

PID-5 EMA — Build analysis dataset (baseline + EMA + exam tags)

Clean, tag, QA, and export

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Questa notebook costruisce **unico file analitico** per il progetto *PID-5 EMA*, unendo:

- 1) **baseline** (PID-5 domini senza item EMA, ESI-BF, DASS-21 baseline),
- 2) **EMA** (misure dinamiche, incluse happy/sad/satisfied/angry, SCS di stato),
- 3) **tag esame** (exam_period: baseline / pre_exam / post_exam),
- 4) **filtri qualità** riproducibili.

Alla fine, salva {params.export_path} e stampa **log di inclusioni/esclusioni**.

1 Setup

```
suppressPackageStartupMessages({  
  library(tidyverse)  
  library(here)  
  library(rio)  
  library(stringr)  
  library(lubridate)  
  library(forcats)  
  library(broom)  
  library(glue)  
  library(conflicted)  
})
```

```
conflict_prefer("filter", "dplyr")
```

[conflicted] Will prefer dplyr::filter over any other package.

```
conflict_prefer("select", "dplyr")
```

[conflicted] Will prefer dplyr::select over any other package.

```
conflict_prefer("sd", "stats")
```

[conflicted] Will prefer stats::sd over any other package.

```
conflict_prefer("var", "stats")
```

[conflicted] Will prefer stats::var over any other package.

```
theme_set(theme_minimal(base_size = 12))  
options(dplyr.summarise.inform = FALSE)
```

1.1 Utility (coercioni sicure, somma NA-robusta, clamp)

```
# Coercizione numerica "safe"
to_num <- function(x) suppressWarnings(as.numeric(x))

# Clamp in [0, 100]
clamp_0_100 <- function(x) {
  x <- to_num(x)
  ifelse(is.na(x), NA_real_, pmin(pmax(x, 0), 100))
}

# Somma riga con NA-robustezza ma torna NA se tutti gli addendi sono NA
row_sum_na_all_missing_na <- function(mat) {
  s <- rowSums(mat, na.rm = TRUE)
  all_na <- rowSums(!is.na(mat)) == 0
  s[all_na] <- NA_real_
  s
}
```

2 1) Import baseline: ESI-BF e PID-5 (domini, senza item EMA)

```
# ESI-BF (già ricodificato e con user_id pulito dallo script `import_esi.R`)
esi_bf <- rio::import(here::here("data", "processed", "esi_bf.csv")) %>%
  distinct(user_id, .keep_all = TRUE) %>%
  select(user_id, esi_bf)
stopifnot(nrow(es_i_bf) > 0, all(c("user_id", "esi_bf") %in% names(es_i_bf)))

# PID-5 (domini senza item EMA) da `import_pid5_subset.R`
pid5 <- rio::import(here::here("data", "processed", "pid5.csv")) %>%
  distinct(user_id, .keep_all = TRUE) %>%
  select(user_id, starts_with("domain_"))
stopifnot(nrow(pid5) > 0)

# Merge baseline
baseline <- left_join(es_i_bf, pid5, by = "user_id")
```

2.1 1.1) Escludi careless responding (lista definita a priori)

```
user_id_with_careless_responding <- c(
  "ma_se_2005_11_14_490", "reve20041021036", "di_ma_2005_10_20_756", "pa_sc_2005_09_10_468",
  "il_re_2006_01_18_645", "so_ma_2003_10_13_804", "lo_ca_2005_05_07_05_437",
  "va_ma_2005_05_31_567", "no_un_2005_06_29_880", "an_bo_1988_08_24_166",
  "st_ma_2004_04_21_426", "an_st_2005_10_16_052", "vi_de_2002_12_30_067",
  "gi_ru_2005_03_08_033", "al_mi_2005_03_05_844", "la_ma_2006_01_31_787",
  "gi_lo_2004_06_27_237", "ch_bi_2001_01_28_407", "al_pe_2001_04_20_079",
  "le_de_2003_09_05_067", "fe_gr_2002_02_19_434", "ma_ba_2002_09_09_052",
```

```

"ca_gi_2003_09_16_737", "an_to_2003_08_06_114", "al_se_2003_07_28_277",
"ja_tr_2002_10_06_487", "el_ci_2002_02_15_057", "se_ti_2000_03_04_975",
"co_ga_2003_10_29_614", "al_ba_2003_18_07_905", "bi_ro_2003_09_07_934",
"an_va_2004_04_08_527", "ev_cr_2003_01_27_573"
)

baseline <- baseline %>%
  mutate(flag_careless = user_id %in% user_id_with_careless_responding)

baseline_keep <- baseline %>% filter(!flag_careless)
baseline_drop <- baseline %>% filter(flag_careless) %>% select(user_id)

```

3 2) Import EMA e merge con baseline

```

ema_raw <- readRDS(here::here("data", "raw", "ema", "ema_data_scoring.RDS")) %>%
  rename(user_id = subj_code)

df0 <- left_join(baseline_keep %>% select(-flag_careless), ema_raw, by="user_id")
n_distinct(df0$user_id) -> n_users_after_careless
glue("Soggetti dopo esclusione careless: {n_users_after_careless}") %>% message()

```

Soggetti dopo esclusione careless: 429

3.1 2.1) Filtro per numerosità EMA (riportabile)

```

counts <- df0 %>% count(user_id, name = "n_ema")
keep_ids <- counts %>% filter(n_ema >= 5 & n_ema <= 40) %>% pull(user_id)

df1 <- df0 %>% filter(user_id %in% keep_ids)

log_n <- tibble(
  step = c("after_careless", "after_min_n_ema"),
  n_subjects = c(n_users_after_careless, n_distinct(df1$user_id))
)
log_n

```

```

# A tibble: 2 x 2
  step          n_subjects
<chr>          <int>
1 after_careless        429
2 after_min_n_ema       379

```

4 3) Import metadati corso/sesso e tag esami

```

exam_data <- rio::import(here::here("data", "raw", "all_combined_sex_NEW_1.xlsx")) %>%
  select(user_id = subj_code, course, sex)

```

```
df2 <- left_join(df1, exam_data, by="user_id")
```

4.1 3.1) Crea exam_period da calendario corsi

```
# Parametri dalle YAML params
psico_pre <- as.Date(params$psico_pre)
psico_post <- as.Date(params$psico_post)
test_pre <- as.Date(params$test_pre)
test_post <- as.Date(params$test_post)
interv_pre <- as.Date(params$interv_pre)
interv_post <- as.Date(params$interv_post)

df2 <- df2 %>%
  mutate(
    day = as.Date(day),
    exam_period = case_when(
      course == "Clinica" ~ "baseline",
      course == "Psicometria" & day %in% psico_pre ~ "pre_exam",
      course == "Psicometria" & day %in% psico_post ~ "post_exam",
      course == "Testing" & day %in% test_pre ~ "pre_exam",
      course == "Testing" & day %in% test_post ~ "post_exam",
      course == "Interventi" & day %in% interv_pre ~ "pre_exam",
      course == "Interventi" & day %in% interv_post ~ "post_exam",
      TRUE ~ "baseline"
    ),
    exam_period = factor(exam_period, levels = c("baseline", "pre_exam", "post_exam"))
  )

count(df2, course, exam_period)
```

	course	exam_period	n
1	Clinica	baseline	3853
2	Interventi	baseline	394
3	Interventi	pre_exam	18
4	Interventi	post_exam	17
5	Psicometria	baseline	3475
6	Psicometria	pre_exam	272
7	Psicometria	post_exam	228
8	Testing	baseline	1344
9	Testing	pre_exam	117
10	Testing	post_exam	111
11	<NA>	baseline	144

5 4) Costruisci SCS di stato (cs_pos, ucs_neg) dalle colonne scs*_pos/neg

```

pos_items <- names(df2)[str_detect(names(df2), "^scs\\d+_pos$")]
neg_items <- names(df2)[str_detect(names(df2), "^scs\\d+_neg$")]
stopifnot(length(pos_items) > 0, length(neg_items) > 0)

df2[pos_items] <- lapply(df2[pos_items], to_num)
df2[neg_items] <- lapply(df2[neg_items], to_num)

df2 <- df2 %>% mutate(
  cs_pos = row_sum_na_all_missing_na(as.matrix(pick(all_of(pos_items)))),
  ucs_neg = row_sum_na_all_missing_na(as.matrix(pick(all_of(neg_items))))
)

```

6 5) Negative affect EMA da happy/satisfied/sad/angry (reverse su positivi)

```

df2 <- df2 %>%
  mutate(
    happy      = clamp_0_100(happy),
    satisfied   = clamp_0_100(satisfied),
    sad         = clamp_0_100(sad),
    angry       = clamp_0_100(angry),
    happy_rc    = if_else(is.na(happy), NA_real_, 100 - happy),
    satisfied_rc = if_else(is.na(satisfied), NA_real_, 100 - satisfied)
  ) %>%
  mutate(
    negative_affect_ema_raw = row_sum_na_all_missing_na(as.matrix(pick(happy_rc, satisfied_rc)))
  ) %>%
  mutate(
    neg_affect_ema = as.numeric(scale(negative_affect_ema_raw))
  ) %>%
  select(-happy_rc, -satisfied_rc)

```

7 6) QA essenziale (riportabile nel manoscritto)

```

qa_subjects <- df2 %>%
  group_by(user_id) %>%
  summarise(
    n_ema = n(),
    n_days = n_distinct(day),
    any_pre = any(exam_period == "pre_exam", na.rm = TRUE),
    any_post = any(exam_period == "post_exam", na.rm = TRUE),
    any_base = any(exam_period == "baseline", na.rm = TRUE)
  ) %>%
  arrange(desc(n_ema))

print(qa_subjects, n = 10)

```

```
# A tibble: 379 x 6
  user_id      n_ema n_days any_pre any_post any_base
  <chr>      <int>  <int> <lgl>  <lgl>  <lgl>
1 el_to_2005_09_02_232    37    31 TRUE    TRUE    TRUE
2 ad_pa_2006_01_27_630    31    30 TRUE    TRUE    TRUE
3 al_lo_1999_09_19_127    31    31 TRUE    TRUE    TRUE
4 al_mo_2005_10_03_273    31    30 TRUE    TRUE    TRUE
5 al_zs_2005_07_11_637    31    29 TRUE    TRUE    TRUE
6 an_ba_2001_12_27_169    31    30 TRUE    TRUE    TRUE
7 an_ma_1995_03_09_029    31    31 TRUE    TRUE    TRUE
8 ca_ro_2004_09_03_927    31    30 TRUE    TRUE    TRUE
9 ca_te_2005_07_04_549    31    30 TRUE    TRUE    TRUE
10 ca_zs_2005_06_29_989    31    31 TRUE    TRUE    TRUE
# i 369 more rows
```

```
qa_missing <- df2 %>%
  summarise(
    pct_missing_neg_affect = mean(is.na(neg_affect_ema))*100,
    pct_missing_cs_pos     = mean(is.na(cs_pos))*100,
    pct_missing_ucs_neg    = mean(is.na(ucs_neg))*100
  )
qa_missing
```

```
      pct_missing_neg_affect pct_missing_cs_pos pct_missing_ucs_neg
1                0.02005415             37.87226             37.87226
```

7.1 6.1) Effetti del periodo d'esame stratificati per sesso (descrittivi)

```
desc_by_sex <- df2 %>%
  filter(exam_period %in% c("pre_exam", "post_exam")) %>%
  group_by(sex, exam_period) %>%
  summarise(
    n = n(),
    neg_aff_mean = mean(neg_affect_ema, na.rm = TRUE),
    cs_pos_mean  = mean(cs_pos, na.rm = TRUE),
    ucs_neg_mean = mean(ucs_neg, na.rm = TRUE)
  ) %>%
  arrange(sex, exam_period)

desc_by_sex
```

```
# A tibble: 4 x 6
# Groups:   sex [2]
  sex      exam_period      n neg_aff_mean cs_pos_mean ucs_neg_mean
  <chr>    <fct>      <int>      <dbl>      <dbl>      <dbl>
1 Femmina pre_exam    340        0.421        1.35        0.182
2 Femmina post_exam   295       -0.257        2.45       -1.78
3 Maschio pre_exam    67         0.231        0.646       -1.78
4 Maschio post_exam    61       -0.0286        1.86       -3.14
```

8 7) Esporta dataset finale + log esclusioni

```
# Log esclusioni
log_exclusions <- list(
  careless_ids = baseline_drop,
  min_n_ema_threshold = tibble(min_n_ema = params$min_n_ema,
                                dropped_ids = setdiff(unique(df0$user_id), unique(df1$user_id))
)

# Dataset finale con rinomina PID-5 baseline
dat_final <- df2 %>%
  rename(
    esi_bf_baseline = esi_bf,
    pid5_negative_affect_baseline = domain_negative_affect,
    pid5_detachment_baseline = domain_detachment,
    pid5_antagonism_baseline = domain_antagonism,
    pid5_disinhibition_baseline = domain_disinhibition,
    pid5_psychoticism_baseline = domain_psychoticism
  )

# Salva
rio::export(dat_final, here::here(params$export_path))

cat(glue("\nFile esportato: {here::here(params$export_path)}\n"))
```

File esportato: /Users/corrado/_repositories/pid5-ema/data/processed/ema_plus_baseline_exam

```
# Mostra dimensioni e anteprima
dim(dat_final)
```

```
[1] 9973    94
```

```
dat_final %>% arrange(user_id, day, hour) %>% slice_head(n = 8)
```

	user_id	esi_bf_baseline	pid5_negative_affect_baseline	
1	ad_pa_2006_01_27_630	12	44	
2	ad_pa_2006_01_27_630	12	44	
3	ad_pa_2006_01_27_630	12	44	
4	ad_pa_2006_01_27_630	12	44	
5	ad_pa_2006_01_27_630	12	44	
6	ad_pa_2006_01_27_630	12	44	
7	ad_pa_2006_01_27_630	12	44	
8	ad_pa_2006_01_27_630	12	44	
	pid5_detachment_baseline	pid5_antagonism_baseline	pid5_disinhibition_baseline	
1	7	13	32	
2	7	13	32	
3	7	13	32	
4	7	13	32	
5	7	13	32	
6	7	13	32	
7	7	13	32	

8	7				13				32	
	pid5_psychoticism_baseline	happy	sad	satisfied	angry	pid5_13	pid5_15	pid5_11		
1	43	100	0	64	16	0	0	0		
2	43	85	11	82	0	0	1	1		
3	43	89	15	32	100	0	0	2		
4	43	71	16	54	0	0	0	1		
5	43	93	17	40	67	0	0	2		
6	43	88	0	72	61	0	0	2		
7	43	83	0	73	50	0	0	3		
8	43	100	0	87	29	0	0	2		
	pid5_3	pid5_2	pid5_7	pid5_14	pid5_6	pid5_4	pid5_12	pid5_1	pid5_9	pid5_5
1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
4	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
5	3	3	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
6	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
	pid5_8	pid5_10	tripm_1	tripm_3	tripm_2	tripm_4	dass21_2	dass21_5	dass21_3	
1	0	2	3	1	2	3	0	0	0	
2	0	2	3	1	1	4	NA	NA	NA	
3	0	2	3	1	1	4	1	0	0	
4	0	0	2	1	1	3	NA	NA	NA	
5	0	1	1	1	1	4	NA	NA	NA	
6	0	0	1	1	1	4	NA	NA	NA	
7	0	0	3	1	1	4	1	0	1	
8	0	0	3	1	1	4	1	0	1	
	dass21_4	dass21_6	dass21_1	scs3_pos	scs5_neg	scs7_pos	scs4_neg	scs2_neg		
1	0	0	0	1	-3	2	1	-3		
2	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
3	0	0	2	3	-3	2	1	-2		
4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
6	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
7	1	1	1	2	2	1	3	-1		
8	0	0	0	2	-3	2	3	-1		
	scs1_pos	scs8_neg	scs6_pos	vq_2	vq_1	vq_4	vq_3	cope_nvi_2	cope_nvi_7	
1	2	2	-3	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
2	NA	NA	NA	0	0	0	0	1	3	
3	2	2	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
4	NA	NA	NA	0	0	0	0	2	2	
5	NA	NA	NA	0	0	0	0	2	1	
6	NA	NA	NA	0	0	0	0	2	2	
7	1	3	2	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
8	2	3	-1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
	cope_nvi_5	cope_nvi_8	cope_nvi_9	cope_nvi_10	cope_nvi_1	cope_nvi_3	cope_nvi_4			
1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
2	3	3	3	2	2	3	3			

3	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
4	4	3	2	2	1	2	3
5	3	3	1	2	4	2	3
6	2	2	2	3	2	2	2
7	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
8	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	cope_nvi_6	day	hour	calendar_day	bysubj_day	context_quality	
1	NA	2025-03-12	18	1	1	1	
2	3	2025-03-15	9	2	2	-1	
3	NA	2025-03-19	18	3	3	-1	
4	3	2025-03-22	21	4	4	0	
5	3	2025-03-26	18	5	5	0	
6	4	2025-03-29	9	6	6	2	
7	NA	2025-04-02	20	7	7	1	
8	NA	2025-04-05	12	8	8	2	
	context_control	context_support	context_threat	pid5_sum			
1	4		4	1	3		
2	4		4	2	8		
3	0		5	4	10		
4	3		3	2	6		
5	3		4	3	11		
6	4		4	0	6		
7	5		5	0	8		
8	5		5	0	8		
	pid5_negative_affectivity	pid5_detachment	pid5_antagonism	pid5_disinhibition			
1		0	0	1	2		
2		4	0	0	3		
3		6	0	0	4		
4		5	0	0	1		
5		7	0	0	4		
6		4	0	0	2		
7		5	0	0	3		
8		6	0	0	2		
	pid5_psychoticism	ipv_sum	tripm_4_rev	tripm_sum	tripm_boldness	tripm_meanness	
1	0	NA	2	9	5	3	
2	1	0	1	9	4	2	
3	0	NA	1	9	4	2	
4	0	0	2	7	3	3	
5	0	0	1	7	2	2	
6	0	0	1	7	2	2	
7	0	NA	1	9	4	2	
8	0	NA	1	9	4	2	
	dass_sum	dass_stress	dass_depression	dass_anxiety	cope_10_rev	cope_avoid	
1	0	0	0	0	NA	NA	
2	NA	NA	NA	NA	3	3	
3	3	3	0	0	NA	NA	
4	NA	NA	NA	NA	3	3	
5	NA	NA	NA	NA	3	6	
6	NA	NA	NA	NA	2	4	

7	5	2	2	1	NA	NA
8	2	1	1	0	NA	NA
	cope_prob_or	cope_social_support	cope_positive_att	cope_trascendent_or	cs_pos	
1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2
2	6	6	6	6	6	NA
3	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	8
4	5	7	5	5	5	NA
5	5	6	4	4	4	NA
6	4	6	4	4	4	NA
7	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	6
8	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	5
	ucs_neg	course	sex	exam_period	negative_affect_ema_raw	
1	-3	Psicometria	Femmina	baseline	52	
2	NA	Psicometria	Femmina	baseline	44	
3	-2	Psicometria	Femmina	baseline	194	
4	NA	Psicometria	Femmina	baseline	91	
5	NA	Psicometria	Femmina	baseline	151	
6	NA	Psicometria	Femmina	baseline	101	
7	7	Psicometria	Femmina	baseline	94	
8	2	Psicometria	Femmina	baseline	42	
	neg_affect_ema					
1	-1.16610295					
2	-1.26218787					
3	0.53940443					
4	-0.69768895					
5	0.02294797					
6	-0.57758279					
7	-0.66165710					
8	-1.28620910					

9 8) Nota su DASS-21 baseline (opzionale)

Se desideri aggiungere i punteggi **DASS-21 baseline** calcolati dalle 21 risposte testuali, aggiungi il blocco dedicato (vedi la tua sezione *Add DASS-21*) e fai `left_join()` su `user_id` prima dell'export.