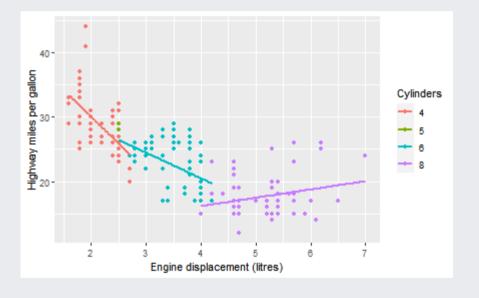
# Manipulating and summarising data

16/11/2021

# Plotting using ggplot2



# Importing your data

### Prison population

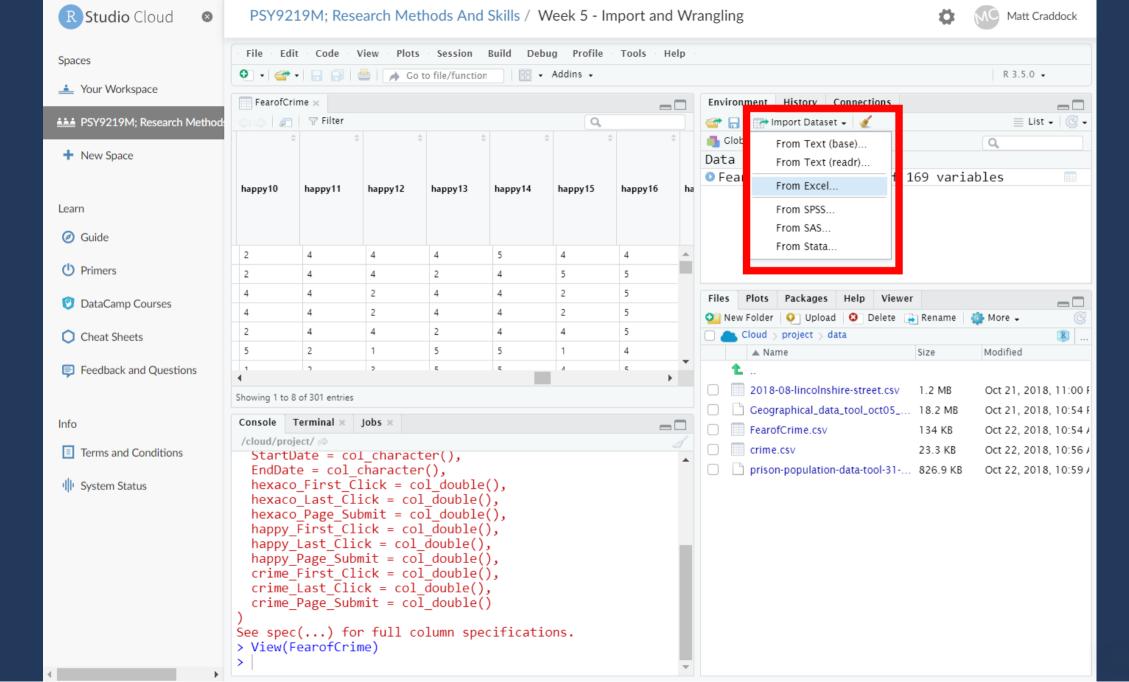
Last week, we looked at some data regarding the UK's prison population.

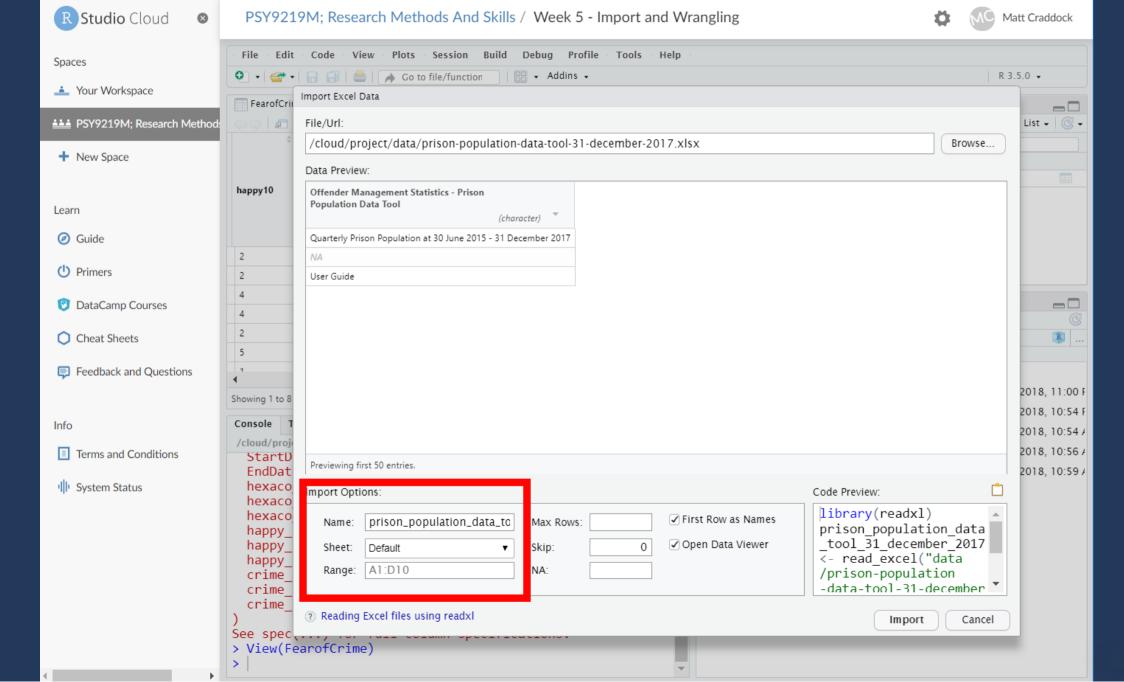
The data is contained in an Excel spreadsheet, downloaded from data.gov.uk.

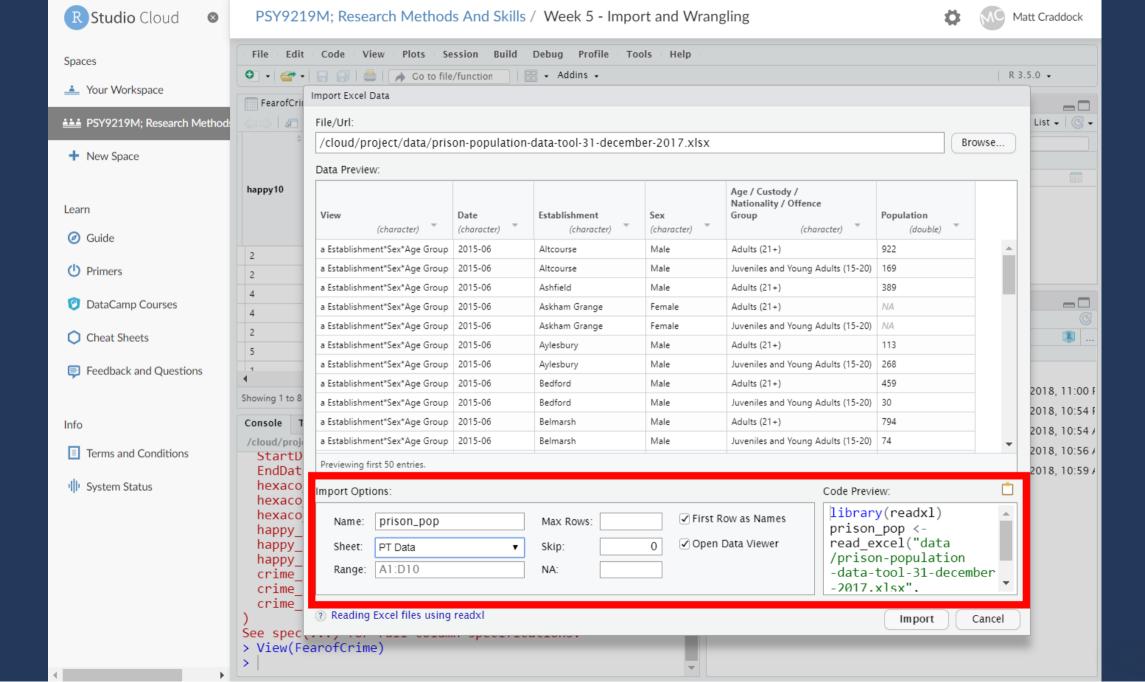
We use the read\_excel() function to read Excel files.

Note how the file name and location come first, and then I specify a specific *sheet*.

Excel spreadsheets often have multiple sheets with different information.







### Prison population

Once the data is imported, we have a tibble.

We can immediately see there are 6 columns with 22409 rows.

```
prison_pop
```

```
## # A tibble: 22,409 x 6
                          Establishment Sex `Age / Custody / National~ Population
     View
##
                   Date
  <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr>
##
                                                                            <dbl>
  1 a Establishme~ 2015-~ Altcourse
                                       Male Adults (21+)
                                                                              922
                                       Male
## 2 a Establishme~ 2015-~ Altcourse
                                              Juveniles and Young Adult~
                                                                              169
## 3 a Establishme~ 2015-~ Ashfield
                                       Male
                                              Adults (21+)
                                                                              389
## 4 a Establishme~ 2015-~ Askham Grange Female Adults (21+)
                                                                               NA
## 5 a Establishme~ 2015-~ Askham Grange Female Juveniles and Young Adult~
                                                                               NA
## 6 a Establishme~ 2015-~ Aylesbury
                                       Male
                                             Adults (21+)
                                                                              113
## 7 a Establishme~ 2015-~ Aylesbury
                                       Male
                                              Juveniles and Young Adult~
                                                                              268
## 8 a Establishme~ 2015-~ Bedford
                                       Male
                                              Adults (21+)
                                                                              459
## 9 a Establishme~ 2015-~ Bedford
                                       Male
                                              Juveniles and Young Adult~
                                                                               30
## 10 a Establishme~ 2015-~ Belmarsh
                                       Male Adults (21+)
                                                                              794
## # ... with 22,399 more rows
```

We need to do more work to make this file useable...

# dpylr and data transformation







With datasets like those we've loaded, there are often organisational issues.

For example, there could be many columns or rows we don't need, or the data would make more sense if it were sorted.

This is where dplyr comes in!

Function	Effect	
select()	Include or exclude variables (columns)	
arrange()	Change the order of observations (rows)	
filter()	Include or exclude observations (rows)	
mutate()	Create new variables (columns)	
group_by()	Create groups of observations	
summarise()	Aggregate or summarise groups of observations (rows)	

# Selecting columns

### Selecting columns



Sometimes only some columns are of interest.

The Fear of Crime dataset has 169 columns. Only some of them are useful; here are the first ten.

```
names(FearofCrime)[1:10]
    [1] "ResponseID"
##
    [2] "ResponseSet"
   [3] "Name"
##
##
   [4] "ExternalDataReference"
##
    [5] "Status"
    [6] "StartDate"
##
   [7] "EndDate"
##
  [8] "Finished"
##
    [9] "Consent Form / This study includes a range of questionnaires collecting / demographic and
  [10] "sex"
```





We pass the name of the data frame that we want to select from, and the names of each column we want to keep after that.

Suppose that, first of all, we were only interested in the age and sex of our participants.

```
select(FearofCrime, age, sex)
```

```
## # A tibble: 301 x 2
##
        age
               sex
      <dbl> <dbl>
         26
##
         66
##
         41
##
         46
##
         53
##
         33
         41
##
         39
         38
## 10
         19
    ... with 291 more rows
```





The HEXACO-PI-R is a personality questionnaire that aims to measure six factors - Honesty-Humility, Emotionality, Extraversion, Agreeableness, Conscientiousness, and Openness to Experience.

The Fear of Crime dataset has the participants answers to the 60 questions of the HEXACO-PI-R in 60 columns.





Typing these out one by one would be ... *laborious*.

Fortunately, there are some shorthands.

The colon (:) operator can be used to say "everything between these columns (inclusive)".

select(FearofCrime, hexaco1:hexaco5)

```
## # A tibble: 301 x 5
      hexaco1 hexaco2 hexaco3 hexaco4 hexaco5
##
        <dbl>
                <dbl>
                         <dbl>
                                 <dbl>
                                          <dbl>
##
##
##
##
##
##
##
##
     ... with 291 more rows
```





Note that you can also tell select() to remove columns using the minus (-) sign.

```
head(FearofCrime, 6)
## # A tibble: 6 x 169
   ResponseID ResponseSet Name ExternalDataRef~ Status StartDate EndDate Finished
                            <chr> <lgl> <dbl> <chr>
##
    <chr> <chr>
                                                                   <chr>
                                                                              <dbl>
## 1 R_ai4tgG1G~ Default Res~ Anon~ NA
                                                        0 19/10/14~ 19/10/~
## 2 R_d50iATV0~ Default Res~ Anon~ NA
                                                       0 20/10/14~ 20/10/~
## 3 R_aaBVZUe9~ Default Res~ Anon~ NA
                                                       0 20/10/14~ 20/10/~
## 4 R_6nxInLKQ~ Default Res~ Anon~ NA
                                                       0 20/10/14~ 20/10/~
## 5 R_6SCYbhOP~ Default Res~ Anon~ NA
                                                       0 20/10/14~ 20/10/~
## 6 R_5pCxWA6q~ Default Res~ Anon~ NA
                                                       0 20/10/14~ 20/10/~
## # ... with 161 more variables: ...
```

# Selecting columns



Here, I remove a few columns that don't contain any useful information.

```
select(FearofCrime, -ResponseSet, -Name, -Status, -ExternalDataReference)
```

```
## # A tibble: 301 x 165
     ResponseID StartDate EndDate Finished `Consent Form / Thi~ sex
##
                                                                        age hexacol
                                                           <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
## <chr> <chr> <chr>
                                      <dbl>
                                                                              <dbl>
   1 R ai4tgG1G~ 19/10/14 ~ 19/10/~
## 2 R d50iATV0~ 20/10/14 ~ 20/10/~
                                                                         66
## 3 R_aaBVZUe9~ 20/10/14 ~ 20/10/~
## 4 R 6nxInLKQ~ 20/10/14 ~ 20/10/~
## 5 R_6SCYbh0P~ 20/10/14 ~ 20/10/~
                                                                         53
## 6 R_5pCxWA6q~ 20/10/14 ~ 20/10/~
## 7 R_d1nji6V7~ 20/10/14 ~ 20/10/~
## 8 R_9v6ZgUhK~ 20/10/14 ~ 20/10/~
## 9 R_5Bg7VjBh~ 20/10/14 ~ 20/10/~
## 10 R 9Sv17l0G~ 20/10/14 ~ 20/10/~
                                                                         19
## # ... with 291 more rows, and 157 more variables: hexaco2 <dbl>, hexaco3 <dbl>,
## #
      hexaco4 <dbl>, hexaco5 <dbl>, hexaco6 <dbl>, hexaco7 <dbl>, hexaco8 <dbl>,
      hexaco9 <dbl>, hexaco10 <dbl>, hexaco11 <dbl>, hexaco12 <dbl>, hexaco13 <dbl>,
## #
      hexaco14 <dbl>, hexaco15 <dbl>, hexaco16 <dbl>, hexaco17 <dbl>,
## #
      hexaco18 <dbl>, hexaco19 <dbl>, hexaco20 <dbl>, hexaco21 <dbl>,
## #
      hexaco22 <dbl>, hexaco23 <dbl>, hexaco24 <dbl>, hexaco25 <dbl>,
## #
```

# Creating new columns





Here is a version of the Fear of Crime data where participants' overall scores on the various personality measures have been calculated.

#### crime

```
## # A tibble: 301 x 15
##
     Participant
                          age victim crime
                                             Н
                                                        Χ
                  sex
                                                              Α
                  <chr> <dbl> <chr>
                                          ##
     <chr>
   1 R_01TjXgC191~ male
                           55 yes
                                           3.7
                                                       3.4
                                                            3.9
                                                                       3.6
                                                                           1.15
## 2 R 0dN5YeULcy~ fema~
                                                            2.4
                          20 no
                                                                       3.1 2.05
   3 R ODPiPYWhnc~ male
                                                 3.1
                                                       3.3
                                                            3.1
##
                           57 yes
                                           2.6
                                                                  4.3
                                                                       2.8 2
## 4 R_0f7bSsH6Up~ male
                          19 no
                                                      3.3
                                                            3.4
                                                                       2.7 1.55
## 5 R Orov2RoSkP~ fema~
                                                 3.4
                                                      3.9
                                                            3.2
                          20 no
                                                                  2.8
                                                                       3.9 1.3
   6 R_OwioqGERxE~ fema~
                                                 2.6
                                                            2.6
                          20 no
                                                                       3.4 2.55
## 7 R OwRO8lNeOk~ male
                                           3.2
                                                 2.5
                                                            2.8
                                                                       3.2 1.85
                          34 yes
## 8 R 116nEdFsGD~ fema~
                                           2.9
                                                       3.9
                                                            4.2
                                                                  3.7
                          19 no
   9 R 11ZmBd5VEk~ fema~
                          19 yes
                                           3.4
                                                 3.4
                                                       3.3
                                                            3.4
                                                                       3.2 2.2
                                                            2.2
  10 R_12i26Qzosm~ male
                          20 no
                                           2.4
                                                 2.1
                                                       1.8
                                                                  3.4
                                                                       2.9 2.15
## # ... with 291 more rows, and 4 more variables: TA <dbl>, OHQ <dbl>, FoC <dbl>,
## #
      Foc2 <dbl>
```



19 2.2 2.9 female 40 or under

2.4 male

## 10

20 2.15

## # ... with 291 more rows



```
crime_sub <- select(crime,</pre>
                   age, SA, TA, sex)
mutate(crime_sub, age_group = ifelse(age > 40,
                                   "Over 40",
                                   "40 or under"))
## # A tibble: 301 x 5
##
                TA sex
       age
             SA
                           age_group
   <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <chr> <chr>
##
## 1
        55 1.15 1.55 male Over 40
## 2 20 2.05
                2.95 female 40 or under
##
                 2.6 male Over 40
## 4 19 1.55 2.1 male 40 or under
## 5 20 1.3
                1.8 female 40 or under
## 6 20 2.55 1.5 female 40 or under
      34 1.85 1.75 male 40 or under
##
## 8
                      female 40 or under
```

40 or under





Having calculated each person's *state anxiety* score, perhaps we'd now like to check who has the lowest and highest scores (note: this can be a good way to check for extreme values!).

```
arrange(crime_sub, SA)
                                                  arrange(crime_sub, desc(SA))
## # A tibble: 301 x 4
                                                 ## # A tibble: 301 x 4
##
               SA
                     TA sex
                                                                 SA
                                                 ##
                                                                      TA sex
        age
                                                          age
      <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <chr>
                                                        <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <chr>
##
                                                 ##
                   1.05 male
##
         20
                                                 ##
                                                              3.85
                                                                    3.85 female
##
                   1.55 female
                                                 ##
                                                                     3.6 female
                   1.65 male
                                                 ##
##
                                                              3.6
                                                                    3.55 female
##
        19 1.05
                 1.5 female
                                                 ##
                                                           18
                                                              3.4
                                                                          female
##
                        female
                                                 ##
            1.1
                                                                    3.35 female
             1.1 1.4 male
                                                 ##
                                                          20 3.35 2.8 female
##
                                                 ##
                                                           20 3.3
                                                                     3.5 male
##
                       female
                                                          19 3.2
                                                                    2.95 male
##
                   1.3
                        female
                                                 ##
##
                   1.8
                        female
                                                 ##
                                                          19
                                                              3.1
                                                                     3.1 female
                                                 ## 10
                                                          20 3.1
                                                                    3.15 female
##
                        male
  # ... with 291 more rows
                                                 ## # ... with 291 more rows
```

# Grouping and summarizing





A common task when analyzing data is to create summaries of statistical characteristics.

Here I calculate the *mean*, *standard deviation*, and *variance* of the State Anxiety variable.

Other possible summmary functions (other than mean(), sd(), or var()) include max(), min(), IQR(), or median().





group\_by() is used to organise data frames into groups according to categorical variables.

```
grouped_crime <- group_by(crime, sex, victim_crime)</pre>
  grouped crime
## # A tibble: 301 x 15
## # Groups: sex, victim crime [4]
##
                   Participant
                                                                 sex
                                                                                            age victim crime
                                                                                                                                                                Н
                                                                                                                                                                                                                           Α
##
                   <chr>
                                            <chr> <dbl> <chr>
                                                                                                                                                   <dbl> 
             1 R_01TjXgC191~ male
                                                                                              55 yes
                                                                                                                                                                                                                    3.9
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            3.6 1.15
## 2 R OdN5YeULcy~ fema~ 20 no
                                                                                                                                                                                                                    2.4
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        2.2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            3.1 2.05
                                                                                                                                                                                                 3.3
           3 R ODPiPYWhnc~ male
                                                                                                                                                          2.6
                                                                                                                                                                             3.1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                    3.1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        4.3
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           2.8 2
                                                                                              57 yes
## 4 R_0f7bSsH6Up~ male
                                                                                                                                                                                                 3.3
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           2.7 1.55
                                                                                              19 no
                                                                                                                                                          3.5
                                                                                                                                                                             1.8
                                                                                                                                                                                                                    3.4
## 5 R Orov2RoSkP~ fema~
                                                                                         20 no
                                                                                                                                                          3.3
                                                                                                                                                                             3.4
                                                                                                                                                                                                3.9
                                                                                                                                                                                                                    3.2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        2.8
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           3.9 1.3
            6 R_OwioqGERxE~ fema~
##
                                                                                        20 no
                                                                                                                                                                             2.6
                                                                                                                                                                                                                    2.6
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        2.9
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           3.4 2.55
        7 R_0wR08lNe0k~ male
                                                                                         34 yes
                                                                                                                                                                             2.5
                                                                                                                                                                                                                    2.8
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            3.2 1.85
## 8 R 116nEdFsGD~ fema~
                                                                                                                                                                                                                    4.2
                                                                                              19 no
                                                                                                                                                          2.9
                                                                                                                                                                                                 3.9
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        3.7
            9 R 11ZmBd5VEk~ fema~
                                                                                              19 yes
                                                                                                                                                          3.4
                                                                                                                                                                             3.4
                                                                                                                                                                                                 3.3
                                                                                                                                                                                                                    3.4
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           3.2 2.2
        10 R_12i26Qzosm~ male
                                                                                              20 no
                                                                                                                                                          2.4
                                                                                                                                                                             2.1
                                                                                                                                                                                                 1.8
                                                                                                                                                                                                                    2.2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        3.4
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            2.9 2.15
## # ... with 291 more rows, and 4 more variables: TA <dbl>, OHQ <dbl>, FoC <dbl>,
## #
                       Foc2 <dbl>
```





Once data is *grouped*, the most common thing to do is to summarise() those groups.

```
summarise(grouped_crime,
         state_anxiety = mean(SA),
         sd_SA = sd(SA),
         var SA = var(SA)
## # A tibble: 4 x 5
## # Groups: sex [2]
## sex victim_crime state_anxiety sd_SA var_SA
## <chr> <chr>
               <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 female no
                           1.90 0.518 0.268
## 2 female yes
                          1.98 0.643 0.413
## 3 male no
               2.02 0.553 0.306
## 4 male ves
                    1.74 0.472 0.223
```

# Removing unwanted rows





The prison\_pop dataset has 22409 rows, but we don't need (or want) them all!

The data is actually *repeated* four times, but organised differently each time.

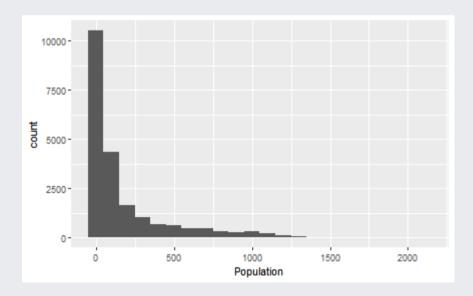
```
## # A tibble: 4 x 3
##
   View
                                       total_pop num_entries
                                           <dbl>
##
   <chr>
                                                       <int>
## 1 a Establishment*Sex*Age Group
                                          938760
                                                        2042
## 2 b Establishment*Sex*Custody type
                                          939314
                                                        2740
## 3 c Establishment*Sex*Nationality
                                          938841
                                                        3215
## 4 d Establishment*Sex*Offence group
                                          936191
                                                       14412
```



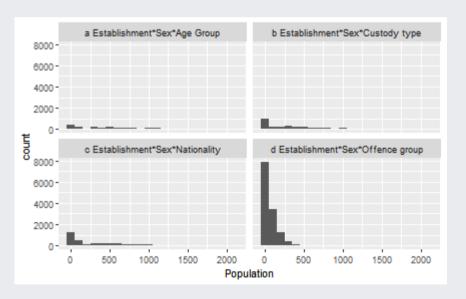


If we just started investigating the data without accounting for this, it would be misleading.

```
ggplot(prison_pop, aes(x = Population)) +
  geom_histogram(binwidth = 100)
```



```
ggplot(prison_pop, aes(x = Population)) +
  geom_histogram(binwidth = 100) + facet_wr
```







We can use the filter() function to select only the rows we're interested in, using *logical conditions* and *relational operators*.

```
filter(prison_pop,
       View == "a Establishment*Sex*Age Group")
## # A tibble: 2,042 x 6
                           Establishment Sex `Age / Custody / National~ Population
##
     View
                    Date
##
  <chr>
                                                                               <dbl>
                    <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr>
## 1 a Establishme~ 2015-~ Altcourse
                                        Male Adults (21+)
                                                                                 922
## 2 a Establishme~ 2015-~ Altcourse
                                         Male
                                               Juveniles and Young Adult~
                                                                                 169
## 3 a Establishme~ 2015-~ Ashfield
                                         Male
                                               Adults (21+)
                                                                                 389
## 4 a Establishme~ 2015-~ Askham Grange Female Adults (21+)
                                                                                  NA
## 5 a Establishme~ 2015-~ Askham Grange Female Juveniles and Young Adult~
                                                                                 NA
## 6 a Establishme~ 2015-~ Aylesbury
                                               Adults (21+)
                                         Male
                                                                                 113
## 7 a Establishme~ 2015-~ Aylesbury
                                               Juveniles and Young Adult~
                                                                                 268
                                         Male
## 8 a Establishme~ 2015-~ Bedford
                                         Male
                                               Adults (21+)
                                                                                 459
                                               Juveniles and Young Adult~
## 9 a Establishme~ 2015-~ Bedford
                                         Male
                                                                                 30
## 10 a Establishme~ 2015-~ Belmarsh
                                         Male Adults (21+)
                                                                                 794
## # ... with 2,032 more rows
```

## Relational operators

Relational operators compare two (or more) things and return a **logical** value (i.e. TRUE/FALSE)

Operator	Meaning	Example
>	Greater than	5 > 4
>=	Greater than or equal to	4 >= 4
<	Less than	Population < 400
<=	Less than or equal to	Population <= 400
==	Exactly equal to	Sex == "Male"
!=	Not equal to	Establishment != "Ashfield"
%in%	Is contained in	Establishment %in% c("Bedford", "Oakwood")

## Logical operators

Logical operators can be used to combine multiple relational operators or *negate* a relational operator.

Operator	Meaning	Example
&	AND	Population < 1000 & Sex == "Male"
	OR	Population > 200   Population < 500
!	NOT	!(Establishment %in% c("Bedford", "Oakwood"))

## Filtering rows



We can have multiple *conditions* for selection with filter().

Suppose we only wanted to include rows where Population is over 300 but under 600.

```
filter(prison_pop,
       View == "a Establishment*Sex*Age Group",
       Population > 300 & Population < 600)
## # A tibble: 487 x 6
##
     View
                    Date
                         Establishment Sex
                                             `Age / Custody / National~ Population
   <chr>
                    <chr> <chr>
                                        <chr> <chr>
                                                                              <dbl>
   1 a Establishme~ 2015-~ Ashfield
                                        Male Adults (21+)
                                                                                389
## 2 a Establishme~ 2015-~ Bedford
                                        Male Adults (21+)
                                                                                459
## 3 a Establishme~ 2015-~ Brinsford
                                        Male
                                               Juveniles and Young Adult~
                                                                                349
                                        Male
## 4 a Establishme~ 2015-~ Bristol
                                               Adults (21+)
                                                                                553
                                        Female Adults (21+)
## 5 a Establishme~ 2015-~ Bronzefield
                                                                                459
## 6 a Establishme~ 2015-~ Buckley Hall
                                        Male
                                               Adults (21+)
                                                                                440
## 7 a Establishme~ 2015-~ Coldingley
                                        Male Adults (21+)
                                                                                515
## 8 a Establishme~ 2015-~ Deerbolt
                                        Male
                                               Juveniles and Young Adult~
                                                                                311
## 9 a Establishme~ 2015-~ Eastwood Park Female Adults (21+)
                                                                                331
## 10 a Establishme~ 2015-~ Erlestoke
                                               Adults (21+)
                                        Male
                                                                                514
## # ... with 477 more rows
```

# Putting it all together





Often you want to conduct several steps, one after the other.

You could do this using objects to store each intermediate step.





A simpler way is to use *pipes* (%>%)

pipes can be read as meaning "AND THEN"

```
prison pop %>%
   filter(View == "a Establishment*Sex*Age Group",
         Date == "2015-06") %>%
  group_by(Sex, `Age / Custody / Nationality / Offence Group`) %>%
  summarise(mean_pop = mean(Population, na.rm = TRUE),
            median_pop = median(Population, na.rm = TRUE),
            total_pop = sum(Population, na.rm = TRUE),
            max_pop = max(Population, na.rm = TRUE))
## # A tibble: 4 x 6
## # Groups: Sex [2]
  Sex `Age / Custody / Nationality / Offe~ mean pop median pop total pop max pop
    <chr> <chr>
                                                  <dbl>
                                                            <dbl>
                                                                      <dbl>
                                                                              <dbl>
## 1 Female Adults (21+)
                                                  356
                                                              333
                                                                       3560
                                                                                480
## 2 Female Juveniles and Young Adults (15-20)
                                                  18.6
                                                              19
                                                                            35
                                                                      167
## 3 Male Adults (21+)
                                                           677 76730 1587
                                                  717.
## 4 Male Juveniles and Young Adults (15-20)
                                                  101.
                                                                                490
                                                               54
                                                                       5559
```

## Reading materials

### Revision

For revision of this week's concepts, see Chapter Data transformation in R for Data Science.

For practice, use the "Work with Data" RStudio cloud primer.

### Next week

Discovering Statistics using R (Field et al.)

- Chapter 9, Comparing two means
- Chapter 5, Exploring assumptions (additional)