

Inspection Questions

LET 2

1. U2C1L1:F1

Leadership is _____.
guiding and influencing others

2. U2C1L1:Q1

Leaders are born, not made.
Disagree

3. U2C1L1:Q2

JROTC leadership opportunities are available only to fourth year Cadets.
Disagree

4. U2C1L1:Q4

There is only one effective way to lead.
Disagree

5. U2C1L1:Q8

Effective leadership results from a leader's ability to provide purpose, direction, and _____.
Motivation

6. U2C1L1:H1

What examples can you find of leadership opportunities in JROTC?

7. U2C1L1:V1

_____ is a style of leadership where leaders make decisions alone.
Autocratic

8. U2C1L1:V6

An innate talent is something you _____.
are born with

9. U2C1L1:V7

A style of leadership where leaders do not interfere or do not provide direction is _____.
laissez-faire

10. U2C1L1:V9

_____ is the act of inspiring others to accomplish something.
Motivation

11. U2C1L2:Q1

T or F: Empathy is feeling sorry for someone.
False

12. U2C1L2:F1

The three hallmarks of leadership attributes are _____.
character, presence, and intellect

13. U2C1L2:Q2

A strong sense of Army values can help leaders to _____.
make good decisions

14. U2C1L2:Q5

Leaders who are _____ will be better able to handle stress and long work hours.
physically fit

15. U2C1L2:Q7

Leaders who are involved in tasks where the situation changes a lot will draw on their attributes of _____.
mental agility and innovation

16. U2C1L3:F1

Leadership competencies are the same as leadership _____.
skills

17. U2C1L3:Q3

Nico is a new Cadet leader. He wants to build trust among his team members. Which of the following three actions will help him build trust?

Get to know team members, be fair with everyone, prove his own
trustworthiness

18. U2C1L3:Q2

T or F: When you are NOT in a leadership role, you can use your leadership skills indirectly to influence and motivate.

True

19. U2C1L3:Q1

When you lead others on short-term, immediate tasks, you should expect _____ from team members.

compliance

20. U2C1L2:V2

_____ is special knowledge and skill developed from experience, training, and education.

Expertise

21. U2C1L3:V4

A staff that is micromanaged is _____.

controlled with excessive attention to minor details

22. U2C1L3:V2

_____ is the act of obeying or doing what you are told.

Compliance

23. U2C1L3:V1

The definition of commitment is _____.
involvement, engagement, or dedication

24. U2C1L3:Q7

T or F: Effective leaders make clear plans. That's why they never need to adjust the plans to achieve their goals.

False

25. U2C1L3:V6

When you steward something, you _____.
manage or take care of it

26. U2C1L4:F1

Leadership styles are about _____.
the behaviors you use to influence others

27. U2C1L4:Q11

What is the participating style of leadership?

They seek advice from others yet still make the final decisions and are responsible for those decisions.

28. U2C1L4:Q9

Explain the directing style of leadership.

They tell their team what to do, how to do it, and when and where to get it done. These leaders do not get ideas from others, and they supervise the team closely.

29. U2C1L4:V3

_____ is a style of leadership where the leader tells others what to do and how to do it.

Directing

30. U2C1L4:V5

_____ is a style of leadership where the leader consults with others before making decisions.
Participating

31. U2C1L4:V2

_____ is a style of leadership where the leader gives some decision-making authority to others.
Delegating

32. U2C1L4:Q7

What are the three leadership styles?
Directing, Participating, Delegating

33. U2C1L4:V1

Another word for skilled is _____.
competent

34. U2C1L1:V10

The reason for doing something is the _____.
C) purpose

35. U2C1L3:Q4

Maxine wants to encourage her team members to take ownership of a project. Which of the following should she do?
Encourage team members to take initiative.