

General course learning outcomes:

- demonstrate programming techniques in the construction of computer programs, including techniques: collect create store and manipulate data in larger structures such as arrays, matrices, and lists; and use control structures, such as conditionals and loops.
- apply programming techniques to solve problems in engineering, including plotting data.
- complete a team programming assignment that ties together concepts learned in the class.

## Activity 1: Deep Plots by Jack Handy - to do in lab (team)

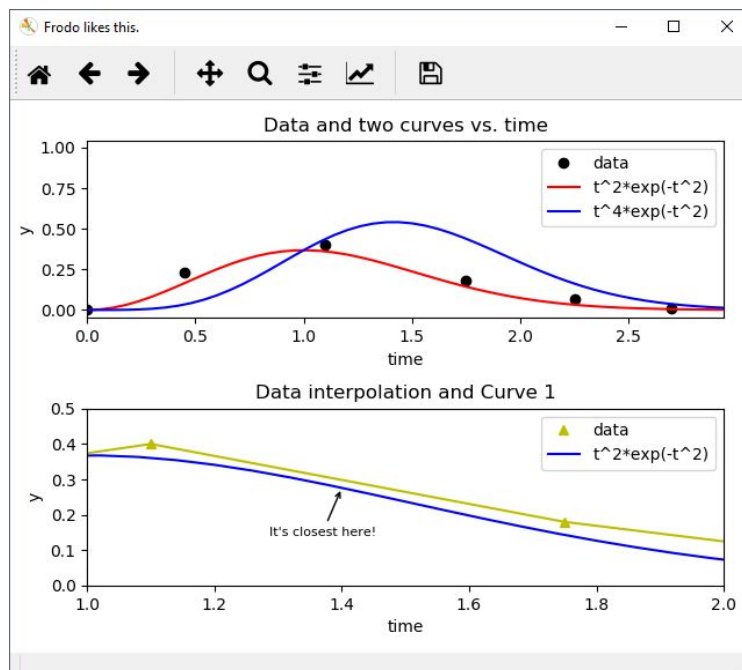
☑ Use lists, loops and matplotlib functions to create professional plots in Python.

Write a Python program to generate the following plot as exactly as possible.

Data values:  $t = [0, 0.45, 1.1, 1.75, 2.25, 2.7]$  and  $y = [0, 0.23, 0.4, 0.18, 0.07, 0.01]$

Function 1:  $y(t) = t^2 \exp(-t^2)$

Function 2:  $y(t) = t^4 \exp(-t^2)$



A few requirements and hints:

- Use a loop to solve for each function at least 50 times between 0 and 3 and store the values in a list.  
*Do not use numpy / arrays for this assignment.*
- Don't actually interpolate the data by formula for the second plot, just plot a line between data points.
- You can make the legend prettier if you'd like, but it's not required (i.e., " $t^2 \exp(-t^2)$ " instead of " $t^2 \exp(-t^2)$ ").
- Note the figure has a title, there are plot titles, axis labels and ranges, legends, an annotation and specific location (get it close to the same spot), and specific colors.
- If your figure has axes and title that are overlapping each other, try the `pyplot.tightlayout()` command directly before showing your plot.