```
1 # Makefile For Matrix Multiplication w. Multithreading
2 # OS200 Assignment
3 # Last Modified: 07/05/16
4 # Connor Beardsmore - 15504319
5
6 # MAKE VARIABLES
7 EXEC1 = pmms
8 OBJ1 = pmms.o fileIO.o
9 CFLAGS = -Wall -Wextra -std=c99 -lrt -pthread -D _XOPEN_SOURCE=500
10 CC = gcc
11
12
13 # RULES + DEPENDENCIES
14 $(EXEC1) : $(OBJ1)
15         $(CC) $(OBJ1) -o $(EXEC1) $(CFLAGS)
16
17 pmms.o : pmms.c pmms.h fileIO.h
18         $(CC) -c pmms.c $(CFLAGS)
19
20 fileIO.o : fileIO.c fileIO.h
21         $(CC) -c fileIO.c $(CFLAGS)
22
23 clean:
24         rm -f $(EXEC1) $(OBJ1)
25
```

```c
/*****************************************************************************
*  FILE: pmms.h
*  AUTHOR: Connor Beardsmore - 15504319
*  UNIT: OS200 Assignment S1 - 2016
*  PURPOSE: Header file for pmms.c
*  LAST MOD: 07/05/16
*  REQUIRES: stdlib.h, pthread.h, fileIO.h
*****************************************************************************/

#pragma once

#include <stdlib.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include "fileIO.h"

//----------------------------------------------------------------------------
// CONSTANTS

#define SUBTOTAL_EMPTY 0

//----------------------------------------------------------------------------
// STRUCT: Stores the value of subtotal and the ID of the thread that
//         created it. Also stores row number that the thread calculated.

typedef struct
{
    int value;
    int rowNumber;
    long threadID;
} Subtotal;

//----------------------------------------------------------------------------
// STRUCT: Stores 3 locks for use in the producer-consumer problem.
//         Mutex provides mutual exclusion to data.
//         Full and empty are conditions that the producer and consumer
//         wait until they are met.

typedef struct
{
    pthread_mutex_t mutex;
    pthread_cond_t full;
    pthread_cond_t empty;
} Synchron;

//----------------------------------------------------------------------------
// GLOBAL VARIABLES FOR USE IN MULTITHREADS

Subtotal subtotal;
Synchron locks;
int grandTotal;
int status;

// MATRIX POINTERS AND DIMENSIONS
int* first;
int* second;
int* product;
// SEE README FOR WHAT THESE VARIABLES REPRESENT (AND REASON FOR NAMING)
int M;
int N;
int K;

//----------------------------------------------------------------------------
// FUNCTION DECLARATIONS

void* producer();
void* consumer();
int destroyLocks();
```

```
68 int createLocks();
69 void freeMatrices(int*, int*, int*);
70 void printMatrix(int*, int, int);
71 void printMatrices(int*, int*, int*, int, int, int);
72
73 //---------------------------------------------------------------------------
74
```

```c
/*****************************************************************************
*  FILE: pmms.c
*  AUTHOR: Connor Beardsmore - 15504319
*  UNIT: OS200 Assignment S1 - 2016
*  PURPOSE: Matrix multiplication using multithreading and POSIX locks
*  LAST MOD: 07/05/16
*  REQUIRES: pmms.h
*****************************************************************************/

#include "pmms.h"

//----------------------------------------------------------------------------

int main(int argc, char* argv[])
{
    // ENSURE ONLY 6 COMMAND LINE ARGUMENTS ENTERED
    if ( argc != 6 )
    {
        printf( "Usage: ./pmms[Matrix A File] [Matrix B File] [M] [N] [K]\n" );
        printf( "Please see README for detailed steps on how to run!\n" );
        return -1;
    }

    // RENAME COMMAND LINE ARGUMENTS FOR CODE READABILITY
    char* fileA = argv[1];
    char* fileB = argv[2];
    M = atoi( argv[3] );
    N = atoi( argv[4] );
    K = atoi( argv[5] );
    status = 0;

    // VALIDATE THAT M,N,K ARE ALL POSITIVE VALUES
    if ( ( M < 1 ) || ( N < 1 ) ||  ( K < 1 ) )
    {
        printf( "ERROR - Matrix dimensions must be positive value\n" );
        return -1;
    }

    // MAP MATRICES ARRAYS TO ADDRESS SPACE, ASSIGN TO POINTERS
    first = (int*)malloc( M * N * sizeof(int) );
    second = (int*)malloc( N * K * sizeof(int) );
    product = (int*)malloc( M * K * sizeof(int) );

    // READ DATA FROM FILE INTO MATRIX SHARED MEMORY
    // ERROR CHECK TO CONFIRM THAT BOTH WORKED AS EXPECTED
    status = readFile( fileA, first, M, N );
    if ( status != 0 )
    {
        freeMatrices( first, second, product );
        return -1;
    }
    status = readFile( fileB, second, N, K );
    if ( status != 0 )
    {
        freeMatrices( first, second, product );
        return -1;
    }

    // INITIAL SUBTOTAL FIELDS TO "EMPTY"
    subtotal.value = SUBTOTAL_EMPTY;
    subtotal.threadID = SUBTOTAL_EMPTY;
    subtotal.rowNumber = SUBTOTAL_EMPTY;

    // CREATE M THREADS IN A MALLOC'D ARRAY
    pthread_t* producers = (pthread_t*)malloc( sizeof(pthread_t) * M );

    // INITIALISE THE SEMAPHORES
```

```
68      status = createLocks(locks);
69      if ( status != 0 )
70      {
71          fprintf( stderr, "ERROR - creating POSIX mutex + conditions\n");
72          freeMatrices( first, second, product );
73          free( producers );
74          return -1;
75      }
76
77      // THE M CREATED THREADS EXECUTE PRODUCER FUNCTION
78      // NO THREAD SPECIFIC DATA IS REQUIRED
79      for ( int ii = 0; ii < M; ii++ )
80      {
81          pthread_create( &producers[ii], NULL, producer, NULL );
82          // AUTOMATICALLY RELEASE SYSTEM RESOURCES UPON THREAD EXITING
83          pthread_detach( producers[ii] );
84      }
85
86      // PARENT THREAD EXECUTES CONSUMER FUNCTION
87      consumer();
88
89      // PARENT DESTORYS ALL SEMAPHORES
90      status = destroyLocks(locks);
91      if ( status != 0 )
92      {
93          fprintf( stderr, "ERROR - destroying POSIX mutex + conditions\n");
94          freeMatrices( first, second, product );
95          free( producers );
96          return -1;
97      }
98
99      // OUTPUT FINAL TOTAL
100      printf( "Total: %d\n", grandTotal );
101
102      // FREE ALL MALLOC'D MEMORY
103      freeMatrices( first, second, product );
104      free( producers );
105
106      return 0;
107 }
108 //------------------------------------------------------------------------
109 // FUNCTION: producer
110 // PURPOSE: Parent process consumes the subtotal + childPID create by children.
111
112 void* producer()
113 {
114      int rowNumber = 0;
115      int total = 0;
116      int value;
117
118      // THREAD DETERMINES WHICH ROW TO CALCULATE
119      // MUTEX REQUIRED TO ACCESS rowNumber, ENSURES THREAD HAS DISTINCT VALUE
120      pthread_mutex_lock( &locks.mutex );
121
122          rowNumber = subtotal.rowNumber;
123          subtotal.rowNumber = subtotal.rowNumber + 1;
124
125      pthread_mutex_unlock( &locks.mutex );
126
127      // CALCULATE OFFSETS TO CONVERT 1D ARRAYS TO VIRTUAL 2D
128      int offsetA = rowNumber * N;
129      int offsetC = rowNumber * K;
130
131      // ACTUAL MULTIPLICATION CALCULATIONS
132      // SEE README FOR HOW THIS IS PERFORMED
133      for ( int ii = 0; ii < K; ii++ )
134      {
135          value = 0;
136
137          // CALCULATE ROW DATA
```

```
138         for ( int jj = 0; jj < N; jj++ )
139             value += first[offsetA + jj] * second[jj * K + ii];
140 
141         product[offsetC + ii] = value;
142     }
143 
144     // CALCULATE TOTAL OF ALL ELEMENTS IN ROW
145     for ( int kk = 0; kk < K; kk++ )
146         total += product[offsetC + kk];
147 
148     // WAIT FOR LOCK BEFORE ACCESSING SHARED DATA
149     pthread_mutex_lock( &locks.mutex );
150     while ( subtotal.value != 0 )
151         // GIVE UP MUTEX LOCK WHILE WAITING FOR CONDITION
152         pthread_cond_wait( &locks.empty, &locks.mutex );
153 
154         subtotal.value = total;
155         subtotal.threadID = pthread_self();
156 
157     pthread_cond_signal( &locks.full );
158     pthread_mutex_unlock( &locks.mutex );
159 
160     // THREAD FINISHES ONCE ROW CALCULATED
161     pthread_exit(0);
162 }
163 
164 //---------------------------------------------------------------------------
165 // FUNCTION: consumer
166 // PURPOSE: Parent process consumes the subtotal + threadID created by thread.
167 
168 void* consumer()
169 {
170     grandTotal = 0;
171 
172     // LOOP M TIMES FOR EACH ROW OF PRODUCT MATRIX
173     for ( int ii = 0; ii < M; ii++ )
174     {
175         // WAIT FOR LOCK BEFORE ACCESSING SHARED DATA
176         pthread_mutex_lock( &locks.mutex );
177         while ( subtotal.value == 0 )
178             // GIVE UP MUTEX LOCK WHILE WAITING FOR CONDITION
179             pthread_cond_wait( &locks.full, &locks.mutex );
180 
181             // OUTPUT ROW TOTAL AND RESET SUBTOTAL VALUES
182             printf( "Subtotal produced by thread with ID " );
183             printf( "%ld: %d\n", subtotal.threadID, subtotal.value );
184             grandTotal += subtotal.value;
185             subtotal.value = SUBTOTAL_EMPTY;
186             subtotal.threadID = SUBTOTAL_EMPTY;
187 
188             pthread_cond_signal( &locks.empty );
189         pthread_mutex_unlock( &locks.mutex );
190     }
191 
192     return NULL;
193 }
194 
195 //---------------------------------------------------------------------------
196 // FUNCTION: createLocks
197 // EXPORT: status (int)
198 // PURPOSE: Initialise the Mutex and Conditions used for locks
199 
200 int createLocks()
201 {
202     // IF ANY METHOD FAILS, STATUS WILL BE NON-ZERO
203     int status = 0;
204     status += pthread_mutex_init( &locks.mutex, NULL );
205     status += pthread_cond_init( &locks.full, NULL );
206     status += pthread_cond_init( &locks.empty, NULL );
207     return status;
```

```
208 }
209
210 //------------------------------------------------------------------------
211 // FUNCTION: destroyLocks
212 // EXPORT: status (int)
213 // PURPOSE: Destroy the Mutex and Conditions used for locks
214
215 int destroyLocks()
216 {
217     // IF ANY METHOD FAILS, STATUS WILL BE NON-ZERO
218     int status = 0;
219     status += pthread_mutex_destroy( &locks.mutex );
220     status += pthread_cond_destroy( &locks.full );
221     status += pthread_cond_destroy( &locks.empty );
222     return status;
223 }
224
225 //------------------------------------------------------------------------
226 // FUNCTION freeMatrices
227 // IMPORT: first (int*), second (int*), third (int*)
228 // PURPOSE: Free's the malloc'd arrays associated with the matrices imported
229
230 void freeMatrices(int* first, int* second, int* product)
231 {
232     free(first);
233     free(second);
234     free(product);
235 }
236
237 //------------------------------------------------------------------------
238 // FUNCTION: printMatrix()
239 // IMPORT: matrix (int*), rows (int), cols (int)
240 // PURPOSE: Print matrix contents to stdout for debugging purposes
241
242 void printMatrix(int* matrix, int rows, int cols)
243 {
244     // OFFSET TO CALCULATE "ROWS" OF THE 1D ELEMENT ARRAY
245     int offset = 0;
246
247     // ITERATE OVER ENTIRE MATRIX AND PRINT EACH ELEMENT
248     for ( int ii = 0; ii < rows; ii++ )
249     {
250         offset = ii * cols;
251         for ( int jj = 0; jj < cols; jj++ )
252         {
253             printf("%d ", matrix[ offset + jj ] );
254         }
255         printf("\n");
256     }
257 }
258
259 //------------------------------------------------------------------------
260 // FUNCTION: printMatrices
261 // IMPORT: first (int*), second (int*), product (int*), M,N,K (int)
262 // PURPOSE: Prints the contents of three different Matrices to stdout
263
264 void printMatrices(int* first, int* second, int* third, int M, int N, int K)
265 {
266         printMatrix(first, M, N);
267         printMatrix(second, N, K);
268         printMatrix(third, M, K);
269 }
270
271 //------------------------------------------------------------------------
272
```

```
/*****************************************************************************
*  FILE: fileIO.h
*  AUTHOR: Connor Beardsmore - 15504319
*  UNIT: OS200 Assignment S1 - 2016
*  PURPOSE: Header file for fileIO.c
*  LAST MOD: 07/05/16
*  REQUIRES: stdio.h
*****************************************************************************/

#pragma once
#include <stdio.h>

//---------------------------------------------------------------------------
// FUNCTION DECLARATIONS

int readFile(char*, int*, int, int);

//---------------------------------------------------------------------------

```

```c
/*****************************************************************************
*  FILE: fileIO.c
*  AUTHOR: Connor Beardsmore - 15504319
*  UNIT: OS200 Assignment S1 - 2016
*  PURPOSE: Perform reading of matrix elements from a file
*  LAST MOD: 07/05/16
*  REQUIRES: fileIO.h
*****************************************************************************/

#include "fileIO.h"

//----------------------------------------------------------------------------
// FUNCTION: readFile()
// IMPORT: filename (char*), matrix (int*), rows (int), cols (int)
// EXPORT: status (int)
// PURPOSE: Read matrix from file and store its elements in int array

int readFile(char* filename, int* matrix, int rows, int cols)
{
    int nRead;
    int offset = 0;

    // OPEN FILE AND CONFIRM NO ERRORS OCCURRED
    FILE* f = fopen( filename, "r" );
    if ( f == NULL )
    {
        perror( "ERROR - opening file!\n" );
        return -1;
    }

    // ITERATE TO FILL ALL MATRIX ROWS
    for ( int ii = 0; ii < rows; ii++ )
    {
        // ITERATE TO FILL ALL MATRIX COLS
        offset = ii * cols;
        for ( int jj = 0; jj < cols; jj++ )
        {
            nRead = fscanf( f, "%d", ( &matrix[offset + jj] ) );
            if ( nRead < 0 )
            {
                // CHECK THAT ENOUGH VALUES HAVE BEEN READ
                if ( (offset + jj) < (rows * cols - 1) )
                {
                    fprintf( stderr, "ERROR - not enough matrix values\n" );
                    return -1;
                }
                // CHECK THAT NO ERROR FORCED EARLY EXIT
                else if ( ferror(f) )
                {
                    perror( "ERROR - reading matrix file!\n" );
                    return -1;
                }
            }
        }
    }

    fclose(f);
    return 0;
}
//----------------------------------------------------------------------------

```

```
#! /bin/bash

# AUTHOR: Connor Beardsmore
# DATE: 07/04/16

# COMPILE PROGRAM
make pmms

# RUN PMMS PROGRAM FOR COMBINATION OF M N K VALUES
# FROM 1 TO 100

for i in {1..100};
do
    for j in {1..100};
    do
        for k in {1..100};
        do
            echo $i $j $k
            ./pmms allOnes.txt allOnes.txt $i $j $k
        done
    done
done

```