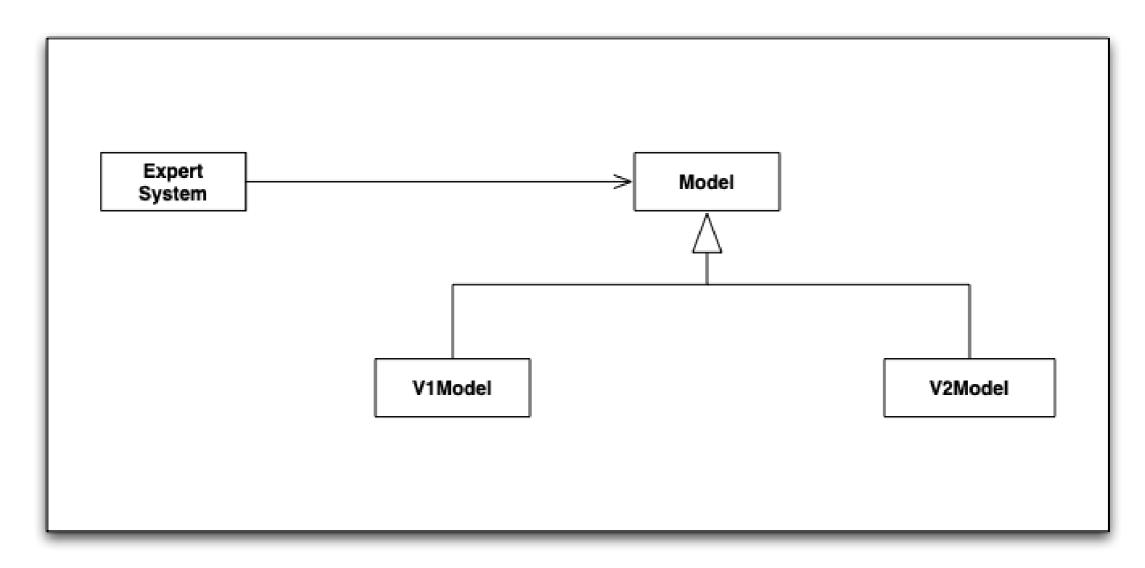


Example of encapsulation via software architecture...

#### Discussion

- Our problem is to allow the expert system to work with multiple CAD systems
  - currently different versions of the existing CAD system or (possibly) CAD systems from different vendors
- Why not replace the expert system?
  - It was an expensive piece of software to develop and embodies a significant amount of domain knowledge
    - Translating models into commands for the cutter is non trivial
    - Punching features in the wrong order produces defective parts
- This type of legacy system is common; you just have to incorporate it into your design

# Our Approach



We want to provide the expert system with a single model that it understands; we will subclass this model to integrate the different versions of the CAD system

### Understanding the Challenges

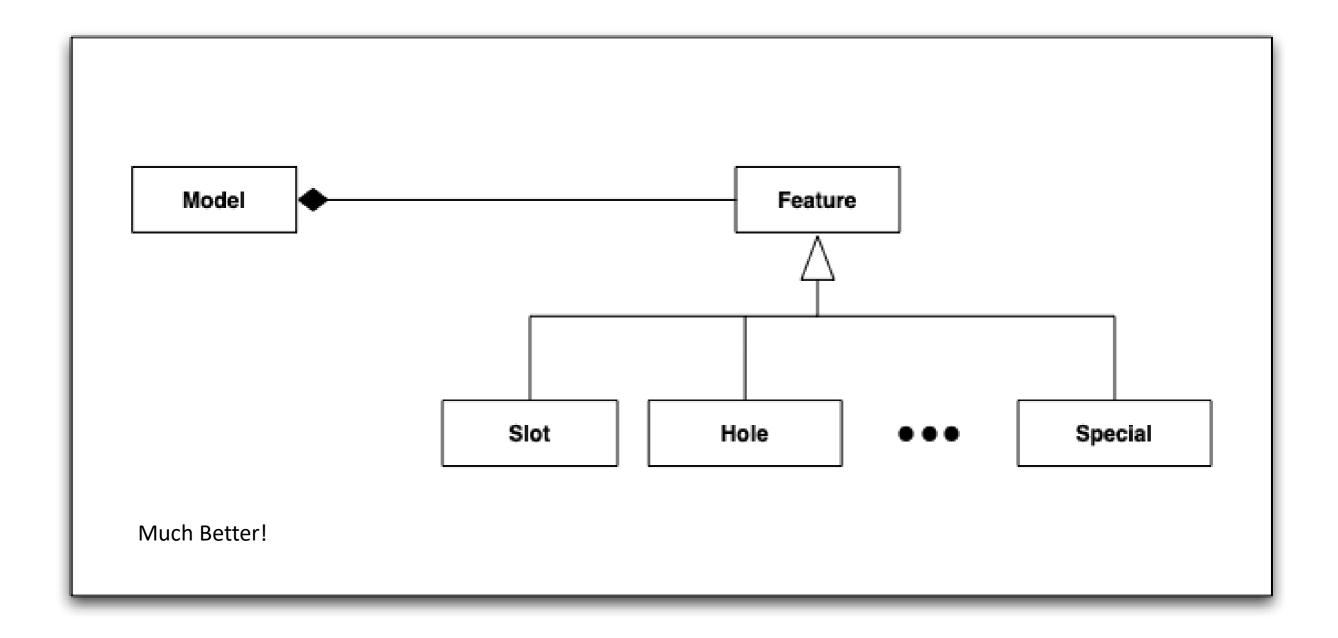
- The API of version 1 of the CAD system is NOT object-oriented
  - It is accessed via a set of library routines
    - (think C API)
- The API of version 2 of the CAD system is object-oriented
  - It provides an OO framework of classes to describe its models

#### Accessing the Version 1 API

- V1 API
  - model\_t \*get\_model(char \*name);
    int number\_of\_features(model\_t \*model);
    int get\_id\_of\_ith\_feature(model\_t \*model, int index);
    feature\_type get\_feature\_type(model\_t \*model, int id);
    int get\_x\_coord\_of\_slot(model\_t \*model, int id);
- (Lovely C code, I almost know how it works.)
- To get the x coordinate of a feature, I need to do something like

```
model_t *model = get_model("part XYZ");
int num = number_of_features(model);
for (int i = 0; i < num; i++) {
    int id = get_id_of_ith_feature(model, i);
    switch (get_feature_type(model, id)) {
        case SLOT:
        int x = get_x_coord_of_slot(model, id);
        ...</pre>
```

#### Version 2's API



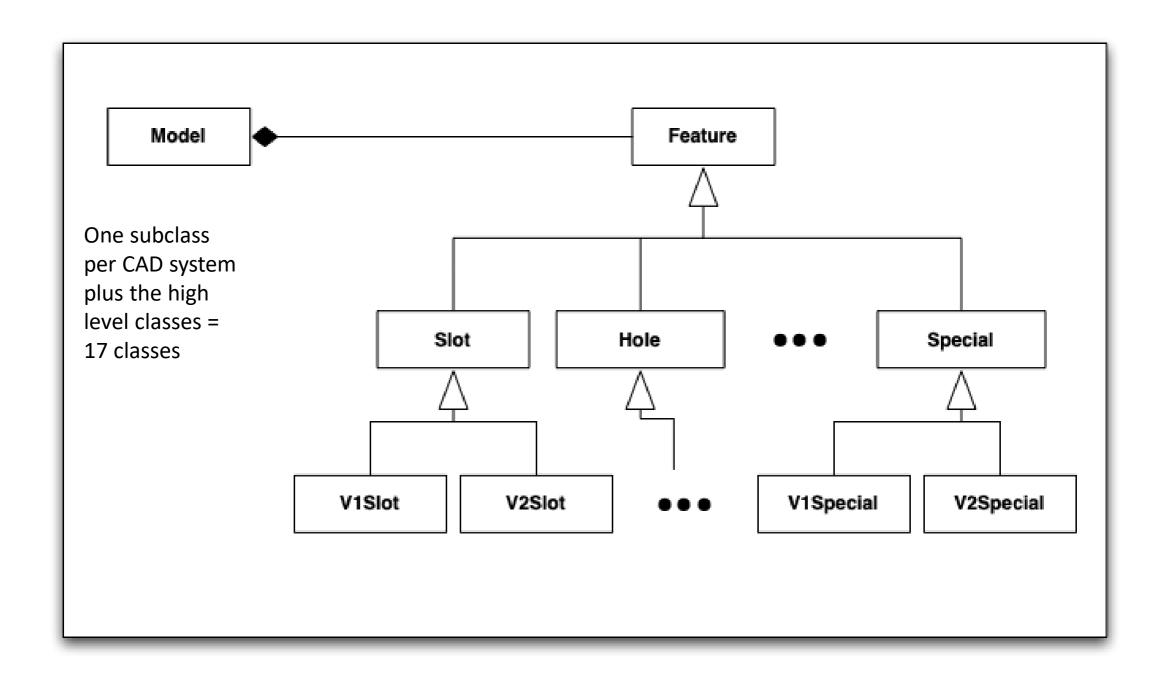
### Discussion: The Challenge is Clear

- We want to give the expert system an OO API
  - Version 2 provides us with a nice OO model, so our system will need to "wrap" those classes in some way
  - Version 1 provides only library routines, so our system will need to "hide" the non-OO API from the expert system
- If we do this right, we will be able to write robust, polymorphic code for the expert system that doesn't change when support for a new CAD system is added to our system

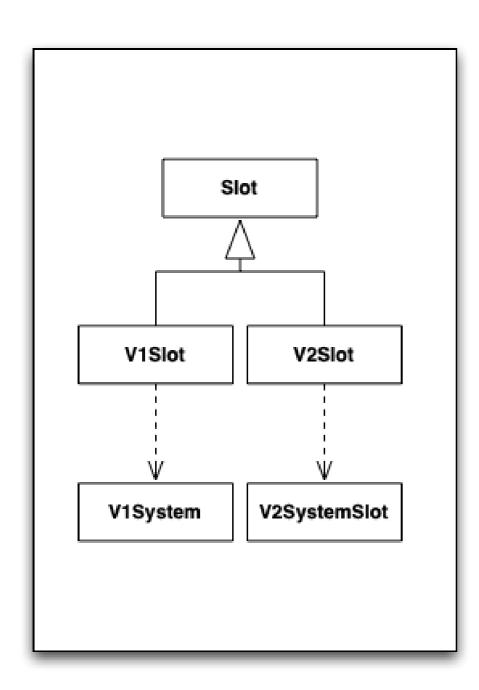
### First Attempt: Not so Great

- This problem comes from the Shalloway/Trott book
- In the book, they make an initial attempt to solve the problem is...
  - "It is not a great solution, but it is a solution that would work."
- The idea is to present an obvious elaboration of the approach outlined so far
  - and then highlight some obvious problems it has
  - these problems will be dealt with later as we learn about OO and patterns

# The Basic Approach (I)



# The Basic Approach (II)



For each Feature class, the version 1 variation will have attributes that link to the version 1 model id and the feature id; it will then call the V1 library routines directly

The version 2 variation will simply wrap the Feature class that comes from the CAD system

The arrow with dashed line means "uses"

### Note on Polymorphism

- The designer here says their goal is **not** to achieve polymorphism across Features
- In their design, they assign different sets of methods to different feature subclasses rather than trying to define all of the methods in the top level Feature class
  - The expert system needs to know the types of features it is dealing with
  - Abstracting those details away will prevent it from doing its job
- This situation is less than ideal (it would be nice to put the knowledge of what to do for a particular feature inside of it) but
  - Here we're in a situation where "figuring out what to do" cannot be isolated inside a single class; different combinations of features require different strategies

### Note on Polymorphism

 Not achieving polymorphism means they are not striving to support client code like this

```
for (Feature f : features) {f.doSomething();}
```

- The expert system needs to differentiate among the various feature types; the design does achieve polymorphism across the V1\* and V2\* subclasses
  - Slot s = <retrieve a slot>; s.getLength(); // polymorphic across V1 and V2 subclasses

### Problems with the Design

- The design has four problems that the authors highlight
  - 1. Redundancy among methods
    - Lots of duplicated code or highly similar code is likely across V1 subclasses
      - OO designers hate duplicated code!
  - 2. "Messy", "Ill structured", "Cumbersome"
    - something doesn't feel quite right about the design
  - 3. Tight coupling
    - The design is tightly coupled to the different CAD systems; A lot of code will need to be changed or produced if a new CAD system is added or an existing one is changed
  - 4. Weak cohesion
    - core functionality is too widely dispersed across the various classes; Model is too simple
      a class

#### Potential for Class Growth

- The final problem is that the design does not scale nicely
  - (# of features \* # of CAD systems) + 7 core classes
  - 5 features, 2 systems = 17 classes
  - 25 features, 10 systems = 257 classes (!!)
- Especially bad if something else about the system suddenly started to vary, even the "worst case" of "# of expert systems"

- Will the OO design patterns help us with these problems?...
- Are there design approaches that would help us work this problem?
- We'll revisit this as we look at more OO design approaches...

#### Next Steps

All staff now providing office hours:
Office hours are posted in Canvas
Announcements and Piazza posts

- Latest
  - Stop by and meet Sudarshan Sridhar (<u>susr2424@colorado.edu</u>)
  - A lot in Project 3, don't wait too long...
  - In-class UML/Pattern exercise next week more soon
- Assignments
  - New Piazza participation topic this week, keep up to get those 100 points!
  - Project 3 is up on Canvas for your two-person team!
    - Part 1 (UML and OO questions) is due Wed 9/28
    - Part 2 (code submission) is due Wed 10/5
  - New Quiz opening this Sat 9/24
  - Graduate Research Project team topics are still under review, next up is the Outline due Fri 9/30
- Make sure you're getting Piazza and Canvas notifications
- Coming up
  - Next up: OO patterns and principles Factory, Conceptual Models, Singleton, Command...
  - Head First Design Patterns Textbook: Chap. 1 is Pattern/Strategy intro, Chap. 2 is Observer, Chap. 3 is Decorator, Chap. 4 is Factory – review as needed for different perspectives and descriptions – plus full(er) code examples
  - All textbook code examples are at <a href="https://github.com/bethrobson/Head-First-Design-Patterns">https://github.com/bethrobson/Head-First-Design-Patterns</a>
- Please come find us for any help you need or questions you have!