# Supplementary Information A Sample characteristics

Concerning the relation between personality traits and the SCS total score, we found that the SCS total score was negatively associated with neuroticism, *b* = -0.59, *SE* = 0.03, Bayesian 95% CI [-0.65, -0.53] (Neff et al., 2007), and positively associated with extroversion, *b* = 0.10, *SE* = 0.03, Bayesian 95% CI [0.03, 0.17], and with agreeableness, *b* = 0.07, *SE* = 0.03, Bayesian 95% CI [0.01, 0.12]. We found no evidence of an association with level of education, years of experience as rescue worker, time gap since the last training, and rate of rescue worker activity.

We also found that PTG was positively associated with neuroticism, *b* = 0.19,

*SE* = 0.05, Bayesian 95% CI [0.10, 0.28], extroversion, *b* = 0.24, *SE* = 0.05, Bayesian

95% CI [0.14, 0.33], conscientiousness, *b* = 0.10, *SE* = 0.04, Bayesian 95% CI [0.01,

0.18], age, *b* = 0.15, *SE* = 0.04, Bayesian 95% CI [0.06, 0.24] (see Garnefski et al.,

2008), and rate of rescue-worker activity, *b* = 0.08, *SE* = 0.04, Bayesian 95% CI [0.00, 0.16]; moreover, males showed lower levels of PTG than females, *b* = -0.20, *SE* = 0.08, Bayesian 95% CI [-0.36, -0.04].

IES-R scores were positively associated with neuroticism, *b* = 0.18, *SE* = 0.04, Bayesian 95% CI [0.11, 0.25] (Inoue et al., 2006), and educational level, *b* = -0.06, *SE* = 0.02, Bayesian 95% CI [-0.10, -0.01] (Wu et al., 2005), but negatively associatedwith age, *b* = -0.05, *SE* = 0.03, Bayesian 95% CI [-0.10, -0.00].

# Supplementary Information B SCS factor structure

We compared the fit of all models discussed by Neff et al. (2019). We started with the unidimensional CFA model, which clearly proved to be inadequate, CFI = 0.61, TLI = 0.58, RMSEA = 0.18 [90% CI 0.18-0.19], SRMR = 0.16, w*t* = 0.44. We then considered all the factor structures that had been discussed by Neff et al. (2019). The list of the examined models, together with their fit indexes, is provide below:

* a two-factor CFA for the positive and the negative components of SC, CFI = 0.83, TLI

= 0.82, RMSEA = 0.12 [90% CI 0.12-0.12], SRMR = 0.10, w*t* = 0.96;

* a two-factor ESEM, CFI = 0.85, TLI = 0.82, RMSEA = 0.12 [90% CI 0.12-0.12],

SRMR = 0.06, w*t* = 0.96;

* a six-factor CFA, CFI = 0.90, TLI = 0.88, RMSEA = 0.10 [90% CI 0.09-0.10], SRMR

= 0.07, w*t* = 0.97;

* a six-factor ESEM, CFI = 0.98, TLI = 0.96, RMSEA = 0.05 [90% CI 0.05-0.06],

SRMR = 0.02, w*t* = 0.98;

* a bifactor-CFA (1 G- and 6 S-factors), CFI = 0.76, TLI = 0.71, RMSEA = 0.15 [90% CI 0.15-0.16], SRMR = 0.12, w*t* = 0.97;
* a bifactor-ESEM (1 G- and 6 S-factors), CFI = 0.98, TLI = 0.96, RMSEA = 0.05 [90% CI 0.05-0.06], SRMR = 0.02, w*t* = 0.99;
* a two-bifactor (two-tier) CFA model (2 G- and 6 S-factors), CFI = 0.90, TLI = 0.88, RMSEA = 0.10 [90% CI 0.10-0.10], SRMR = 0.08, w*t* = 0.99;
* a two-bifactor (two-tier) ESEM model (2 G- and 6 S-factors), CFI = 0.99, TLI = 0.98, RMSEA = 0.04 [90% CI 0.04-0.05], SRMR = 0.01, w*t* = 0.99.

For the two-factor CFA for the CS and RUS of SC, the correlation between the factors was -0.28. For the two-factor ESEM, the correlation between the factors was -0.21. For the 6-factor CFA, the correlations between factors ranged between -0.44 and 0.95. For the 6-factor ESEM, the correlations between factors ranged between -0.36 and 0.58. For the two-bifactor (two-tier) CFA model (2 G- and 6 S-factors), the correlation between the CS and RUS factors is -0.34. For the two-bifactor (two-tier) ESEM model (2 G- and 6 S-factors), the correlation between the CS and RUS factors is -0.55.

In our sample, the two-bifactor (two-tier) ESEM model, which included 6 uncorrelated factors (self-kindness, reduced self-judgment, common humanity, reduced isolation, mindfulness, and reduced over-identification) and two correlated CS (loading on the self-kindness, common humanity, and mindfulness items) and RUS (loading on the reduced self-judgment, reduced isolation, and reduced over-identification items) factors showed a marginally better fit than the one bifactor-ESEM (1 G- and 6 S-factors) model. What is crucial is that, among the considered models, those that provide the best fits to the data include distinct factors corresponding to the six dimensions of the SCS (self-kindness, reduced self-judgment, common humanity, reduced isolation, mindfulness, and reduced over-identification).

# Supplementary Information C

**A two-factor correlated model with two unitary factors representing CS and RUS Mplus syntax**

TITLE: 2 factor ESEM. DATA:

FILE IS selfcompassionitems.dat; VARIABLE:

NAMES ARE scsj1 scoi2 scch3 scis4 scsk5 scoi6 scch7 scsj8 scmi9 scch10 scsj11 scsk12 scis13 scmi14 scch15

scsj16 scmi17 scis18 scsk19 scoi20 scsj21 scmi22 scsk23 scoi24 scis25 scsk26;

MISSING ARE ALL(-9);

USEVARIABLES ARE scsj1 scoi2 scch3 scis4 scsk5 scoi6 scch7 scsj8 scmi9 scch10 scsj11 scsk12 scis13 scmi14 scch15

scsj16 scmi17 scis18 scsk19 scoi20 scsj21 scmi22 scsk23 scoi24 scis25 scsk26;

CATEGORICAL ARE all; ANALYSIS:

! Requesting the weighted least squares mean- and variance-adjusted estimator ESTIMATOR = WLSMV;

ROTATION = target;

MODEL:

pos BY scsk5 scsk12 scsk19 scsk23 scsk26 scsj1~0 scsj8~0 scsj11~0 scsj16~0 scsj21~0 scch3 scch7 scch10 scch15 scis4~0 scis13~0 scis18~0 scis25~0 scmi9 scmi14 scmi17 scmi22 scoi2~0 scoi6~0 scoi20~0 scoi24~0 (\*1);

neg BY scsk5~0 scsk12~0 scsk19~0 scsk23~0 scsk26~0 scsj1 scsj8 scsj11

scsj16 scsj21 scch3~0 scch7~0 scch10~0 scch15~0 scis4 scis13 scis18 scis25 scmi9~0 scmi14~0 scmi17~0 scmi22~0 scoi2 scoi6 scoi20 scoi24 (\*1);

! Requesting standardized parameter estimates OUTPUT: stdyx;

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| ***Standardized Factor Loadings*** |  | |
| Items | CS | RUS |
| Self-kindness |  |  |
| SCSK05 | 0.69 | 0.12 |
| SCSK12 | 0.76 | -0.04 |
| SCSK19 | 0.76 | -0.08 |
| SCSK23 | 0.60 | -0.27 |
| SCSK26 | 0.66 | -0.11 |
| Mindfulness |  |  |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| SCMI09 | 0.52 | 0.06 |
| SCMI14 | 0.56 | -0.19 |
| SCMI17 | 0.63 | -0.23 |
| SCMI22 | 0.66 | -0.08 |
| Common Humanity |  |  |
| SCCH03 | 0.46 | 0.23 |
| SCCH07 | 0.57 | 0.40 |
| SCCH10 | 0.62 | 0.30 |
| SCCH15 | 0.69 | 0.00 |
| Self-judgment |  |  |
| SCSJ01 | 0.07 | 0.55 |
| SCSJ08 | 0.02 | 0.77 |
| SCSJ11 | 0.03 | 0.74 |
| SCSJ16 | -0.01 | 0.74 |
| SCSJ21 | 0.03 | 0.60 |

Isolation

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| SCIS04 | -0.08 | 0.82 |
| SCIS13 | -0.04 | 0.78 |
| SCIS18 | 0.02 | 0.82 |
| SCIS25 | -0.05 | 0.78 |
| Over-identification |  |  |
| SCOI02 | -0.07 | 0.81 |
| SCOI06 | -0.04 | 0.81 |
| SCOI20 | 0.04 | 0.67 |
| SCOI24 | -0.03 | 0.68 |

# Supplementary Information D

**A two****-factor correlated model with two unitary factors representing CS and RUS Mplus syntax – R factor extraction**

TITLE: 2 factor ESEM v2. DATA:

FILE IS selfcompassionitems.dat; VARIABLE:

NAMES ARE scsj1 scoi2 scch3 scis4 scsk5 scoi6 scch7 scsj8 scmi9 scch10 scsj11 scsk12 scis13 scmi14 scch15

scsj16 scmi17 scis18 scsk19 scoi20 scsj21 scmi22 scsk23 scoi24 scis25 scsk26;

MISSING ARE ALL(-9);

USEVARIABLES ARE scsj1 scoi2 scch3 scis4 scsk5 scoi6 scch7 scsj8 scmi9 scch10 scsj11 scsk12 scis13 scmi14 scch15

scsj16 scmi17 scis18 scsk19 scoi20 scsj21 scmi22 scsk23 scoi24 scis25 scsk26;

CATEGORICAL ARE all; ANALYSIS:

ESTIMATOR = WLSMV;

ROTATION = oblimin;

MODEL:

pos BY scsj1@.06 [scoi2@-.05](mailto:scoi2@-.05) scch3@.41 [scis4@-.070](mailto:scis4@-.070) scsk5@.65 [scoi6@-.03](mailto:scoi6@-.03) [scch7@0.49](mailto:scch7@0.49) scsj8@.01 [scmi9@0.46](mailto:scmi9@0.46) [scch10@0.55](mailto:scch10@0.55) scsj11@.02 scsk12@.69 [scis13@-.04](mailto:scis13@-.04) [scmi14@0.47](mailto:scmi14@0.47) [scch15@0.66](mailto:scch15@0.66) [scsj16@-0.01](mailto:scsj16@-0.01) [scmi17@0.58](mailto:scmi17@0.58) [scis18@0.03](mailto:scis18@0.03) [scsk19@0.70](mailto:scsk19@0.70) [scoi20@0.07](mailto:scoi20@0.07) [scsj21@0.02](mailto:scsj21@0.02) [scmi22@0.65](mailto:scmi22@0.65) [scsk23@0.56](mailto:scsk23@0.56) [scoi24@-0.01](mailto:scoi24@-0.01) [scis25@-0.04](mailto:scis25@-0.04) scsk26@0.64;

neg BY scsj1@.49 scoi2@.78 scch3@.22 scis4@.78 scsk5@.13 scoi6@.79

scch7@.33 scsj8@.70 scmi9@.07 scch10@.24 scsj11@.68 [scsk12@-.03](mailto:scsk12@-.03) scis13@.71 [scmi14@-.17](mailto:scmi14@-.17) scch15@.02 scsj16@.69 [scmi17@-.2](mailto:scmi17@-.2) scis18@.77 [scsk19@-.06](mailto:scsk19@-.06) scoi20@.64 scsj21@.56 [scmi22@-.05](mailto:scmi22@-.05) [scsk23@-.22](mailto:scsk23@-.22) [scoi24@0.62](mailto:scoi24@0.62) scis25@.75 scsk26@-.06;

pos@1; neg@1;

OUTPUT: stdyx;

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| ***Standardized Factor Loadings*** |  | |
| Items | CS | RUS |
| Self-kindness |  |  |
| SCSK05 | 0.65 | 0.13 |
| SCSK12 | 0.69 | -0.03 |
| SCSK19 | 0.70 | -0.06 |
| SCSK23 | 0.56 | -0.22 |
| SCSK26 | 0.64 | -0.06 |
| Mindfulness |  |  |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| SCMI09 | 0.46 | 0.07 |
| SCMI14 | 0.47 | -0.17 |
| SCMI17 | 0.58 | -0.20 |
| SCMI22 | 0.65 | -0.05 |
| Common Humanity |  |  |
| SCCH03 | 0.41 | 0.22 |
| SCCH07 | 0.49 | 0.33 |
| SCCH10 | 0.55 | 0.24 |
| SCCH15 | 0.66 | 0.02 |
| Self-judgment |  |  |
| SCSJ01 | 0.06 | 0.49 |
| SCSJ08 | 0.01 | 0.70 |
| SCSJ11 | 0.02 | 0.68 |
| SCSJ16 | -0.01 | 0.69 |
| SCSJ21 | 0.02 | 0.56 |

Isolation

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| SCIS04 | -0.07 | 0.78 |
| SCIS13 | -0.04 | 0.71 |
| SCIS18 | 0.03 | 0.77 |
| SCIS25 | -0.04 | 0.75 |
| Over-identification |  |  |
| SCOI02 | -0.05 | 0.78 |
| SCOI06 | -0.03 | 0.79 |
| SCOI20 | 0.07 | 0.64 |
| SCOI24 | -0.01 | 0.62 |

**Supplementary Information E**

**A two-correlated factors bifactor model**

**Mplus syntax**

TITLE: bifactor 2-correlated-factors ESEM. DATA:

FILE IS selfcompassionitems.dat; VARIABLE:

NAMES ARE scsj1 scoi2 scch3 scis4 scsk5 scoi6 scch7 scsj8 scmi9 scch10 scsj11 scsk12 scis13 scmi14 scch15

scsj16 scmi17 scis18 scsk19 scoi20 scsj21 scmi22 scsk23 scoi24 scis25 scsk26;

MISSING ARE ALL(-9);

USEVARIABLES ARE scsj1 scoi2 scch3 scis4 scsk5 scoi6 scch7 scsj8 scmi9 scch10 scsj11 scsk12 scis13 scmi14 scch15

scsj16 scmi17 scis18 scsk19 scoi20 scsj21 scmi22 scsk23 scoi24 scis25 scsk26;

CATEGORICAL ARE all; ANALYSIS:

! Requesting the weighted least squares mean- and variance-adjusted estimator ESTIMATOR = WLSMV;

ROTATION = target;

MODEL:

sc BY scsk5 scsk12 scsk19 scsk23 scsk26 scsj1 scsj8 scsj11 scsj16 scsj21 scch3 scch7 scch10 scch15 scis4 scis13 scis18 scis25 scmi9 scmi14 scmi17 scmi22 scoi2 scoi6 scoi20 scoi24(\*1);

pos BY scsk5 scsk12 scsk19 scsk23 scsk26 scsj1~0 scsj8~0 scsj11~0

scsj16~0 scsj21~0 scch3 scch7 scch10 scch15 scis4~0 scis13~0 scis18~0 scis25~0 scmi9 scmi14 scmi17 scmi22 scoi2~0 scoi6~0 scoi20~0 scoi24~0 (\*1);

neg BY scsk5~0 scsk12~0 scsk19~0 scsk23~0 scsk26~0 scsj1 scsj8 scsj11 scsj16 scsj21 scch3~0 scch7~0 scch10~0 scch15~0 scis4 scis13

scis18 scis25 scmi9~0 scmi14~0 scmi17~0 scmi22~0 scoi2 scoi6 scoi20 scoi24 (\*1);

! Requesting standardized parameter estimates OUTPUT: stdyx;

## Standardized Factor Loadings

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Items | GEN | CS | RUS |
| Self-kindness |  |  |  |
| SCSK05 | 0.19 | 0.70 | 0.08 |
| SCSK12 | 0.15 | 0.76 | -0.09 |
| SCSK19 | 0.13 | 0.77 | -0.12 |
| SCSK23 | 0.09 | 0.62 | -0.30 |
| SCSK26 | 0.12 | 0.68 | -0.14 |
| Mindfulness |  |  |  |
| SCMI09 | -0.46 | 0.46 | 0.13 |
| SCMI14 | -0.60 | 0.47 | -0.11 |
| SCMI17 | -0.46 | 0.59 | -0.18 |
| SCMI22 | -0.17 | 0.65 | -0.06 |
| Common Humanity |  |  |  |
| SCCH03 | -0.22 | 0.43 | 0.26 |
| SCCH07 | 0.09 | 0.58 | 0.38 |
| SCCH10 | -0.04 | 0.62 | 0.29 |
| SCCH15 | -0.21 | 0.67 | 0.02 |
| Self-judgment |  |  |  |
| SCSJ01 | -0.25 | 0.03 | 0.59 |
| SCSJ08 | -0.19 | -0.01 | 0.80 |
| SCSJ11 | -0.14 | 0.00 | 0.76 |
| SCSJ16 | -0.10 | -0.04 | 0.76 |
| SCSJ21 | -0.14 | 0.01 | 0.64 |

Isolation

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| SCIS04 | 0.24 | -0.07 | 0.79 |
| SCIS13 | 0.40 | -0.01 | 0.72 |
| SCIS18 | 0.36 | 0.05 | 0.77 |
| SCIS25 | 0.24 | -0.04 | 0.76 |
| Over-identification |  |  |  |
| SCOI02 | 0.22 | -0.06 | 0.79 |
| SCOI06 | 0.19 | -0.04 | 0.80 |
| SCOI20 | 0.37 | 0.08 | 0.62 |
| SCOI24 | 0.36 | 0.00 | 0.63 |

# Correlated residuals between items SCCH10 and SCCH7, and between items SCIS18 and SCIS13

## 

## Mplus syntax

TITLE: 2 factor bi-factor ESEM with correlated residuals. DATA:

FILE IS selfcompassionitems.dat; VARIABLE:

NAMES ARE scsj1 scoi2 scch3 scis4 scsk5 scoi6 scch7 scsj8 scmi9 scch10 scsj11 scsk12 scis13 scmi14 scch15

scsj16 scmi17 scis18 scsk19 scoi20 scsj21 scmi22 scsk23 scoi24 scis25 scsk26;

MISSING ARE ALL(-9);

USEVARIABLES ARE scsj1 scoi2 scch3 scis4 scsk5 scoi6 scch7 scsj8 scmi9 scch10 scsj11 scsk12 scis13 scmi14 scch15

scsj16 scmi17 scis18 scsk19 scoi20 scsj21 scmi22 scsk23 scoi24 scis25 scsk26;

CATEGORICAL ARE all; ANALYSIS:

! Requesting the weighted least squares mean- and variance-adjusted estimator ESTIMATOR = WLSMV;

ROTATION = target;

MODEL:

sc BY scsk5 scsk12 scsk19 scsk23 scsk26 scsj1 scsj8 scsj11 scsj16 scsj21 scch3 scch7 scch10 scch15 scis4 scis13 scis18 scis25 scmi9 scmi14 scmi17 scmi22 scoi2 scoi6 scoi20 scoi24 (\*1);

pos BY scsk5 scsk12 scsk19 scsk23 scsk26 scsj1~0 scsj8~0 scsj11~0

scsj16~0 scsj21~0 scch3 scch7 scch10 scch15 scis4~0 scis13~0 scis18~0 scis25~0 scmi9 scmi14 scmi17 scmi22 scoi2~0 scoi6~0 scoi20~0 scoi24~0 (\*1);

neg BY scsk5~0 scsk12~0 scsk19~0 scsk23~0 scsk26~0 scsj1 scsj8 scsj11 scsj16 scsj21 scch3~0 scch7~0 scch10~0 scch15~0 scis4 scis13

scis18 scis25 scmi9~0 scmi14~0 scmi17~0 scmi22~0 scoi2 scoi6 scoi20 scoi24 (\*1);

scch10 WITH scch7; scis18 WITH scis13;

! Requesting standardized parameter estimates OUTPUT: stdyx;

## Standardized Factor Loadings

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Items | GEN | CS | RUS |
| Self-kindness |  |  |  |
| SCSK05 | -0.20 | 0.71 | 0.10 |
| SCSK12 | -0.15 | 0.78 | -0.06 |
| SCSK19 | -0.13 | 0.78 | -0.10 |
| SCSK23 | -0.09 | 0.63 | -0.28 |
| SCSK26 | -0.12 | 0.69 | -0.12 |
| Mindfulness |  |  |  |
| SCMI09 | 0.47 | 0.46 | 0.13 |
| SCMI14 | 0.60 | 0.47 | -0.12 |
| SCMI17 | 0.46 | 0.59 | -0.18 |
| SCMI22 | 0.16 | 0.66 | -0.05 |
| Common Humanity |  |  |  |
| SCCH03 | 0.23 | 0.43 | 0.26 |
| SCCH07 | -0.09 | 0.50 | 0.34 |
| SCCH10 | 0.08 | 0.54 | 0.25 |
| SCCH15 | 0.22 | 0.68 | 0.03 |
| Self-judgment |  |  |  |
| SCSJ01 | 0.25 | 0.03 | 0.59 |
| SCSJ08 | 0.20 | -0.02 | 0.80 |
| SCSJ11 | 0.15 | 0.00 | 0.76 |
| SCSJ16 | 0.11 | -0.04 | 0.76 |
| SCSJ21 | 0.15 | 0.01 | 0.64 |

Isolation

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| SCIS04 | -0.24 | -0.07 | 0.80 |
| SCIS13 | -0.28 | -0.04 | 0.68 |
| SCIS18 | -0.24 | 0.03 | 0.74 |
| SCIS25 | -0.23 | -0.03 | 0.77 |
| Over-identification |  |  |  |
| SCOI02 | -0.22 | -0.05 | 0.80 |
| SCOI06 | -0.19 | -0.03 | 0.80 |
| SCOI20 | -0.38 | 0.10 | 0.63 |
| SCOI24 | -0.37 | 0.02 | 0.64 |

# Supplementary Information F Latent Profile Analysis

Prior to the analysis, the six self-compassion dimensions were standardized and scores on the three RUS SCS sub-scales were reversed (*i.e.*, they were indicators of “lack of” Self-judgment, Overidentification, and Isolation). By following Ullrich-French & Cox (2020), we select the best LPA model of the SCS by specifying 1 through 6 profiles. Model selection was based on an analytic hierarchy process resting on the comparison of fit indexes. The best solution was a model with 6 classes. All models were fit in MPLUS 8.6 and freely estimated the means and variances of indicators with robust maximum likelihood.

Two multilevel Bayesian regressions models were run with either PTG or IES-R scores as the dependent variable and group membership according to the six profile solution as independent variable. All contrasts between PTG or IES-R mean

pairs were evaluated with the Tukey correction. The resulting HPD 95% intervals not including the zero point were coded with 1, if they were consistent with the prediction formulated according to the relevant dimensions specified by H1 or H2, and with 0 if they were not. For example, let us consider the contrast between the profiles 3 and 6 described in Fig. [1](#_bookmark0) for the PTG dependent variable. According to H1, the mean difference in PTG scores should only depend on the SC components of the SCS scale. Therefore, profile 6 (*High CS Medium RUS* ) is expected to have a higher PTG mean value than profile 3 (*Low CS High RUS* ). This prediction was satisfied in the present sample (0.21 vs. -0.32) and, therefore, we coded the results of this contrast as 1 (“success”). If we compare these same two profiles in terms of H2 (*i.e.*, the mean difference in PTG scores should only depend on the RUS components of the SCS scale), then we should expect a higher PTG score in profile 3 than in profile 6. This did not happen and, therefore, in terms of H2, this contrast was coded as 0.

Adjusted posterior means were then computed with the emmeans R package.

The procedure described in the example provided in the manuscript was applied to each of the 13 contrasts with HPD 95% intervals not including the zero point (by considering both for the contrasts computed with PTG as the dependent variable and the contrasts computed with IES-R as the dependent variable). In this manner, we obtained 13 out of 13 successes when “success” was coded according to H1, and 5 out of 13 successes when “success” was coded according to H2.

The analysis of this difference in terms of “proportion correct” produced a posterior median difference of 4.16 with a MAD standard deviation of 1.49 (or, in frequentist terms, 6 prop. = 0.62, *SE* = 0.13, *p* = 0.00), which indicates a reliable difference. We interpret this result as supporting H1 (*i.e.*, the CS and RUS components have functionally different purposes) rather than H2 (*i.e.*, the six

sub-scales of the SCS do not measure functionally different dimensions of the construct).

# Supplementary Information G SEM models

**Model M0**

M0 considers two endogenous variables: post-traumatic growth (ptgr) and post-traumatic stress (ptss) and their relations with 4 exogenous variables: coping (cope), perceived social support (soc), self-compassion (sc), and neuroticism (neuro). In model M0, only the regression effects of cope and soc are considered. Other two variables also included (self-compassion and neuroticism), although they have no effect on the endogenous variables, in order to allow comparisons between nested models.

Model 0 comprised six latent factors: self-compassion, coping, perceived social support, Neuroticism, post-traumatic growth, and post-traumatic stress disorder.

Each latent variable was identified by its sub-scale scores as indicators.

Self-compassion was represented as a unitary construct with six indicators. Model 0 included direct paths between two exogenous variables (coping, perceived social support) and the two endogenous variables of interest (post-traumatic growth, and post-traumatic stress disorder). No direct paths were specified between both self-compassion and neuroticism and the two exogenous variables.

## Model’s definition (lavaan syntax)

model0 <- "

# post-traumatic growth

ptgr =~ life\_appreciation + new\_possibilities + personal\_strength + spirituality\_changes + interpersonal\_relationships

# pts

ptss =~ avoiding + intrusivity + iperarousal

# coping

cope =~ social\_support + avoiding\_strategies + positive\_attitude + problem\_orientation + transcendent\_orientation

# perceived social support

soc =~ family + friends + significant\_other # self-compassion

sc =~ self\_judgment + isolation + over\_identification + self\_kindness + common\_humanity + mindfulness

# neuroticism

neuro =~ negative\_affect + self\_reproach # regressions

ptgr ~ cope + soc ptss ~ cope + soc

# Residual correlations self\_judgment ~~ self\_kindness "

Modification indexes suggested the inclusion of a residual covariance between the subscales of Self judgment and Self kindness. Also with this specification, Model 0 showed an unacceptable fit with the data, *‰*2(240) = 2,484.79, *‰*2/df = 10.35, CFI = 0.76, NFI = 0.74, TLI = 0.72, RMSEA = 0.11, and SRMS = 0.15. Overall, the CFA fit indexes did not support Model 0, which did not include regression effects for both self-compassion and neuroticism.

# Model 1

M1 considers, besides the regression effects of M0, also an effect of self-compassion, but without distinguishing the RUS and CS components. Modification indexes suggested the addition of a residual correlation between Self-judgment and Self-kindness.

## Model’s definition (lavaan syntax)

In model M1, self-compassion was conceived as a unitary construct defined by six indicators (*i.e.*, no distinction between CS and RUS was made). Model 1 comprised two additional direct regression paths between self compassion and the two endogenous variables, which improved model fit compared to Model 0, 6*‰*2(2) = 123, *p* = 0. However, the overall model fit was still unacceptable, *‰*2(238) = 2,302.08,

*‰*2/df = 9.67, CFI = 0.78, NFI = 0.76, TLI = 0.74, RMSEA = 0.11, and SRMS = 0.13.

model1 <- "

# post-traumatic growth

ptgr =~ life\_appreciation + new\_possibilities + personal\_strength + spirituality\_changes + interpersonal\_relationships

# ptsd

ptss =~ avoiding + intrusivity + iperarousal # coping

cope =~ social\_support + avoiding\_strategies + positive\_attitude + problem\_orientation + transcendent\_orientation

# perceived social support

soc =~ family + friends + significant\_other

# self-compassion

sc =~ self\_judgment + isolation + over\_identification + self\_kindness + common\_humanity + mindfulness

# neuroticism

neuro =~ negative\_affect + self\_reproach # regressions

ptgr ~ cope + soc + sc ptss ~ cope + soc + sc # residual correlations

self\_judgment ~~ self\_kindness "

# Model 1a

Model 1a attempted to improve the fit of Model 1 by including only a subset of indicators for Coping (*i.e.*, Positive attitude and Problem orientation), because Coping was poorly defined by the other indicators. This modification improved the model fit substantially, 6*‰*2(63) = 850.08, *p* = 0. However, the overall model fit was still unacceptable, *‰*2(175) = 1,389.15, *‰*2/df = 7.94, CFI = 0.85, NFI = 0.84, TLI = 0.83, RMSEA = 0.10, and SRMS = 0.10.

## Model’s definition (lavaan syntax)

model1a <- "

# post-traumatic growth

ptgr =~ life\_appreciation + new\_possibilities + personal\_strength + spirituality\_changes + interpersonal\_relationships

# ptsd

ptss =~ avoiding + intrusivity + iperarousal # coping

cope =~ positive\_attitude + problem\_orientation # perceived social support

soc =~ family + friends + significant\_other # self-compassion

sc =~ self\_judgment + isolation + over\_identification + self\_kindness + common\_humanity + mindfulness

# neuroticism

neuro =~ negative\_affect + self\_reproach sc ~~ neuro

soc ~~ cope

soc ~~ sc soc ~~ neuro cope ~~ sc

cope ~~ neuro # regressions

ptgr ~ cope + soc + sc ptss ~ cope + soc + sc # residual correlations

self\_judgment ~~ self\_kindness "

# Model 2

Model 2 was identical to Model 1a, except from the fact that, instead of having a unitary self-compassion latent variable, the “lack of” Self judgment, Overidentification, and Isolation indicators revealed the RUS latent variable, and the Self-kindness, Common humanity, and Mindfulness indicators revealed the CS latent variable. Model 2 represented an improvement of fit relative to Model 1a, 6*‰*2(6) = 626.20, *p* = 0. Overall, the model fit indexes underlined a good fit of Model 2,

*‰*2(169) = 618.93, *‰*2/df = 3.66, CFI = 0.95, NFI = 0.93, TLI = 0.93, RMSEA = 0.06, and SRMS = 0.06.

## Model’s definition (lavaan syntax)

model2 <- "

# post-traumatic growth

ptgr =~ life\_appreciation + new\_possibilities + personal\_strength + spirituality\_changes + interpersonal\_relationships

# ptsd

ptss =~ avoiding + intrusivity + iperarousal # coping

cope =~ positive\_attitude + problem\_orientation # perceived social support

soc =~ family + friends + significant\_other # self-compassion

nsc =~ self\_judgment + isolation + over\_identification psc =~ self\_kindness + common\_humanity + mindfulness

# neuroticism

neuro =~ negative\_affect + self\_reproach

psc ~~ nsc psc ~~ neuro nsc ~~ neuro soc ~~ cope soc ~~ nsc soc ~~ psc soc ~~ neuro cope ~~ nsc cope ~~ psc cope ~~ neuro # regressions

ptgr ~ cope + soc + nsc + psc ptss ~ cope + soc + nsc + psc # residual correlations self\_judgment ~~ self\_kindness "

# Supplementary Information H Model 3

Model M3 adds the regression coefficient for Neuroticism.

model3 <- "

# post-traumatic growth

ptgr =~ life\_appreciation + new\_possibilities + personal\_strength + spirituality\_changes + interpersonal\_relationships

# ptsd

ptss =~ avoiding + intrusivity + iperarousal # coping

cope =~ positive\_attitude + problem\_orientation # perceived social support

soc =~ family + friends + significant\_other # self-compassion

psc =~ self\_kindness + common\_humanity + mindfulness nsc =~ self\_judgment + isolation + over\_identification # neuroticism

neuro =~ negative\_affect + self\_reproach # regressions

ptss ~ cope + soc + nsc + psc + neuro ptgr ~ cope + soc + nsc + psc + neuro # residual correlations

self\_judgment ~~ self\_kindness "

# Supplementary Information I Model 4

Model 4 remove the two self-compassion regression effects from M3.

model4 <- "

# post-traumatic growth

ptgr =~ life\_appreciation + new\_possibilities + personal\_strength + spirituality\_changes + interpersonal\_relationships

# ptss

ptss =~ avoiding + intrusivity + iperarousal # coping

cope =~ positive\_attitude + problem\_orientation # perceived social support

soc =~ family + friends + significant\_other # neuroticism

neuro =~ negative\_affect + self\_reproach # self-compassion

nsc =~ self\_judgment + isolation + over\_identification psc =~ self\_kindness + common\_humanity + mindfulness

# regressions

ptgr ~ cope + soc + neuro ptss ~ cope + soc + neuro # residula correlations

self\_judgment ~~ self\_kindness "

# Supplementary Information J Model 5

M5 remove only the regression effect of the negative component of self-compassion from M4.

model5 <- "

# post-traumatic growth

ptgr =~ life\_appreciation + new\_possibilities + personal\_strength + spirituality\_changes + interpersonal\_relationships

# ptsd

ptss =~ avoiding + intrusivity + iperarousal # coping

cope =~ positive\_attitude + problem\_orientation # perceived social support

soc =~ family + friends + significant\_other # self-compassion

nsc =~ self\_judgment + isolation + over\_identification psc =~ self\_kindness + common\_humanity + mindfulness

# neuroticism

neuro =~ negative\_affect + self\_reproach # regressions

ptgr ~ cope + soc + psc + neuro ptss ~ cope + soc + psc + neuro # residual correlations self\_judgment ~~ self\_kindness "

# Supplementary Information K Model 6

M6 removes only the positive component of self-compassion from M4.

# Supplementary Information L Model 7

M7: mediation model with the two components of self-compassion

model7 <- "

# post-traumatic growth

ptgr =~ life\_appreciation + new\_possibilities + personal\_strength + spirituality\_changes + interpersonal\_relationships

# ptsd

ptss =~ avoiding + intrusivity + iperarousal # coping

cope =~ positive\_attitude + problem\_orientation # perceived social support

soc =~ family + friends + significant\_other # self-compassion

nsc =~ self\_judgment + isolation + over\_identification psc =~ self\_kindness + common\_humanity + mindfulness

# neuroticism

neuro =~ negative\_affect + self\_reproach # regressions

ptgr ~ dg\_cope\*cope + dg\_soc\*soc + dg\_neuro\*neuro ptss ~ ds\_cope\*cope + ds\_soc\*soc + ds\_neuro\*neuro nsc ~ nsc\_cope\*cope + nsc\_soc\*soc + nsc\_neuro\*neuro psc ~ psc\_cope\*cope + psc\_soc\*soc + psc\_neuro\*neuro ptgr ~ ig\_nsc\*nsc + ig\_psc\*psc

ptss ~ is\_nsc\*nsc + is\_psc\*psc # residual correlations

self\_judgment ~~ self\_kindness # indirect and total effects

# cope

i\_cope\_s := nsc\_cope \* is\_nsc + psc\_cope \* is\_psc i\_cope\_g := nsc\_cope \* ig\_nsc + psc\_cope \* ig\_psc tot\_cope\_s := i\_cope\_s + ds\_cope

tot\_cope\_g := i\_cope\_g + dg\_cope tot\_cope := i\_cope\_s + i\_cope\_g # soc

i\_soc\_s := nsc\_soc \* is\_nsc + psc\_soc \* is\_psc i\_soc\_g := nsc\_soc \* ig\_nsc + psc\_soc \* ig\_psc tot\_soc\_s := i\_soc\_s + ds\_soc

tot\_soc\_g := i\_soc\_g + dg\_soc tot\_soc := i\_soc\_s + i\_soc\_g # neuro

i\_neuro\_s := nsc\_neuro \* is\_nsc + psc\_neuro \* is\_psc i\_neuro\_g := nsc\_neuro \* ig\_nsc + psc\_neuro \* ig\_psc tot\_neuro\_s := i\_neuro\_s + ds\_neuro

tot\_neuro\_g := i\_neuro\_g + dg\_neuro tot\_neuro := i\_neuro\_s + i\_neuro\_g "

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