

Agent-oriented Reasoning with Ω -ANTS

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Motivation – Cognitive Perspective



To solve complex mathematical problems

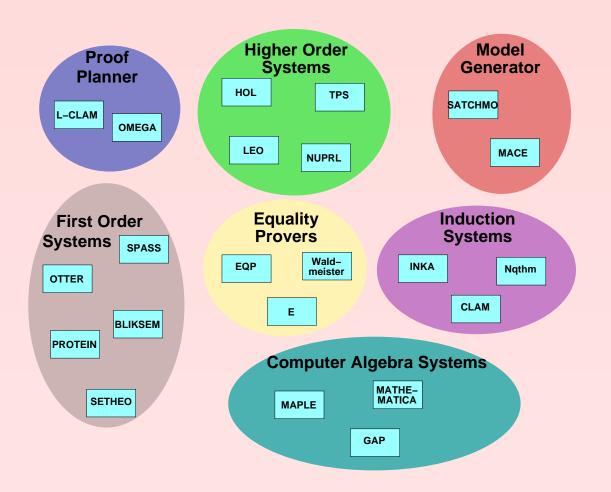
- different specialists may have to bring in their expertise and flexibly cooperate
- important: agreement on a common language

A single mathematician

- possesses a large repertoire of specialized reasoning and problem solving techniques
- uses experience and intuition to flexibly combine them in an appropriate way

Motivation – Existing Systems

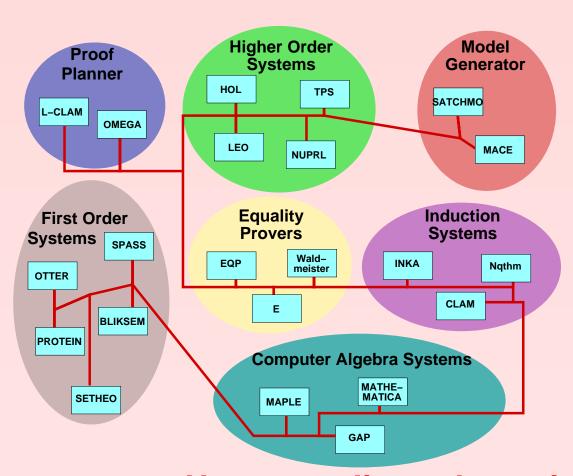




- heterogeneous
- different niches

Motivation – Existing Systems





- heterogeneous
- different niches
- hardwired integrations
- system networks:
 MATHWEB, PROSPER
 integration-infrastructure

How to realize a dynamic and flexible interplay?

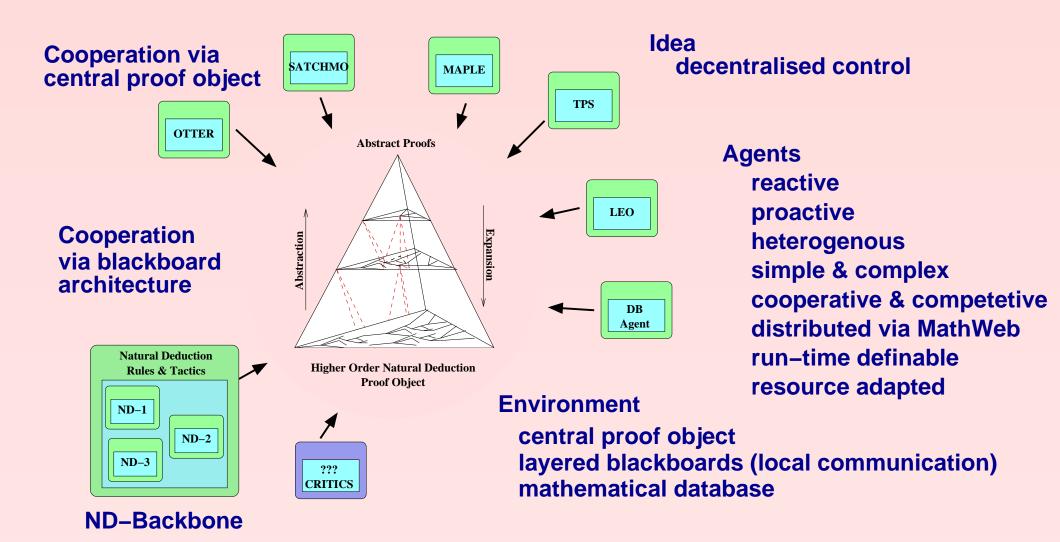
Talk Outline



- Sketch of the approach
- A motivating example: HO- and FO-ATP
- System realization: the overall architecture
- System realization: Ω-ANTS as core
- First experiments
- Conclusion and further work

The Approach – Abstract Perspective mega







```
favorite-numbers(\lambda x \cdot \text{odd}(x) \land \text{square}(x)) \Rightarrow favorite-numbers(\lambda x \cdot \text{square}(x) \land (\text{square}(x) \Rightarrow \text{odd}(x))) ???
```

Higher Order ATP with LEO

```
C_1: favorite-numbers (\lambda x \cdot \operatorname{odd}(x) \wedge \operatorname{square}(x)) unifies (semantically) with C_2: \neg \operatorname{favorite-numbers}(\lambda x \cdot \operatorname{square}(x) \wedge (\operatorname{square}(x) \Rightarrow \operatorname{odd}(x)))
```

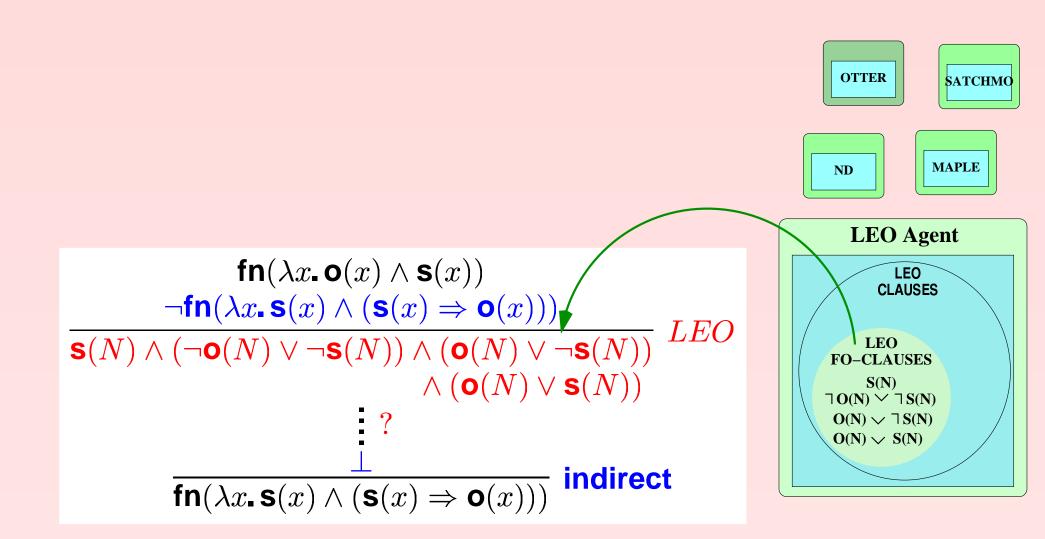
iff the following first order clauses can be contradicted

First Order ATP with OTTER

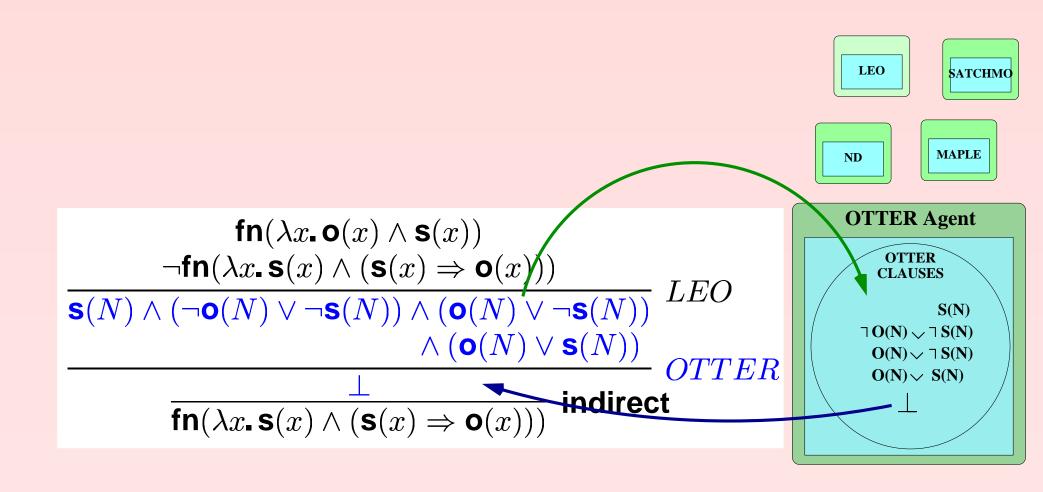


fn = favorite-numbers o = odd**OTTER** SATCHMO s = square**MAPLE** ND $C_1: \mathsf{fn}(\lambda x. \mathsf{o}(x) \wedge \mathsf{s}(x))$ **LEO Agent** $C_2: \neg \mathsf{fn}(\lambda x.s(x) \land (s(x) \Rightarrow o(x)))$ LEO **CLAUSES LEO** FO-CLAUSES $\operatorname{fn}(\lambda x. \operatorname{o}(x) \wedge \operatorname{s}(x))$? Hyp $fn(\lambda x.s(x) \land (s(x) \Rightarrow o(x)))$ open









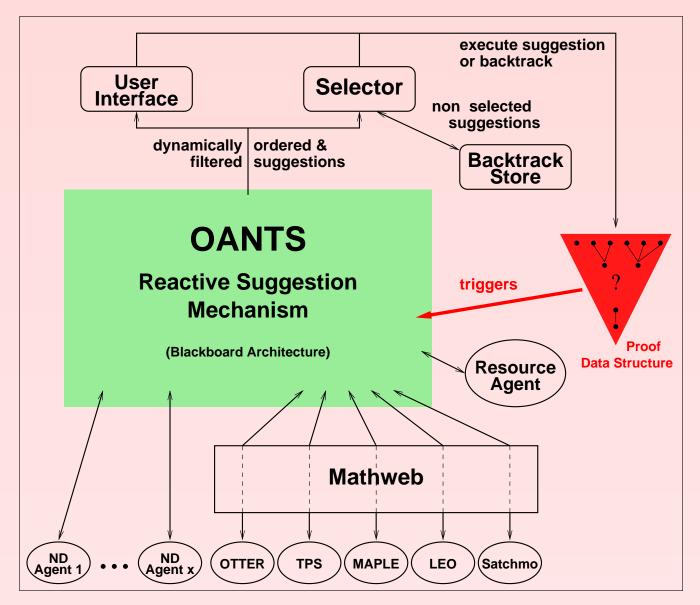
Realization — Main Components



- $lue{}$ Ω MEGA's proof data structure (natural deduction with abstraction facilities)
- Ω-ANTS blackboard architecture
- MATHWEB-system
- Various external systems integrated via MATHWEB
- Translation modules like TRAMP ATP ⇒ ND) and SAPPER (CAS ⇒ ND)
- ND Intercalation proof search (NIC: Byrnes & Sieg)
- Implementation: concurrent CLOS

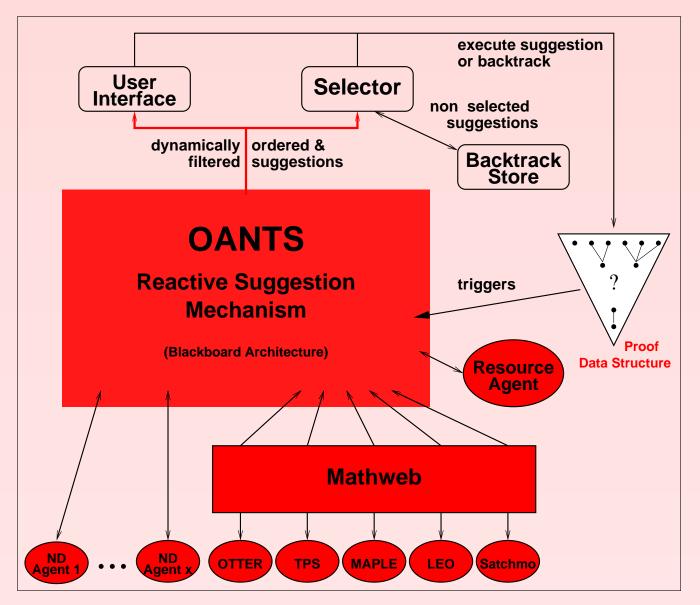
Realization - Architecture





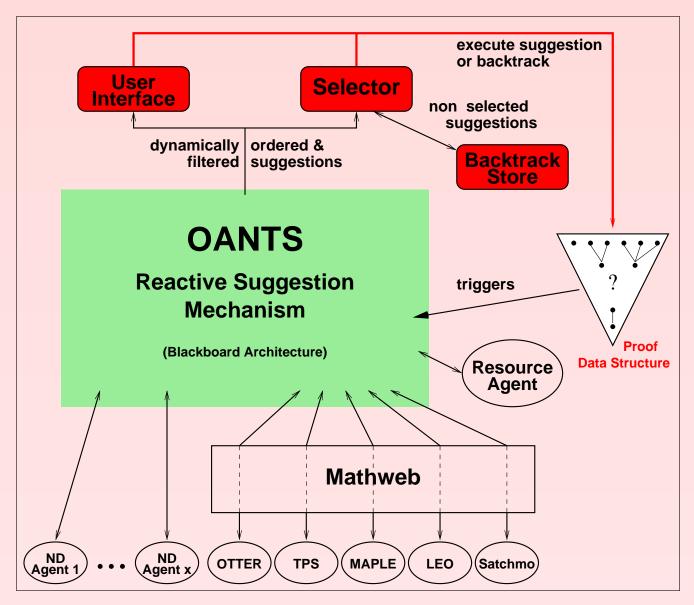
Realization - Architecture





Realization – Automating Ω-ANTS





Realization - Resource Aspects



Resource adapted behavior

clock speed low

automatic proof by single ATP

clock speed medium

cooperative proof

clock speed high

attack at ND level

Experiments: resource adaptivity (in interactive sessions)

agents decide to be inactive/active wrt varying clock speed

Ω -ANTS – Idea



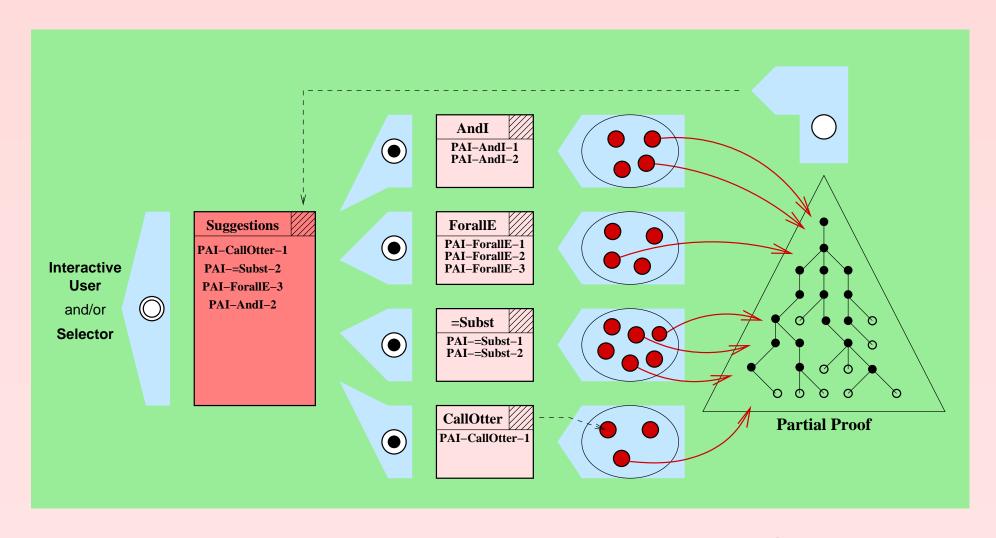
 $\frac{\texttt{Left:} A \quad \texttt{Right:} B}{\texttt{Conj:} A \land B} \ \land \texttt{I}$

$$\frac{\mathtt{Ass}_1\!:\!A_1 \quad \dots \quad \mathtt{Ass}_n\!:\!A_n}{\mathtt{Conc}\!:\!C} \; \mathtt{OTTER}(\mathtt{P}_1\!:\!f_1,\dots,\mathtt{P}_m\!:\!f_m)$$

- Distributed applicability checks for: proof rules, tactics, external systems, etc.
- Further distributed processes for single parameter or parameter combinations
- Two layered blackboard architecture
- Anytime character

Ω-ANTS – Blackboard Architecture





Task: Determine the most promising commands (rules, tactics, external systems) in the current proof context

Ω-ANTS – Parameter Agents



$$\begin{array}{c} \forall x_{\blacksquare} \mathsf{fn}(x) \\ \mathsf{fn}(N) \Rightarrow \mathsf{o}(N) \wedge \mathsf{s}(N) \\ \mathsf{o}(N) \\ \mathsf{s}(N) \\ \vdots \\ \mathsf{o}(N) \wedge \mathsf{s}(N) \end{array}$$

∧I-Agent-1

search for: Conj

required:

excluded: Left, Right

job: find open conjunctions

∧I-Agent-2

search for: Conj

required: Left

excluded: Right

job: find open conjunctions

with left conjunct 'Left'

Ω-ANTS – Parameter Agents



```
\begin{array}{c} \forall x_{\blacksquare} \mathsf{fn}(x) \\ \mathsf{fn}(N) \Rightarrow \mathsf{o}(N) \wedge \mathsf{s}(N) \\ \mathsf{o}(N) \\ \mathsf{s}(N) \\ \vdots \\ \mathsf{o}(N) \wedge \mathsf{s}(N) \end{array}
```

```
\mathbf{BB:} \frac{\mathtt{Left:} A \quad \mathtt{Right:} B}{\mathtt{Conj:} \mathbf{o}(N) \land \mathbf{s}(N)} \ \land \mathbf{I}, \quad \dots
```

∧I-Agent-3

search for: Left required: Conj

excluded:

job: ...

∧I-Agent-4

search for: Right

required: Conj

excluded:

job: ...

$$\textbf{BB:} \ \frac{\texttt{Left:o}(N) \ \texttt{Right:s}(N)}{\texttt{Conj:o}(N) \land \textbf{s}(N)} \ \land \textbf{I}, \frac{\texttt{Left:}A \ \texttt{Right:s}(N)}{\texttt{Conj:o}(N) \land \textbf{s}(N)} \ \land \textbf{I}, \frac{\texttt{Left:o}(N) \ \texttt{Right:}B}{\texttt{Conj:o}(N) \land \textbf{s}(N)} \ \land \textbf{I}, \frac{\texttt{Left:o}(N) \ \texttt{Right:}B}{\texttt{Conj:o}(N) \land \textbf{s}(N)} \ \land \textbf{I}, \dots$$

Ω-ANTS – Adding Components



Adding an external system (or rule, tactic, method):

provide a command

$$\frac{\mathtt{Ass-1}\!:\!A_1 \quad \dots \quad \mathtt{Ass-n}\!:\!A_n}{\mathtt{Conc}\!:\!C} \; \mathtt{OTTER}(\mathtt{P-1}\!:\!f_1,\dots,\mathtt{P-m}\!:\!f_m)$$

- define parameter agents
- adapt heuristic filter (utility function)
- command agent & blackboard created automatically
- optional (but important for sceptical approach): result transformation in ND

Ω -ANTS — Further Aspects



- Employ structure of natural deduction proof objects guide search along current focus
- Declarative agent specification language uniform way to define new agents run-time modifiability of agent societies & heuristic filters
- Attempt to a formal semantics
 mapping agent declarations to simply typed λ-calculus
 some system properties can be modeled
- Self-evaluation of agents
 learn about own performance
 broadcast this information via blackboards
 explicit resource reasoning on informed layer

Experiments – Example Classes



Ex1 Higher order ATP and first order ATP

$$\forall x, y, z \cdot (x = y \cup z) \Leftrightarrow (y \subseteq x \land z \subseteq x \land \forall v \cdot (y \subseteq v \land z \subseteq v) \Rightarrow (x \subseteq v))$$

Ex2 ND based TP, propositional ATP, and model generation

$$\forall x \forall y \forall z ((x \cup y) \cap z) = (x \cap z) \cup (y \cap z)$$
 10000 Examples

 $\forall x \cdot \forall y \cdot \forall z \cdot ((x \cup y) \cup z) = (x \cap z) \cup (y \cap z)$ 988 valid / 9012 invalid

Ex3 CAS and higher order ATP

$$\{x|x > gcd(10,8) \land x < lcm(10,8)\} = \{x|x < 40\} \cap \{x|x > 2\}$$

Ex4 Tactical TP, first-order ATP, CAS, and higher order ATP

... *group-definition-1* ... ⇔ ... group-definition-2 ...

Experiments – ND, PL-ATP, Models



Conc
$$\vdash \forall x ... \forall y ... \forall z ... ((x \cup y) \cap z) = (x \cap z) \cup (y \cap z)$$
 Forall-I L1

L3 $\vdash ((X \cup Y) \cap Z) = (X \cap Z) \cup (Y \cap Z)$ Set-Ext L4

L4 $\vdash \forall e ... e \in ((X \cup Y) \cap Z) \leftrightarrow e \in (X \cap Z) \cup (Y \cap Z)$ Forall-I L5

L5 $\vdash E \in ((X \cup Y) \cap Z) \leftrightarrow E \in (X \cap Z) \cup (Y \cap Z)$ Def L6

L8
$$\vdash ((E \in X \lor E \in Y) \land E \in Z) \leftrightarrow$$
 OTTER $((E \in X \land E \in Z) \lor (E \in Y \land E \in Z))$

Theorem

Experiments – ND, PL-ATP, Models



Conc
$$\vdash \forall x ... \forall y ... \forall z ... ((x \cup y) \cup z) = (x \cap z) \cup (y \cap z)$$
 Forall-I L1 ... Set-Ext L4 L4 $\vdash \forall e ... e \in ((X \cup Y) \cup Z) \leftrightarrow e \in (X \cap Z) \cup (Y \cap Z)$ Forall-I L5 $\vdash E \in ((X \cup Y) \cup Z) \leftrightarrow E \in (X \cap Z) \cup (Y \cap Z)$ Def L6

L8
$$\vdash ((E \in X \lor E \in Y) \lor E \in Z) \leftrightarrow$$
 SATCHMO $((E \in X \land E \in Z) \lor (E \in Y \land E \in Z))$

Countermodel: $G \in Z \land G \not\in X \land G \not\in Y$

Experiments – ND, CAS, HO-ATP



$$\{x|x > \gcd(10,8) \land x < lcm(10,8)\} = \{x|x < 40\} \cap \{x|x > 2\}$$

$$(\lambda x_{\bullet} x > \gcd(10,8) \land x < lcm(10,8)) = \\ (\lambda x_{\bullet} x < 40) \cap (\lambda x_{\bullet} x > 2)$$
 L1
$$\vdash (\lambda x_{\bullet} x > 2 \land x < 40) = (\lambda x_{\bullet} x < 40) \cap (\lambda x_{\bullet} x > 2)$$
 Def L3
$$\vdash (\lambda x_{\bullet} x > 2 \land x < 40) = (\lambda x_{\bullet} x < 40 \land x > 2)$$
 LEO

Related Work



- Parallel & distributed theorem proving [Bonacina 2000]
- TECHS & TEAMWORK approach [Denzinger/Fuchs 1999]
 - filtered exchange of clauses between first-order provers
 - no higher-order systems and no CAS
 - no explicit proof object
 - no user orientation
- Concurrent theorem proving [Fisher 1997]
 METATEM (temporal logics) [Fisher 1994]
- Multi agent proof-planning [Fisher/Ireland 1998]
- ... agent based architectures, layered architectures ...

Conclusion



- No opposition to classic ATP (benefit from their strengths!)
- New: active (vs passive) character of integrated systems
- New: flexible, dynamic combination of reasoning tools

Automate
$$\leftarrow \Omega$$
-ANTS (rc_1, \ldots, rc_n)
Interact with $\leftarrow \Omega$ -ANTS (rc_1, \ldots, rc_n)

- Parameterised calls Ω -ANTS (rc_1, \ldots, rc_n) contrast fixed call-hierarchies of traditional tactics and methods
 - high for interactive TP (no waste of resources, active vs passive,
- Relevance: ...
 - for ATP ???, more work needed

Problems and Future Work



- Short-term goals
 - adaption to a new system environment
 - counterexamples: illustration (Venn-diagrams) & early backtracking
 - more & better agents; more case studies
- Long-term goals
 - (partial) decentralisation
 - dynamic clustering
 - communication bottleneck
 - agent interlingua

- or-parallelism
- integration with proof planning
- critical (reflecting) agents