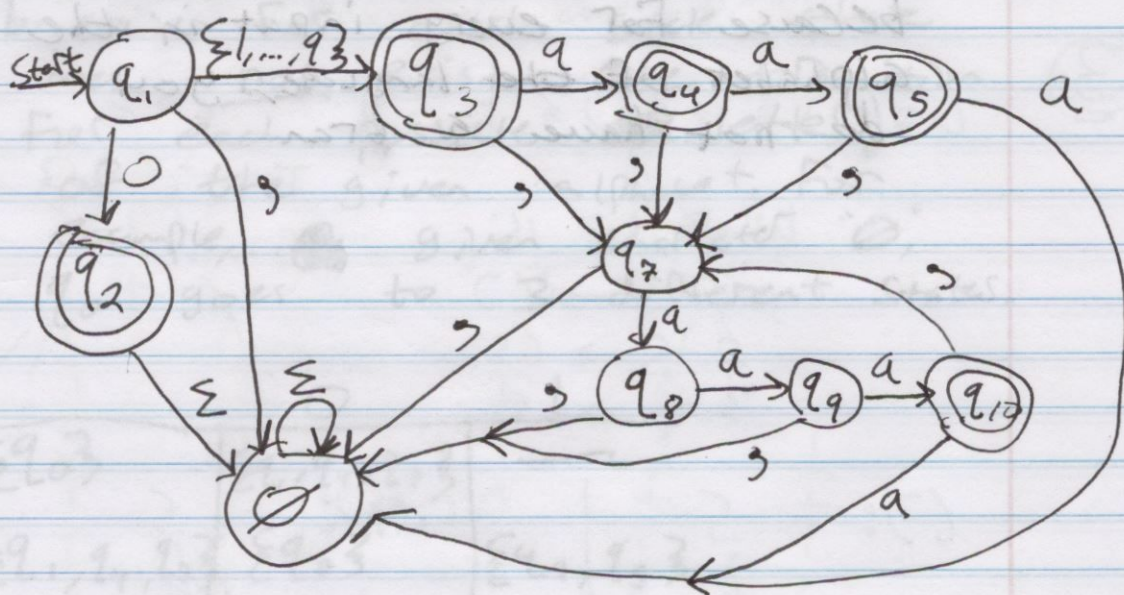


Cale
Bierman

Let $\Sigma = \{0, 1, \dots, 9, '\}$ $a = \{0, 1, \dots, 9\}$ Page 1

①



1,000: $\xrightarrow{\text{start}} q_1 \xrightarrow{1} q_3 \xrightarrow{0} q_7 \xrightarrow{0} q_8 \xrightarrow{0} q_9 \xrightarrow{0} q_{10}$

1,000,000: $\xrightarrow{\text{start}} q_1 \xrightarrow{1} q_3 \xrightarrow{0} q_7 \xrightarrow{0} q_8 \xrightarrow{0} q_9 \xrightarrow{0} q_{10}$
 $\xrightarrow{0} q_7 \xrightarrow{0} q_8 \xrightarrow{0} q_9 \xrightarrow{0} q_{10}$

42: $\xrightarrow{\text{start}} q_1 \xrightarrow{4} q_3 \xrightarrow{2} q_4$

~~_____~~

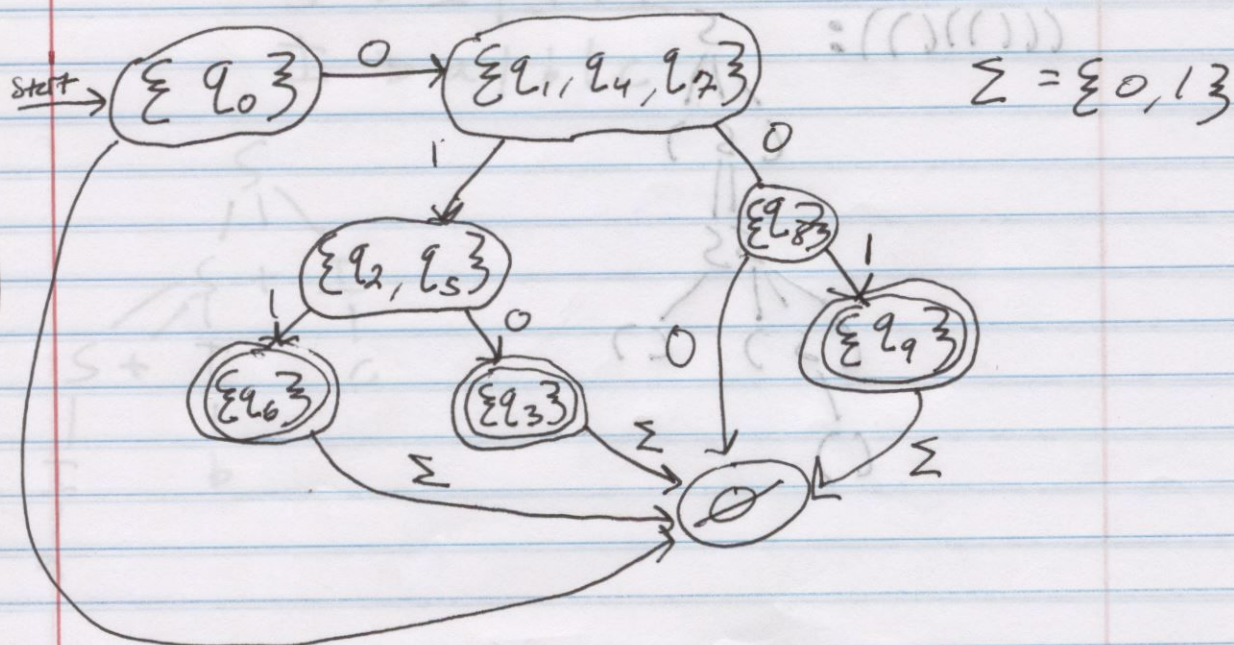
9,87: $\xrightarrow{\text{start}} q_1 \xrightarrow{9} q_3 \xrightarrow{8} q_7 \xrightarrow{7} q_8 \xrightarrow{7} q_9$

007: $\xrightarrow{\text{start}} q_1 \xrightarrow{0} q_2 \xrightarrow{0} \emptyset \xrightarrow{7} \emptyset$

101: $\xrightarrow{\text{start}} q_1 \xrightarrow{1} \emptyset \xrightarrow{0} \emptyset \xrightarrow{0} \emptyset \xrightarrow{1} \emptyset$

2. This automata is non deterministic because for each state there does not exist one transition for each possible letter of the given alphabet. For example, given character "0", q_0 goes to 3 different states.

	0	1
$\rightarrow \{q_0\}$	$\{q_1, q_4, q_7\}$	—
$\{q_1, q_4, q_7\}$	$\{q_8\}$	$\{q_2, q_5\}$
$\{q_8\}$	—	$\{q_9\}$
$\{q_2, q_5\}$	$\{q_3\}$	$\{q_6\}$
q_9^*	—	—
q_3^*	—	—
q_6^*	—	—



Context Free Grammars

③

$$G = (\{S\}, \{(')\}\}, P, S) \quad N = \{S\}$$

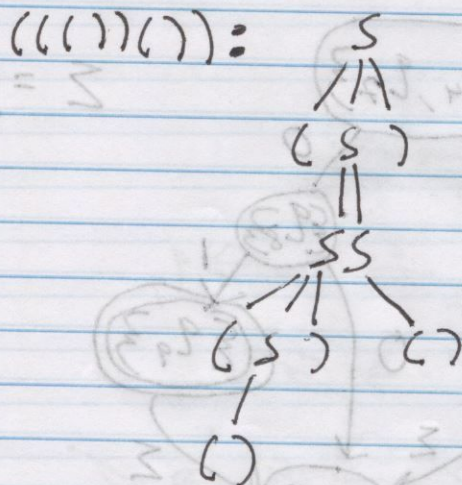
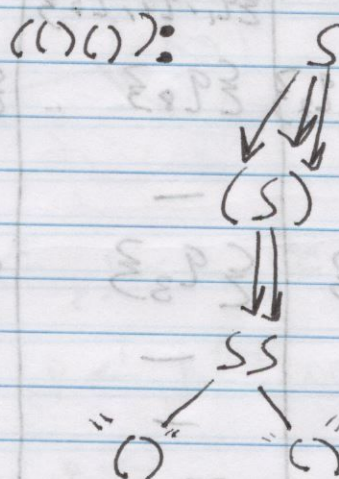
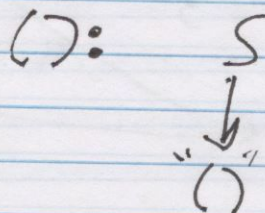
$$T = \{(')\}\}$$

where P is:

$$1. S \rightarrow (')$$

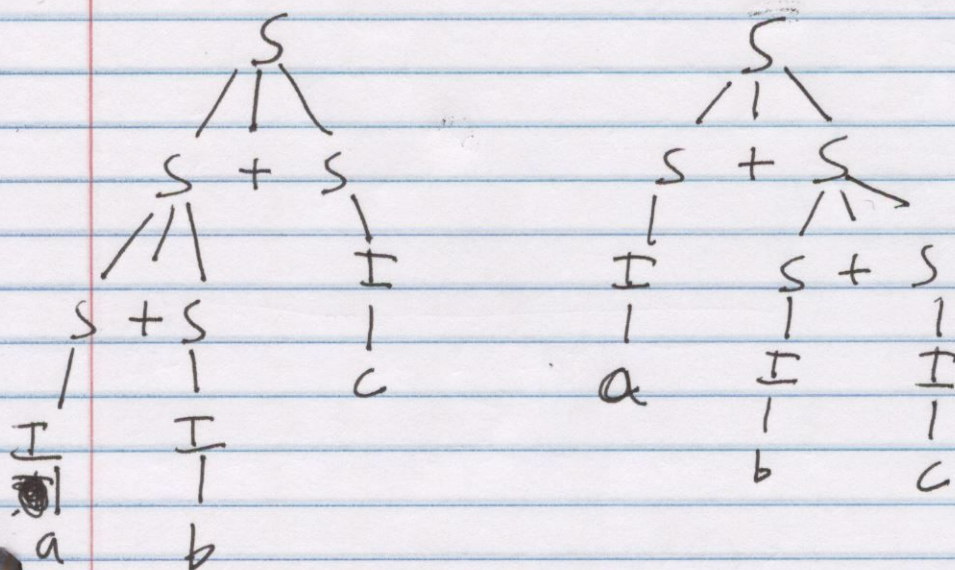
$$2. S \rightarrow (S)$$

$$3. S \rightarrow SS$$



④

Parse trees for $a+b+c$:



To make the grammar unambiguous;
Change the production Rules to:

$$S \rightarrow I \mid S+I$$

$$I \rightarrow a \mid b \mid c$$

