02 AngularJS

Framework Analysis

Public Code Repository

Outline

- I. Introduction
- II. Philosophy

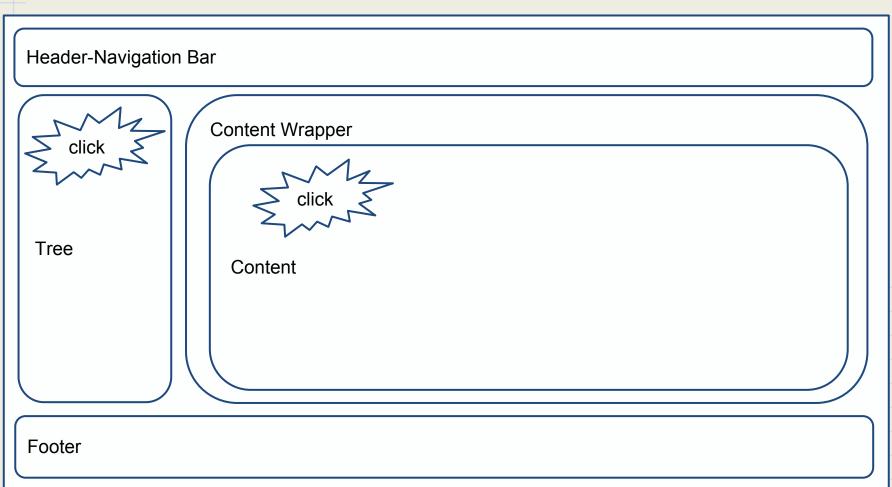
Outline

- I. Introduction
- II. Philosophy

No outline in Just dive in

Introduction

I want to build well structured and dynamic web application.



Introduction

Traditional solution:

< 37% LOC HTML

> 63% LOC Javascript

Philosophy

- Angular is what HTML could have been if it had been designed for applications.
- HTML is a great declarative language for static documents. It does not contain much in the way of creating application.
- Building web-applications is an exercise in what do I have to do, so that I trick the browser in to do what I want.
- That's why we have frameworks set of utility functions and libraries for DOM manipulation.
- Angular takes another approach.
- Angular teaches the browser new syntax.

Introduction

AngularJS solution:



> 41% LOC Java script

Static HTML

```
<!doctype html>
<html lang="en" ng-app>
<head>
   <meta charset="utf-8">
   <title>My AngularJS App</title>
</head>
<body>
   <thead>
           IDCompleteNameDeadline
           </thead>
       \langle t.r \rangle
                       10011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011001100110011
               1002falseBarber the cat01/08/12
               </body>
</html>
```

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    </body>
</html>
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     { td>{ todo.name} } 
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MVC

Angular says:

"There are many ways to structure the code for an application.

For Angular apps, we encourage the use of <u>the Model-View-Controller (MVC) design pattern</u> to decouple the code and to separate concerns.

With that in mind, let's use a little Angular and JavaScript to add model, view, and controller components to our app."

- a controller is a JavaScript function
- It contains data
- It specifies the behavior
- It should contain only the business logic needed for a single view.

```
function TodoCtrl(scope) {
   scope.todos = [
       'id': 1001,
       'done': false,
       'name': 'Do Groceries',
       'deadline': new Date()
       'id': 1002,
       'done': false,
       'name': 'Barber the cat',
       'deadline': new Date()
   }];
   scope.setTrue = function(id) {
       var el = (function(id) {
          for (var i=0; i<scope.todos.length; i++) {</pre>
              if (scope.todos[i].id === id) {
                  return scope.todos[i]
       })(id);
       el.done = true;
TodoCtrl.$inject = ['$scope'];
```

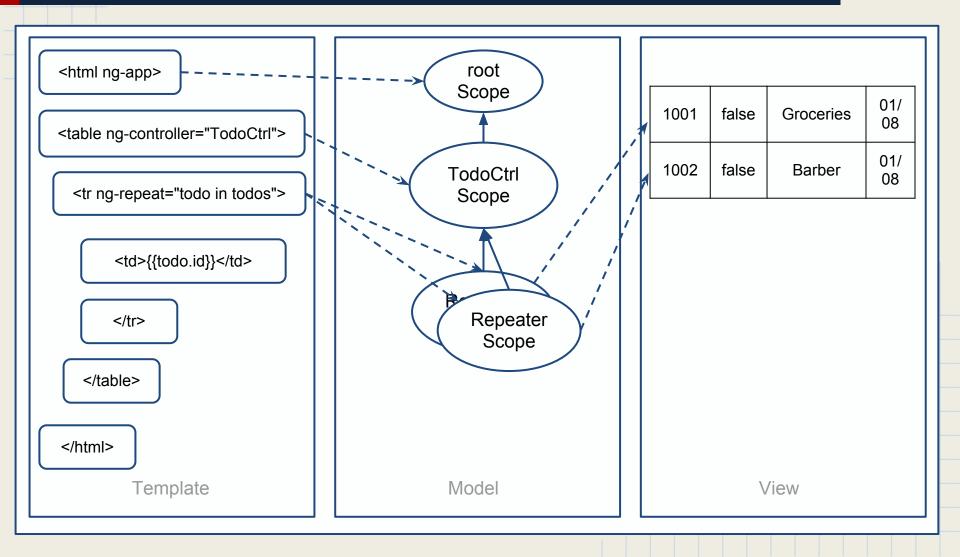
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Scope

- an object that refers to the application model (application itself)
- an execution context for <u>expressions</u> like {{ todo.name }}
- Scopes are arranged in hierarchical structure which mimic the DOM structure of the application
- Scopes can watch <u>expressions</u> and propagate events

Scope



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       })(id);
       el.done = true;
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Model: attrs of Scope

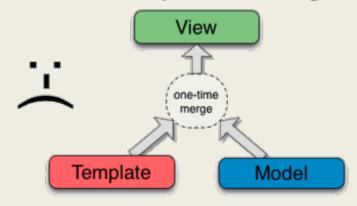
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Template

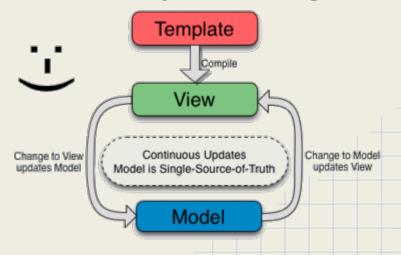
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     {td>{{todo.deadline}}
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</ht.ml>
```

Data-binding and interaction

One-Way Data Binding



Two-Way Data Binding



Routing

Performance

Browser support: IE 8+, Chrome, FF, Safari, Opera

Framework size: 503KB

Application size: 756KB