1. (diffeq:sep1)

Find a solution to the initial value problem

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = e^y x^3$$

$$y(0) = 0$$

2. (diffeq:sep2)

Find a solution to the initial value problem

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = (1+y^2)e^x$$

$$y(0) = 0$$

3. (diffeq:sep3)

Find a solution to the initial value problem

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = y\sqrt{y^2 - 1}\cos(x)$$

$$y(0) = 1$$

4. (diffeq:sep4)

Find the general solution to the differential equation

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = x^2 + y^2 x^2$$

5. (diffeq:sep5)

Find the general solution to the differential equation

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{e^y \sqrt{1 - x^2}}$$

6. (diffeq:sep6)

Find the general solution to the differential equation

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{e^y(1+x^2)}$$

7. (diffeq:sep7)

Find a solution to the initial value problem

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \sqrt{1 - y^2} \sec^2(x)$$

$$y(0) = 0$$

8. (diffeq:fol1)

Find the general solution to the differential equation (for $x \neq 0$)

$$x\frac{dy}{dx} = -y + x$$

9. (diffeq:fol2)

Find the general solution to the differential equation

$$\frac{1}{2x}\frac{dy}{dx} = y + e^{x^2}$$

10. (diffeq:fol3)

Find a solution to the initial value problem

$$x\frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = \frac{\cos(x)}{x}$$
$$y(\pi) = 1$$

11. (diffeq:fol4)

Find a solution to the initial value problem

$$\cos(x)\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 - \sin(x)y$$
$$y(0) = 1$$

12. (diffeq:fol5)

Find a solution to the initial value problem

$$x\frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = -\frac{\sin(x)}{x}$$
$$y(\frac{\pi}{2}) = 1$$

13. (diffeq:twoBranches)

Find a solution to the initial value problem

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = (y-1)\frac{1}{x}$$
$$y(-1) = 0$$

14. (diffeq:fol6)

Find the general solution to the differential equation

$$\cos(x)\frac{dy}{dx} = y + \sin(x) + 1$$

where we assume that $\frac{-\pi}{2} < x < \frac{\pi}{2}$.

15. (diffeq:fol7)

Find the general solution to the differential equation

$$\frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{1}{x^2 - 1}y = \frac{3}{2}\sqrt{1 + x}$$

where we assume that x > 1.

16. (diffeq:fol8)

Find a solution to the initial value problem

$$x^{2} \frac{dy}{dx} - 2xy = x^{4} \cos(x)$$
$$y(\pi) = 1$$

17. (diffeq:fol9)

Find a solution to the initial value problem

$$(1+x^2)\arctan(x)\frac{dy}{dx} = (1+x^2)e^x - y$$
$$y(\tan(1)) = e^{\tan(1)}$$

18. (diffeq:fol10)

Find a particular solution to the differential equation

$$\frac{1+x^3}{3x^2}\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 - y(x)$$
$$y(1) = 2$$