Module 4: Storing SQL Data in Azure

Lab: Storing Event Data in Azure SQL Databases

Exercise 1: Creating an Azure SQL Databases Instance

Task 1: Sign in to the Azure Portal

- 1. On the Start screen, click the **Internet Explorer** tile.
- 2. Go to https://portal.azure.com https://portal.azure.com.
- 3. In the email address box, type the email address of your Microsoft account.
- 4. Click Continue.
- 5. In the password box, type your password for your Microsoft account.
- 6. Click Sign In.

Task 2: Create an Azure SQL database by using the Azure Portal

- 1. In the navigation pane on the left side, scroll down, and then click More Services.
- 2. In the **Browse** blade that displays, click **SQL** databases.
- 3. At the top-left corner of the portal, click + **New**.
- 4. In the **New** blade that displays, click **Databases**, and then **SQL Database** from **Databases** blade.
- 5. In the **SQL Database** blade that displays, locate the **Database name** box and provide the value **db20532**.

- 6. Click Pricing Tier.
- 7. In the **Choose your pricing tier** blade that displays, click the **View all** link and then select the **Basic** option.
- 8. Click **Select** to close the blade.
- 9. Click **Select Source**. Perform the following actions:
 - a. Select the Blank Database option.
 - b. In the SQL database blade, click Server.
 - c. In the Server blade that displays, click Create a new server.
 - d. In the **New Server** blade that displays, locate the **Server Name** box.
 - e. In the Server Name box, type sv20532[Your Name Here].
 - f. In the **Server Admin Login** box, type **testuser** as login.
 - g. In the **Password** box, type **TestPa\$\$w0rd** as password.
 - h. In the Confirm Password box, type TestPa\$\$w0rd.
 - i. In the **Location** list, select the region that is closest to your location.
 - j. In the **New server** blade, click **Select**.
- 10. In the **SQL database** blade, locate the **Resource group** section and select the existing 20532 resource group.
- 11. Click Create to create the SQL database and server.
- 12. Write down the server and database names for the new SQL Database instance.

Results: After completing this exercise, you will have created both servers and databases in the SQL Database service.

Exercise 2: Using Entity Framework with Local SQL Server

Task 1: Run the ASP.NET web application to view events from the local SQL database

- 1. On the Start screen, click the **Desktop** tile.
- 2. On the taskbar, click the **File Explorer** icon.
- 3. In the *This PC* window, go to **Allfiles (F):\Mod04\Labfiles\Starter\Contoso.Events**, and then double-click **Contoso.Events.sln**.
- 4. In the Solution Explorer pane, right-click the Contoso.Events.DataGeneration project, point to Debug, and then click Start New Instance.
 - Note: The Data Generation script takes between one to two minutes to run.
- 5. In the **Solution Explorer** pane, right-click the **Contoso.Events.Web** project, and then click **Set as Startup Project**.
- 6. On the **Debug** menu, click **Start Debugging**.
- 7. On the home page of the web application, verify that it shows a list of multiple events.
- 8. Close the tab that is displaying the website.

Exercise 3: Using Entity Framework with Azure SQL Databases

Task 1: Configure DbContext with a new DatabaseInitializer

- 1. In the **Solution Explorer** pane, right-click the **Contoso.Events.Data** project, point to **Add** and then click **New Item**.
- 2. In the Add New Item dialog box, perform the following steps:
 - a. Expand Installed, expand Visual C# Items, and then click Code.

- b. Click the Class template.
- c. In the Name box, type EventsContextInitializer.cs.
- d. Click Add.
- 3. Add the following **using** statement at the top of the code file:

```
using System.Data.Entity;
```

4. In the **EventsContextInitializer** class, add the **public** accessor to the left of the class definition:

```
class EventsContextInitializer
```

5. Verify that the updated class definition looks like the following line of code:

```
public class EventsContextInitializer
```

6. In the **EventsContextInitializer** class, add the **CreateDatabaselfNotExists** inheritance statement to the right of the class definition:

```
public class EventsContextInitializer
```

7. Verify that the updated class definition looks like the following line of code:

```
public class EventsContextInitializer : CreateDatabaseIfNotExists<EventsContext>
```

- 8. In the Solution Explorer pane, expand the Contoso. Events. Data project.
- 9. In the Contoso. Events. Data project, open the Events Context.cs file.
- 10. Within the static constructor **static EventsContext()**, add the following line of code:

```
Database.SetInitializer<EventsContext>(new EventsContextInitializer());
```

11. Save the EventsContext.cs file.

Task 2: Implement seed data with DbContext

- 1. In the Solution Explorer pane, expand the Contoso. Events. Data project.
- 2. In the Contoso. Events. Data project, open the Events Context Initializer.cs file.
- 3. Add the following method declaration to the **EventsContextInitializer** class:

```
protected override void Seed(EventsContext context){ }
```

4. Add the following **using** statements at the top of the code file:

```
using Contoso. Events. Models;
```

5. Place the cursor between the openning and closing curly brackets { } to the right of the Seed(EventsContext context) method, and then type the following lines of code:

```
if (context.Events.Count() == 0)
    Event eventItem = new Event();
    eventItem.EventKey = "FY17SepGeneralConference";
    eventItem.StartTime = DateTime.Today;
    eventItem.EndTime = DateTime.Today.AddDays(3d);
    eventItem.Title = "FY17 September Technical Conference";
    eventItem.Description = "Sed in euismod mi.";
    eventItem.RegistrationCount = 1;
    context.Events.Add(eventItem);
}
if (context.Registrations.Count() == 0)
    Registration registrationItem = new Registration();
    registrationItem.EventKey = "FY17SepGeneralConference";
    registrationItem.FirstName = "Aisha";
    registrationItem.LastName = "Witt";
    context.Registrations.Add(registrationItem);
}
context.SaveChanges();
```

- 6. Save the EventsContextInitializer.cs file.
- 7. In the Solution Explorer pane, right-click the **Contoso.Events.Data** project, and then click **Build**.

Task 3: Publish the web application with updated DbContext to Azure

- 1. In the Solution Explorer pane, expand the Contoso. Events. Web project.
- In the Solution Explorer pane, expand the Web.config file in the Contoso.Events.Web project.
- 3. Double-click the Web.Release.config file.
- 4. In the **Web.Release.config** file, update the connection string using the key **EventsContextConnectionString** with the following values:
 - [database]: db20532
 - [login]: testuser
 - [server]: sv20532[Your Name Here]. (Note that there are two different places to replace [server].)
 - [password]: TestPa\$\$w0rd

Note: Ensure that you remove the square brackets as you replace each placeholder.

- 5. Save the Web.Release.config file.
- In the Solution Explorer pane, right-click the Contoso. Events. Web project, and then click Publish.
- 7. In the Publish Web window, click **Microsoft Azure App Service**.
- 8. In the **App Service** dialog, perform the following steps:
 - a. Select your Azure subscription.
 - b. Ensure that the **Resource Group** option is selected in the **View** list.

- c. Click the **New** button.
- 9. In the **Create App Service** dialog, perform the following steps:
 - a. Ensure that you have an auto-generated Web App name. If not, enter a globally unique name.
 - b. Select your Azure subscription.
 - c. Click the **New** button immediately to the right of the **Resource Group** dialog box.
 - d. In the **Resource Group** dialog box, provide the value **TestSQL**.
 - e. Click the **New** button immediately to the right of the **App Service Plan** dialog box.
 - f. Ensure that you have an auto-generated App Service Plan name. If not, provide the value **TestSQLPlan**.
 - g. In the **Location** list, select the region that is closest to your location. **Ensure** that this region is same as the \region* where you created SQL Database.
 - h. In the Size list, select the Free option.
 - i. Click the **OK** button to close the **Configure App Service Plan** dialog.
 - j. Click the **Create** button to create your App Service instance.

Note: The deployment process for the new App Service is relatively short and should take 2-5 minutes.

- 10. In the **Publish Web** dialog box, perform the following steps:
 - a. Leave the default values in all the fields.
- 11. Click Publish.

Note: It typically takes five to ten minutes for the publish process to complete. You can track the progress of your publish in the Microsoft Azure Activity Log (**View > Other Windws > Microsoft Azure Activity Log**) pane that displays when you publish your Web App project.

Task 4: Verify that the Azure Web App website is using the new data

 Wait for the publish process to complete and the console window to display the message Complete.

Note: The publish process is complete when the message "**Complete**" displays in the **Microsoft Azure Activity Log**'s history console. The green circular indicator in the Activity Log does not indicate that the publish process is complete, but it indicates that the package is uploaded successfully.

- 2. In the **Azure App Service Activity** pane, click the hyperlink that directs you to the published web application.
- 3. Verify that the website displays the single event that you created in your Entity Framework context initializer.

Task 5: Sign in to the Azure Portal

- 1. On the Start screen, click the **Internet Explorer** tile.
- 2. Go to https://portal.azure.com https://portal.azure.com.
- 3. In the email address box, type the email address of your Microsoft account
- 4. In the password box, type the password of your Microsoft account, and then click **Sign** In.

Task 6: View the data in the Azure SQL Database

- 1. In the navigation pane on the left side, scroll down, and then click More Services.
- 2. In the Browse blade that displays, click SQL databases.
- 3. In the list of SQL Databases, select the SQL database named db20532.
- 4. In the db20532 SQL database blade, locate the Essentials panel.
- 5. Locate the **Server name** section and click on the associated hyperlink to navigate to the server blade.
- 6. In the **SQL server** blade, locate the **Essentials** panel.

- 7. Locate the **Firewall** section and click on the associated hyperlink to navigate to manage firewall settings.
- 8. In the **Firewall settings** blade, click the **Add client IP** button to add your virtual machine's IP Address to the list of allowed IP Address ranges.
- 9. Click on **Save** at the top of the blade. Once saved, close the confirmation dialog by clicking the **Ok** button.

Note: It might take couple of minutes for the firewall changes to get updated on server.

- 10. Return to the open instance of **Visual Studio**.
- 11. In Visual Studio, open the View menu and then select the Server Explorer option.
- 12. **Expand** the **Data Connections** node.
- 13. Right click on **Data Connections** and click on **Add Connection**.
- 14. Choose Microsoft SQL Server for data source and click Continue.
- 15. In the **Add Connection** wizard, provide following values and click **OK**.
 - a. In the server name box, type sv20532[your name].database.windows.net.
 - b. Select Use SQL Server Authentication.
 - c. In the **Username** box, type **testuser**.
 - d. In the Password box, type TestPa\$\$w0rd.
 - e. In the Select or enter a database name dropdown, select db20532.
 - f. Click the **OK** button.

Note: If firewall rules are not updated on the server, you may have to wait a few more minutes before proceeding.

- 16. On Visual Studio **Server Explorer**, expand **Data Connections** then **sv20532[your name].db20532.dbo** and then the **Tables** node.
- 17. Right click **Tables** and click **Refresh**.

- 18. Right click **Events** table, and then select **View Data**.
- 19. In the **dbo.Events** table, view the single record.
- 20. Close the **Events** table window.
- 21. Close the **Internet Explorer** application.
- 22. Close the Contoso. Events Microsoft Visual Studio window.

Results: After completing this exercise, you will have configured Entity Framework to initialize a new database with seed data.

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