

# OPTIMIZATION

DEEP LEARNING KU (DAT.C302UF)

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## OPTIMIZERS

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- As soon as we have a gradient w.r.t. a mini-batch

$$\mathbf{g} = \nabla_{\boldsymbol{\theta}} \mathcal{L}_{\mathcal{B}}(\boldsymbol{\theta})$$

we can pass it to an **optimizer**

- The optimizer uses the gradient to update our current estimate of  $\boldsymbol{\theta}$
- For example, if the optimizer is **Stochastic Gradient Descent (SGD)**, it implements the update rule

$$\boldsymbol{\theta} \leftarrow \boldsymbol{\theta} - \eta \mathbf{g}$$

where  $\eta > 0$  is the **learning rate**.

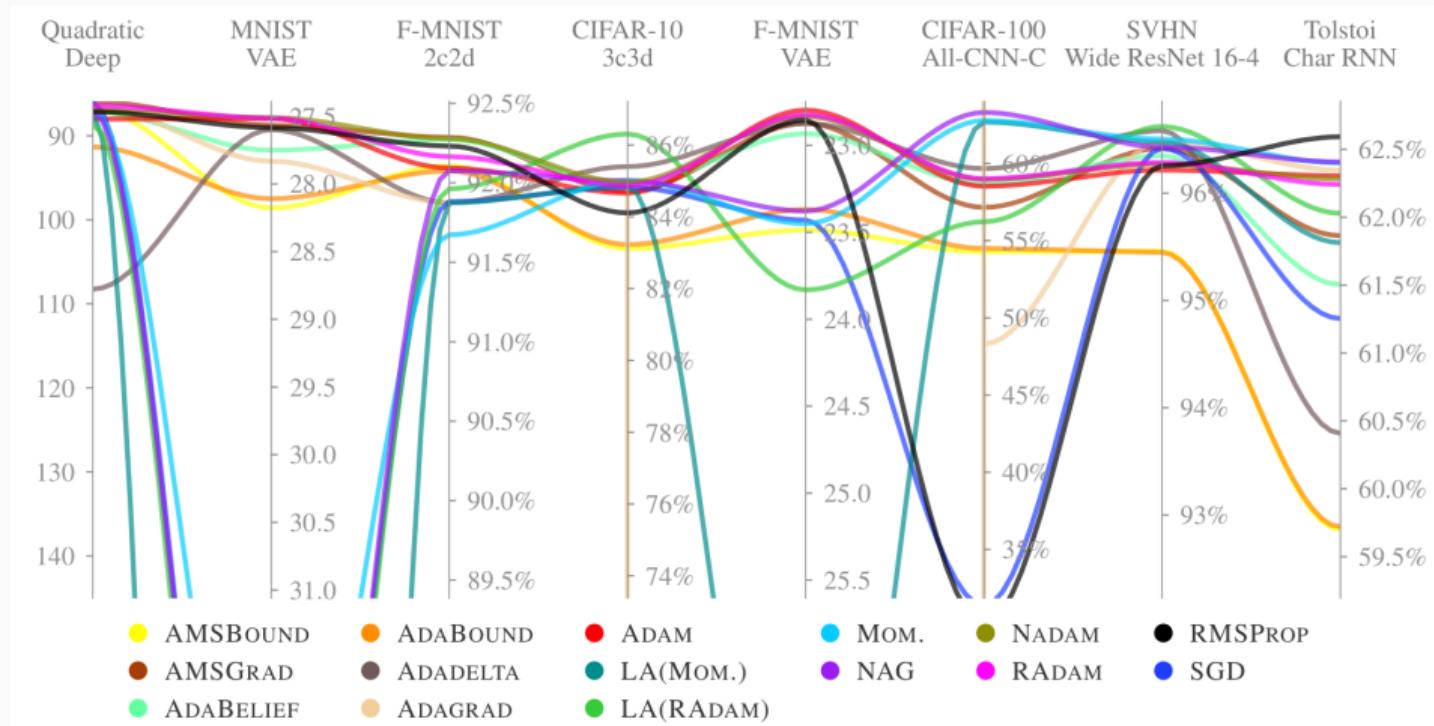
# WHICH OPTIMIZER TO CHOOSE?

[Bosch et al., 2022]

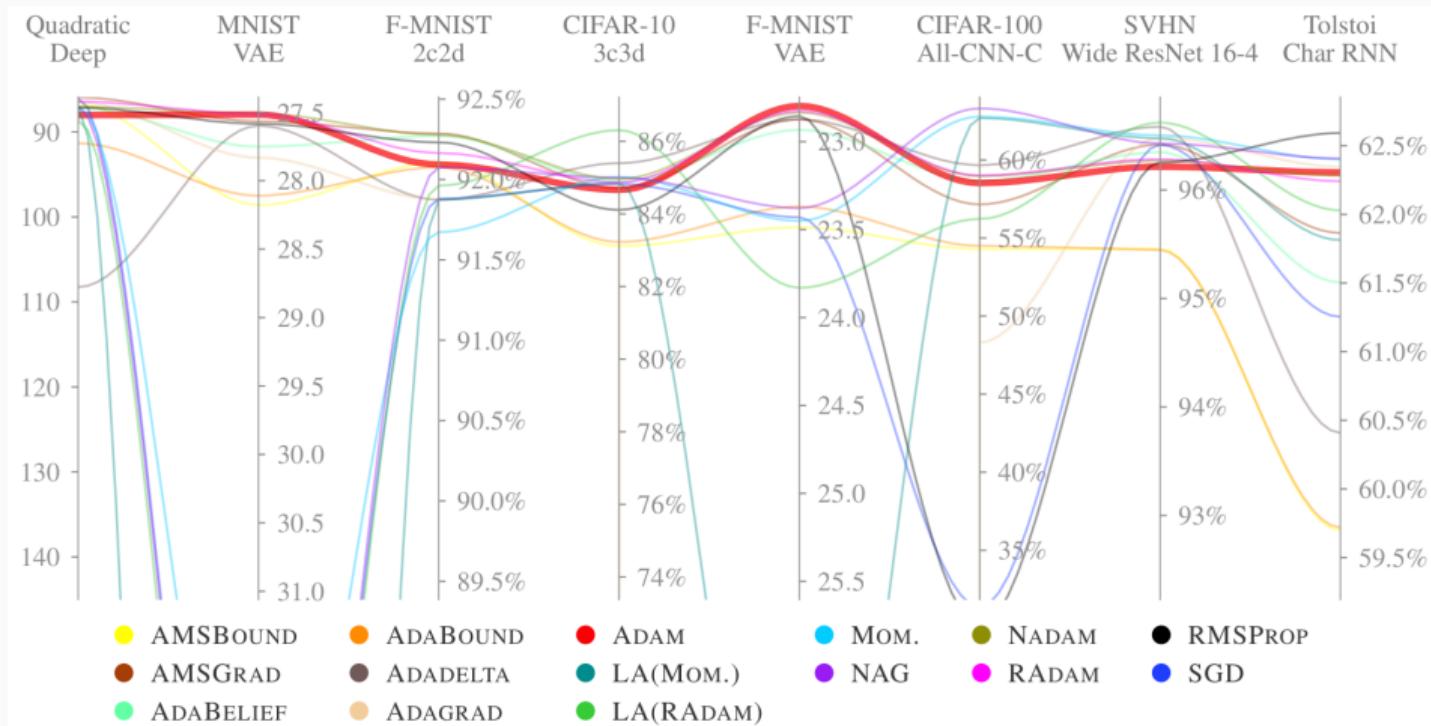
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- Many optimizers to choose from...
- Is there a single best general-purpose optimizer?

# BENCHMARKING OPTIMIZERS



# BENCHMARKING OPTIMIZERS



- ADAM is a good default choice
  - Main hyperparameter: learning rate

- ADAM is a **good default choice**
  - Main hyperparameter: **learning rate**
- However, benchmarking optimizers is **hard...**
  - Choice of **hyperparameters**
  - Performance specific to problems

# DEMO: OPTIMIZERS IN PyTorch

## REFERENCES I

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