

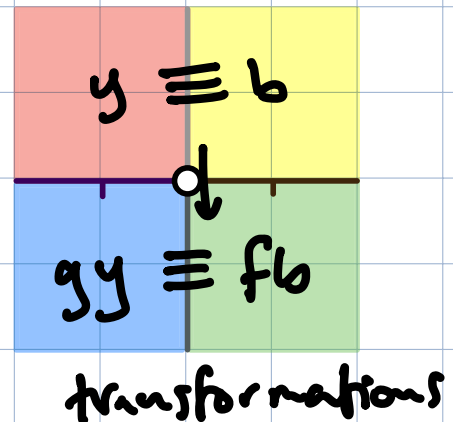
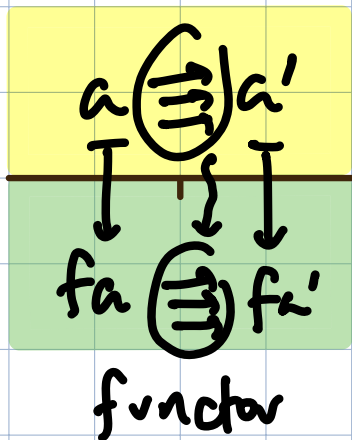
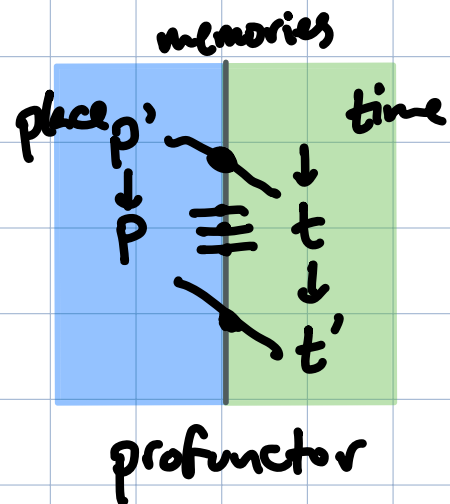
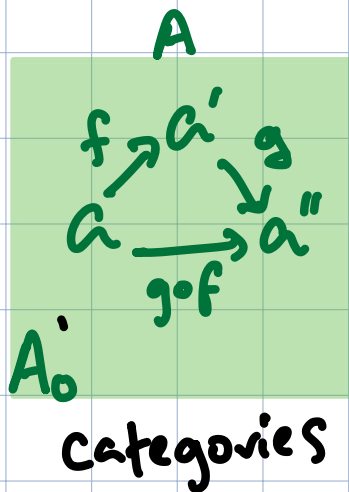
# logic in color

## Category Theory

(slow down, back to basics)

let  $\mathcal{V} = \text{Set}$ .

then  $\underline{\mathcal{V}} = \text{Mod}(\text{Mat}(\text{Set})) = \text{Cat}$ .



we now have a language to explore CT.

a category  $A$

- $A_0: \text{Set}$  (objects)

- $A: \prod_{a,a': A_0} \text{Set}$

$A(a,a') = \text{set of morphisms}$

- $- \circ_A -: \prod_{a,a': A_0} \sum_{a''} A(a,a'') \times A(a'',a') \rightarrow A(a,a')$   
composition

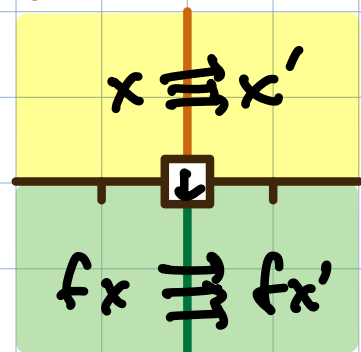
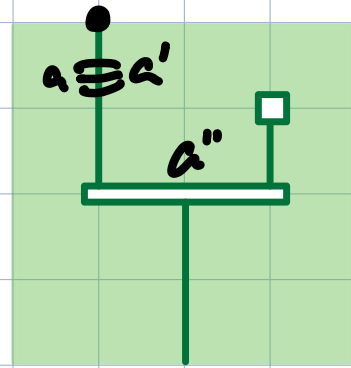
- $1_A: \prod_{a \in A_0} A(a,a)$  identity (plus axioms)

a functor  $f: X \rightarrow A$

- $\underline{f}: \prod_{x \in X} A$  function on objects

- $f: \prod_{x,x' \in X} X(x,x') \rightarrow A(fx,fx')$

- plus axioms (preserving comp & id)



a profunctor  $P: B | A$

- $P: \prod b a. \text{Set}$

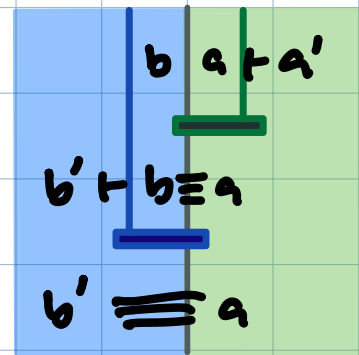
- $\ell: B P \Rightarrow P$

$$\prod b' a. \sum b. B(b', b) \times P(b, a) \rightarrow P(b', a)$$

- $r: P A \Rightarrow P$

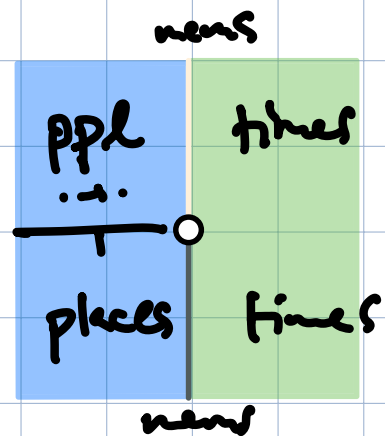
$$\prod b a'. \sum a. P(b, a) \times A(a, a') \rightarrow P(b, a')$$

- (plus axioms)



a transformation  $\gamma: P \Rightarrow Q$

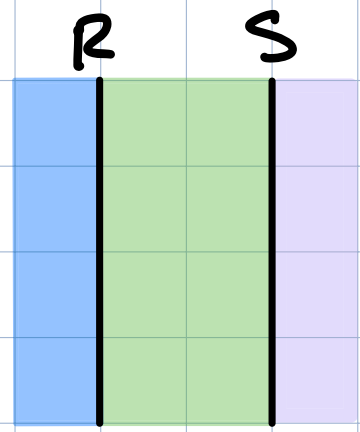
- $\gamma: \prod b a. P(b, a) \rightarrow Q(b, a)$



- (axioms for naturality)

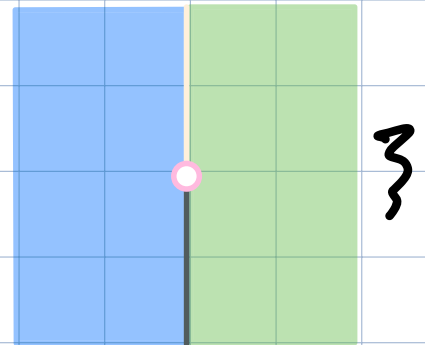
• composition

$$R \circ S = \sum_b R(a,b) \times S(b,c)$$



inference

$$R \Rightarrow T = \sum_{a,b} R(a,b) \rightarrow T(a,b)$$



so  $[A|B](R,T) = \sum_{a,b} R(a,b) \rightarrow T(a,b)$   
is a category!

•  $[A \vdash B](F,G) = \sum_a F(a) \rightarrow G(a)$   
is a category.

remember, in Rel

$$f_0(a, b) = [fa = b]$$

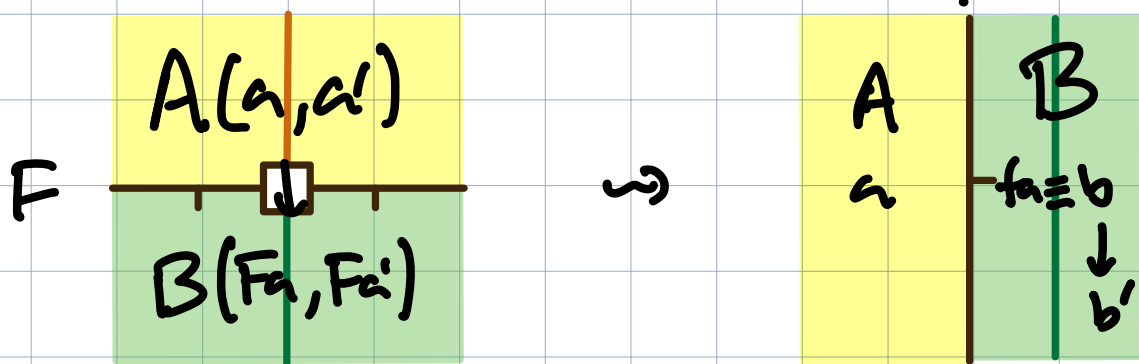
we can turn a function into a relation.

functor profunctor

puzzle

$$(\ )_0: [A+B] \vdash [A|B]$$

"representable"



$$F_0: \prod a, b. \text{Set}$$

representable  
functor:

$$(a \mapsto [b \mapsto \underline{B(fa, b)}])$$

"looking out of F"

• show  $F_0$  is a profunctor (aka module)

$$l: A F_0 \Rightarrow F_0$$

$$r: F_0 B \Rightarrow F_0$$

$$\underline{A(a, a')} \times B(fa', b) \rightarrow B(fa, b) ?$$

$$B(fa, b) \times B(b, b') \rightarrow B(fa, b') ?$$

composition in B

We can also go back!

judgements  $\rightsquigarrow$  terms

How? Think of a relation  $R: A | B$ .

$$R: A \times B \rightarrow \{0, 1\}$$

We can do this for "relations" of categories too.

$$\begin{array}{c} R \\ \downarrow \\ A \multimap B \end{array}$$

$\Pi \text{ab. Set}$

$\rightsquigarrow$

$$\frac{A^{\text{op}} \times B}{\text{Set}} \rightarrow \bar{R}$$

$$F: \Pi x. Y$$

$$A^{\text{op}}(a_1, a_2) = A(a_2, a_1)$$

$$\begin{aligned} R: A | B &\rightsquigarrow \bar{R}: A^{\text{op}} \times B \rightarrow \text{Set} \\ &= (a \mapsto (b \mapsto R(a, b))) \end{aligned}$$

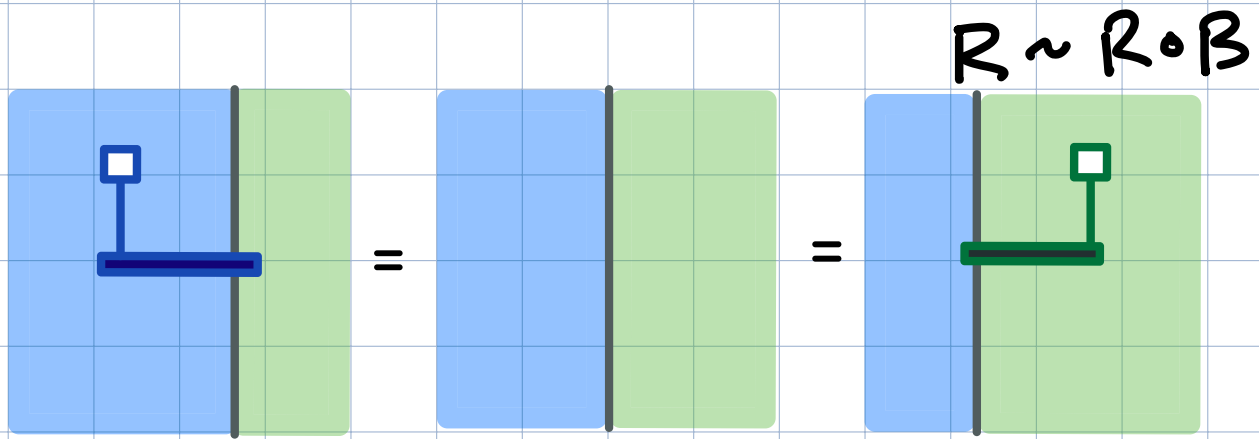
# Higher-Order Logic

$$A \times B \rightarrow C$$
$$\sim A \rightarrow [B \rightarrow C]$$

Cat is "closed":  $Q \circ X \Rightarrow R$   
 $\sim X \Rightarrow [Q/R]$

co/limits

# abstraction & realization (Yoneda & coYoneda)



$$A \circ R \sim R \sim R \circ B = \Sigma \dots$$

$$A \backslash R \sim R \sim R / B$$

$$A \xrightarrow{R} B$$