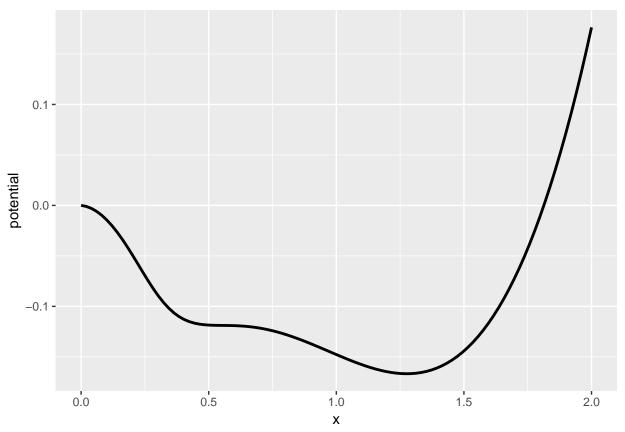
simulation & inference of transients

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```
library(tidyverse)
N <- 1e4
r <- 0.05; K <- 2
a <- 0.023; H <- 0.38; Q <- 5
x0 <- 0.2; sigma <- 0.02
growth \leftarrow function(x, r, K) x * r * (1 - x / K)
consumption \leftarrow function(x, a, H, Q) a * x^Q / (x^Q + H^Q)
theory <-
  tibble(x = seq(0,2, length.out = 100)) \%
  mutate(g = growth(x, r, K),
         c = consumption(x, a, H, Q)) %>%
  mutate(potential = - cumsum(g - c)) %>%
  gather(curve, y, -x, -potential)
theory %>%
  ggplot(aes(x, y, col = curve)) +
  geom_line(lwd = 1)
  0.025 -
  0.020 -
  0.015 -
                                                                                       curve
>
  0.010 -
  0.005 -
  0.000 -
                           0.5
                                                             1.5
                                                                              2.0
          0.0
                                            1.0
                                             Х
```

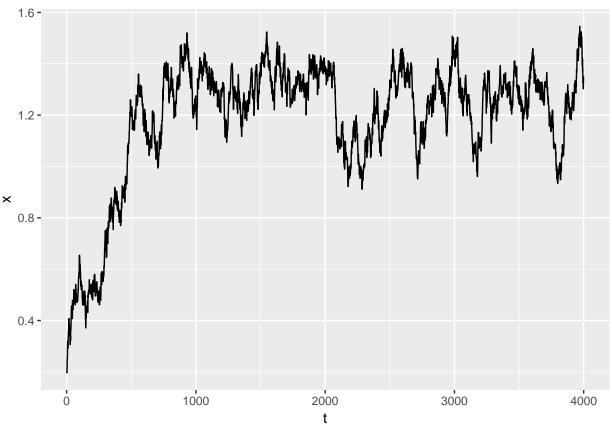
```
theory %>%
  ggplot(aes(x, potential)) +
  geom_line(lwd = 1)
```



library(nimble)

```
## nimble version 0.7.1 is loaded.
## For more information on NIMBLE and a User Manual,
## please visit http://R-nimble.org.
##
## Attaching package: 'nimble'
## The following object is masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       simulate
\# Define stochastic model in BUGS notation
may <- nimble::nimbleCode({</pre>
  log(r) ~ dnorm(mu_r, sd_r)
  log(K) ~ dnorm(mu_K, sd_K)
  log(a) ~ dnorm(mu_a, sd_a)
  log(H) ~ dnorm(mu_H, sd_H)
  log(Q) ~ dnorm(mu_Q, sd_Q)
  log(x0) ~ dnorm(mu_x0, sd_x0)
  log(sigma) ~ dnorm(mu_sigma, sd_sigma)
  x[1] <- x0
  for(t in 1:(N - 1)){
    # Determinstic mean looks like standard R
```

```
mu[t] \leftarrow x[t] + x[t] * r * (1 - x[t] / K) - a * x[t] ^ Q / (x[t] ^ Q + H ^ Q)
    # Note the use of ~ in BUGS to show 'distributed as normal'
    dB[t] ~ dnorm(0, sd = sigma)
    x[t + 1] \leftarrow max(0, mu[t] + dB[t])
})
#
constants <- list(</pre>
  mu_r = 0, sd_r = 1,
  mu_K = 0, sd_k = 1,
  mu_a = 0, sd_a = 1,
  mu_H = 0, sd_H = 1,
  mu_Q = 0, sd_Q = 1,
  mu_x0 = 0, sd_x0 = 1,
  mu_sigma = 0, sd_sigma = 1
model <- nimbleModel(code = may, constants = constants)</pre>
## defining model...
## building model...
## running calculate on model (any error reports that follow may simply reflect missing values in model
## checking model sizes and dimensions... This model is not fully initialized. This is not an error. To
## model building finished.
cmodel <- compileNimble(model)</pre>
## compiling... this may take a minute. Use 'showCompilerOutput = TRUE' to see C++ compilation details.
## compilation finished.
set.seed(123)
cmodel$r <- r; cmodel$K <- K</pre>
cmodela \leftarrow a; cmodelH \leftarrow H; cmodelQ \leftarrow Q
cmodel$x0 <- x0; cmodel$sigma <- sigma</pre>
simulate(cmodel, nodes = c('x', 'mu', 'dB'))
df <- tibble(t = seq_along(cmodel$x), x = cmodel$x)</pre>
df %>% filter(t < 4000) %>% ggplot(aes(t, x)) + geom_line()
```



```
get_ll <- function(x, r, K, a, H, Q, sigma){</pre>
  TIME <- length(x)
  mu \leftarrow x + x * r * (1 - x / K) - a * x^Q / (x^Q + H^Q)
  sum(dnorm(x = x[-1], mean = mu[-TIME], sd = sigma), log = T)
}
##
grid r \leftarrow seq(1e-2, 1e-1, 1=5e1)
ll_r <- sapply(grid_r, function(r) get_ll(a = cmodel$a, x = cmodel$x, r = r, K = cmodel$K,</pre>
                                            H = cmodel$H, Q = cmodel$Q, sigma = cmodel$sigma))
##
grid_K <- seq(1, 5, l=5e1)
11_K <- sapply(grid_K, function(K) get_ll(a = cmodel$a, x = cmodel$x, r = cmodel$r, K = K,</pre>
                                            H = cmodel$H, Q = cmodel$Q, sigma = cmodel$sigma))
##
grid_a <- seq(1e-2, 3e-2, 1=5e1)
11_a <- sapply(grid_a, function(a) get_ll(a = a, x = cmodel$x, r = cmodel$r, K = cmodel$K,</pre>
                                            H = cmodel$H, Q = cmodel$Q, sigma = cmodel$sigma))
##
grid_H \leftarrow exp(seq(log(1e-2), log(0.7), l=5e1))
ll_H <- sapply(grid_H, function(H) get_ll(a = cmodel$a, x = cmodel$x, r = cmodel$r, K = cmodel$K,
                                            H = H, Q = cmodel$Q, sigma = cmodel$sigma))
grid_Q \leftarrow exp(seq(log(1), log(10), l=5e1))
ll_Q <- sapply(grid_Q, function(Q) get_ll(a = cmodel$a, x = cmodel$x, r = cmodel$r, K = cmodel$K,
                                            H = cmodel$H, Q = Q, sigma = cmodel$sigma))
##
grid_sigma \leftarrow exp(seq(log(1e-5), log(1e-1), l=5e1))
```

```
ll_sigma <- sapply(grid_sigma, function(sigma)</pre>
  get_ll(a = cmodel$a, x = cmodel$x, r = cmodel$r, K = cmodel$K,
          H = cmodel$H, Q = cmodel$Q, sigma = sigma))
##
layout(matrix(1:6, 3, 2))
plot(grid_r, (ll_r - max(ll_r)), type = "l", main = "r")
abline(v = cmodel$r)
plot(grid_K, (ll_K - max(ll_K)), type = "l", main = "K")
abline(v = cmodel$K)
plot(grid_a, (ll_a - max(ll_a)), type = "l", main = "a")
abline(v = cmodel$a)
plot(grid_H, (ll_H - max(ll_H)), type = "l", main = "H")
abline(v = cmodel$H)
plot(grid_Q, (ll_Q - max(ll_Q)), type = "l", main = "Q")
abline(v = cmodel$Q)
plot(grid_sigma, (ll_sigma - max(ll_sigma)), type = "l", main = "sigma")
abline(v = cmodel$sigma)
                                                                              Н
                           r
                                                   (II_H - max(II_H))
(II_r - max(II_r))
    -40000
           0.02
                    0.04
                                    0.08
                                            0.10
                                                                0.1
                            0.06
                                                           0.0
                                                                      0.2
                                                                           0.3
                                                                                0.4
                                                                                     0.5
                                                                                           0.6
                                                                                                0.7
                         grid_r
                                                                             grid_H
                          Κ
                                                                              Q
                                                   (II_Q - max(II_Q))
(II_K - max(II_K))
    -80000
                                                        -2500
                  2
                           3
                                                                 2
                                                                                 6
                                                                                         8
                                                                         4
                                                                                                10
                         grid_K
                                                                             grid_Q
                                                    (II_sigma - max(II_sigma))
                           а
                                                                            sigma
II_a - max(II_a))
    -14000
       0.010
                0.015
                         0.020
                                  0.025
                                                           0.00
                                           0.030
                                                                   0.02
                                                                          0.04
                                                                                 0.06
                                                                                                0.10
                                                                                        0.08
                         grid_a
                                                                           grid_sigma
11_QH <- apply(expand.grid(grid_Q, grid_H), 1, function(pair)</pre>
  if(pair[2] > (0.6 / 3) * pair[1] + 0.18 - (0.6 / 3)) NA else
  get_ll(a = cmodel$a, x = cmodel$x, r = cmodel$r, K = cmodel$K,
          H = pair[2], Q = pair[1], sigma = cmodel$sigma))
11_Ka <- apply(expand.grid(grid_K, grid_a), 1, function(pair)</pre>
  get_ll(a = pair[2], x = cmodel$x, r = cmodel$r, K = pair[1],
          H = cmodel$H, Q = cmodel$Q, sigma = cmodel$sigma))
11_rK <- apply(expand.grid(grid_r, grid_K), 1, function(pair)</pre>
  get_ll(x = cmodel$x, r = pair[1], K = pair[2], a = cmodel$a,
          H = cmodel$H, Q = cmodel$Q, sigma = cmodel$sigma))
```

```
ll_asigma <- apply(expand.grid(grid_a, grid_sigma), 1, function(pair)</pre>
  get_ll(x = cmodel$x, r = cmodel$r, K = cmodel$K, a = pair[1],
         H = cmodel$H, Q = cmodel$Q, sigma = pair[2]))
layout(matrix(1:4, 2, 2))
image(grid_Q, grid_H, matrix((ll_QH - max(ll_QH, na.rm = T)), length(grid_Q), length(grid_H)))
points(cmodel$Q, cmodel$H)
image(grid_K, grid_a, matrix((ll_Ka - max(ll_Ka)), length(grid_K), length(grid_a)))
points(cmodel$K, cmodel$a)
##
image(grid_r, grid_K, matrix((ll_rK - max(ll_rK)), length(grid_r), length(grid_K)))
points(cmodel$r, cmodel$K)
image(grid_a, grid_sigma, matrix((ll_asigma - max(ll_asigma)), length(grid_a), length(grid_sigma)))
points(cmodel$a, cmodel$sigma)
                                                     2
    0.5
grid_H
                       0
                                                                       0
    0.1
            2
                          6
                                 8
                                                           0.02
                                                                                0.08
                   4
                                        10
                                                                  0.04
                                                                         0.06
                                                                                       0.10
                      grid_Q
                                                                       grid_r
    0.025
                                               grid_sigma
                                                    0.08
                 0
                                                    0.02
    0.010
                 2
                         3
                                 4
                                         5
                                                               0.015
                                                                       0.020
                                                                               0.025
                                                       0.010
                                                                                       0.030
```

grid_a

grid_K