Algorithm 1 Solve Current Board: Belongs to Solver Class

- 1: **procedure** SOLVECURRENTBOARD
- 2: **Input:** A board representation that contains a 2 dimensional array of pebble representations.
- 3: **Output:** Number of iterations that pebble representations are replaced and whether or not there are any black pebble representations remaining.
- 4: $Q \leftarrow \emptyset$ (Queue)
- 5: $blackPebbles \leftarrow 0$
- 6: **for** each *pebble* on board **do**
- 7: **if** pebble is white **then** add pebble to Q
- 8: $elseblackPebbles \leftarrow blackPebbles + 1$
- 9: T \leftarrow result of preforming the flip Pebbles procedure on Q and blackPebbles.
- 10: any BlackRemaing \leftarrow True if number of black remaining in T>0, False otherwise
- 11: $R \leftarrow number of iterations in T and anyBlackRemaining$
- 12: return R

Algorithm 2 Flip Pebbles: Belongs to Solver Class

- 1: **procedure** FLIPPEBBLES
- 2: **Input:** Queue of pebbles to flip, Q, and number of remaining black pebbles, blackPebbles.
- 3: **Output:** Number of iterations that pebble representations are replaced and the remaining number of black pebbles.
- 4: **if** Q is empty **then**
- 5: $\mathbf{return}\ 0$ (number of iterations) and remaining number of black pebbles
- 6: $R \leftarrow \emptyset$ (Queue)
- 7: $remaining \leftarrow blackPebbles$
- 8: **for** each pebble p in Q **do**
- 9: Change color of p's black neighbors to white and add them to R.
- 10: Decrement *remaining* by 1 for each black neighbor flipped
- 11: $T \leftarrow \text{result of performing the flipPebbles procedure on } R \text{ and } remaining.$
- 12: Add 1 to number of number of iterations in T
- 13: return T