

# Facial Keypoint Detection

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# Your Mission, Should You Choose To Accept...



Detection of [up to] 15 facial landmarks on 1,783 images

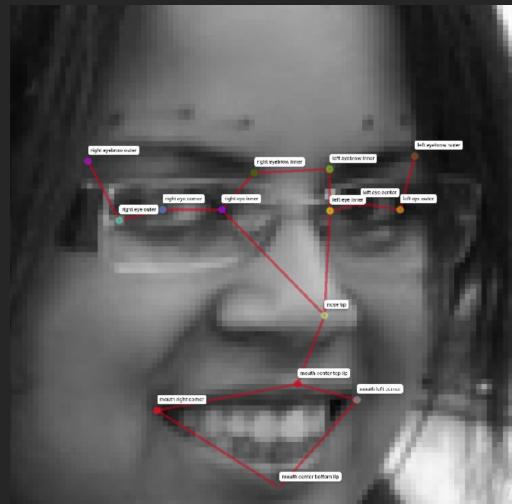
## Dataset

- $96h \times 96w \times 1c$  grayscale images
- Pixel values [0..255]
- Up to 30 labels of 15 keypoints in (x,y) coordinates for each image.
- Images provided as space-separated integer array ( $1 \times 9,216$ )

Unlabeled Image



Keypoints Detected



Find (x,y) coordinate for...

- eye center (left, right)
- eye inner corner (left, right)
- eye outer corner (left, right)
- eyebrow inner corner (left, right)
- eyebrow outer corner (left, right)
- mouth corner (left, right)
- mouth center (top, bottom)
- nose tip

train [7,049]

test [1,783]

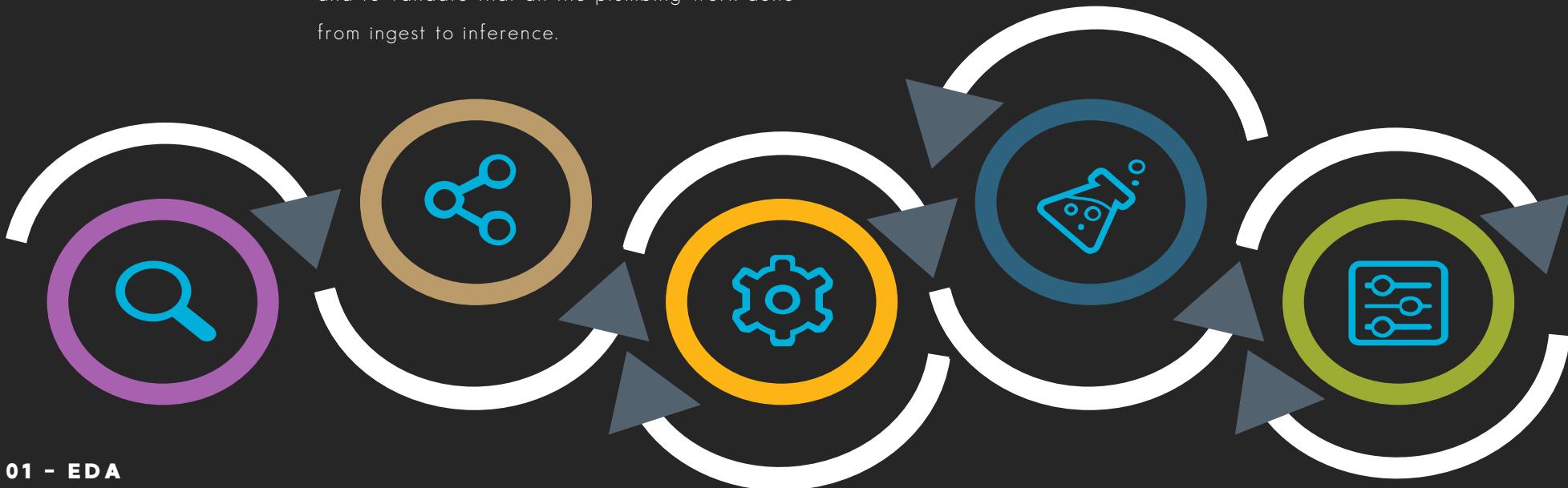
full [2,140]

partial [4,954]

Performance measured by RMSE:

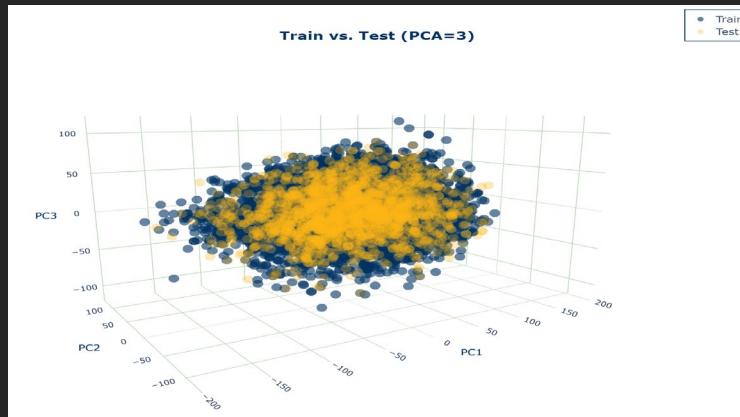
$$\sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2}$$

# Project Lifecycle



# Exploratory Data Analysis

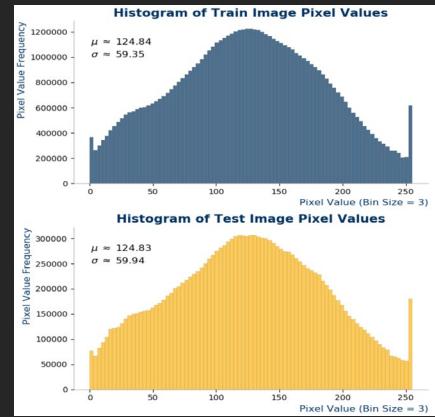
Preliminary assessment of data quality in both train and test datasets



Adversarial Validation

## Principal Component Clusters

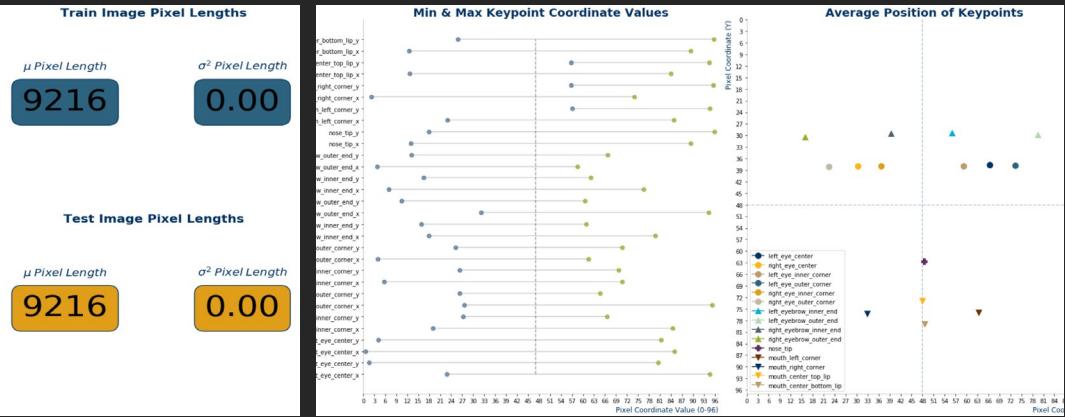
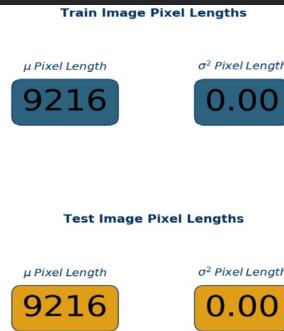
PCA was performed on train and test and compared as a means to quickly assess if their distributions were similar enough to make reasonable predictions from.



Distribution Analysis

## Pixel Intensity Distribution

The distributions of pixel intensity values are nearly identical between train and test. Further, there are no images in either set "missing" pixel values.



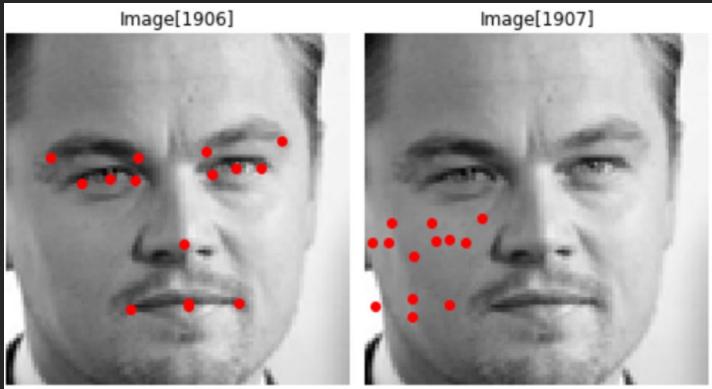
(X, Y) Extreme Position Values

## Coordinate Validation

Some of the images have extreme locations along the X or Y axis (i.e. a nose tip that appears at the "top" of the image), implying some images are not centered or face-forward. Regardless, the average coordinate positions for each keypoint forms what looks like a centered face.

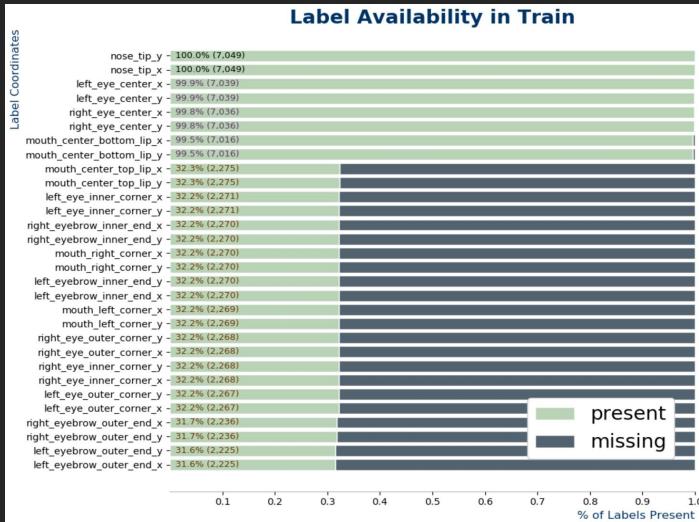
# Exploratory Data Analysis (Contd.)

Preliminary assessment of data quality in both train and test datasets



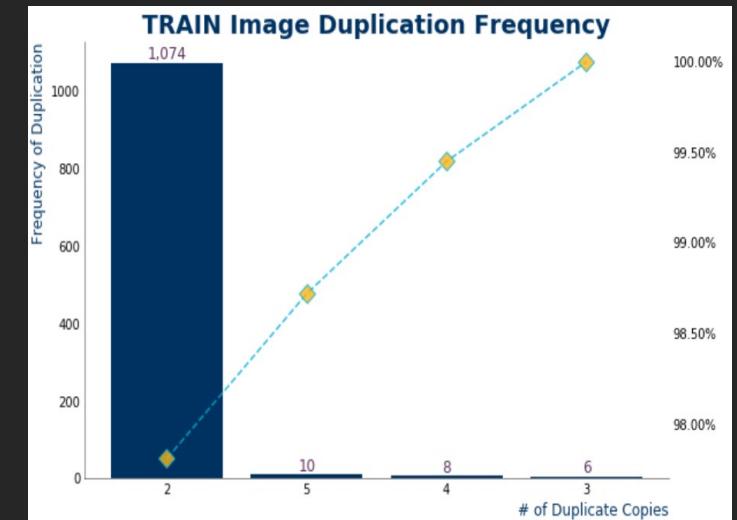
## Label Quality

A visual inspection of labels revealed the presence of both duplicate images and incorrect labels. These will need to be addressed to improve the quality of keypoint predictions.



## Label Availability

A large number of training images possess only a fraction of the labeled keypoints.

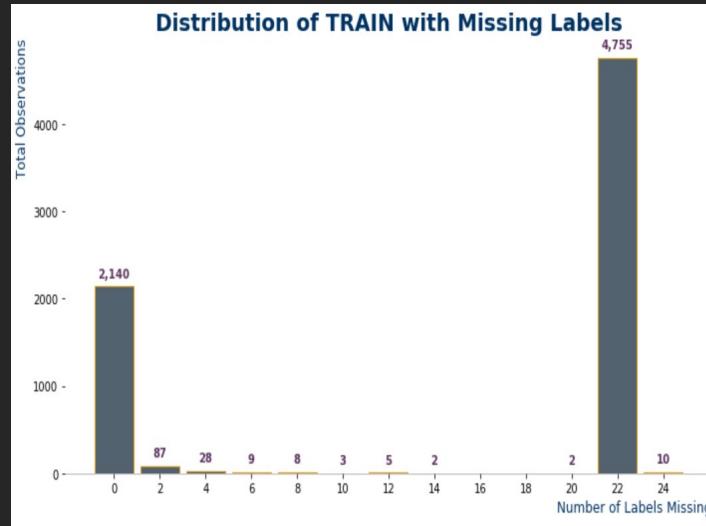


## Duplicate Images

There are a large number of duplicate images in train. Reconciling these will be essential to attaining a top score.

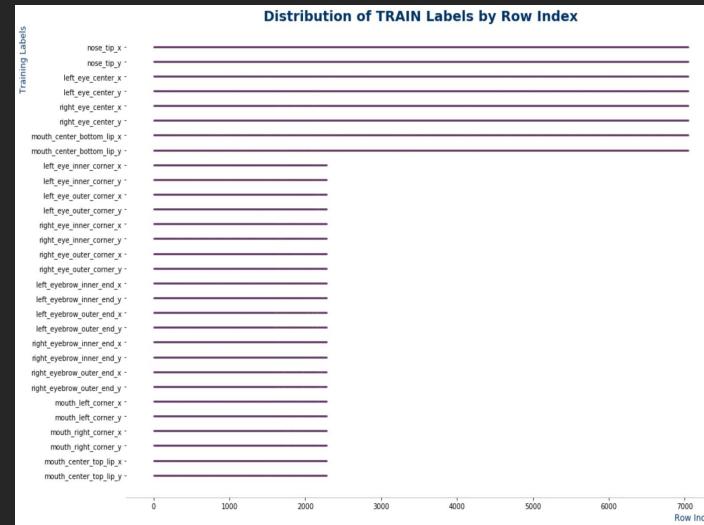
# Exploratory Data Analysis (Contd.)

Preliminary assessment of data quality in both train and test datasets



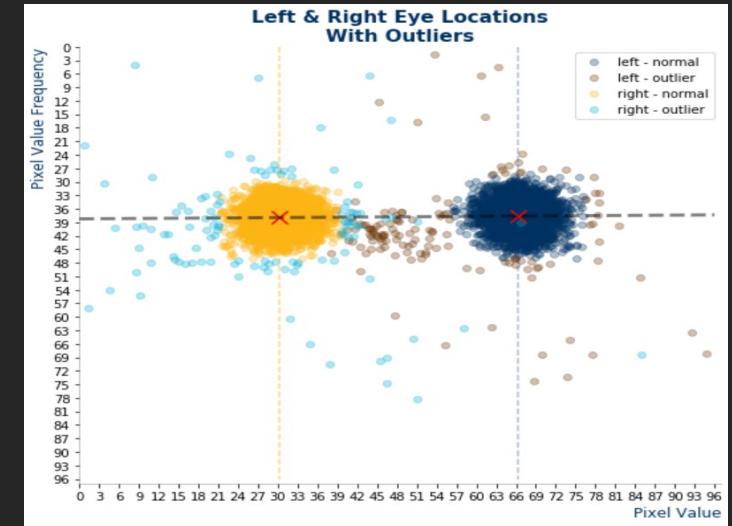
## Missing Labels Analysis

It appears that there are roughly two types of images provided by the organizers: 2,140 have all 15 keypoints, and 4,755 have only 4 keypoints.



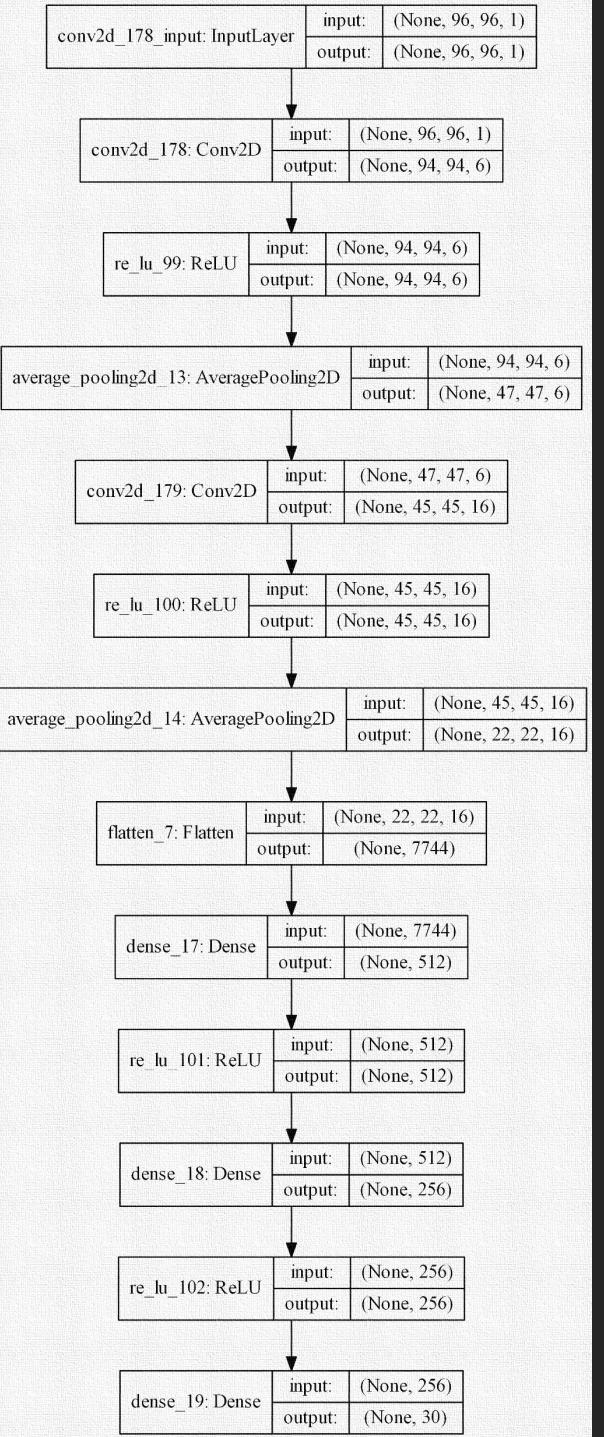
## Missing Labels (Contd.)

When ordered by physical row index, a pattern emerges that suggests train originates from two distinct datasets.



## Eigeneyes

Most of the eyes are picture centered, but a handful (those in light blue and maroon) are positioned more than  $3\sigma$  from  $\mu$ .



# Naïve Model (Baseline)

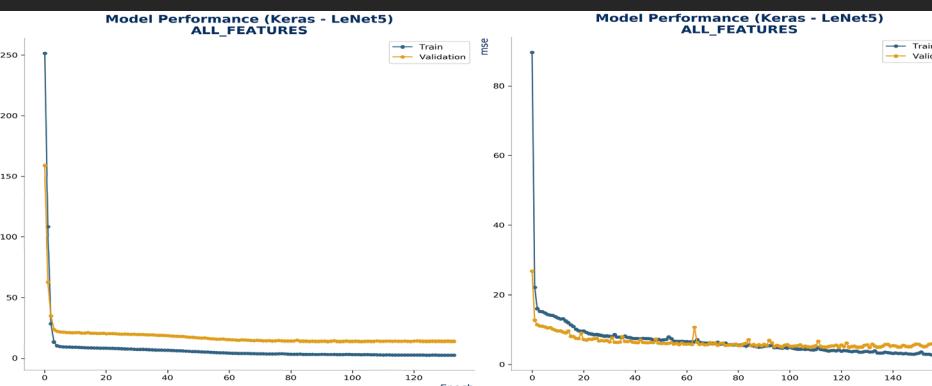
## LeNet-5

The classic 5-layer LeNet-5 (2 x convolution, 3 x dense) was used as the project baseline. No augmentation was used for our baseline, and only image de-duplication, dropping of two low quality images, and manually fixed labels for 55 training images was applied.

All training is fixed at 128 batch size, 300 epochs with patience set at 30. Adam optimization is used with an initial learning rate of 0.001, beta1 of 0.9, beta2 of 0.999, and epsilon of 1e-8.

Training and test was split into two separate tasks : Path #1 learns and predicts all images where all 15 keypoints are present. Path #2 learns and predicts all images where only 4 keypoints are present. At submission time, these predictions are combined.

Under this scheme, and with no added regularization, LeNet-5 scored [2.33068 RMSE](#) on the private leaderboard. This is good for 51<sup>st</sup> place.



# Data Cleaning

Some light cleaning goes a long way...



## Drop "Bad" Images

Two train images are removed:

[6492,6493]



## Load "Fixed" Labels

56 manually selected and fixed  
train image labels.



## Deduplication

Hashing to identify duplicate  
images; taking the mean average  
of label values.



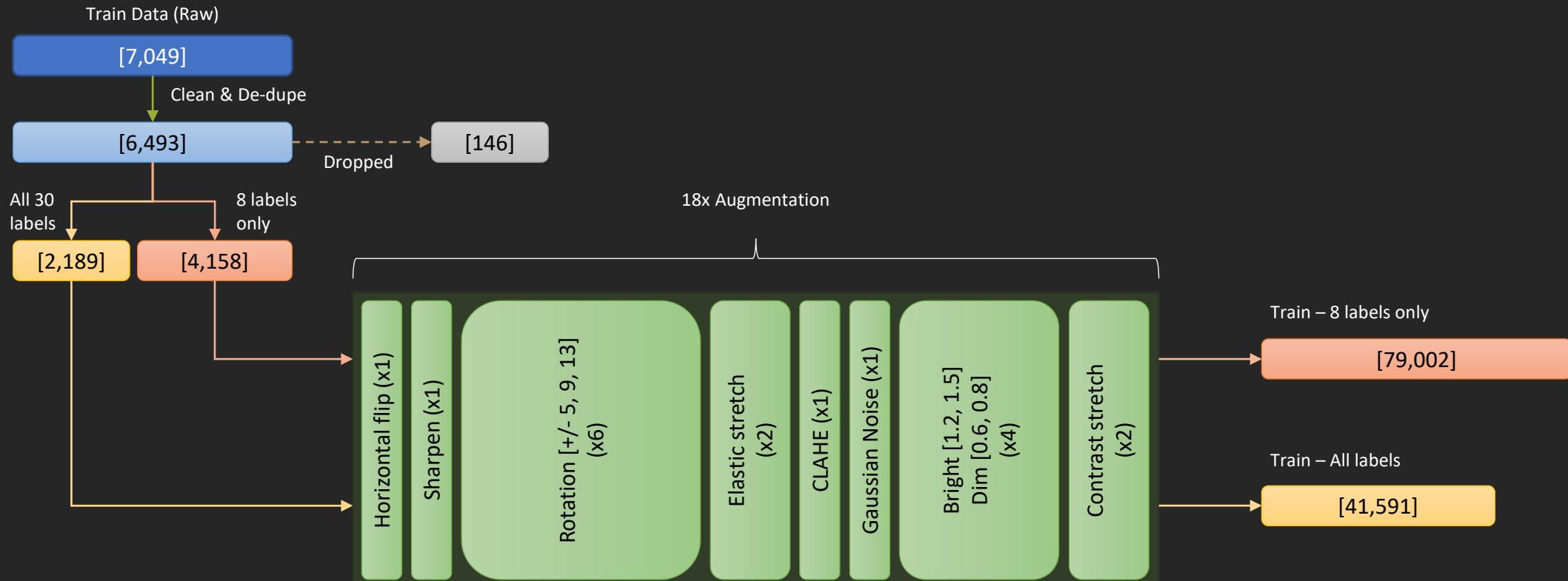
## Scale Pixel Values

$$\bar{x} = \frac{x}{255} \rightarrow [0..1]$$



# Data Augmentation Pipeline

The unreasonable effectiveness of data...



# Model Architectures

Models, models... everywhere!

**01** **LeNet-5**

4.1M parameters ([ref](#))

**02** **Conv2D 5-Layer**

3.2M parameters

**03** **Conv2D 10-Layer**

7.2M parameters

**04** **Local2D 5 Layer**

2.4M parameters

**05** **ResNet V1 (18, 34)**

11.2M / 21.3M parameters ([ref](#))

**06** **ResNet V2 (50)**

23.6M parameters ([ref](#))

**07** **Inception V1**

6.8M parameters ([ref](#))

**08** **Inception V3**

21.8M parameters ([ref](#))

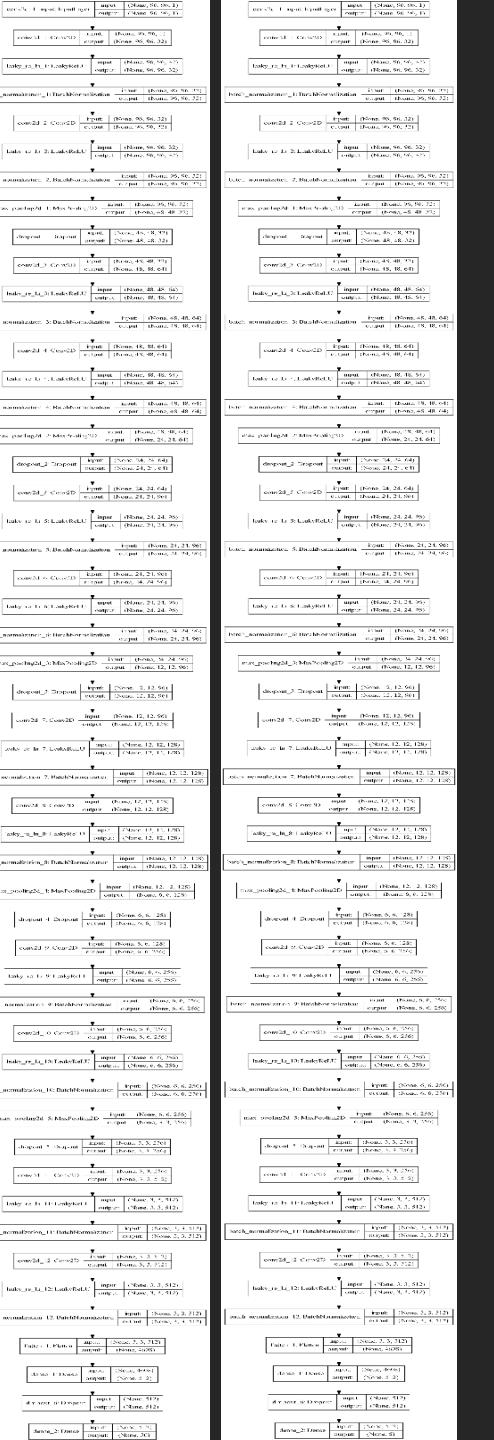
**09** **ResNeXt101**

241M parameters ([ref](#))

**10** **NaimishNet**

7.4M parameters ([ref](#))

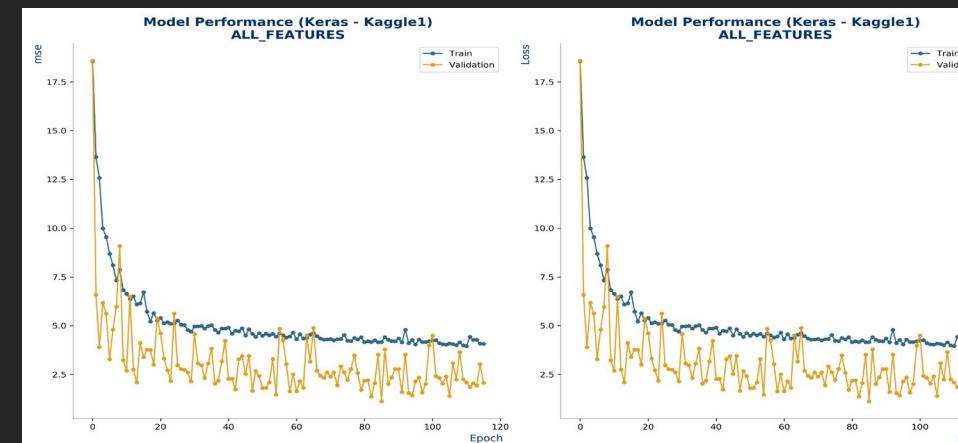




# Best Single Model

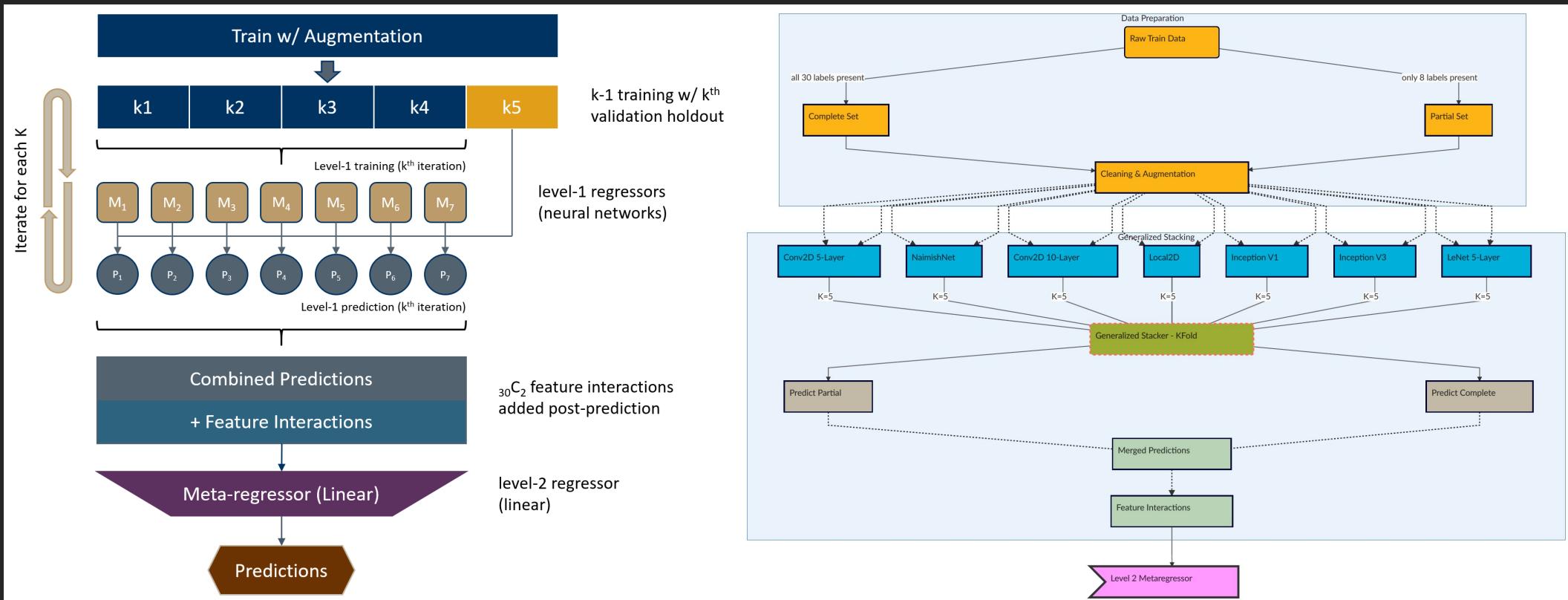
## Conv2D-10 Layer

All training is fixed at 128 batch size, 300 epochs with patience set at 30. Adam optimization is used with an initial learning rate of 0.001, beta1 of 0.9, beta2 of 0.999, and epsilon of 1e-8.



# Generalized Stacking

"...a technique whose purpose is to achieve a generalization accuracy (as opposed to learning accuracy) which is as high as possible."



# Thank You.

Our final submission, consisting of a stacked generalization of 20 models scored a private-leaderboard rating of **1.28637 RMSE** or just 0.00401 away for a tie with the 1<sup>st</sup> place submission.



Submission and Description	Private Score	Public Score
<b>SUBMISSION_STACK_20_MODELS.csv</b> a minute ago by <a href="#">cbenge509</a>  Stacker - 10 × 30, 10 × 8, Kfold = 5, 30C2 and 8C2 feature interactions at metaregressor (ElasticNet). augmentation: hz flip, rotation(+9/-9), CLAHE (0.03 clipping), pixel shifts(5), brightness(1.2), dimming(0.8), contrast stretch (0.0 - 1.2), elastic stretch (991/8)	1.28637	1.45471

