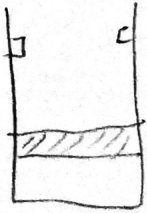


1^{er} Parcours

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Eng. Elektrotechnik

(3)



$$V_1 = 100 [l] \cdot \frac{0.01 m^3}{1 l} \quad P_2 = 685 [kPa]$$

$$V_{max} = 220 [l] \cdot \frac{0.001}{1}$$

Aque

$$m = 0.5 [kg]$$

$$m_E = 100 [kg]$$

$$A_E = 53.5 [cm^2] \cdot \frac{1}{100}$$

$$P_{at} = 1.2 [kg/cm^2]$$

$$P_1 = P_c + P_{atm}$$

$$= \frac{m_E g}{A} + P_{atm}$$

$$= \frac{100 (9.8)}{5.35 \times 10^{-3}} \cdot \frac{1 [kPa]}{1000 [Pa]} + 1.2 \frac{[kg]}{cm^2} \cdot \frac{100^2 cm^2}{1 m^2} \cdot \frac{9.80665 N}{1 kgf} \cdot \frac{1 [kPa]}{100000}$$

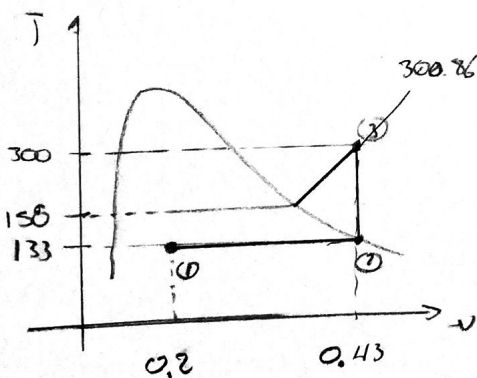
$$P_1 = 183.177 + 117.6798 = 300.857 [kPa]$$

$$v = \frac{V}{m} = \frac{0.1}{0.5} = 0.2$$

$$P(300) \sim \begin{cases} T = 133.55 \\ v_L = 0.001073 \\ v_v = 0.60582 \\ u_L = 561.13 \\ u_v = 2813.55 \end{cases}$$

$$x = \frac{v_1 - v_L}{v_v - v_L} = 0.3289$$

$$u_1 = 1213.73 [kJ/kg]$$



Exercice 2

$$v = \frac{V}{m} = \frac{0.22}{0.5} = 0.44$$

$$P(600 [kPa]) \begin{cases} T = 300^\circ C \\ v = 0.43437 \\ u = 2801.60 \end{cases}$$

Then:

$${}_1W_3 = P_2 (V_2 - V_1)$$

$${}_1W_3 = 300.857 (0.22 - 0.1)$$

$$= 36.10284 \text{ [kJ]}$$

Then:

$$Q = m(u_3 - u_1) + W$$

$$= 0.5 (2801.00 - 1213.23) + 36.10284$$

$$Q = 829.98784 \text{ [kJ]}$$