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In [ ]: #!pip install folium
In []: import folium
         import pandas as pd
In [ ]: utah_df=pd.read_csv('1871-utah-postmaster-salaries.csv')
         print(utah_df.sample(5))
         utah_df.dtypes
In []: utah_map_empty = folium.Map(location=[40, -111], zoom_start=6)
         utah_map_empty
In [ ]: # Create a duplicate of our starting point map to start adding markers to
utah_map = utah_map_empty
         folium.Marker(location=[38.41, -112.339], popup="Adamsville Post Office").add_to(utah_map)
         utah_map
In [ ]: # We're going to define a function that creates an empty map that we will use to add our markers to. Each time we want to add markers, we can call this function to creat
         def create_empty_map():
             return folium.Map(location=[40, -111], zoom_start=6)
         utah_map = create_empty_map()
In []: # Melanie Walsh function we will edit:
         def create_map_markers(row, map_name):
    folum.Marker(location=[row['lat'], row['lon']], popup=row['place']).add_to(map_name)
In [ ]: # Check for columns with missing values
missing_values = utah_df.isna().sum()
         print(missing_values)
In []: # Filter out post offices that are missing a latitude value
         utah_df_locations = utah_df[utah_df['Latitude'].notna()]
print(len(utah_df))
         print(len(utah df locations))
In []: # Method 1: Using a for loop to iterate through our dataframe and add markers sequentially
         # initialize an empty map
utah_map = create_empty_map()
         # iterrows() allows you to loop through a dataframe row by row and return the index position + the row
         for index, row in utah_df_locations.iterrows():
    print(f"Name of post office:", row[0])
         #now let's iterate through and call our function for each row
for index, row in utah_df_locations.iterrows():
             create_map_markers(row, utah_map)
         utah map
In [ ]: # Method 2: Using .apply() to add markers with our function for all rows
         # initialize an empty map
         utah_map = utah_map_empty
         # Now apply this function to each row in our filtered DataFrame
         # For each row, we'll pass:
# 1. The row itself (handled automatically by .apply())
# 2. Our map object (we need to specify this explicitly)
# 3. The "axis" value for .apply() to indicate we want to process row by row
         # .applv() allows you to apply a function to each row in the dataframe
         # .appty() actions apply(
create_map_markers, # The function to apply
map_name=utah_map, # Additional argument to pass to the function
axis='columns' # Process row by row instead of column by column
         utah map
).add_to(map_name)
In [ ]: def create_circle_markers(row, map_name):
              folium.CircleMarker(location=[row['Latitude'], row['Longitude']],
                                    radius=40,
                                    fill=True,
popup=folium.Popup(f"{row['PO_Name'].title()}", max_width=200),
                                    tooltip=f"{row['PO_Name'].title()}"
                           ).add_to(map_name)
In []: # initialize an empty map
         utah_map = create_empty_map()
         # call our function for each row
         utah_df_locations.apply(create_circle_markers, map_name=utah_map, axis="columns")
In []: # alter map appearance
         def create_circle_markers(row, map_name):
    folium.CircleMarker(location=[row['Latitude'], row['Longitude']],
                                    radius=8,
color = 'green',
                                    fill=True,
fill_color='green',
                                    fill opacity=0.6,
                                    popup=folium.Popup(f"Post Office: {row['PO_Name'].title()}", max_width=200),
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tooltip=f"Postmaster Salary: ${row['PM_Salary']}"
                                  ).add_to(map_name)
In [ ]: # initialize an empty map
  utah_map = create_empty_map()
           # call our function for each row
utah_df_locations.apply(
                create_circle_markers, # The function to apply
map_name=utah_map, # Additional argument to pass to the function
axis='columns' # Process row by row instead of column by column
           utah_map
In []: # make new function to create circle markers sized by postmaster salary
           def create_sized_circle_markers(row, map_name):
    folium.CircleMarker(location=[row['Latitude'], row['Longitude']],
                                            radius=row['PM_Salary'],
                                           popup=folium.Popup(f"Post Office: {row['PO_Name'].title()}", max_width=200),
tooltip=f"Postmaster Salary: ${row['PM_Salary']}"
                                 ).add_to(map_name)
In [ ]: # initialize an empty map
           utah map = create empty map()
           # call our function for each row
utah_df_locations.apply(
                reate_sized_circle_markers, # The function to apply
map_name=utah_map, # Additional argument to pass to the function
axis='columns' # Process row by row instead of column by column
           utah_map
In [ ]: # make new function to create circle markers sized by postmaster salary - this time adjusting the radius size in pixels to make it more legible
           def create_sized_circle_markers(row, map_name):
    folium.CircleMarker(location=[row['Latitude'], row['Longitude']],
                                            radius=row['PM_Salary']/100,
                                            fill=True,
                                            popup=folium.Popup(f"Post Office: {row['PO_Name'].title()}", max_width=200), tooltip=f"Postmaster Salary: ${row['PM_Salary']}"
                                  ).add_to(map_name)
In []: # initialize an empty map
           utah map = create empty map()
           # call our function for each row
           utah_df_locations.apply(
    create_sized_circle_markers, # The function to apply
                map_name=utah_map, # Additional argument to pass to the function axis='columns' # Process row by row instead of column by column
           utah_map
In [ ]: utah_df_locations.describe()
In [ ]: def add_salary_buckets(salary):
                   Create a new column for the salary bucket
                if salary < 50:
   bucket = 'Low Salary</pre>
                elif salary >= 50 and salary < 250:
bucket = 'Medium Salary'
                elif salary >= 250 and salary < 1000:
    bucket = 'High Salary'</pre>
                else:
                      bucket = 'Very High Salary'
                return bucket
           add_salary_buckets(2000)
In [ ]: utah_df_locations['Salary_Bucket']=utah_df_locations['PM_Salary'].apply(add_salary_buckets)
           utah_df_locations.head()
In []: #
             create a function to add marker sizes based on the salary bucket
           def add_marker_sizes(category):
    if category == 'Low Salary':
        return 4
                 elif category == 'Medium Salary':
                      return 8
                elif category == 'High Salary':
    return 12
                else:
                      return 16
           #test out the function
           add_marker_sizes('High Salary')
In []: utah_df_locations['Marker_Size']=utah_df_locations['Salary_Bucket'].apply(add_marker_sizes)
           utah_df_locations.head(10)
In []: # make new function to create circle markers sized by salary category
           def create_sized_circle_markers(row, map_name):
    folium.CircleMarker(location=[row['Latitude'], row['Longitude']],
                                            radius=row['Marker_Size'],
fill=True,
                                           opacity=0.6,
popup=folium.Popup(f"Post Office: {row['PO_Name'].title()}", max_width=200),
tooltip=f"Postmaster Salary: ${row['PM_Salary']}"
                                  ).add_to(map_name)
In []: # initialize an empty mag
           utah_map = create_empty_map()
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           utah_df_locations.apply(
                create_sized_circle_markers, # The function to apply
map_name=utah_map, # Additional argument to pass to the function
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