



Responsive Design and Bootstrap

Web application with HTML and CSS



Overview





- 1. Responsive Design
- 2. Bootstrap Overview
- 3. Bootstrap Components





Section 1

RESPONSIVE DESIGN





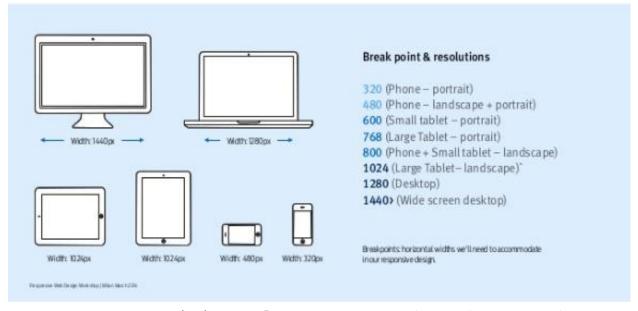
- ➤ **Responsive** web design allows you to use CSS and HTML to resize, hide, shrink, enlarge, or move the content to make it look good on any screen.
- The viewport is the user's visible area of a web page.
- ➤ HTML5 introduced a method to let web designers take control over the viewport, through the <meta> tag.

```
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
```





Break point: CSS breakpoints are points where the website content responds according to the device width, allowing you to show the best possible layout to the user.







Media Queries is a CSS technique introduced in CSS3. It uses the @media rule to include a block of CSS properties only if a certain condition is true.







- Media Queries is a CSS technique introduced in CSS3. It uses the @media rule to include a block of CSS properties only if a certain condition is true.
- The @media rule is used in media queries to apply different styles for different media types/devices.
- Media queries can be used to check many things, such as:
 - width and height of the viewport
 - width and height of the device
 - orientation (is the tablet/phone in landscape or portrait mode?)
 - resolution





Syntax of media query

```
@media not|only mediatype and (mediafeature and|or|not
mediafeature) {
    CSS-Code;
}
```

```
@media (max-width: 768px) {

.example-class {
    margin: 0 auto !important;
    padding: 0 !important;
}

THEN THIS IS WHAT THIS CLASS
SHOULD DO
```





> Media types

Value	Description
all	Default. Used for all media type devices
print	Used for printers
screen	Used for computer screens, tablets, smart-phones etc.
speech	Used for screenreaders that "reads" the page out loud





Section 2

BOOTSTRAP

Introduce Bootstrap





- Bootstrap is a free front-end framework for faster and easier web development.
- Bootstrap includes HTML and CSS based design templates for typography, forms, buttons, tables, navigation, modals, image carousels and many other, as well as optional JavaScript plugins.
- Bootstrap also gives you the ability to easily create responsive designs

Advantages of Bootstrap



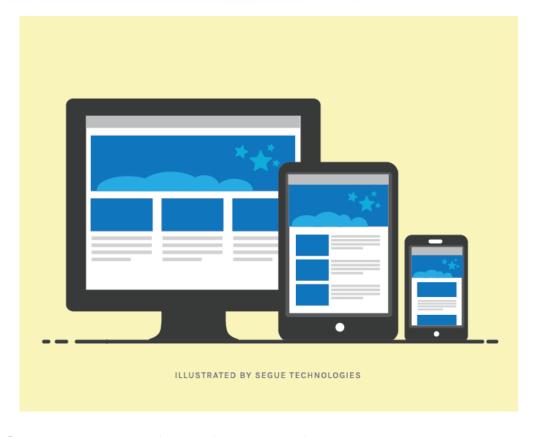


- 1. Easy to use
- 2. Responsive features
- 3. Mobile-first approach
- 4. Browser compatibility





- Design a website such that it can support multiple devices
- Support means it has to display cleanly, easy to follow for users
- Boostrap support Responsive under the hood: xs, md, lg...

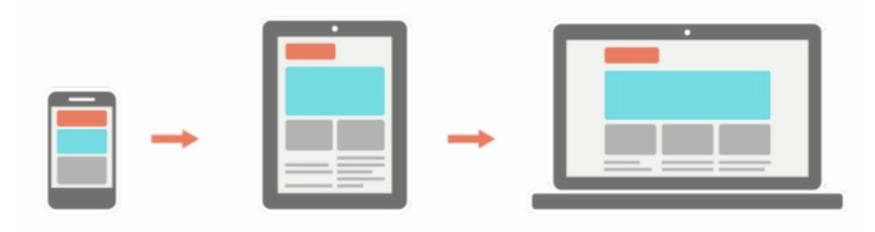


Mobile First Design





Mobile First Web Design



Setup Boostrap 4





- ➤ There are 3 ways to start using Bootstrap 4 on your own web site:
 - Include Bootstrap 4 from a CDN
 - Download Bootstrap 4 from getbootstrap.com

Setup Bootstrap 4





Bootstrap 4 CDN: MaxCDN provides CDN support for Bootstrap's CSS and JavaScript. You must also include jQuery

```
<!-- Latest compiled and minified CSS -->
<link rel="stylesheet" href="https://maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com/bootstrap/4.5.0/css/bootstrap.min.css">
<!-- jQuery library -->
<script src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/3.5.1/jquery.min.js"></script>
<!-- Popper JS -->
<script src="https://cdnjs.cloudflare.com/ajax/libs/popper.js/1.16.0/umd/popper.min.js"></script>
<!-- Latest compiled JavaScript -->
<script src="https://maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com/bootstrap/4.5.0/js/bootstrap.min.js"></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></script></
```

Setup Bootstrap 4





- > Advantage of using the Bootstrap 4 CDN:
 - Easy to setup
 - No need to download locally

Setup Bootstrap 4





- Download Bootstrap 4: Download ready-to-use compiled code for Bootstrap v4.5.0 to easily drop into your project, which includes:
 - Compiled and minified CSS bundles
 - Compiled and minified JavaScript plugins







Section 3

BOOTSTRAP COMPONENTS

Layout – Container





Syntax:

```
<div class="container">
  <!-- Content here -->
</div>
```

```
<div class="container-fluid">
...
</div>
```

 Use .container-fluid for a full width container, spanning the entire width of the viewport





➤ Bootstrap 4 Grid System: Bootstrap's grid system is built with flexbox and allows up to 12 columns across the page.

span 1	span 1	span 1	span 1	span 1	span 1	span 1	span 1	span 1	span 1	span 1	span 1
span 4			span 4			span 4					
span 4			span 8								
span 6			span 6								
span 12											





> How it works

- Bootstrap's grid system uses a series of containers, rows, and columns to layout and align content.
- It's built with flexbox and is fully responsive.

```
One of three columns
                           One of three columns
                                                      One of three columns
<div class="container">
  <div class="row">
    <div class="col-sm">
      One of three columns
    </div>
    <div class="col-sm">
      One of three columns
    </div>
    <div class="col-sm">
      One of three columns
    </div>
  </div>
</div>
```





- ➤ Grid Classes: The Bootstrap 4 grid system has five classes
 - .col- (extra small devices screen width less than 576px)
 - .col-sm- (small devices screen width equal to or greater than 576px)
 - .col-md- (medium devices screen width equal to or greater than 768px)
 - .col-lg- (large devices screen width equal to or greater than 992px)
 - .col-xl- (xlarge devices screen width equal to or greater than 1200px)





Basic Structure of a Bootstrap 4 Grid

```
<!-- Control the column width, and how they should appear on different devices -->
<div class="row">
  <div class="col-*-*"></div>
  <div class="col-*-*"></div>
</div>
<div class="row">
  <div class="col-*-*"></div>
  <div class="col-*-*"></div>
  <div class="col-*-*"></div>
</div>
<!-- Or let Bootstrap automatically handle the layout -->
<div class="row">
 <div class="col"></div>
  <div class="col"></div>
  <div class="col"></div>
</div>
```





➤ Three Equal Columns: The following example shows how to create three equal-width columns, on all devices and screen widths

```
.col .col .col
```

```
<div class="row">
    <div class="col">.col</div>
    <div class="col">.col</div>
    <div class="col">.col</div>
    </div>
```





Responsive Columns

- The following example shows how to create four equal-width columns starting at tablets and scaling to extra large desktops.
- On mobile phones or screens that are less than 576px wide, the columns will automatically stack on top of each other

```
.col-sm-3 .col-sm-3 .col-sm-3
```

```
<div class="row">
    <div class="col-sm-3">.col-sm-3</div>
    <div class="col-sm-3">.col-sm-3</div>
    <div class="col-sm-3">.col-sm-3</div>
    <div class="col-sm-3">.col-sm-3</div>
    <div class="col-sm-3">.col-sm-3</div>
</div>
```





➤ Two Unequal Responsive Columns: The following example shows how to get two various-width columns starting at tablets and scaling to large extra desktops

```
.col-sm-4 .col-sm-8
```

```
<div class="row">
    <div class="col-sm-4">.col-sm-4</div>
    <div class="col-sm-8">.col-sm-8</div>
</div>
```

Typography – Headings





All HTML headings, <h1> through <h6>, are available

Heading	Example
<h1></h1>	h1. Bootstrap heading
<h2></h2>	h2. Bootstrap heading
<h3></h3>	h3. Bootstrap heading
<h4></h4>	h4. Bootstrap heading
<h5></h5>	h5. Bootstrap heading
<h6></h6>	h6. Bootstrap heading

Typography – Headings





Classes .h1 through .h6 are also available

h1. Bootstrap heading

h2. Bootstrap heading

h3. Bootstrap heading

h4. Bootstrap heading

h5. Bootstrap heading

h6. Bootstrap heading

```
class="h1">h1. Bootstrap heading
h2. Bootstrap heading
h3. Bootstrap heading
h4. Bootstrap heading
h5. Bootstrap heading
h5. Bootstrap heading
h6. Bootstrap heading
```

Typography – Text alignment





 Easily realign text to components with text alignment classes Left aligned text on all viewport sizes.

Center aligned text on all viewport sizes.

Right aligned text on all viewport sizes.

Left aligned text on viewports sized SM (small) or wider.

Left aligned text on viewports sized MD (medium) or wider.

Left aligned text on viewports sized LG (large) or wider.

Left aligned text on viewports sized XL (extra-large) or wider.

```
class="text-left">Left aligned text on all viewport sizes.
class="text-center">Center aligned text on all viewport sizes.
class="text-right">Right aligned text on all viewport sizes.
class="text-sm-left">Left aligned text on viewports sized SM (small) or wider.
class="text-md-left">Left aligned text on viewports sized MD (medium) or wider
class="text-lg-left">Left aligned text on viewports sized LG (large) or wider.
class="text-xl-left">Left aligned text on viewports sized XL (extra-large) or viewports
```

Typography – Text transform





Transform text in components with text capitalization classes

lowercased text.

UPPERCASED TEXT.

CapiTaliZed Text.

```
Lowercased text.
Uppercased text.
CapiTaliZed text.
```

Copy

Typography – Lists





 Unstyled: Remove the default list-style and left margin on list items

```
Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet
 Consectetur adipiscing elit
 Integer molestie lorem at massa
 Facilisis in pretium nisl aliquet
 Nulla volutpat aliquam velit
  <l>
    Phasellus iaculis neque
    Purus sodales ultricies
    Vestibulum laoreet porttitor sem
    Ac tristique libero volutpat at
  Faucibus porta lacus fringilla vel
 Aenean sit amet erat nunc
 Eget porttitor lorem
```

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet Consectetur adipiscing elit Integer molestie lorem at massa Facilisis in pretium nisl aliquet Nulla volutpat aliquam velit

- Phasellus iaculis neque
- Purus sodales ultricies
- · Vestibulum laoreet porttitor sem
- Ac tristique libero volutpat at

Faucibus porta lacus fringilla vel Aenean sit amet erat nunc Eget porttitor lorem

Typography – Lists





Inline: Remove a list's bullets and apply some light margin with a combination of two classes, .listinline and .list-inline-item

Lorem ipsum Phasellus iaculis Nulla volutpat

```
  Lorem ipsum
  Phasellus iaculis
  Nulla volutpat
```

Common Components – Navigation Bar





- Navigation Bar is a section of a graphical user interface intended to aid visitors in accessing information
- Require a wrapping .navbar with .navbar-expand{-sm|-md|-lg|-xl}

Navbar Home Link Dropdown ▼ Disabled Search Search

Common Components – Breadcrumb





 Indicate the current page's location within a navigational hierarchy that automatically adds separators via CSS.

Home
Home / Library
Home / Library / Data

Common Components – Tables





- Table represents tabular data
- Bootstrap 4 support for table by adding .table class to any element

#	First	Last	Handle
1	Mark	Otto	@mdo
2	Jacob	Thornton	@fat
3	Larry the Bird		@twitter

Common Components – Forms





 Bootstrap provides several form control styles, layout options, and custom components for creating a wide variety of forms.

Email address	
Enter email	
We'll never share your email with anyone else.	
Password	
Password	
☐ Check me out	
Submit	

Common Components – Forms





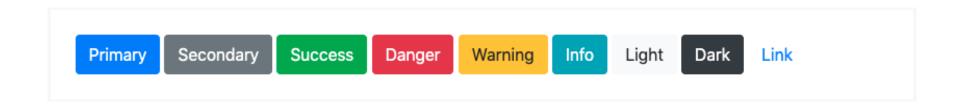
- Form controls: Textual form controls like <input>s, <select>s, and <textarea>s—are styled with the .form-control
- Default checkboxes and radios are improved upon with the help of .form-check

Common Components – Buttons





- Bootstrap includes several predefined button styles, each serving its own semantic purpose
- Add .btn-lg or .btn-sm for additional sizes
- Make buttons look inactive by adding the disabled boolean attribute to any <button> element



Common Components – Images





Images in Bootstrap are made responsive with .img-fluid (max-width: 100%; and height: auto;)

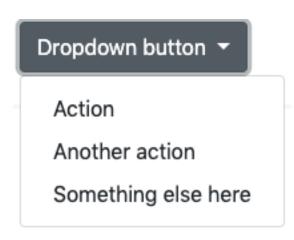


Common Components – Dropdown





- Dropdowns are toggleable, contextual overlays for displaying lists of links and more
- JavaScript is required for Dropdown



Common Components – Dropdown





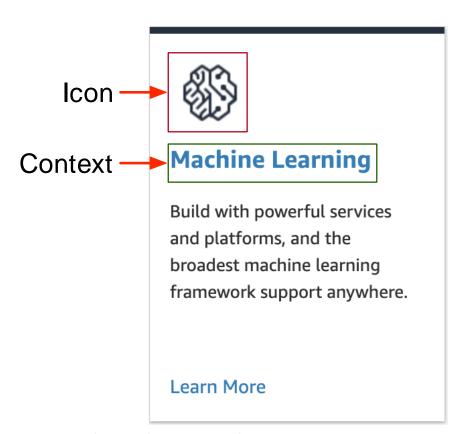
- Wrap the dropdown's toggle (your button or link) and the dropdown menu within .dropdown
- Add .dropdown-item to each item and .dropdown-menu to the menu

Icons





- Icons provide graphical information to user
- Help users to quickly understand the context



How to add Icons?





- Two common ways to add Icons:
 - 1. Using Boostrap Icons
 - 2. Using Font-Awesome

Using Font Awesome





- Download Font Awesome and add to web site
- Usage:



Utility Classes





- Help developer to quickly create UI
- Provide many frequently used feature such as:
 - Create Spacing
 - Enable Flex
 - Create Borders
 - Create Shadows
 - Sizing items





- Assign responsive-friendly margin or padding values to an element or a subset of its sides with shorthand classes.
- Syntax:
 - {property}{sides}-{size} for xs
 - {property}{sides}-{breakpoint}-{size} for sm, md, lg, and xl
- Where property is one of:
 - m for classes that set margin
 - p for classes that set padding





Side is one of:

- t for classes that set margin-top or padding-top
- b for classes that set margin-bottom or padding-bottom
- I for classes that set margin-left or padding-left
- r for classes that set margin-right or padding-right
- x for classes that set both *-left and *-right
- y for classes that set both *-top and *-bottom
- blank for classes that set a margin or padding on all 4 sides of the element





Where size is one of:

- 0 for classes that eliminate the margin or padding by setting it to 0
- 1 (by default) for classes that set the margin or padding to \$spacer
 * .25
- 2 (by default) for classes that set the margin or padding to \$spacer
 * .5
- 3 (by default) for classes that set the margin or padding to \$spacer
- 4 (by default) for classes that set the margin or padding to \$spacer
 * 1.5
- \circ 5 (by default) for classes that set the margin or padding to \$spacer * 3
- o auto for classes that set the margin to auto





• Examples:

```
mt-0 {
 margin-top: 0 !important;
.ml-1 {
 margin-left: ($spacer * .25) !important;
.px-2 {
  padding-left: ($spacer * .5) !important;
  padding-right: ($spacer * .5) !important;
.p-3 {
  padding: $spacer !important;
```





Thank you