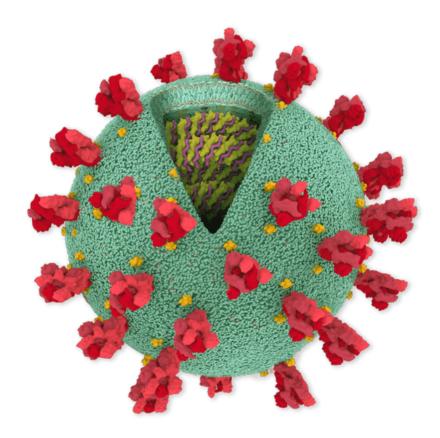
# Bad News Wrapped in Protein: Inside the Coronavirus Genome

By Jonathan Corum and Carl Zimmer April 3, 2020



A virus is "simply a piece of bad news wrapped up in protein," the biologists Jean and Peter Medawar wrote in 1977.

In January, scientists deciphered a piece of very bad news: the genome of SARS-CoV-2, the virus that causes Covid-19. The sample came from a 41-year-old man who worked at the seafood market in Wuhan where the first cluster of cases appeared.

Researchers are now racing to make sense of this viral recipe, which could inspire drugs, vaccines and other tools to fight the ongoing pandemic.

# A String of RNA

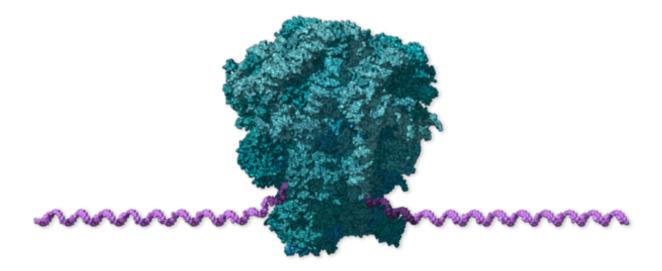
Viruses must hijack living cells to replicate and spread. When the coronavirus finds a suitable cell, it injects a strand of RNA that contains the entire coronavirus genome.



The genome of the new coronavirus is less than 30,000 "letters" long. (The human genome is over 3 billion.) Scientists have identified genes for as many as 29 proteins, which carry out a range of jobs from making copies of the coronavirus to suppressing the body's immune responses.

The first sequence of RNA letters reads:

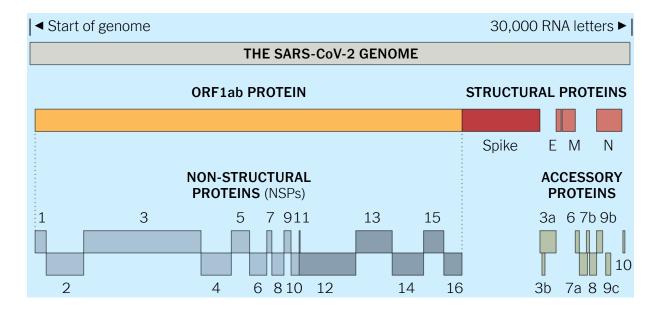
This sequence recruits machinery inside the infected cell to read the RNA letters — a, c, q and u — and translate them into coronavirus proteins.



The full coronavirus genome and the proteins it encodes are shown below.

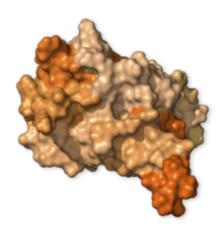
#### A Chain of Proteins · ORF1ab

The first viral protein created inside the infected cell is actually a chain of 16 proteins joined together. Two of these proteins act like scissors, snipping the links between the different proteins and freeing them to do their jobs.



Research on other coronaviruses has given scientists a good understanding of what some of the SARS-CoV-2 proteins do. But other proteins are far more mysterious, and some might do nothing at all.

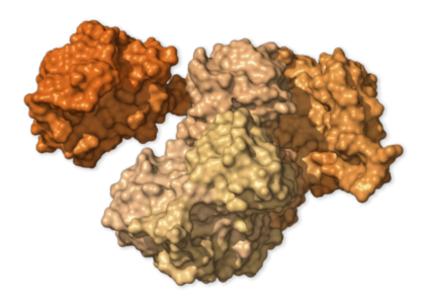
#### Cellular Saboteur · NSP1



This protein slows down the infected cell's production of its own proteins. This sabotage forces the cell to make more virus proteins and prevents it from assembling antiviral proteins that could stop the virus.

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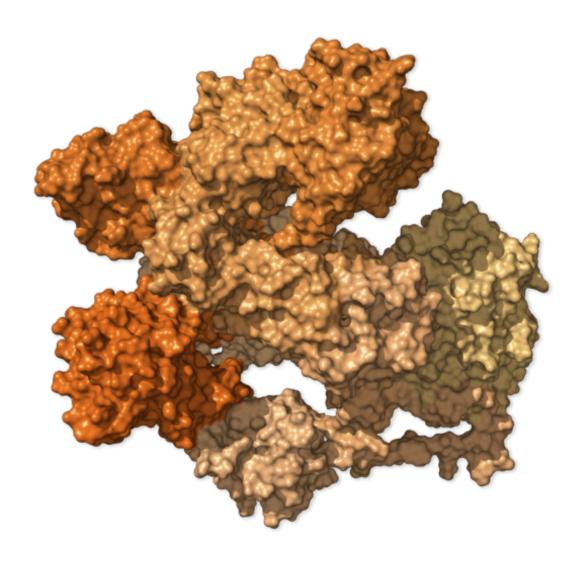
# **Mystery Protein** · NSP2



Scientists aren't sure what NSP2 does. The other proteins it attaches to may offer some clues. Two of them help move molecule-filled bubbles called endosomes around the cell.

agguuccgaaggucuuaaugacaaccuucuugaaauacuccaaaaagagaaagucaacaucaauauugu uqquqacuuuaaacuuaauqaaqaqaucqccauuauuuuqqcaucuuuuucuqcuuccacaaquqcuuu aguuacaaaaggaaaagcuaaaaaaggugccuggaauauuggugaacagaaaucaauacugaguccucuu uaugcauuugcaucagaggcugcucguguuguacgaucaauuuuucucccgcacucuugaaacugcucaa aauucuquqcququuuuacaqaaqqccqcuauaacaauacuaqauggaauuucacaguauucacugagacuc auuqauqcuauqauquucacaucuqauuuqqcuacuaacaaucuaquuquaauqqccuacauuacaqquqqu guuguucaguugacuucgcaguggcuaacuaacaucuuuggcacuguuuaugaaaaacucaaacccguc cuuqauuqqcuuqaaqaqaaquuuaaqqaaqquuucuuaqaqacqquuqqqaaauuquuaaauu uaucucaaccuquqcuuquqaaauuqucqquqqacaaauuqucaccuquqcaaaqqaaauuaaqqaqaququ ucagacauucuuuaagcuuguaaauaaauuuuuggcuuugugugcugacucuaucauuauugguggagcua aacuuaaaqccuuqaauuuaqquqaaacauuuqucacqcacucaaaqqqauuquacaqaaaququuua aauccagagaagaaacuggccuacucaugccucuaaaagccccaaaagaaauuaucuucuuagagggaga aacacuucccacagaaguguuaacagaggaaguugucuugaaaacuggugauuuacaaccauuagaaca accuacuaquqaaqcuquuqaaqcuccauuqquuqquacaccaquuuquauuaacqqqcuuauquuqcucqa aaqqcqqu

# **Untagging and Cutting** · NSP3



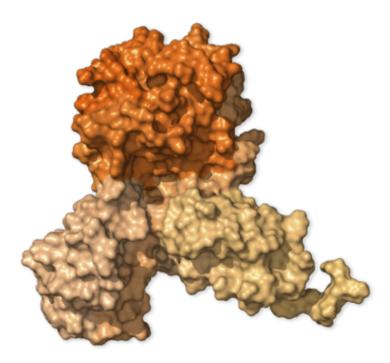
NSP3 is a large protein that has two important jobs. One is cutting loose other viral proteins so they can do their own tasks. It also alters many of the infected cell's proteins.

Normally, a healthy cell tags old proteins for destruction. But the coronavirus can remove those tags, changing the balance of proteins and possibly reducing the cell's ability to fight the virus.

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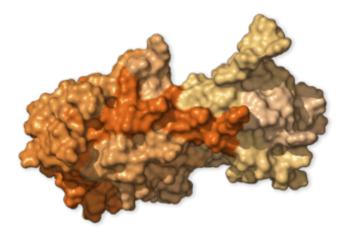
#### **Bubble Maker** · NSP4



Combining with other proteins, NSP4 helps build fluid-filled bubbles within infected cells. Inside these bubbles, parts for new copies of the virus are constructed.

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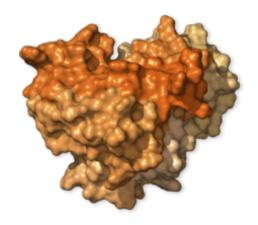
#### **Protein Scissors** · NSP5



This protein makes most of the cuts that free other NSP proteins to carry out their own jobs.

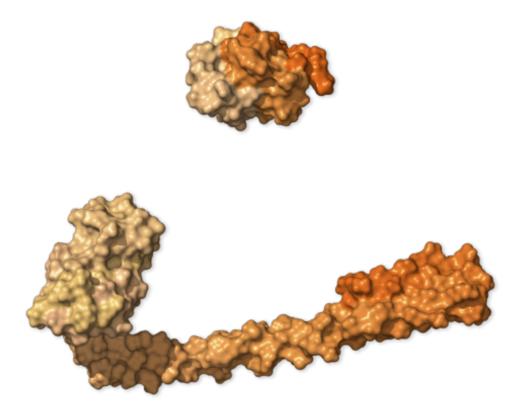
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## **Bubble Factory** · NSP6



#### Works with NSP3 and NSP4 to make virus factory bubbles.

# **Copy Assistants** · NSP7 and NSP8

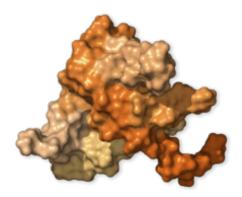


These two proteins help NSP12 make new copies of the RNA genome, which can ultimately end up inside new viruses.

ucuaaaaugucagauguaaagugcacaucaguagucuuacucucaguuuugcaacaacucagaguagaauca ucaucuaaauugugggcucaauguguccaguuacacaaugacauucucuuagcuaaagauacuacugaagc cuuugaaaaaaaugguuucacuacuuucuguuuugcuuuccaugcagggugcuguagacauaaacaagcuu ugugaagaaaugcuggacaacagggcaaccuuacaa

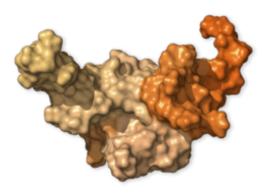
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#### At the Heart of the Cell · NSP9



This protein infiltrates tiny channels in the infected cell's nucleus, which holds our own genome. It may be able to influence the movement of molecules in and out of the nucleus — but for what purpose, no one knows.

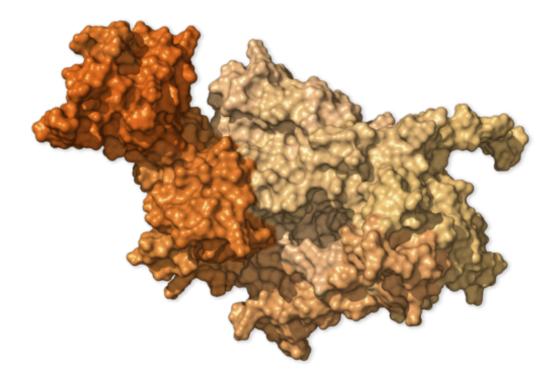
#### **Genetic Camouflage** · NSP10



Human cells have antiviral proteins that find viral RNA and shred it. This protein works with NSP16 to camouflage the virus's genes so that they don't get attacked.

gcugguaaugcaacagaagugccugccaauucaacuguauuaucuuucugugcuuuugcuguagaugcugcu aaagcuuacaaagauuaucuagcuagugggggacaaccaaucacuaauuguguuaagauguuguguacacac acugguacuggucaggcaauaacaguuacaccggaagccaauauggaucaagauccuuugguggugcaucg uguugucuguacugccacauagaucauccaaauccuaaaggauuuuugugacuuaaaagguaaguau guacaaauaccuacaacuugugcuaaugacccuguggguuuuacacuuaaaaacacagucuguaccgucugc gquauquqqaaaagguuauggcuquaguugugaucaacuccgcgaacccaugcuucag

# **Copy Machine** · NSP12



This protein assembles genetic letters into new virus genomes. Researchers have found that the antiviral remdesivir interferes with NSP12 in other coronaviruses, and trials are now underway to see if the drug can treat Covid-19.

As the infected cell reads the RNA sequence for NSP12:

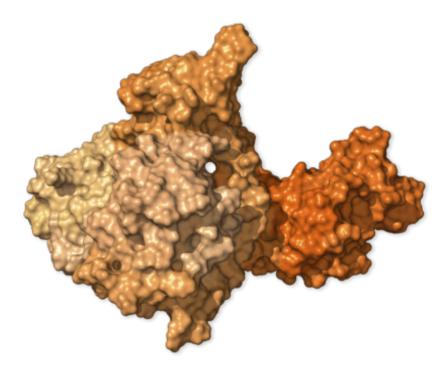
ucagcugaugcacaaucguuuuuaaaca...

#### It slips a little, then continues reading:

... ccquqcqqcacaqqcacuaquacuqauqucquauacaqqqcuuuuqacaucuacaauqauaaaquaqcu gguuuugcuaaauuccuaaaaacuaauuguugucgcuuccaagaaaaggacgaagaugacaauuuaauugau ucuuacuuuguaguuaagagacacacuuucucuaacuaccaacaugaagaaacaauuuauaauuuacuua aggauuguccagcuguugcuaaacaugacuucuuuaaguuuagaauagacggugacaugguaccacauauau cacgucaacgucuuacuaaauacacaauggcagaccucgucuaugcuuuaaggcauuuugaugaaggua auuquqacacauuaaaagaaauacuuqucacauacaauuguuquqaugaugauuauuucaauaaaaaggacu gguaugauuuuguagaaaacccagauauauuacgcguauacgccaacuuaggugaacguguacgccaagcuu uguuaaaaacaguacaauucugugaugccaugcgaaaugcugguauuguugguguacugacauuagaua aucaaqaucucaauqquaacuqquauqauuucqquqauuucauacaaaccacqccaqquaquqqaquuc cuquuquaqauucuuauuauucauuquuaauqccuauauuaaccuuqaccaqqqcuuuaacuqcaqaqucac auguugacacugacuuaacaaagccuuacauuaagugggauuuguuaaaauaugacuucacggaagaggu uaaaacucuuugaccguuauuuuaaauauugggaucagacauaccacccaaauuguguuaacuguuuggaug acagaugcauucugcauugugcaaacuuuaauguuuuauucucuacaguguucccaccuacaaguuuuggac cacuaquqaqaaaaauauuuquuqauqquuuccauuuquaquuucaacuqqauaccacuucaqaqaqcuaq ququuquacauaaucaqqauquaaacuuacauaqcucuaqacuuaquuuuaaqqaauuacuuququauqcuq cuqacccuqcuauqcacqcuqcuucuqquaaucuauuacuaqauaaacqcacuacquqcuuuucaquaqcuq cacuuacuaacaauguugcuuuucaaacugucaaacccgguaauuuuaacaaagacuucuaugacuuugcug ugucuaaggguuucuuuaaggaaggaaguucuguugaauuaaaacacuucuucuuugcucaggauggua augcugcuaucagcgauuaugacuacuaucguuauaaucuaccaacaauququqauaucagacaacuacuau uuquaquuqaaquuquuqauaaquacuuuqauuquuacqauqquuqucuquauuaauqcuaaccaaqucaucq ucaacaaccuagacaaaucagcugguuuuccauuuaauaaaugggguaaggcuagacuuuauuaugauuca augaguuaugaggaucaagaugcacuuuucgcauauacaaaacguaaugucaucccuacuauaacucaa augaaucuuaaguaugccauuagugcaaagaauagagcucgcaccguagcuggugucucuaucuguaguacu augaccaauagacaguuucaucaaaaauuauugaaaucaauagccgccacuagaggagcuacuguagua auuggaacaagcaaauucuauggugguuggcacaacauguuaaaaacuguuuauagugauguagaaaacc cucaccuuauqqquuqqqauuauccuaaauquqauaqaqccauqccuaacauqcuuaqaauuauqqccucac uuguucuugcucgcaaacauacaacguguuguagcuugucacaccguuucuauagauuagcuaaugagugug cucaaguauugagugaaauggucauguggggguucacuauauguuaaaccagguggaaccucaucaggag augccacaacugcuuaugcuaauaguguuuuuaacauuugucaagcugucacggccaauguuaaugcacu uuuaucuacugaugguaacaaaauugccgauaaguauguccgcaauuuacaacacagacuuuaugagugucu cuauagaaauagagauguugacacagacuuugugaaugaguuuuacgcauauuugcguaaacauuucuca augaugauacucucugacgaugcuguuguguguuucaauagcacuuaugcaucucaaggucuaguggcuagc auaaagaacuuuaagucaguucuuuauuaucaaaacaauguuuuuaugucugaagcaaaauguuggacugag acugaccuuacuaaaggaccucaugaauuuugcucucaacauacaaugcuaguuaaacagggugaugauuau ququaccuuccuuacccaqauccaucaaqaauccuaqqqqccqqcuquuuuquaqauqauaucquaaaa acagaugguacacuuaugauugaacgguucgugucuuuagcuauagaugcuuacccacuuacuaaacauc cuaaucaggaguaugcugaugucuuucauuuguacuuacaauacauaagaaagcuacaugaugaguuaacag gacacauguuagacauguauucuguuaugcuuacuaaugauaacacuucaagguauugggaaccugagu uuuaugaggcuauguacacaccgcauacagucuuacag

Another sequence, NSP11, overlaps part of the same stretch of RNA. But it's not clear if the tiny protein encoded by this gene has any function at all.

# **Unwinding RNA** · NSP13

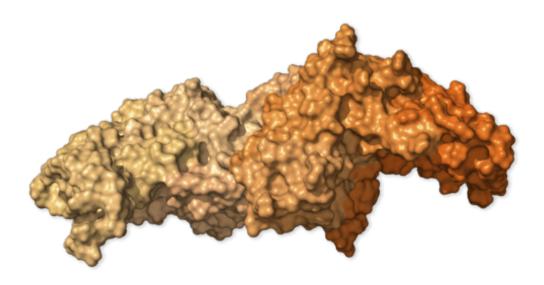


Normally, virus RNA is wound into intricate twists and turns. Scientists suspect that NSP13 unwinds it so that other proteins can read its sequence and make new copies.

qcuquuqqqcuuquucuuuqcaauucacagacuucauuaagauquqquqcuuqcauacquaqaccauuc uuauguuguaaaugcuguuacgaccaugucauaucaacaucacauaaauuagucuugucuguuaauccguau guuugcaaugcuccagguugugaugucacagaugugacucaacuuuacuuaqqaqquauqaqcuauuauuqu aaaucacauaaaccacccauuaquuuuccauuququqcuaauqqacaaquuuuuqquuuauauaaaaauaca uququuqquaqcqauaauquuacuqacuuuaauqcaauuqcaacauquqacuqqacaaauqcuqquqauuac auuuuagcuaacaccuquacugaaagacucaagcuuuuugcagcagaaacgcucaaagcuacugaggagaca uuuaaacugucuuaugguauugcuacuguacgugaagugcugucugacagagaauuacaucuuucaugg qaaquuqquaaaccuaqaccaccacuuaaccqaaauuauqucuuuacuqquuaucququaacuaaaaacaqu acaacuuacaaauuaaauquuqquqauuauuuuquqcuqacaucacauacaquaauqccauuaaquqcaccu acacuagugccacaagagcacuauguuagaauuacuqqcuuauacccaacacucaauaucucagauqaqu uuucuaqcaauquuqcaaauuaucaaaaqquuqquauqcaaaaquauucuacacuccaqqqaccaccuq quacuqquaaqaqucauuuuqcuauuqqccuaqcucucuacuacccuucuqcucqcauaququauacaqcuu gcucucauqccqcuquuqauqcacuauquqaqaaqqcauuaaaauauuuqccuauaqauaaauquaquaqa auuauaccuqcacquqcucququaqaququuuuqauaaauucaaaquqaauucaacauuaqaacaquauquc uuuuquacuquaaauqcauuqccuqaqacqacaqcaqauauaquuqucuuuqauqaaauuucaauqqccaca aauuaugauuuqaququuqucaauqccaqauuacquqcuaagcacuauququacauuqqcqacccuqcuca auuaccugcaccacgcacauugcuaacuaagggcacacuagaaccaqaauauuucaauucaquququaqacu uauqaaaacuauaqquccagacauquuccucqgaacuuqucqqcquuquccuqcuqaaauuquuqacacuqu gaquqcuuuqguuuauqauaauaaqcuuaaaqcacauaaaqacaaaucaqcucaauqcuuuaaaauguu uuauaaqqququuaucacqcauqauquuucaucuqcaauuaacaqqccacaaauaqqcquqquaaqaqa auuccuuacacguaacccugcuuggagaaaagcugucuuuauuucaccuuauaauucacagaauqcuguaqc cucaaagauuuugggacuaccaacucaaacuguugauucaucacagggcucagaauaugacuaugucauauu

cacucaaaccacugaaacagcucacucuuguaauguaaacagauuuaauguugcuauuaccagagcaaa aguaggcauacuuugcauaaugucugauagagaccuuuaugacaaguugcaauuuacaagucuugaaauuc cacquaggaauguggcaacuuuacaa

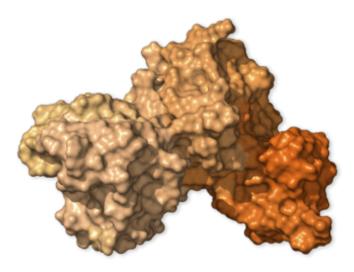
#### Viral Proofreader · NSP14



As NSP12 duplicates the coronavirus genome, it sometimes adds a wrong letter to the new copy. NSP14 cuts out these errors, so that the correct letter can be added instead.

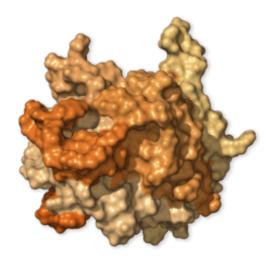
qcuqaaaauquaacaqqacucuuuaaaqauuquaquaaqquaaucacuqqquuacauccuacacaqqcaccu acacaccucaguguuqacacuaaauucaaaacuqaagguuuauguguuqacauaccuqgcauaccuaaggac augaccuauagaagacucaucucuaugauggguuuuaaaaugaauuaucaaguuaaugguuacccuaacaug uuuaucacccgcgaagaagcuauaagacauguacgugcauggauuggcuucgaugucgaggggugucaugcu acuagagaagcuguugguaccaauuuaccuuuacagcuagguuuuucuacagguguuaaccuaguuqcuqua ccuacagguuauguugauacaccuaauaauacagauuuuuccagaguuagugcuaaaccaccgccuggagau caauuuaaacaccucauaccacuuauguacaaaggacuuccuuggaauguagugcguauaaagauuguaca aauguuaagugacacacuuaaaaaucucucugacagagucguauuugucuuaugggcacauggcuuugagu ugacaucuaugaaguauuuugugaaaauaggaccugagcgcaccuguugucuaugugauagacgugccacau gcuuuuccacugcuucagacacuuaugccuguuggcaucauucuauuggauuugauuacgucuauaauc cquuuauqauqauquucaacaauqqqquuuuacaqquaaccuacaaaqcaaccauqaucuquauuquca aguccaugguaaugcacauguagcuaguugugaugcaaucaugacuaggugucuagcuguccacgagugcuu uquuaaqcququuqacuqqacuauuqaauauccuauaauuqquqauqaacuqaaqauuaauqcqqcuuquaq aaagguucaacacaugguuguuaaagcugcauuauuagcagacaaauucccaguucuucacgacauuggua acccuaaaqcuauuaaququaccucaaqcuqauquaqaauqqaaquucuauqauqcacaqccuuquaquq acaaaqcuuauaaaauaqaaqaauuauucuauucuuauqccacacauucuqacaaauucacaqauqquau cuuuuqauaaaagugcuuuuguuaauuuaaaacaauuaccauuuuucuauuacucugacaguccaugugagu cucauqqaaaacaaquaququcaqauauaqauuauquaccacuaaaqucuqcuacququauaacacquuqca auuuaqquqquqcuqucuquaqacaucauqcuaauqaquacaqauuquaucucqauqcuuauaacauqauqa ucucagcuggcuuuagcuuguggguuuacaaacaauuugauacuuauaaccucuggaacacuuuuacaagac

# **Cleaning Up** · NSP15



Researchers suspect that this protein chops up leftover virus RNA as a way to hide from the infected cell's antiviral defenses.

# **More Camouflage** · NSP16



NSP16 works with NSP10 to help the virus's genes hide from proteins that chop up viral RNA.

## **Spike Protein** · S

The spike protein is one of four structural proteins — S, E, M and N — that form the outer layer of the coronavirus and protect the RNA inside. Structural proteins also help assemble and release new copies of the virus.



The S proteins form prominent spikes on the surface of the virus by arranging themselves in groups of three. These crownlike spikes give coronaviruses their name.



Part of the spike can extend and attach to a protein called ACE2 (in yellow below), which appears on particular cells in the human airway. The virus can then invade the cell.

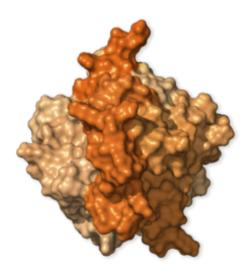


The gene for the spike protein in SARS-CoV-2 has an insertion of 12 genetic letters: ccucggcggca. This mutation may help the spikes bind tightly to human cells — a crucial step in its evolution from a virus that infected bats and other species.

# A number of scientific teams are now designing vaccines that could prevent the spikes from attaching to human cells.

auguuuguuuuucuuguuuuauugccacuagucucuagucaguguguuaaucuuacaaccagaacucaauua cccccuqcauacacuaauucuuucacacquqququuuauuacccuqacaaaquuuucaqauccucaquu uuacauucaacucaggacuuguucuuaccuuucuuuuccaauguuacuugguuccaugcuauacaugucucu gggaccaaugguacuaagagguuugauaacccuguccuaccauuuaaugaugguguuuauuuugcuuccacu gagaagucuaacauaauaagaggcuggauuuuugguacuacuuuagauucgaagacccagucccuacuuauu guuaauaacgcuacuaauguuguuauuaaagucugugaauuucaauuuuguaaugauccauuuuugggugu uuauuaccacaaaaacaacaaaaguuggauggaaagugaguucagaguuuauucuagugcgaauaauugcac uuuugaauaugucucucagccuuuucuuauggaccuugaaggaaaacaggguaauuucaaaaaucuuagg gaauuuguguuuaagaauauugaugguuauuuuaaaauauauucuaagcacacgccuauuaauuuagugcgu gaucucccucaggguuuuucggcuuuagaaccauugguagauuugccaauagguauuaacaucacuaggu uucaaacuuuacuugcuuuacauaqaaquuauuugacuccuggugauucuucuucagguuggacagcug guqcuqcaqcuuauuauquqqquuaucuucaaccuaqqacuuuucuauuaaaauaauqaaaauqqaacca uuacagaugcuguagacugugcacuugacccucucucagaaacaaaguguacguugaaauccuucacuguag caaacuugugcccuuuuggugaaguuuuuaacgccaccagauuugcaucuguuuaugcuuggaacagga agagaaucagcaacuguguugcugauuauucuguccuauauaauuccgcaucauuuuuccacuuuuaagugu uauggagugucuccuacuaaauuaaaugaucucugcuuuacuaaugucuaugcagauucauuuguaauuaga ggugaugaagucagacaaaucgcuccagggcaaacuggaaagauugcugauuauaauuauaaauuaccagau gauuuuacaggcugcguuauagcuuggaauucuaacaaucuugauucuaagguuggugguaauuauaauuac cgguagcacaccuuguaaugguguugaagguuuuaauuguuacuuuccuuuacaaucauaugguuucca aacuguuuguggaccuaaaaagucuacuaauuugguuaaaaacaaaugugucaauuucaacuucaauggu uuaacaggcacagguguucuuacugagucuaacaaaaaguuucugccuuuccaacaauuuggcagagacauu gcugacacuacugaugcuguccgugauccacagacacuugagauucuugacauuacaccauguucuuuuggu ggugucaguguuauaacaccaggaacaaauacuucuaaccagguugcuguucuuuaucaggauguuaacugc acagaaqucccuquuqcuauucauqcagaucaacuuacuccuacuuqqcququuuauucuacaqquucua auguuuuucaaacacgugcaggcuguuuaauaggggcugaacaugucaacaacucauaugagugugacauac ccauuggugcagguauaugcgcuaguuaucagacucagacuaauucuccucggcgggcacguaguguagcua gucaauccaucauugccuacacuaugucacuuggugcagaaaauucaguugcuuacucuaauaacucuauug ccauacccacaaauuuuacuauuaguguuaccacagaaauucuaccagugucuaugaccaagacaucaguag auuquacaauquacauuuquqquqauucaacuqaauqcaqcaaucuuuuquuqcaauauqqcaquuuuuqua cacaauuaaaccquqcuuuaacuqqaauaqcuquuqaacaaqacaaaaacacccaaqaaquuuuuqcaca agucaaacaaauuuacaaaacaccaccaauuaaagauuuuggugguuuuaauuuuucacaaauauuaccaga uccaucaaaaccaagcaagaggucauuuauugaagaucuacuuuucaacaaagugacacuugcagaugcug gcuucaucaaacaauauggugauugccuuggugauauugcugcuagagaccucauuugugcacaaaagu uuaacggccuuacuguuuugccaccuuugcucacagaugaaaugauugcucaauacacuucugcacugu uagcggguacaaucacuucugguuggaccuuuggugcaggugcugcauuacaaauaccauuugcuaugca caaccaauuuaauagugcuauuggcaaaauucaagacucacuuucuuccacagcaagugcacuuggaaa acuucaagauguggucaaccaaaaugcacaagcuuuaaacacgcuuguuaaacaacuuagcuccaauuu uqquqcaauuucaaququuuuaaauqauauccuuucacqucuuqacaaaquuqaqqcuqaaquqcaaauuqa aaucagagcuucugcuaaucuugcugcuacuaaaaugucagaguguguacuuggacaaucaaaaagagu ugugacuuaugucccugcacaagaaaagaacuucacaacugcuccugccauuugucaugauggaaaagcaca cuuuccucquqaaqququcuuuquuucaaauqqcacacacuqquuuquaacacaaaqqaauuuuuauqa accacaaaucauuacuacagacaacacauuugugucugguaacugugauguuguaauaggaauugucaaca acacaguuuaugauccuuugcaaccugaauuagacucauucaaggaggaguuagauaaauauuuuaaga aucauacaucaccagauguugauuuaggugacaucucuggcauuaaugcuucaguuguaaacauucaaa aaqaaauuqaccqccucaauqaqquuqccaaqaauuuaaauqaaucucucaucqaucuccaaqaacuuqqa aaquauqaqcaquauauaaaauqqccauqquacauuuqqcuaqquuuuauaqcuqqcuuqauuqccauaqua auggugacaauuaugcuuugcuguaugaccaguugcuguaguugucucaagggcuguuguucuuguggauc cugcugcaaauuugaugaagacgacucugagccagugcucaaaggagucaaauuacauuacacauaaac gaacuu

# Escape Artist · ORF3a

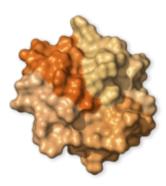


The SARS-CoV-2 genome also encodes a group of so-called "accessory proteins." They help change the environment inside the infected cell to make it easier for the virus to replicate.

The ORF3a protein pokes a hole in the membrane of an infected cell, making it easier for new viruses to escape. It also triggers inflammation, one of the most dangerous symptoms of Covid-19.

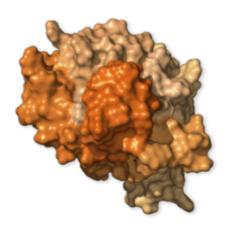
ORF3b overlaps the same RNA, but scientists aren't sure if SARS-CoV-2 uses this gene to make proteins.

# **Envelope Protein** · E



The envelope protein is a structural protein that helps form the oily bubble of the virus. It may also have jobs to do once the virus is inside the cell. Researchers have found that it latches onto proteins that help turn our own genes on and off. It's possible that pattern changes when the E protein interferes.

#### **Membrane Protein** · M



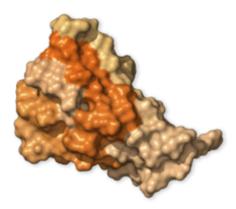
#### Another structural protein that forms part of the outer coat of the virus.

# Signal Blocker · ORF6



This accessory protein blocks signals that the infected cell would send out to the immune system. It also blocks some of the cell's own virus-fighting proteins, the same ones targeted by other viruses such as polio and influenza.

#### Virus Liberator · ORF7a

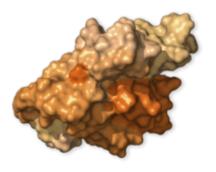


When new viruses try to escape a cell, the cell can snare them with proteins called tetherin. Some research suggests that ORF7a cuts down an infected cell's supply of tetherin, allowing more of the viruses to escape. Researchers have also found that the protein can trigger infected cells to commit suicide — which contributes to the damage Covid-19 causes to the lungs.

augaaaauuauucuuuucuuggcacugauaacacucgcuacuugugagcuuuaucacuaccaagagugugu uagagguacaacaguacuuuuaaaagaaccuugcucuucuggaacauacgagggcaauucaccauuucauc cucuagcugauaacaaauuugcacugacuugcuuuagcacucaauuugcuuuugcuuuugccugacggcgua aaacacgucuaucaguuacgugccagaucaguuucaccuaaacuguucaucagacaagaggaaguucaaga acuuuacucuccaauuuuuucuuauuguugcggcaauaguguuuauaacacuuugcuucacacucaaaaga aagacagaaugauugaacuuucauuaauugacuucuuuuugguucucacuugaacugcaagaucauaaugaaacuugucacgccu aaacgaac

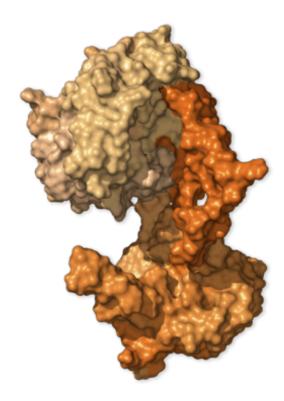
ORF7b overlaps this same stretch of RNA, but it's not clear what, if anything, the gene does.

# **Mystery Protein** · ORF8

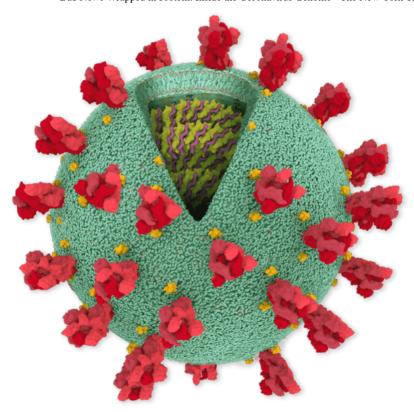


The gene for this accessory protein is dramatically different in SARS-CoV-2 than in other coronaviruses. Researchers are debating what it does.

# **Nucleocapsid Protein** · N

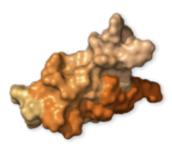


The N protein protects the virus RNA, keeping it stable inside the virus. Many N proteins link together in a long spiral, wrapping and coiling the RNA:



auqucuqauaauqqaccccaaaaucaqcqaaauqcaccccqcauuacquuuqquqqacccucaqauuca acuqqcaquaaccaqaauqqaqaacqcaquqqqqcqcqaucaaaacaacqucqqccccaaqquuuaccca auaauacuqcgucuugguucaccgcucucacucaacauggcaaggaagaccuuaaauucccucgaggaca aggcquuccaauuaacaccaauagcaguccagaugaccaaauuggcuacuaccgaagagcuaccagacga auucquqquqacqquaaaauqaaaqaucucaquccaaqauqquauuucuacuaccuaqqaacuqqqc caqaaqcuqqacuucccuauqquqcuaacaaaqacqqcaucauauqqquuqcaacuqaqqqaqccuuqa auacaccaaaaqaucacauuqqcacccqcaauccuqcuaacaauqcuqcaaucquqcuacaacuuccuca aggaacaacauugccaaaaggcuucuacgcagaagggagcagaggcggcagucaagccucuucucguuc cucaucacquaqucqcaacaquucaaqaaauucaacuccaqqcaqcaquaqqqqaacuucuccuqcuaqa auggcuggcaauggcggugaugcugcucuugcuuugcugcugcuugacagauugaaccagcuugagagca aaauqucuqquaaaqqccaacaacaacaaqqccaaacuqucacuaaqaaaucuqcuqcuqaqqcuucua agaagccucqgcaaaaacquacuqccacuaaagcauacaauquaacacaagcuuucqqcagacquqquc cagaacaaacccaaggaaauuuuggggaccaggaacuaaucagacaaggaacugauuacaaacauuggc cqcaaauuqcacaauuuqcccccaqcqcuucaqcquucuucqqaauqucqcqcauuqqcauqqaaqucacac cuucqqqaacquqquuqaccuacacaqquqccaucaaauuqqauqacaaaqauccaaauuucaaaqauca aqucauuuuqcuqaauaaqcauauuqacqcauacaaaacauucccaccaacaqaqccuaaaaaqqacaa aaaqaaqaaqqcuqauqaaacucaaqccuuaccqcaqaqacaqaaqaaacaqcaaacuquqacucuucuuc cuqcuqcaqauuuqqauqauuucuccaaacaauuqcaacaauccauqaqcaquqcuqacucaacucaqqc cuaaacucauqcaqaccacacaaqqcaq

The accessory proteins ORF9b and ORF9c overlap this same stretch of RNA. ORF9b blocks interferon, a key molecule in the defense against viruses, but it's not clear if ORF9c is used at all.



Close relatives of the SARS-CoV-2 virus don't have the gene for this tiny accessory protein, so it's hard to know what it's for yet — or even if the virus makes proteins from it.

#### **End of the Line**



The coronavirus genome ends with a snippet of RNA that stops the cell's protein-making machinery. It then trails away as a repeating sequence of aaaaaaaaaaaaa

Note: The four letters of DNA are A, C, G and T. In RNA molecules like the coronavirus genome, the T (thymine) is replaced with U (uracil).

Sources: Fan Wu et al., Nature; National Center for Biotechnology Information; Dr. David Gordon, University of California, San Francisco; Dr. Matthew B. Frieman and Dr. Stuart Weston, University of Maryland School of Medicine; Dr. Pleuni Pennings, San Francisco State University; Journal of Virology; Annual Review of Virology.

Model sources: Coronavirus by Maria Voight, RCSB Protein Data Bank; Ribosome from Heena Khatter et al., Nature; Proteins from Yang Zhang's Research Group, University of Michigan.