



EXAMEN FINAL- CIRCUITOS ELECTRICOS III

APELLIDOS:..... NOMBRES:.....
CARRERA:..... CARNET DE IDENTIDAD:.....

1.- Se aplica la señal periódica al circuito mostrado en la figura, donde además el voltaje:
 $v_2(t) = \begin{cases} 40t + 50V & 0 < t < 1s \\ 25 \cos(3t)V & t > 0 \end{cases}$ que se repite con $T=1s$. Determine el voltaje del capacitor con 4 armónicos diferentes de cero y su valor eficaz.

2.- En el circuito de la figura, se tiene un voltaje: $v_s(t) = \begin{cases} 40V & t < 0 \\ 25 \cos(3t)V & t > 0 \end{cases}$

a) Determine aplicando el teorema del valor inicial: $i_{o(0^-)}$ y verifique dicho valor con las condiciones iniciales de problema.

b) Determine para $t > 0$: $i_{o(t)}$ y verifique lo que ha hallado en el inciso a)

3.- En el circuito trifásico de la figura el voltaje de línea del generador es:

$\bar{U}_{ab} = 554.26 \angle -65^\circ V$ eficaces y secuencia negativa. Las impedancias: $Z_L = 6.5 + j4.8\Omega$;

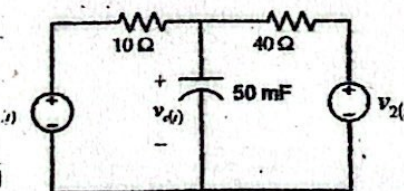
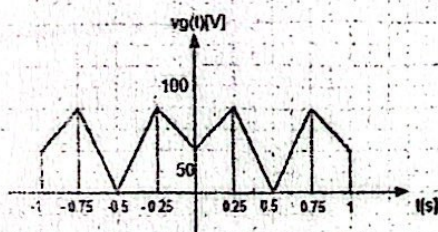
$Z_Y = 15 + j18\Omega$; $Z_A = 65 + j48\Omega$; $Z_1 = 45 + j28\Omega$; $Z_2 = 60 + j35\Omega$; $Z_3 = 85 + j50\Omega$.

a) Determine la corriente \bar{I}_3 y la potencia activa y reactiva de esa impedancia

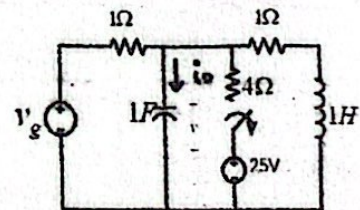
b) Determine la potencia trifásica por el método de los dos vatímetros en las líneas "b" y "c"

Las redes de dos puertos se interconectan en cascada. Determine la resistencia en la salida para una máxima transferencia de potencia y dicha potencia, si en la entrada se conecta en serie: 50 V con 5Ω

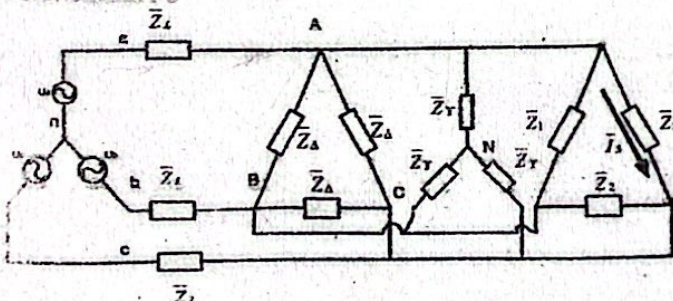
PROBLEMA 1



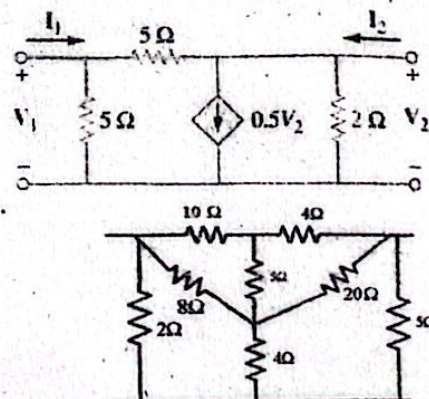
PROBLEMA 2



PROBLEMA 3

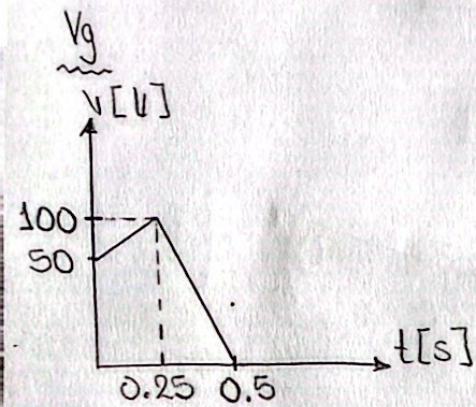


PROBLEMA 4



Examen final I/2024 Cir III

1) V_c ?



Pulso par

$$V_g(t) \begin{cases} 200t + 50 \text{ V} & 0 < t < 0.25 \text{ s} \\ -400t + 200 \text{ V} & 0.25 \text{ s} < t < 0.5 \text{ s} \end{cases}$$

$$T = 1 \text{ s}; \omega_0 = 2\pi; a = 2n\pi$$

$$C_0 = 2 \left[\int_0^{0.25} (200t + 50) dt + \int_{0.25}^{0.5} (-400t + 200) dt \right]$$

$$C_0 = 62.5$$

$$b_n = 0$$

$$a_n = 4 \left[\int_0^{0.25} (200t + 50) \cos(2n\pi t) dt + \int_{0.25}^{0.5} (-400t + 200) \cos(2n\pi t) dt \right]$$

$$a_n = 4 \left[200 \left(\frac{t}{2n\pi} \sin(2n\pi t) + \frac{1}{4n^2\pi^2} \cos(2n\pi t) \right) \Big|_0^{0.25} + 50 \left(\frac{1}{2n\pi} \sin(2n\pi t) \right) \Big|_0^{0.25} \right. \\ \left. - 400 \left(\frac{t}{2n\pi} \sin(2n\pi t) + \frac{1}{4n^2\pi^2} \cos(2n\pi t) \right) \Big|_{0.25}^{0.5} + 200 \left(\frac{1}{2n\pi} \sin(2n\pi t) \right) \Big|_{0.25}^{0.5} \right]$$

$$a_n = 4 \left[200 \left(\frac{0.125}{n\pi} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) + \frac{0.25}{n^2\pi^2} \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) - \frac{0.25}{n^2\pi^2} \right) + 50 \left(\frac{0.5}{n\pi} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) \right) \right. \\ \left. - 400 \left(\frac{0.25}{n^2\pi^2} (-1)^n - \frac{0.125}{n\pi} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) - \frac{0.25}{n^2\pi^2} \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) \right) + 200 \left(-\frac{0.5}{n\pi} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) \right) \right]$$

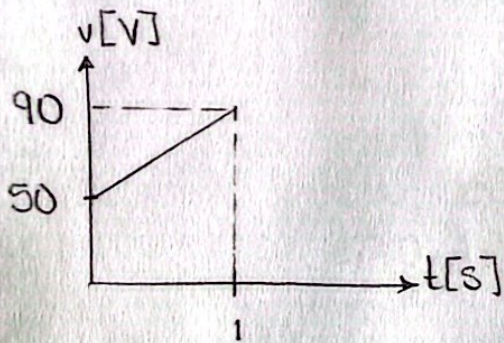
$$a_n = 4 \left[\frac{25}{n\pi} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) + \frac{50}{n^2\pi^2} \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) - \frac{50}{n^2\pi^2} + \frac{25}{n\pi} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) - \frac{100}{n^2\pi^2} (-1)^n + \frac{50}{n\pi} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) \right. \\ \left. + \frac{100}{n^2\pi^2} \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) - \frac{100}{n\pi} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) \right]$$

$$a_n = \frac{600}{n^2\pi^2} \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) - \frac{200}{n^2\pi^2} - \frac{400}{n^2\pi^2} (-1)^n$$

$$a_n = \frac{200}{n^2\pi^2} \left[3\cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right) - 1 - 2(-1)^n \right], a_n = \bar{V}_g$$

V_2

$$V_2(t) = 40t + 50V \quad 0 \leq t < 1s$$



$$T = 1s; \omega_0 = 2\pi; a = 2n\pi$$

$$C_0 = \int_0^1 40t + 50 dt \quad \boxed{C_0 = 70}$$

$$a_n = 2 \int_0^1 (40t + 50) \cos(2n\pi t) dt$$

$$a_n = 2 \left[40 \left(\frac{t}{2n\pi} \sin(2n\pi t) + \frac{1}{4n^2\pi^2} \cos(2n\pi t) \right) + 50 \left(\frac{1}{2n\pi} \sin(2n\pi t) \right) \right]_0^1$$

$$\boxed{a_n = 0}$$

$$b_n = 2 \int_0^1 (40t + 50) \sin(2n\pi t) dt$$

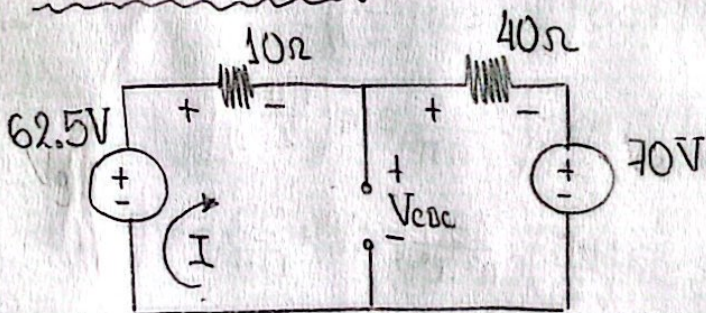
$$b_n = 2 \left[40 \left(-\frac{t}{2n\pi} \cos(2n\pi t) + \frac{1}{4n^2\pi^2} \sin(2n\pi t) \right) + 50 \left(-\frac{1}{2n\pi} \cos(2n\pi t) \right) \right]_0^1$$

$$b_n = 2 \left[40 \left(-\frac{0.5}{n\pi} \right) + 50 \left(-\frac{1}{2n\pi} + \frac{1}{2n\pi} \right) \right]$$

$$\boxed{b_n = -\frac{40}{n\pi}}$$

$$\bar{V}_2 = j \frac{40}{n\pi}$$

Análisis en DC



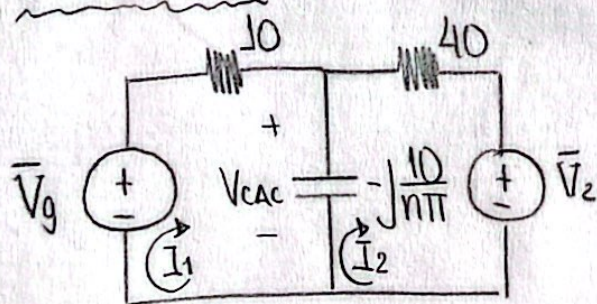
$$-62.5 + 10I + 40I + 70 = 0$$

$$I = -0.15A$$

$$-62.5 + 10I + V_{dc} = 0$$

$$\boxed{V_{dc} = 64V}$$

Análisis AC



$$(10 - j \frac{10}{n\pi}) I_1 + j \frac{10}{n\pi} I_2 = \bar{V}_g$$

$$j \frac{10}{n\pi} I_1 + (40 - j \frac{10}{n\pi}) I_2 = -\bar{V}_2$$

$$V_{cac} = -j \frac{10}{n\pi} (I_1 - I_2)$$

$$V_{CAC} = \frac{-j4V_g - jV_z}{4n\pi - j5}$$

Para $n=1$ $V_{CAC} = 6.067 \angle -59.37^\circ \text{ V}$

Para $n=2$ $V_{CAC} = 4.75 \angle 98.25^\circ \text{ V}$

Para $n=3$ $V_{CAC} = 0.26 \angle -57.21^\circ \text{ V}$

Para $n=4$ $V_{CAC} = 0.063014 \angle 5.68^\circ \text{ V}$

$$V_c(t) = 64 + 6.067 \cos(2\pi t - 59.37^\circ) + 4.75 \cos(4\pi t + 98.25^\circ) + 0.26 \cos(6\pi t - 57.21^\circ) + 0.063014 \cos(8\pi t + 5.68^\circ) + \dots \text{ V}$$

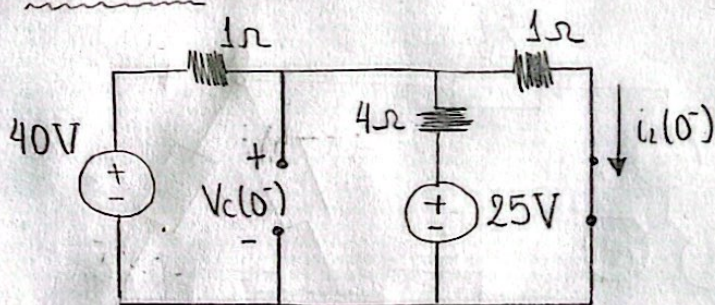
$$V_{eff} = \sqrt{64^2 + \frac{1}{2}(6.067^2 + 4.75^2 + 0.26^2 + 0.063^2)}$$

$$V_{eff} = 64.23 \text{ V}$$

②

a) $i_o(0^-)$?

Para $t < 0$

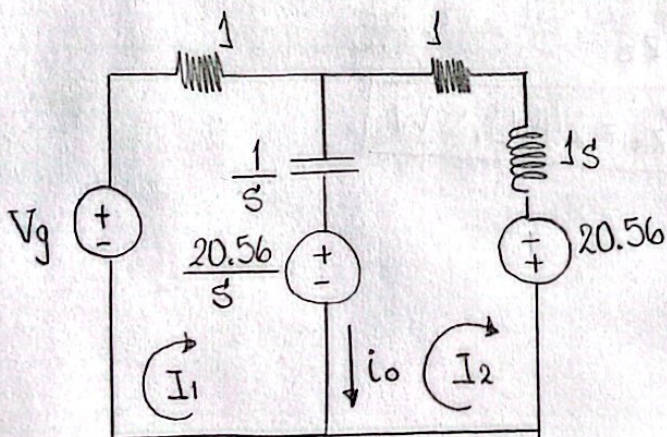


$$V_c(0^-) = 20.56 \text{ V}$$

$$i_o(0^-) = 20.56 \text{ A}$$

Para $t > 0$

$$V_g(t) = 25 \cos(3t) \rightarrow V_g(s) = \frac{25s}{s^2 + 9}$$



$$\left(1 + \frac{1}{s}\right) I_1 - \frac{1}{s} I_2 = \frac{25s}{s^2 + 9} - \frac{20.56}{s}$$

$$-\frac{1}{s} + \left(1 + s + \frac{1}{s}\right) I_2 = 20.56 + \frac{20.56}{s}$$

$$i_o = I_1 - I_2$$

$$i_0(s) = \frac{-16.12s^7 - 16.12s^6 - 515.16s^5 - 515.16s^4 - 3330.72s^3 - 3330.72s^2}{s^8 + 2s^7 + 20s^6 + 36s^5 + 117s^4 + 162s^3 + 162s^2}$$

$$I_0(0^+) = \lim_{s \rightarrow \infty} \frac{-16.12s^8 - 16.12s^7 - 515.16s^6 - 515.16s^5 - 3330.72s^4 - 3330.72s^3}{s^8 + 2s^7 + 20s^6 + 36s^5 + 117s^4 + 162s^3 + 162s^2}$$

$$I_0(0^+) = -16.12 \text{ A}$$

b)

$$i_0(t) = -9.71 \sin(3t) + 23.82 \cos(3t) + 5.3e^{-t} \sin(t) - 39.94e^{-t} \cos(t)$$

$$i_0(0) = -16.12 \text{ A}$$

3

$$\bar{U}_{ab} = 554.26 \angle -65^\circ \text{ V } (-) \rightarrow \bar{U}_{ba} = 554.26 \angle 115^\circ \text{ V}$$

$$\bar{U}_a = 320 \angle -35^\circ \text{ V}$$

$$\bar{U}_{ac} = 554.26 \angle -5^\circ \text{ V}$$

$$\bar{U}_b = 320 \angle 85^\circ \text{ V}$$

$$-5 = \theta_f + 30$$

$$\bar{U}_c = 320 \angle -155^\circ \text{ V}$$

$$\theta_f = -35^\circ$$

$$Z_{\Delta}' = 3Z_{\Delta} = 45 + j54 \Omega$$

$$Z_1' = Z_1 // Z_{\Delta} // Z_{\Delta}' = 17.3 + j13.92 \Omega$$

$$Z_2' = Z_2 // Z_{\Delta} // Z_{\Delta}' = 19.16 + j15.53 \Omega$$

$$Z_3' = Z_3 // Z_{\Delta} // Z_{\Delta}' = 21.04 + j17.7 \Omega$$

$$a) I_3? P_{Z_3}? Q_{Z_3}?$$

$$\bar{V}_{Ac} = 524.07 \angle 27.94^\circ \text{ V}$$

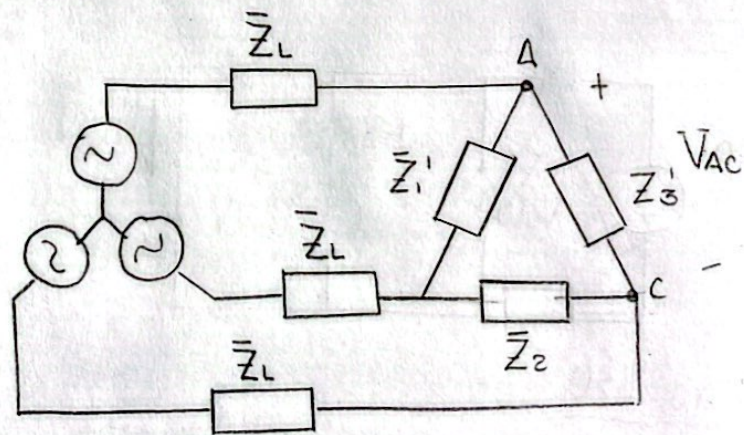
$$\bar{I}_3 = \frac{\bar{U}_{Ac}}{Z_3} \rightarrow \bar{I}_3 = 5.31 \angle -2.52^\circ \text{ A}$$

$$P_{Z_3} = 5.31^2 \cdot 85$$

$$P_{Z_3} = 2400.5 \text{ W}$$

$$Q_{Z_3} = 5.31^2 \cdot 50$$

$$Q_{Z_3} = 1412 \text{ VAR}$$



$$Z_{Y1} = 6.3 + j5.2 \Omega$$

$$Z_{Y2} = 5.76 + j4.58 \Omega$$

$$Z_{Y3} = 7 + j5.83 \Omega$$

$$Z_{\lambda 1'} = Z_L + Z_{\lambda 1} = 12.83 + j10.03 \Omega$$

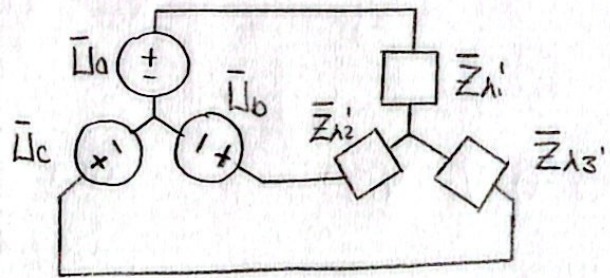
$$Z_{\lambda 2'} = Z_L + Z_{\lambda 2} = 12.26 + j9.38 \Omega$$

$$Z_{\lambda 3'} = Z_L + Z_{\lambda 3} = 13.5 + j10.63 \Omega$$

$$\bar{U}_0 = 9.61 \angle 63.22^\circ \text{ V}$$

$$\bar{I}_b = 20.15 \angle 48.23^\circ \text{ A}$$

$$\bar{I}_c = 19.05 \angle 167.83^\circ \text{ A}$$



$$W_1 = \text{Re}\{\bar{U}_{ba} \cdot \bar{I}_b^*\} = 4405.3 \text{ W}$$

$$W_2 = \text{Re}\{\bar{U}_{ca} \cdot \bar{I}_c^*\} = 10477.3 \text{ W}$$

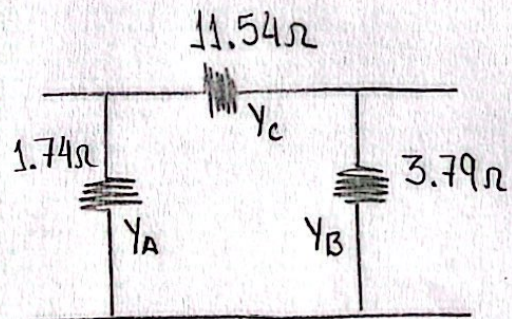
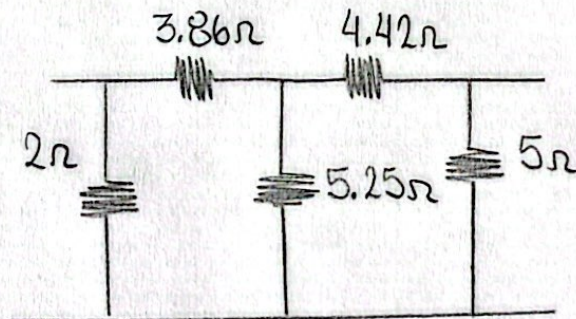
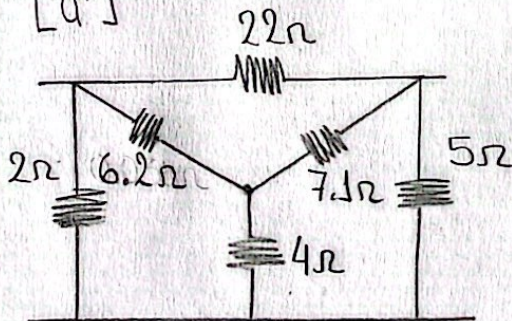
$$W = W_1 + W_2$$

$$P_T = 14'882 \text{ W}$$

4

Del segundo parcial: $[a'] = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 5 \Omega \\ 2.2 \text{ S} & 2 \end{bmatrix}$

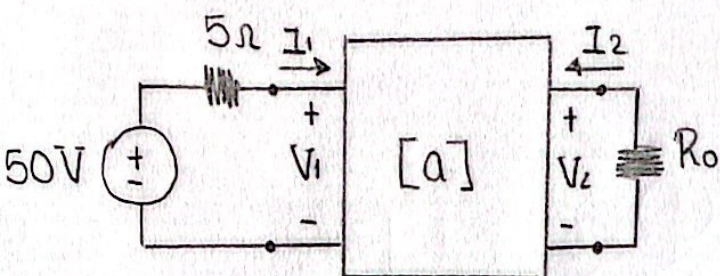
$[a'']$



$$[y''] = \begin{bmatrix} 13.3 \text{ S} & -11.54 \text{ S} \\ -11.54 \text{ S} & 15.33 \text{ S} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[a''] = \begin{bmatrix} 1.33 & 0.087 \Omega \\ 6.11 \text{ S} & 1.15 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[a] = \begin{bmatrix} 38.5 & 6.27 \Omega \\ 15.14 \text{ S} & 2.5 \end{bmatrix}$$



$$V_1 = 38.5 V_2 - 6.3 I_2$$

$$I_1 = 15.14 V_2 - 2.5 I_2$$

$$-50 + 5 I_1 + V_1 = 0$$

Para $I_2 = 0; V_2 = V_{Th}$

$$V_{Th} = 0.44 V$$

$$R_0 = 0.16 \Omega$$

$$P_{Max} = 0.29 W$$

Para $V_2 = 0; I_N = -I_2$

$$I_N = 2.66 A$$