C++ and Makefiles

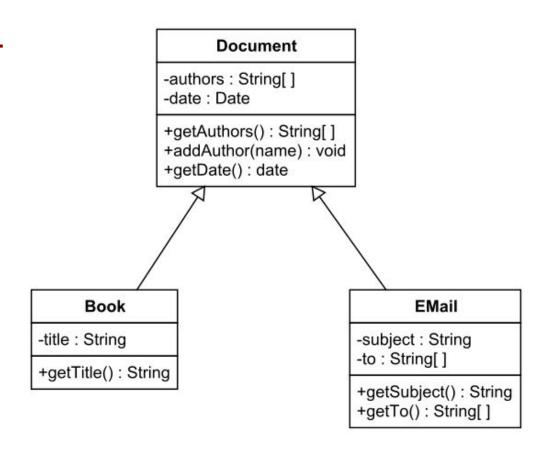
Diego Useche - dh.useche@uniandes.edu.co

Métodos Computacionales II

Physics Department, Universidad de los Andes, Bogotá

Create a project in C++

- To create a project that involves many classes is useful to draw the UML diagram.
- We show how to build projects in C++.



Define and constants

```
* C++ #define - Example Program of #define */
#include<iostream>
                                                                    Preprocessor
#define PI 3.14159
                                                                    instruction
int main()
    int r = 10;
    float cir;
    cir = PI * (r * r);
    std::cout<<"Area of Circle: "<<cir<< std::endl;
    return 0;
```

Area of Circle: 314.159

#ifndef : of not defined

ifndef makes a definition if it has not been previously defined

```
Example using #ifndef directive by TechOnT
#include <stdio.h>
#define YEARS OLD 12
#ifndef YEARS OLD
#define YEARS OLD 10
#endif
int main()
   printf("TechOnTheNet is over %d years old.\n", YEARS OLD);
   return 0;
```

TechOnTheNet is over 12 years old.

#ifndef : of not defined

ifndef makes a definition if it has not been previously defined

```
Example using #ifndef directive by TechOnTheNet.com */
#include <stdio.h>
//#define YEARS OLD 12
#ifndef YEARS OLD
#define YEARS OLD 10
#endif
int main()
   printf("TechOnTheNet is over %d years old.\n", YEARS OLD);
   return 0;
```

TechOnTheNet is over 10 years old.

File guards and headers

```
main.cpp
                                                       engine.h
#include <iostream>
                                       class engine{
#include "engine.h"
#include "car.h"
                                           // code for engine
using namespace std;
                                       };
int main()
                                                        car.h
                                       #include "engine.h"
    stdcout << "Vroom Vroom!\n";</pre>
                                       class car{
    return 0;
                                            // code
```

```
#include <iostream>
#include "engine.h"
#include "car.h"

using namespace std;

int main()
{

    car.h

    stdcout << "Vroom Vroom!\n";

    return 0;
}

// code

// c
```

Error because engine was defined twice.

```
PaulProgramming: ls

car.h engine.h main.cpp

PaulProgramming: g++ main.cpp

In file included from main.cpp:4:
In file included from ./car.h:1:
    ./engine.h:3:7: error: redefinition of 'engine'

class engine{

    ./engine.h:3:7: note: previous definition is here

class engine{

    . error generated.

PaulProgramming:
```

Solution: use ifndef

```
#itndet ENGINE
#define ENGINE
class engine{
    // code for engine
#endif //
```

Function overloading

Use function overloading to define functions for multiple input types

```
include <iostream>
using namespace std;
void printNumber(int x) {
    cout << "Prints an integer: " << x << endl;
void printNumber(float x) {
    cout << "Prints a float: " << x << endl;
int main() {
    int a = 16;
    float b = 54.541;
    printNumber(a);
    printNumber(b);
```

Makefile

- Uses:
 - To perform multiple shell instructions.
 - To compile a C++ program with multiple files and classes.
- Syntax

```
targets: prerequisites
command
command
command
```

Example

```
hello:
echo "hello world"
```

Makefile

Syntax

```
targets: prerequisites
command
command
command
```

Example

```
main.o: main.cpp
g++ -c main.cpp

message.o: message.cpp message.h
g++ -c message.cpp

output: main.cpp message.cpp
g++ main.o message.o -o output
```

References

https://codescracker.com/cpp/cpp-hash-define-preprocessor-directive.htm

www.sololearn.com

https://www.techonthenet.com/c_language/directives/ifndef.php

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RU5JUHAiR18&ab_channel=PaulProgramming

https://makefiletutorial.com/

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_r7i5X0rXJk&ab_channel=PaulProgramming

http://www.cs.utsa.edu/~cs3443/uml/uml.html