# Low-power triple Schmitt trigger inverter Rev. 2 — 6 October 2016

**Product data sheet** 

#### **General description** 1.

The 74AUP3G14 provides three inverting buffers with Schmitt trigger action which accept standard input signals. They are capable of transforming slowly changing input signals into sharply defined, jitter-free output signals.

This device ensures a very low static and dynamic power consumption across the entire V<sub>CC</sub> range from 0.8 V to 3.6 V.

This device is fully specified for partial power-down applications using I<sub>OFF</sub>. The I<sub>OFF</sub> circuitry disables the output, preventing the damaging backflow current through the device when it is powered down.

The inputs switch at different points for positive and negative-going signals. The difference between the positive voltage  $V_{T+}$  and the negative voltage  $V_{T-}$  is defined as the input hysteresis voltage V<sub>H</sub>.

#### Features and benefits 2.

- Wide supply voltage range from 0.8 V to 3.6 V
- High noise immunity
- ESD protection:
  - HBM JESD22-A114F Class 3A exceeds 5000 V
  - MM JESD22-A115-A exceeds 200 V
  - ◆ CDM JESD22-C101E exceeds 1000 V
- Low static power consumption;  $I_{CC} = 0.9 \mu A$  (maximum)
- Latch-up performance exceeds 100 mA per JESD 78 Class II
- Inputs accept voltages up to 3.6 V
- Low noise overshoot and undershoot < 10 % of V<sub>CC</sub>
- I<sub>OFF</sub> circuitry provides partial Power-down mode operation
- Multiple package options
- Specified from -40 °C to +85 °C and -40 °C to +125 °C

# **Applications**

- Wave and pulse shaper
- Astable multivibrator
- Monostable multivibrator



# 4. Ordering information

Table 1. Ordering information

Type number	Package								
	Temperature range	Name	Description	Version					
74AUP3G14DC	–40 °C to +125 °C	VSSOP8	plastic very thin shrink small outline package; 8 leads; body width 2.3 mm	SOT765-1					
74AUP3G14GT	–40 °C to +125 °C	XSON8	plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 8 terminals; body 1 $\times$ 1.95 $\times$ 0.5 mm	SOT833-1					
74AUP3G14GM	–40 °C to +125 °C	XQFN8	plastic, extremely thin quad flat package; no leads; 8 terminals; body 1.6 $\times$ 1.6 $\times$ 0.5 mm	SOT902-2					
74AUP3G14GN	–40 °C to +125 °C	XSON8	extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 8 terminals; body $1.2 \times 1.0 \times 0.35$ mm	SOT1116					
74AUP3G14GS	-40 °C to +125 °C	XSON8	extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 8 terminals; body $1.35 \times 1.0 \times 0.35$ mm	SOT1203					

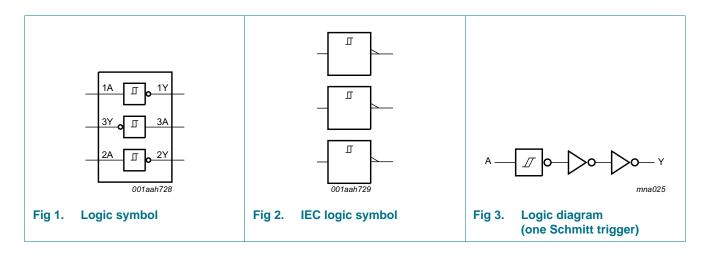
# 5. Marking

#### Table 2. Marking

Type number	Marking code[1]
74AUP3G14DC	рК
74AUP3G14GT	рК
74AUP3G14GM	рК
74AUP3G14GN	рК
74AUP3G14GS	рК

<sup>[1]</sup> The pin 1 indicator is located on the lower left corner of the device, below the marking code.

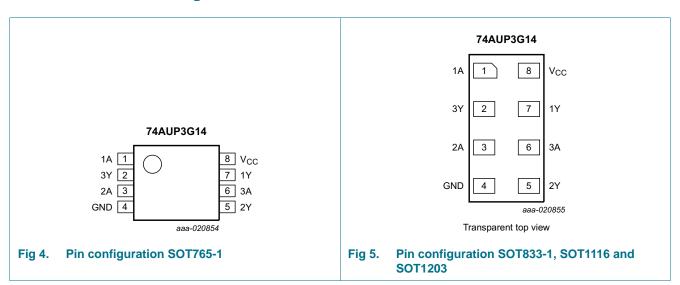
# 6. Functional diagram

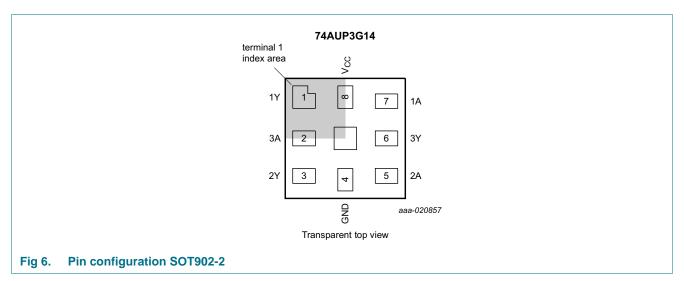


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# 7. Pinning information

### 7.1 Pinning





### 7.2 Pin description

Table 3. Pin description

Symbol	Pin	Description	
	SOT765-1, SOT833-1, SOT1116 and SOT1203	SOT902-2	
1A, 2A, 3A	1, 3, 6	7, 5, 2	data input
1Y, 2Y, 3Y	7, 5, 2	1, 3, 6	data output
GND	4	4	ground (0 V)
V <sub>CC</sub>	8	8	supply voltage

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# 8. Functional description

Table 4. Function table[1]

Input	Output
nA	nY
L	Н
Н	L

<sup>[1]</sup> H = HIGH voltage level; L = LOW voltage level.

# 9. Limiting values

Table 5. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Max	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	supply voltage			-0.5	+4.6	V
I <sub>IK</sub>	input clamping current	V <sub>I</sub> < 0 V		-50	-	mA
VI	input voltage		[1]	-0.5	+4.6	V
I <sub>OK</sub>	output clamping current	V <sub>O</sub> < 0 V		-50	-	mA
Vo	output voltage	Active mode and Power-down mode	[1]	-0.5	+4.6	V
Io	output current	$V_O = 0 V \text{ to } V_{CC}$		-	±20	mA
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current			-	50	mA
I <sub>GND</sub>	ground current			-50	-	mA
T <sub>stg</sub>	storage temperature			-65	+150	°C
P <sub>tot</sub>	total power dissipation	$T_{amb} = -40  ^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +125  ^{\circ}\text{C}$	[2]	-	250	mW

<sup>[1]</sup> The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

# 10. Recommended operating conditions

Table 6. Recommended operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	supply voltage		0.8	3.6	V
VI	input voltage		0	3.6	V
Vo	output voltage	Active mode	0	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		Power-down mode; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V	0	3.6	V
T <sub>amb</sub>	ambient temperature		-40	+125	°C

<sup>[2]</sup> For VSSOP8 package: above 110  $^{\circ}$ C the value of P<sub>tot</sub> derates linearly with 8 mW/K. For XSON8 and XQFN8 packages: above 118  $^{\circ}$ C the value of P<sub>tot</sub> derates linearly with 7.8 mW/K.

# 11. Static characteristics

Table 7. Static characteristics

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
T <sub>amb</sub> = 2	5 °C					
V <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{T+}$ or $V_{T-}$				
		$I_{O} = -20 \mu A; V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.1	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -1.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V}$	0.75 × V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -1.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V}$	1.11	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -1.9 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V}$	1.32	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -2.3 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	2.05	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -3.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	1.9	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -2.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	2.72	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -4.0 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	2.6	-	-	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{T+}$ or $V_{T-}$				
		$I_{O} = 20 \ \mu\text{A}; \ V_{CC} = 0.8 \ V \ \text{to } 3.6 \ V$	-	-	0.1	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V	-	-	$0.3 \times V_{CC}$	V
		$I_{O} = 1.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.31	V
		$I_{O} = 1.9 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.31	V
		$I_{O} = 2.3 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.31	V
		$I_{O} = 3.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.44	V
		$I_{O} = 2.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.31	V
		$I_{O} = 4.0 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.44	V
Iį	input leakage current	$V_{I} = GND \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}; V_{CC} = 0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	-	-	±0.1	μΑ
l <sub>OFF</sub>	power-off leakage current	$V_I$ or $V_O = 0$ V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V	-	-	±0.2	μΑ
$\Delta I_{OFF}$	additional power-off leakage current	$V_1$ or $V_0 = 0$ V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V to 0.2 V	-	-	±0.2	μА
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current	$V_I = GND \text{ or } V_{CC}; I_O = 0 \text{ A};$ $V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.5	μΑ
Δl <sub>CC</sub>	additional supply current	$V_I = V_{CC} - 0.6 \text{ V}; I_O = 0 \text{ A};$ $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	-	-	40	μΑ
Cı	input capacitance	$V_I = GND \text{ or } V_{CC}; V_{CC} = 0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	-	1.1	-	pF
Co	output capacitance	$V_O = GND; V_{CC} = 0 V$	-	1.7	-	pF
T <sub>amb</sub> = -	40 °C to +85 °C					
V <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{T+}$ or $V_{T-}$				
		$I_O = -20 \mu A$ ; $V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.1	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -1.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V}$	$0.7 \times V_{CC}$	-	-	V
		$I_O = -1.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V}$	1.03	-	-	V
		$I_O = -1.9 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V}$	1.30	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -2.3 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	1.97	-	-	V
		$I_O = -3.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	1.85	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -2.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	2.67	-	-	V
		$I_O = -4.0 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	2.55	-	-	V

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 Table 7.
 Static characteristics ...continued

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{T+}$ or $V_{T-}$				
		$I_{O}$ = 20 $\mu$ A; $V_{CC}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.1	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V	-	-	$0.3 \times V_{CC}$	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V	-	-	0.37	V
		$I_{O} = 1.9 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.35	V
		$I_{O} = 2.3 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.33	V
		$I_{O} = 3.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.45	V
		$I_{O} = 2.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.33	V
		$I_{O} = 4.0 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.45	V
I <sub>I</sub>	input leakage current	$V_{I} = GND \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}; V_{CC} = 0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	-	-	±0.5	μΑ
I <sub>OFF</sub>	power-off leakage current	$V_1$ or $V_0 = 0$ V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V	-	-	±0.5	μΑ
$\Delta I_{OFF}$	additional power-off leakage current	$V_1 \text{ or } V_O = 0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V};$ $V_{CC} = 0 \text{ V to } 0.2 \text{ V}$	-	-	±0.6	μА
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current	$V_{I} = GND \text{ or } V_{CC}; I_{O} = 0 \text{ A};$ $V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.9	μΑ
Δl <sub>CC</sub>	additional supply current	$V_I = V_{CC} - 0.6 \text{ V}; I_O = 0 \text{ A};$ $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	-	-	50	μΑ
T <sub>amb</sub> = -	40 °C to +125 °C					
√он	HIGH-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{T+}$ or $V_{T-}$				
		$I_{O} = -20 \mu A$ ; $V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.11	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -1.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V}$	$0.6 \times V_{CC}$	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -1.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V}$	0.93	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -1.9 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V}$	1.17	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -2.3 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	1.77	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -3.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	1.67	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -2.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	2.40	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -4.0 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	2.30	-	-	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{T+}$ or $V_{T-}$				
		$I_O = 20 \mu A; V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.11	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.1 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V	-	-	$0.33 \times V_{CC}$	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V	-	-	0.41	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 1.9 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V	-	-	0.39	V
		$I_{O} = 2.3 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.36	V
		$I_O = 3.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.50	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 2.7 mA; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	-	-	0.36	V
		$I_O = 4.0 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.50	V
l <sub>l</sub>	input leakage current	V <sub>I</sub> = GND to 3.6 V; V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	±0.75	μΑ
I <sub>OFF</sub>	power-off leakage current	$V_1$ or $V_0 = 0 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	-	±0.75	μΑ

### Low-power triple Schmitt trigger inverter

 Table 7.
 Static characteristics ...continued

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
$\Delta I_{OFF}$	additional power-off leakage current	$V_{I}$ or $V_{O} = 0$ V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V to 0.2 V	-	-	±0.75	μΑ
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current	$V_I$ = GND or $V_{CC}$ ; $I_O$ = 0 A; $V_{CC}$ = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	-	1.4	μΑ
$\Delta I_{CC}$	additional supply current	$V_I = V_{CC} - 0.6 \text{ V}; I_O = 0 \text{ A};$ $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	-	-	75	μΑ

# 12. Dynamic characteristics

#### Table 8. Dynamic characteristics

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Figure 8.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		25 °C		-4	0 °C to +	125 °C	Unit
			Min	Typ[1]	Max	Min	Max (85 °C)	Max (125 °C)	
$C_L = 5 p$	F				•				
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation delay	nA to nY; see Figure 7							
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	19.9	-	-	-	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	2.7	5.9	11.0	2.4	11.1	11.2	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	2.6	4.3	6.6	2.4	7.1	7.4	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	2.1	3.7	5.4	2.0	6.0	6.2	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	2.0	3.0	4.1	1.7	4.5	4.7	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	1.9	2.8	3.6	1.5	3.9	4.0	ns
C <sub>L</sub> = 10	pF							1	
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation delay	nA to nY; see Figure 7 [2]							
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	23.4	-	-	-	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	2.9	6.8	12.7	2.8	12.8	12.9	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	2.8	5.0	7.7	2.6	8.2	8.6	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	2.7	4.2	6.2	2.5	6.7	7.1	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	2.3	3.6	4.8	2.1	5.2	5.5	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.1	3.3	4.3	2.0	4.5	4.7	ns
C <sub>L</sub> = 15	pF	1		1			1	1	
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation delay	nA to nY; see Figure 7							
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	26.9	-	-	-	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	3.3	7.6	14.3	3.0	14.5	14.7	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	3.3	5.5	8.6	2.9	9.4	9.8	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	2.8	4.7	7.0	2.8	7.7	8.1	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	2.7	4.0	5.5	2.4	5.9	6.2	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.6	3.8	4.8	2.2	5.2	5.4	ns

### Low-power triple Schmitt trigger inverter

 Table 8.
 Dynamic characteristics ...continued

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Figure 8.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	25 °C		_4	10 °C to +	125 °C	Unit	
				Typ[1]	Max	Min	Max (85 °C)	Max (125 °C)	
C <sub>L</sub> = 30 p	ρF								
t <sub>pd</sub>	propagation delay	nA to nY; see Figure 7 [2]							
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	37.3	-	-	-	-	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	4.0	9.8	18.7	3.9	19.6	20.0	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	3.7	7.1	11.2	3.8	12.3	12.9	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	3.6	6.0	9.1	3.6	10.0	10.6	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	3.5	5.2	6.9	3.2	7.5	7.9	ns
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	3.3	4.8	6.1	3.1	7.1	7.4	ns
C <sub>L</sub> = 5 pl	F, 10 pF, 15 pF and	30 pF			1			1	
C <sub>PD</sub>	power dissipation	$f_i = 1 \text{ MHz}; V_I = \text{GND to } V_{CC}$ [3][4]							
	capacitance	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	-	2.6	-	-	-	-	рF
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	-	2.7	-	-	-	-	рF
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V to 1.6 V	-	2.9	-	-	-	-	рF
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	-	3.1	-	-	-	-	рF
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	3.7	-	-	-	-	рF
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-	4.3	-	-	-	-	pF

- [1] All typical values are measured at nominal V<sub>CC</sub>.
- [2]  $t_{pd}$  is the same as  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$ .
- [3] All specified values are the average typical values over all stated loads.
- [4]  $C_{PD}$  is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation ( $P_D$  in  $\mu W$ ).

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i \times N + \Sigma (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

 $f_i$  = input frequency in MHz;

f<sub>o</sub> = output frequency in MHz;

 $C_L$  = load capacitance in pF;

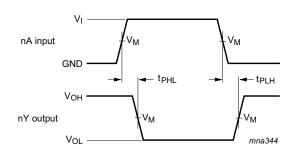
 $V_{CC}$  = supply voltage in V;

N = number of inputs switching;

 $\Sigma(C_L \times V_{CC}{}^2 \times f_o)$  = sum of the outputs.

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### 13. Waveforms



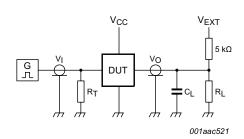
Measurement points are given in Table 9.

Logic levels: V<sub>OL</sub> and V<sub>OH</sub> are typical output voltage levels that occur with the output load.

Fig 7. The data input (nA) to output (nY) propagation delays

Table 9. Measurement points

Supply voltage	Output	Input					
V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>M</sub>	V <sub>M</sub>	VI	$t_r = t_f$			
0.8 V to 3.6 V	$0.5 \times V_{CC}$	$0.5 \times V_{CC}$	V <sub>CC</sub>	≤ 3.0 ns			



Test data is given in Table 10.

Definitions for test circuit:

 $R_L$  = Load resistance.

 $C_L$  = Load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance.

 $R_T$  = Termination resistance should be equal to the output impedance  $Z_o$  of the pulse generator.

 $V_{EXT}$  = External voltage for measuring switching times.

Fig 8. Test circuit for measuring switching times

Table 10. Test data

Supply voltage	Load		V <sub>EXT</sub>		
V <sub>CC</sub>	CL	R <sub>L</sub> [1]	t <sub>PLH</sub> , t <sub>PHL</sub>	t <sub>PZH</sub> , t <sub>PHZ</sub>	t <sub>PZL</sub> , t <sub>PLZ</sub>
0.8 V to 3.6 V	5 pF, 10 pF, 15 pF and 30 pF	5 k $\Omega$ or 1 M $\Omega$	open	GND	$2 \times V_{CC}$

[1] For measuring enable and disable times  $R_L$  = 5 k $\Omega$ , for measuring propagation delays, set-up and hold times and pulse width  $R_L$  = 1 M $\Omega$ .

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# 14. Transfer characteristics

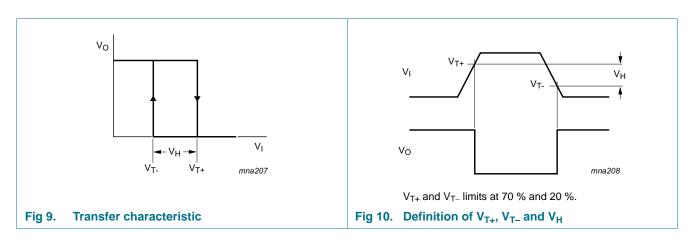
Table 11. Transfer characteristics

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Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Figure 8.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		25 °C		-40 °C to +125 °C			Unit
			Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max (85 °C)	Max (125 °C)	
$V_{T+}$	positive-going	see Figure 9 and Figure 10							
th	threshold voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	0.30	-	0.60	0.30	0.60	0.62	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V	0.53	-	0.90	0.53	0.90	0.92	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V	0.74	-	1.11	0.74	1.11	1.13	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V	0.91	-	1.29	0.91	1.29	1.31	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	1.37	-	1.77	1.37	1.77	1.80	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	1.88	-	2.29	1.88	2.29	2.32	V
V <sub>T-</sub> negativ	negative-going	see Figure 9 and Figure 10							
	threshold voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	0.10	-	0.60	0.10	0.60	0.60	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V	0.26	-	0.65	0.26	0.65	0.65	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V	0.39	-	0.75	0.39	0.75	0.75	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V	0.47	-	0.84	0.47	0.84	0.84	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	0.69	-	1.04	0.69	1.04	1.04	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	0.88	-	1.24	0.88	1.24	1.24	V
V <sub>H</sub> hysteresis voltag	hysteresis voltage	(V <sub>T+</sub> – V <sub>T-</sub> ); see <u>Figure 9</u> , <u>Figure 10</u> , <u>Figure 11</u> and <u>Figure 12</u>							
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	0.07	-	0.50	0.07	0.50	0.50	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V	0.08	-	0.46	0.08	0.46	0.46	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V	0.18	-	0.56	0.18	0.56	0.56	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V	0.27	-	0.66	0.27	0.66	0.66	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	0.53	-	0.92	0.53	0.92	0.92	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V	0.79	-	1.31	0.79	1.31	1.31	V

# 15. Waveforms transfer characteristics



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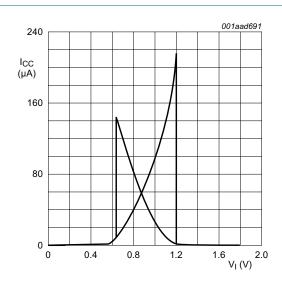


Fig 11. Typical transfer characteristics;  $V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V}$ 

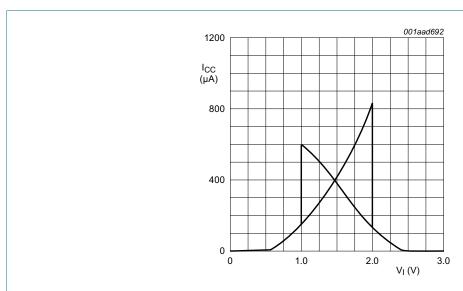


Fig 12. Typical transfer characteristics;  $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ 

# 16. Application information

The slow input rise and fall times cause additional power dissipation, this can be calculated using the following formula:

 $P_{add} = f_i \times (t_r \times \Delta I_{CC(AV)} + t_f \times \Delta I_{CC(AV)}) \times V_{CC} \text{ where:}$ 

 $P_{add}$  = additional power dissipation ( $\mu W$ );

 $f_i = input frequency (MHz);$ 

 $t_r$  = rise time (ns); 10 % to 90 %;

 $t_f = \text{fall time (ns)}; 90 \% \text{ to } 10 \%;$ 

 $\Delta I_{CC(AV)}$  = average additional supply current ( $\mu A$ ).

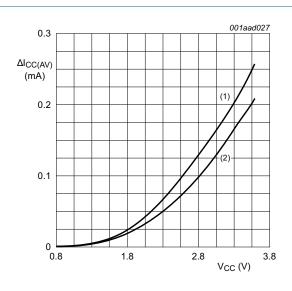
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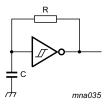
### Low-power triple Schmitt trigger inverter

Average  $\Delta I_{CC(AV)}$  differs with positive or negative input transitions, as shown in <u>Figure 13</u>. An example of a relaxation circuit using the 74AUP3G14 is shown in <u>Figure 14</u>.



- (1) Positive-going edge.
- (2) Negative-going edge.

Fig 13. Average  $I_{CC}$  as a function of  $V_{CC}$ 



$$f = \frac{1}{T} \approx \frac{1}{a \times RC}$$

Average values for variable a are given in Table 12.

Fig 14. Relaxation oscillator

Table 12. Variable values

Supply voltage	Variable a
1.1 V	1.28
1.5 V	1.22
1.8 V	1.24
2.8 V	1.34
3.3 V	1.45

# 17. Package outline

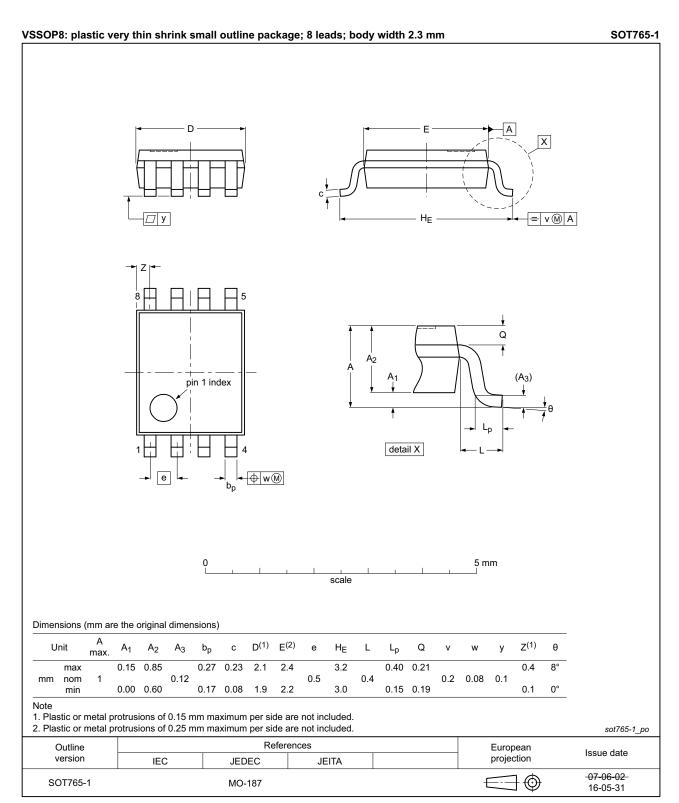


Fig 15. Package outline SOT765-1 (VSSOP8)

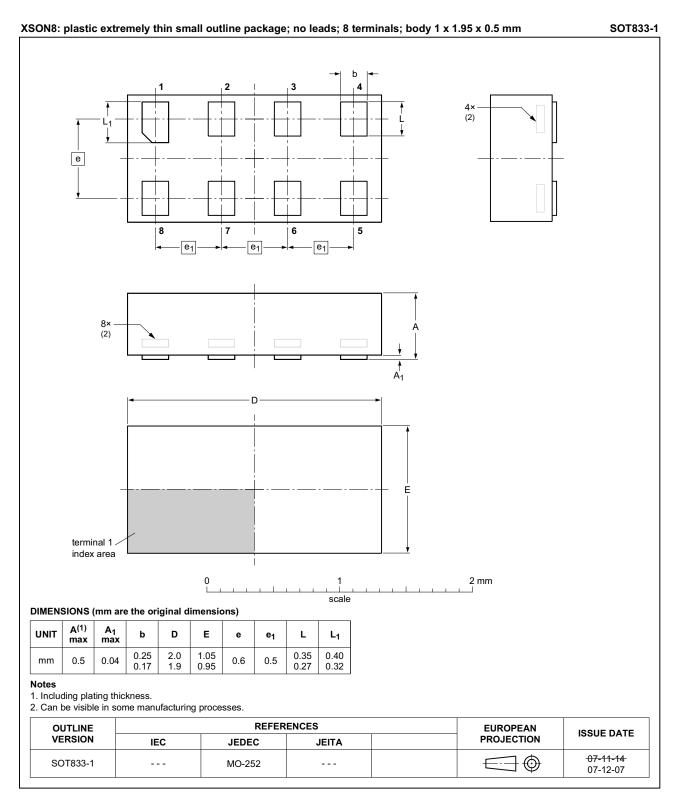


Fig 16. Package outline SOT833-1 (XSON8)

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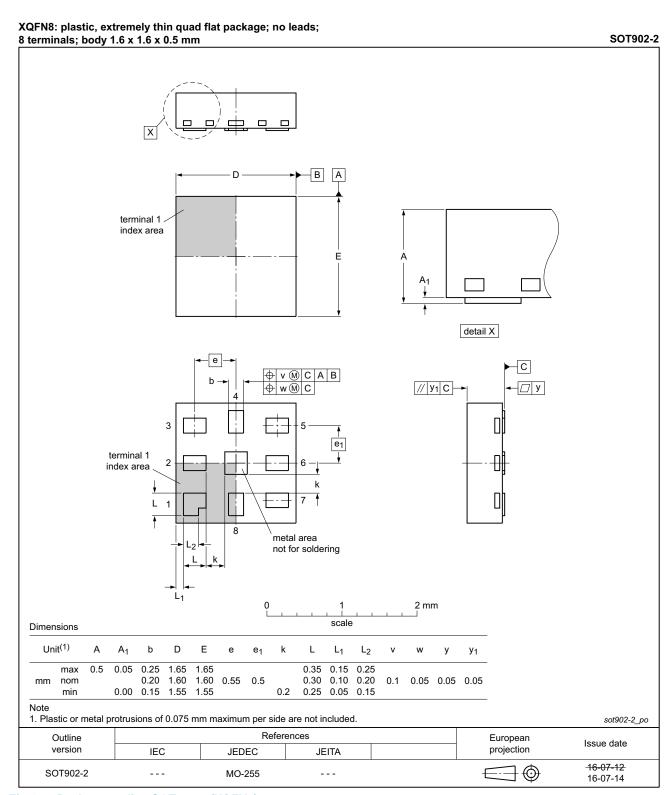


Fig 17. Package outline SOT902-2 (XQFN8)

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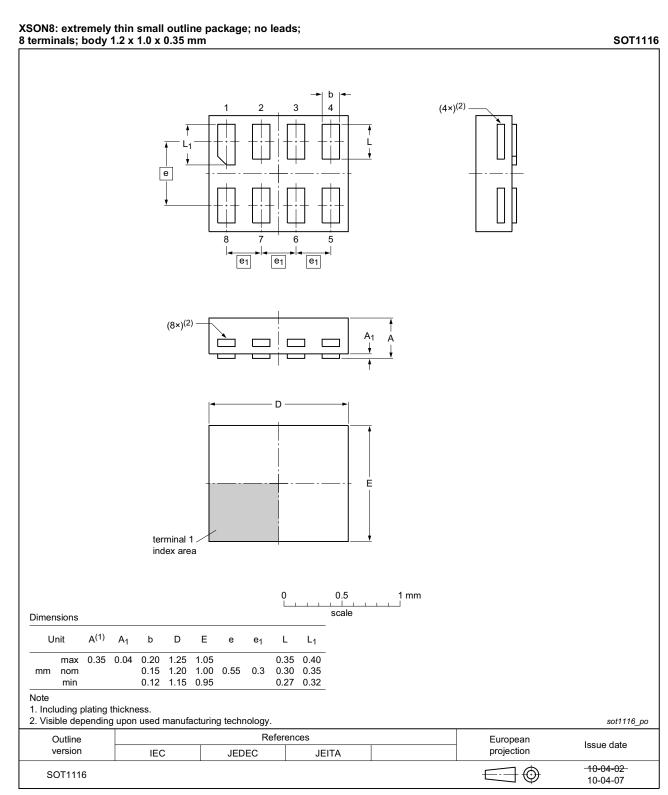


Fig 18. Package outline SOT1116 (XSON8)

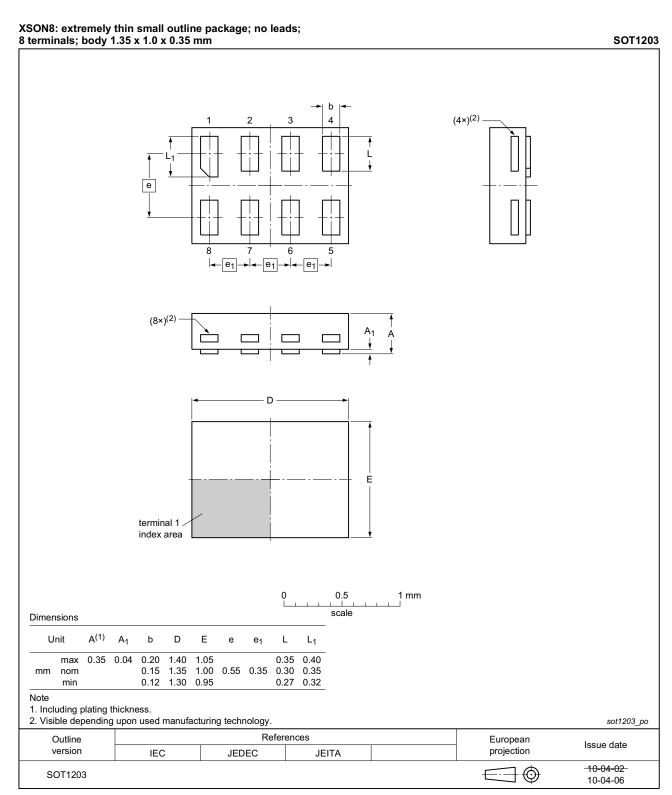


Fig 19. Package outline SOT1203 (XSON8)

# Low-power triple Schmitt trigger inverter

# 18. Abbreviations

#### Table 13. Abbreviations

Acronym	Description
CDM	Charged Device Model
DUT	Device Under Test
ESD	ElectroStatic Discharge
HBM	Human Body Model
MM	Machine Model

# 19. Revision history

### Table 14. Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes
74AUP3G14 v.2	20161006	Product data sheet	-	74AUP3G14 v.1
Modifications:	<ul> <li>Type numbers 74AUP3G14GD and 74AUP3G14GF removed.</li> </ul>			
74AUP3G14 v.1	20151222	Product data sheet	-	-

#### Low-power triple Schmitt trigger inverter

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#### 20.1 Data sheet status

Document status[1][2]	Product status[3]	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

- [1] Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.
- [2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions"
- [3] The product status of device(s) described in this document may have changed since this document was published and may differ in case of multiple devices. The latest product status information is available on the Internet at URL <a href="http://www.nexperia.com">http://www.nexperia.com</a>.

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