



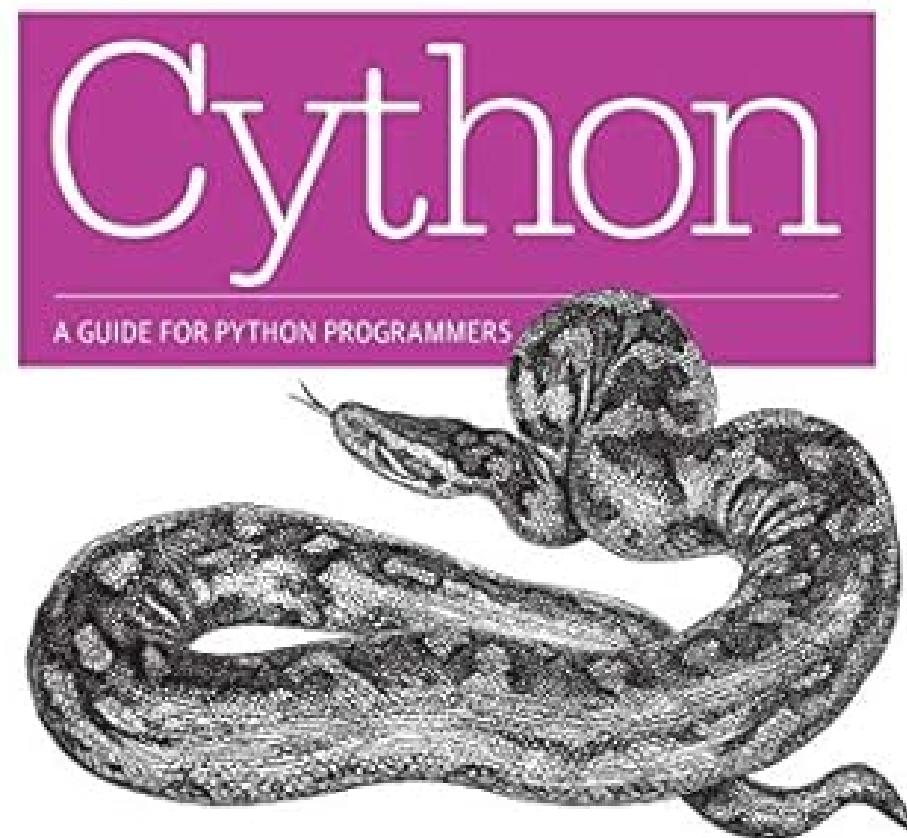
# RADICALLY IMPROVE PYTHON PERFORMANCE WITH CYTHON

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# Learn More About Cython

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Kurt W. Smith

## Cython

by Kurt W. Smith

GitHub Examples: <https://github.com/cythonbook/examples>

# Goals for this Session

- Learn why Python is slow
- Explore a Python C Extension
- Cython to the Rescue
- Explore how Cython can be used to improve Python App performance



# Cython Topics

- Why is Python slow?
- Improve Performance with Custom C Extensions
- Challenges of Custom C Extensions
- Using Cython
- Cython Development Tools
- Explore Cython Examples



# Why is Python slow?

- Interpreted language
- Dynamic typing
- Global Interpreter Lock (GIL)
- Memory management
- Lack of low-level optimization

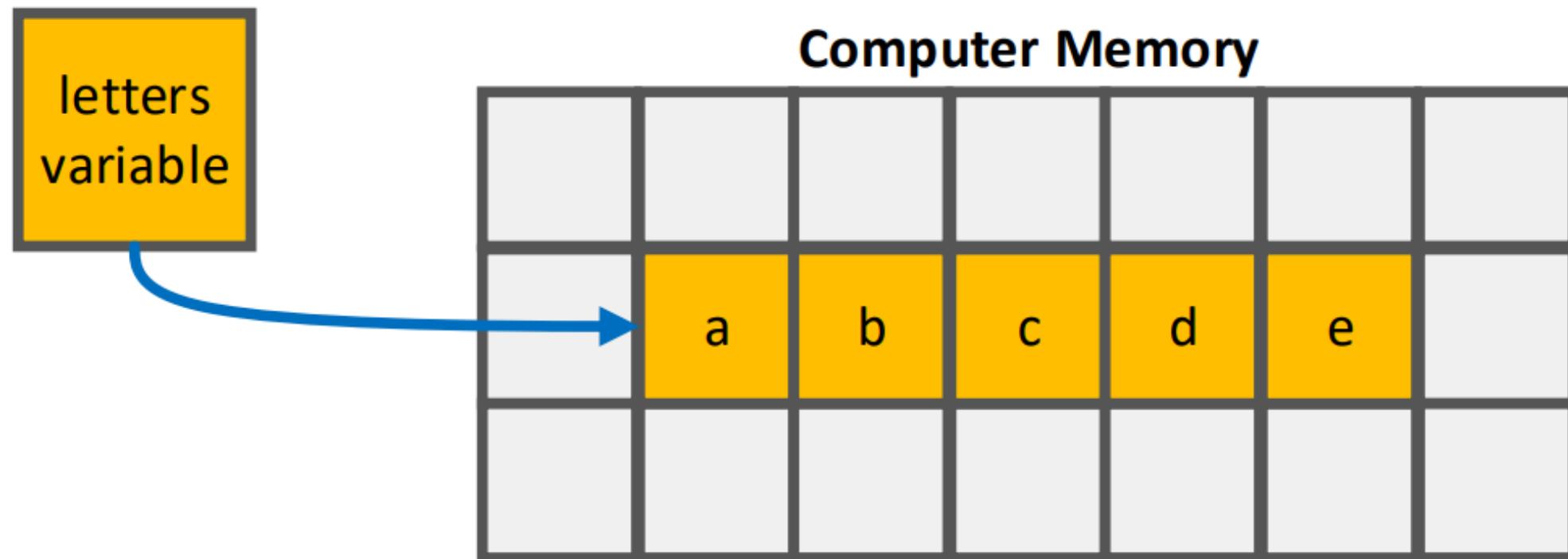


# Slow Python: An Example with the List Object

Consider the following Python List of letters:

```
letters = ['a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e']
```

How is this stored in memory? Are you thinking of something similar to this?



Guess what? Not even close...

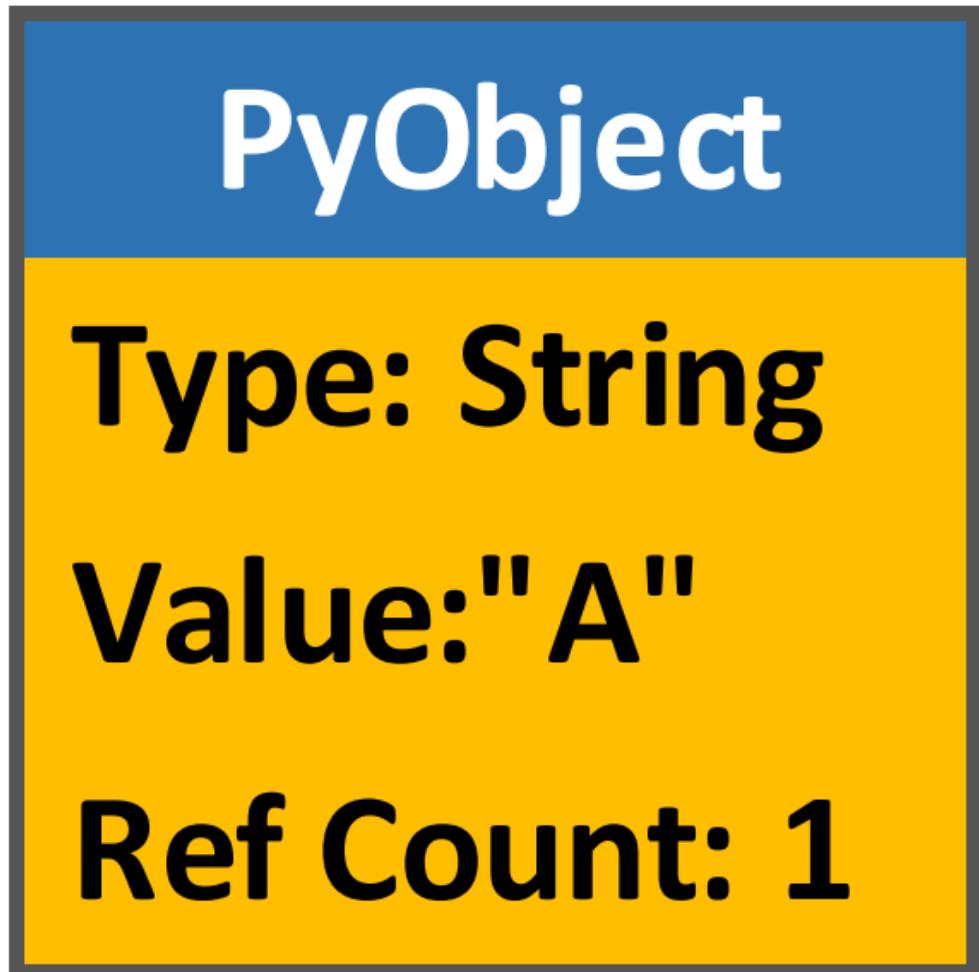
# Slow Python: Python Object

In Python, all data is an object including integers, strings, floats, etc.

Each object tracks several things including the type (int, str, float), value (1, 'a', 3.2), and the reference count (used for garbage collection)

For each object accessed at runtime, the object must be loaded from memory, its type must be examined, and then its value interpreted according to the type - this happens each time the data is used at runtime

All of this complexity is needed to make Python a dynamically typed language which makes the programmer's job a little easier at development time



# Slow Python: Python List Object

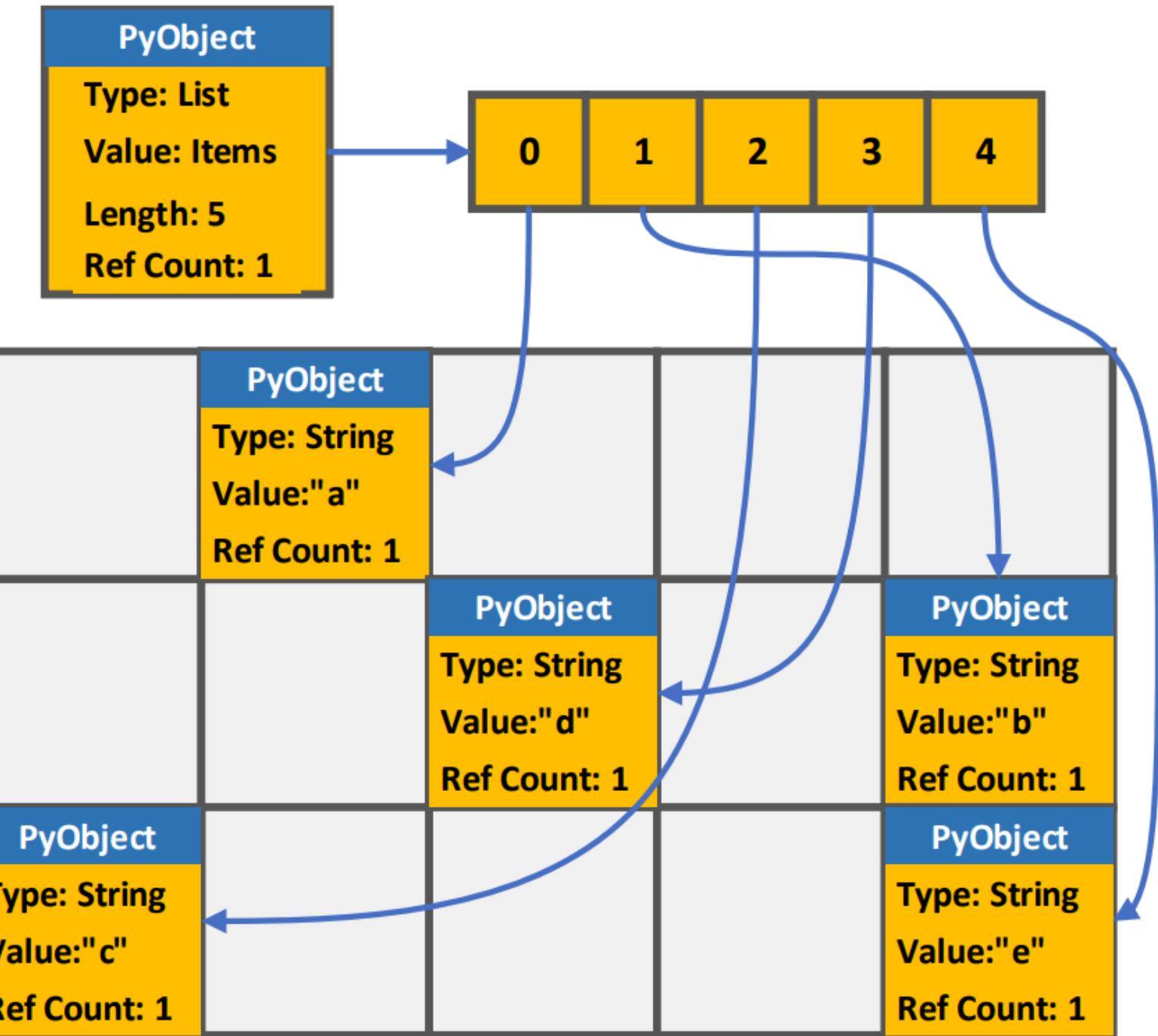
Consider the previous Python List of letters:

```
letters = ['a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e']
```

So how is this truly stored in memory?

Crazy, right?

As each element of the list is accessed,  
the list's PyObject must be dynamically  
examined, then the element must be retrieved,  
then the element's PyObject must be dynamically  
examined, and the value returned



# Is Python Slowness a Real Problem?

- Not Always
  - ▶ If the Python program primarily does I/O operations, then the real speed limitation is the I/O, not Python
  - ▶ The most expensive aspect of programming is paying programmers, Python can be easier and quicker to work with in many situations
- But Sometimes
  - ▶ Python can struggle a lot with computational and memory-intensive tasks
  - ▶ When Python is used for such tasks, libraries written in C/C++ wrapped in Python are used

# Python Performance Improving Techniques

- Specialized data structures built into Python and popular packages such a Numpy
  - ▶ Ex. array module, memory views, NumPy arrays
- CTypes
  - ▶ Call functions in a compiled C library directly
- C Extensions
  - ▶ A formal way to implement high-performance code in C that ties into the Python runtime system
- Cython
  - ▶ An optimizing static compiler that enables the programmer to write high-performance with Python itself



# Cython Overview

- Compiles Python-like code to a C extension
- Simplifies the creation of C extensions
- Provides code decorators to optimize Python code
- Leverage Python type hints to optimize code as well
- Excellent Cython, C, Python, and Python C API support in AI tools such as GitHub Copilot and ChatGPT
- Knowledge of C is helpful for reviewing generated code, but not essential for getting started

```
def do_double_nums(nums: list[int]) -> list[int]:  
    cdef long i = 0  
    cdef long nums_length = len(nums)  
    cdef list result = []  
  
    for i in range(nums_length):  
        result.append(nums[i] * 2)  
  
    return result
```

The code above is a mix of Python, Python Type Hints and Cython code decorations.

# Cython Demos



- Explore Python Performance
- Review C Extension
- Hello, World Cython
- Simple Build System
- Packaging Cython Modules
- Lists and Iteration
- Functions
- Performance Comparison
- Mandelbrot Set Example

# Programming Demo



Let's Explore Cython

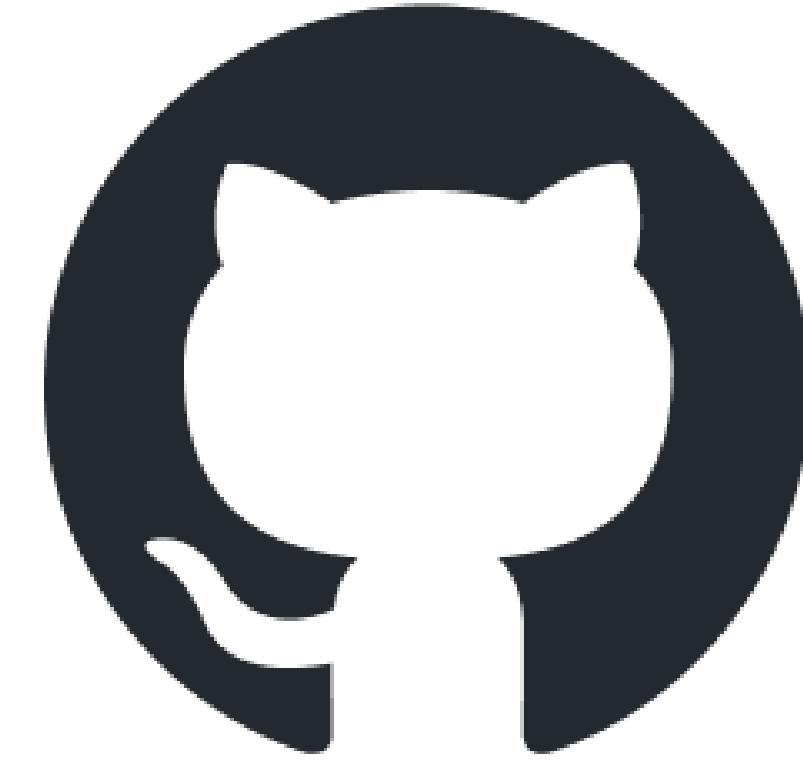
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# Cython Programming Next Steps

- Read the Cython documentation
  - ▶ <https://cython.org>
- Read a book on Cython programming, such as "Cython"
- Run the code from the webinar as GitHub Codespace and explore it on your own
- Incorporate it into your next project!



# Download the Code



[github.com/cc-xebia-webinars/cython-webinar\\_04022024](https://github.com/cc-xebia-webinars/cython-webinar_04022024)

slides and source code available

# Q&A



## Questions?

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# Thank you!



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