GigaDevice Semiconductor Inc.

GD32190R-EVAL

User Guide V3.0

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Table of Contents

Ta	ble c	of Contents	1
Li	st of	Figures	4
Li	st of	Tables	5
1.	Su	ımmary	6
2.	Fu	nction Pin Assign	6
3.	Ge	etting started	7
4.	На	rdware layout overview	8
	4.1.	Power supply	8
	4.2.	Boot option	8
	4.3.	LED	9
	4.4.	KEY	9
	4.5.	USART	10
	4.6.	ADC	10
	4.7.	DAC	11
	4.8.	I2S	11
	4.9.	12C	11
	4.10.	SPI	12
	4.11.	OPA	12
	4.12.	CAN	13
	4.13.	SLCD	13
	4.14.	. CMP	14
	4.15.	HDMI-CEC	14
	4.16.	TSI	14
	4.17.	. IFRP	15
	4.18.	. GD-Link	15
	4.19.	Extension	16
	4.20.	MCU	16
5.	Ro	outine use guide	17
	5.1.	GPIO_Running_LED	17
	5.1	1.1. DEMO purpose	17 1 /30



5.1.2. DEMO running result	17
5.2. GPIO_Key_Polling_mode	17
5.2.1. DEMO purpose	17
5.2.2. DEMO running result	17
5.3. EXTI_Key_Interrupt_mode	18
5.3.1. DEMO purpose	
5.3.2. DEMO running result	
5.4. USART Printf	
5.4.1. DEMO purpose	
5.4.2. DEMO running result	
5.5. USART_HyperTerminal_Interrupt	
5.5.1. DEMO purpose	
5.5.2. DEMO running result	
· ·	
5.6. USART_DMA	
5.6.2. DEMO running result	
9	
5.7. ADC_Conversion_Triggered_By_Timer	
5.7.1. DEMO purpose	
5.7.2. DEMO running result	20
5.8. DAC_Output_Voltage_Value	20
5.8.1. DEMO purpose	20
5.8.2. DEMO running result	21
5.9. Comparator_Obtain_Brightness	21
5.9.1. DEMO purpose	21
5.9.2. DEMO running result	21
5.10. I2C EEPROM	21
5.10.1. DEMO purpose	
5.10.2. DEMO running result	
5.11. SPI FLASH	22
5.11.1. DEMO purpose	
5.11.2. DEMO running result	
5.12. HDMI-CEC_HostSlaveCommunication	
5.12.1. DEMO purpose	
5.12.2. DEMO running result	
5	
5.13. I2S_Audio_Player	
5.13.1. DEMO purpose	
· ·	
5.14. RCU_Clock_Out	
5.14.1. DEMO purpose	24



5.14.2	2. DEMO running result	24
5.15.	PMU_sleep_wakeup	25
5.15.	1. DEMO purpose	25
5.15.2	2. DEMO running result	25
5.16.	RTC_Calendar	25
5.16.	1. DEMO purpose	25
5.16.2	2. DEMO running result	25
5.17.	IRInfrared_Transceiver	26
5.17.	1. DEMO purpose	26
5.17.2	2. DEMO running result	26
5.18.	TIMER_Breath_LED	26
5.18.	1. DEMO purpose	26
5.18.2	2. DEMO running result	26
5.19.	TSI_TouchKey_leds	26
5.19. 5.19.		
	1. DEMO purpose	26
5.19.	1. DEMO purpose	26 27
5.19.2 5.19.2	1. DEMO purpose 2. DEMO running result OPA_Amplify	26 27
5.19.2 5.19.2 5.20.	1. DEMO purpose	26 27 27
5.19.2 5.19.2 5.20. 5.20.2	1. DEMO purpose	26 27 27
5.19.2 5.19.2 5.20. 5.20.2	1. DEMO purpose 2. DEMO running result OPA_Amplify 1. DEMO purpose 2. DEMO running result SLCD_Glass	2627272727
5.19.2 5.19.2 5.20. 5.20.2 5.20.2	1. DEMO purpose 2. DEMO running result OPA_Amplify 1. DEMO purpose 2. DEMO running result SLCD_Glass 1. DEMO purpose	262727272727
5.19.5 5.19.5 5.20. 5.20.5 5.21.	1. DEMO purpose 2. DEMO running result OPA_Amplify 1. DEMO purpose 2. DEMO running result SLCD_Glass 1. DEMO purpose	262727272727
5.19.5 5.19.2 5.20.5 5.20.2 5.21.5 5.21.6	1. DEMO purpose 2. DEMO running result OPA_Amplify 1. DEMO purpose 2. DEMO running result SLCD_Glass 1. DEMO purpose 2. DEMO running result CAN_DualCAN	26272727272727
5.19.2 5.19.2 5.20.2 5.20.2 5.21.2 5.21.2 5.21.2	1. DEMO purpose 2. DEMO running result OPA_Amplify 1. DEMO purpose 2. DEMO running result SLCD_Glass 1. DEMO purpose 2. DEMO running result CAN_DualCAN 1. DEMO purpose 1. DEMO purpose	2627272727272727



List of Figures

Figure 4-1 Schematic diagram of power supply	8
Figure 4-2 Schematic diagram of boot option	8
Figure 4-3 Schematic diagram of LED function	9
Figure 4-4 Schematic diagram of Key function	9
Figure 4-5 Schematic diagram of USART function	10
Figure 4-6 Schematic diagram of ADC function	10
Figure 4-7 Schematic diagram of DAC function	11
Figure 4-8 Schematic diagram of I2S function	11
Figure 4-9 Schematic diagram of I2C function	11
Figure 4-10 Schematic diagram of SPI function	12
Figure 4-11 Schematic diagram of OPA function	12
Figure 4-12 Schematic diagram of CAN function	13
Figure 4-13 Schematic diagram of SLCD function	13
Figure 4-14 Schematic diagram of CMP function	14
Figure 4-15 Schematic diagram of HDMI-CEC function	14
Figure 4-16 Schematic diagram of TSI function	14
Figure 4-17 Schematic diagram of IFRP function	15
Figure 4-18 Schematic diagram of GD-Link function	15
Figure 4-19 Schematic diagram of Extension Pin	16
Figure 4-20 Schematic diagram of MCU Pin	16



List of Tables

Table 2-1 Pin assignment	6
Table 4-1 Boot configuration	8
Table 6-1 Revision history	29



1. Summary

GD32190R-EVAL-V1.2 evaluation board uses GD32F190RBT6 as the main controller. As a complete development platform of GD32F1x0 powered by ARM® Cortex™-M3 core, the board supports full range of peripherals. It uses mini-USB interface or AC/DC adapter to supply 3.3V power. SWD, Reset, Boot, User button key, LED, I2C, I2S, USART, RTC, SLCD, HDMI-CEC, TSI, IFRP LED, IR Receiver, RTC, SPI, ADC, DAC and Extension Pin are also included. This document details its hardware schematic and the relevant applications.

2. Function Pin Assign

Table 2-1 Pin assignment

Function	Pin	Description
	PA11	LED1
150	PA12	LED2
LED -	PB6	LED3
	PB7	LED4
RESET		K1-Reset
VEV	PC13	KEY2
KEY	PA0	KEY3
IEDD	PB9	IR_OUT
IFRR -	PA7	IR_IN
CMP	PA1	CMP0
HDMI_CEC	PB8	CEC
	PA5	CAN0_H
CAN	PA6	CAN0_L
CAN	PB12	CAN1_RX
	PB13	CAN1_TX
12C	PB10	I2C0_SCL
120	PB11	I2C0_SDA
	PC10	12S2_CK
120	PC11	I2S2_MCK
128	PC12	I2S2_SD
	PA15	I2S2_WS
	PC1	OPA2_VINP
OPA	PC2	OPA2_VINM
	PC3	OPA2_VOUT
LICARTO	PA9	USART0_TX
USART0	PA10	USART0_RX
HOADTA	PA2	USART1_TX
USART1	PA3	USART1_RX
SLCD	PA8	SLCD_COM0



ODOZ 13011 E		
Function	Pin	Description
	PA9	SLCD_COM1
	PA10	SLCD_COM2
	PB9	SLCD_COM3
	PB14	SLCD_SEG14
	PB15	SLCD_SEG15
	PC4	SLCD_SEG22
	PC5	SLCD_SEG23
	PC6	SLCD_SEG24
	PC7	SLCD_SEG25
	PC8	SLCD_SEG26
	PC9	SLCD_SEG27
	PF4	SLCD_SEG28
	PF5	SLCD_SEG29
	PF6	SLCD_SEG30
	PF7	SLCD_SEG31
	PB3	SPI0_SCK
SPI	PB4	SPI0_MISO
361	PB5	SPI0_MOSI
	PD2	SPI_CS
ADC	PC0	ADC_IN10
DAC	PA4	DAC_OUT0
DAC	PA5	DAC_OUT1
	PB0	TSI_G2_IO1
TSI	PB1	TSI_G2_IO2
	PB2	TSI_G2_IO3
-		

3. Getting started

The EVAL Board uses mini-USB connecter or AC/DC adapter to get power, the hardware system power is +3.3V. A mini-USB cable and a J-Link tool are necessary to down programs. Select the correct boot mode and then power on, the LED5 will turn on, which indicates the power supply is ready.

There are Keil version and IAR version of all projects. Keil version of the projects are created based on Keil MDK-ARM 4.74 uVision4. IAR version of the projects are created based on IAR Embedded Workbench for ARM 7.40.2. During use, the following points should be noted:

- 1. If you use Keil uVision4 to open the project, install the GD32F1x0_AddOn.3.2.0.exe to load the associated files.
- 2. If you use Keil uVision5 to open the project, there are two ways to solve the "Device



Missing (s)" problem. One is to install GigaDevice.GD32F1x0_DFP.3.2.0.pack. In Project menu, select the Manage sub menu, click on the "Version Migrate 5 Format..." menu, the Keil uVision4 project will be converted to Keil uVision5 project. Then add "C:\Keil_v5\ARM \Pack\ARM\CMSIS\4.2.0\CMSIS\Include" to C/C++ in Option for Target. The other is to install Addon directly. Select the installation directory of Keil uVision5 software, such as C:\Keil_v5, in Destination Folder of Folder Selection. Select the corresponding device in Device of Option for Target and add "C:\Keil_v5\ARM\Pack\ARM\CMSIS\4.2.0\CMSIS \Include" to C/C++ in Option for Target.

3. If you use IAR to open the project, install IAR_GD32F1x0_ADDON.3.2..0.exe to load the associated files.

4. Hardware layout overview

4.1. Power supply

POWER

**DOWER

**DOW

Figure 4-1 Schematic diagram of power supply

4.2. Boot option

Figure 4-2 Schematic diagram of boot option

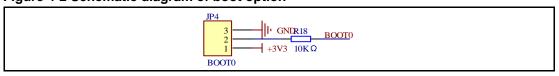


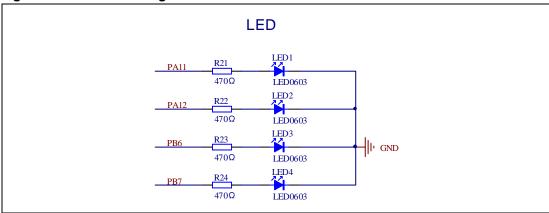
Table 4-1 Boot configuration

•		
BOOT1	воото	Boot Mode
Dofault	2-3	User memory
Default	1-2	System memory
Changed by ISP	1-2	SRAM memory



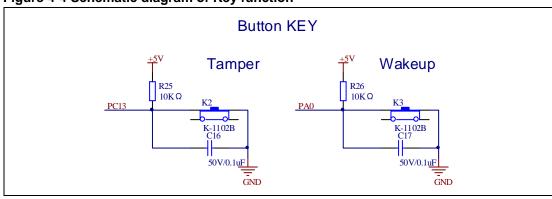
4.3. LED

Figure 4-3 Schematic diagram of LED function



4.4. KEY

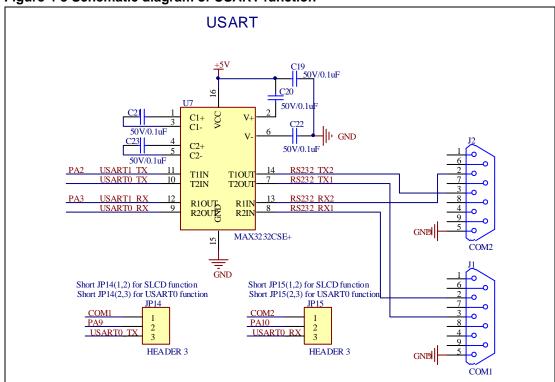
Figure 4-4 Schematic diagram of Key function





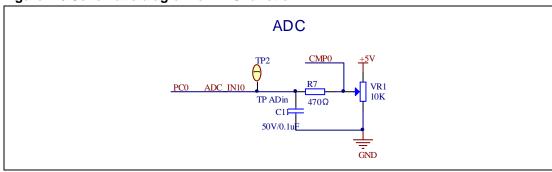
4.5. USART

Figure 4-5 Schematic diagram of USART function



4.6. ADC

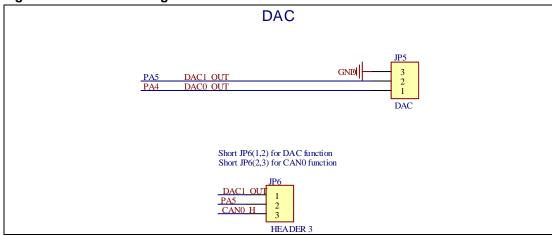
Figure 4-6 Schematic diagram of ADC function





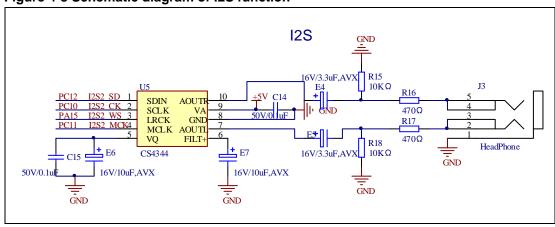
4.7. DAC

Figure 4-7 Schematic diagram of DAC function



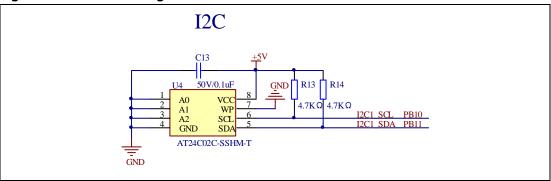
4.8. I2S

Figure 4-8 Schematic diagram of I2S function



4.9. I2C

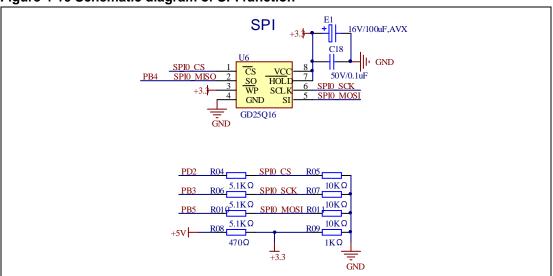
Figure 4-9 Schematic diagram of I2C function





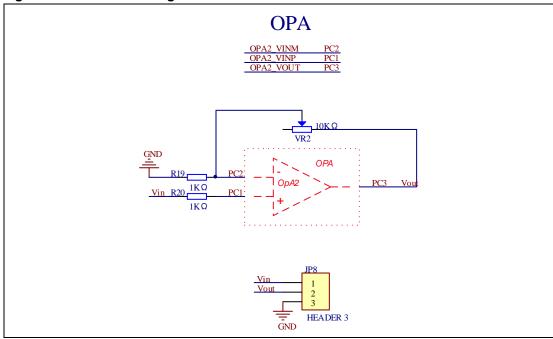
4.10. SPI

Figure 4-10 Schematic diagram of SPI function



4.11. OPA

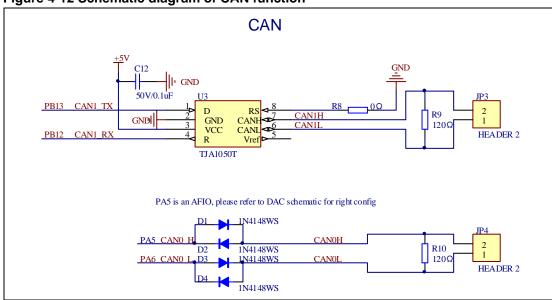
Figure 4-11 Schematic diagram of OPA function





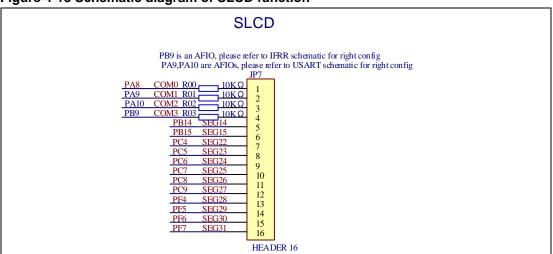
4.12. CAN

Figure 4-12 Schematic diagram of CAN function



4.13. SLCD

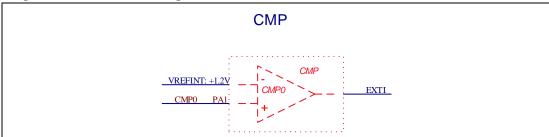
Figure 4-13 Schematic diagram of SLCD function





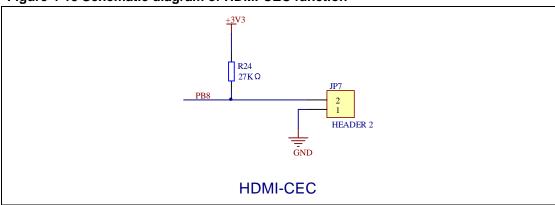
4.14. CMP

Figure 4-14 Schematic diagram of CMP function



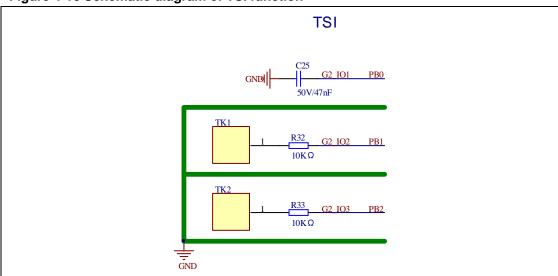
4.15. HDMI-CEC

Figure 4-15 Schematic diagram of HDMI-CEC function



4.16. TSI

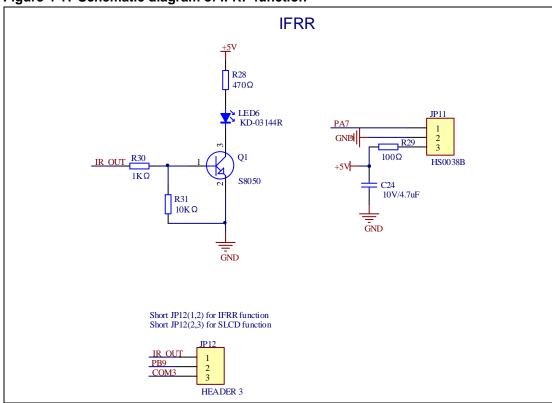
Figure 4-16 Schematic diagram of TSI function





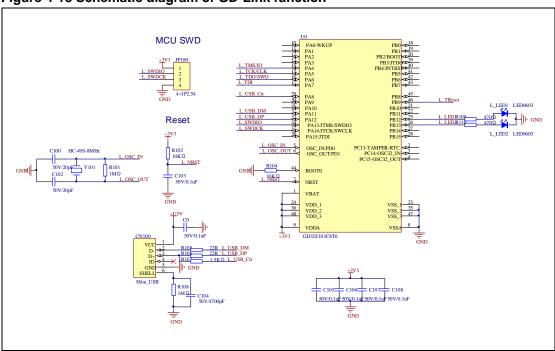
4.17. IFRP

Figure 4-17 Schematic diagram of IFRP function



4.18. **GD-Link**

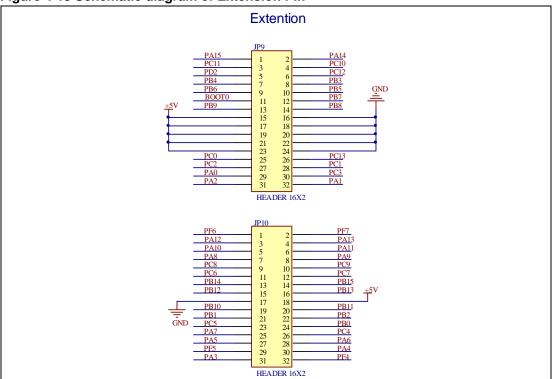
Figure 4-18 Schematic diagram of GD-Link function





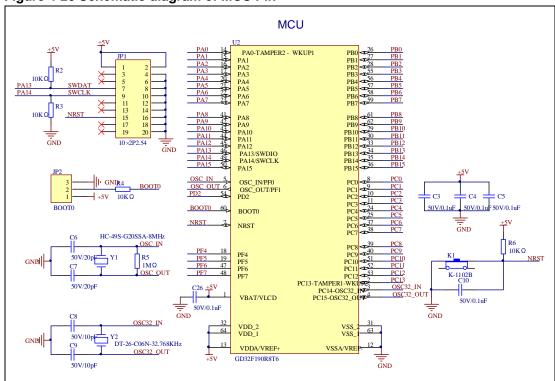
4.19. Extension

Figure 4-19 Schematic diagram of Extension Pin



4.20. MCU

Figure 4-20 Schematic diagram of MCU Pin





5. Routine use guide

5.1. **GPIO_Running_LED**

5.1.1. DEMO purpose

This Demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

- Learn to use GPIO for controlling the LED
- Learn to use SysTick to generate 1ms delay

GD32190R-EVAL-V1.2 board has four LEDs. The LED1, LED2, LED3 and LED4 are controlled by GPIO. This demo will show how to light the LEDs.

5.1.2. DEMO running result

Download the program <01_GPIO_Running_LED> to the EVAL board, four LEDs will turn on one by one from LED1 to LED4 every 200ms, and then turn off together. 200ms later, the four LEDs work like previous again.

5.2. **GPIO_Key_Polling_mode**

5.2.1. DEMO purpose

This Demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

- Learn to use GPIO control the LED and the KEY
- Learn to use SysTick to generate 1ms delay

GD32190R-EVAL-V1.2 board has three keys and four LEDs. The four keys are Reset key, Tamper key and Wakeup key. The LED1, LED2, LED3 and LED4 are controlled by GPIO.

This demo will show how to use the Tamper key to control the LED2. When press down the User Key, it will check the input value of the IO port. If the value is 0, wait for 50ms. Then check the input value of the IO port again. If the value is still 0, indicates that the button is pressed down successfully, and light the LED2.

5.2.2. DEMO running result

Download the program <02_GPIO_Key_Polling_mode> to the EVAL board, first of all, all the LEDs will be flashed once for test. Then press down the Tamper Key, LED2 will be turned on. Press down the Tamper Key again, LED2 will be turned off.



5.3. EXTI_Key_Interrupt_mode

5.3.1. DEMO purpose

This Demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

- Learn to use GPIO to control the LED and the KEY
- Learn to use EXTI to generate external interrupt

GD32190R-EVAL-V1.2 board has three keys and four LEDs. The four keys are Reset key, Wakeup key and Tamper key. The LED1, LED2, LED3 and LED4 are controlled by GPIO.

This demo will show how to use EXTI interrupt line to control the LED2. When press down the Tamper Key, it will produce an interrupt. In the interrupt service function, the demo will toggle LED2.

5.3.2. DEMO running result

Download the program <03_EXTI_Key_Interrupt_mode> to the EVAL board, first of all, all the LEDs will be flashed once for test. Then press down the Tamper Key, LED2 will be turned on. Press down the Tamper Key again, LED2 will be turned off.

5.4. USART Printf

5.4.1. DEMO purpose

This Demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

Learn to use GPIO: the Tamper key control the LED

5.4.2. DEMO running result

Download the program <04_USART_Printf> to the EVAL board and connect serial cable to COM2. This implementation outputs "please press the Tamper Key" on the hyperterminal. Press the Tamper key, serial port will output "USART Printf Example". The information via a serial port output as following.

please press the Wakeup key
USART printf example



5.5. USART_HyperTerminal_Interrupt

5.5.1. DEMO purpose

This Demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

 Learn to use the EVAL_COM transmit and receive interrupts to communicate with the hyperterminal

5.5.2. DEMO running result

Download the program <05_USART_HyperTerminal_ Interrupt> to the EVAL board and run. Firstly, all the LEDs are turned on and off for test. Then, the COM sends the tx_buffer array (from 0x00 to 0xFF) to the hyperterminal and waits for receiving data from the hyperterminal that you must send. The string that you have sent is stored in the rx_buffer array. The receive buffer have a BUFFER_SIZE bytes as maximum. After that, compare tx_buffer with rx_buffer. If tx_buffer is same with rx_buffer, LED1 and LED2 are turned on, LED3 and LED4 are turned off. Otherwise, LED1 and LED2 are turned off, LED3 and LED4 are turned on.

The information via a serial port output as following:

```
00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0A 0B 0C 0D 0E 0F 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 1A 1B 1C 1D 1E 1F 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 2A 2B 2C 2D 2E 2F 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 3A 3B 3C 3D 3E 3F 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 4A 4B 4C 4D 4E 4F 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 5A 5B 5C 5D 5E 5F 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 6A 6B 6C 6D 6E 6F 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 7A 7B 7C 7D 7E 7F 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 8A 8B 8C 8D 8E 8F 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 9A 9B 9C 9D 9E 9F AO A1 A2 A3 A4 A5 A6 A7 A8 A9 AA AB AC AD AE AF BO B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B6 B7 B8 B9 BA BB BC BD BE BF CO C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7 C8 C9 CA CB CC CD CE CF DO D1 D2 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D8 D9 DA DB DC DD DE DF EO E1 E2 E3 E4 E5 E6 E7 E8 E9 EA EB EC ED EE EF FO F1 F2 F3 F4 F5 F6 F7 F8 F9 FA FB FC FD FE FF
```

5.6. USART_DMA

5.6.1. DEMO purpose

This Demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

Learn to use the COM transmit and receive using DMA

5.6.2. DEMO running result

Download the program <06_USART_DMA> to the EVAL board and run. Firstly, all the LEDs are turned on and off for test. Then, the COM sends the tx_buffer array to the hyperterminal and waits for receiving data from the hyperterminal that you must send. The string that you



have sent is stored in the rx_buffer array. The receive buffer have a BUFFER_SIZE bytes as maximum. After that, compare tx_buffer with rx_buffer. If tx_buffer is same with rx_buffer, LED1, LED2, LED3 and LED4 are turned on. Otherwise, LED1, LED2, LED3 and LED4 are turned off, LED3 and LED4 are turned on.

The information via a serial port output as following:

```
00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0A 0B 0C 0D 0E 0F 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 1A 1B 1C 1D 1E 1F 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 2A 2B 2C 2D 2E 2F 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 3A 3B 3C 3D 3E 3F 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 4A 4B 4C 4D 4E 4F 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 5A 5B 5C 5D 5E 5F 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 6A 6B 6C 6D 6E 6F 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 7A 7B 7C 7D 7E 7F 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 8A 8B 8C 8D 8E 8F 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 9A 9B 9C 9D 9E 9F AO A1 A2 A3 A4 A5 A6 A7 A8 A9 AA AB AC AD AE AF BO B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B6 B7 B8 B9 BA BB BC BD BE BF CO C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7 C8 C9 CA CB CC CD CE CF DO D1 D2 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D8 D9 DA DB DC DD DE DF EO E1 E2 E3 E4 E5 E6 E7 E8 E9 EA EB EC ED EE EF FO F1 F2 F3 F4 F5 F6 F7 F8 F9 FA FB FC FD FE FF
```

5.7. ADC_Conversion_Triggered_By_Timer

5.7.1. DEMO purpose

This Demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

- Learn to use ADC to convert analog to digital
- Learn to use TIMER to generate a CH event
- Learn to use LCD to show the ADC converted result

TIMER1 CH1 event triggers ADC conversion, the value displayed on the LCD corresponds to the ADC analog input, and changes with it. The converted data are moved to SRAM through DMA continuously.

5.7.2. DEMO running result

Download the program <07_ADC_Conversion_Triggered_By_Timer> to the GD32190R-EVAL-V1.2 board, adjust the adjustable potentiometer knob to change the analog input. The ADC, which is triggered by TIMER1 CH1 event, will convert the analog input and the converted data coinciding with the input, moved from ADC RDATA register to SRAM(through DMA), is sended to the Hyperterminal window.

5.8. DAC_Output_Voltage_Value

5.8.1. DEMO purpose

This Demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:



Learn to use DAC channel to generate different voltages on DAC output

5.8.2. **DEMO** running result

Download the program <08_DAC_Output_Voltage_Value> to the EVAL board, the digital value is 0x7ff0, its converted analog voltage should be VREF/2, using the voltmeter to measure PA4, its value is 2.548V.

5.9. Comparator_Obtain_Brightness

5.9.1. DEMO purpose

This Demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

Learn to use comparator output compare result

There are two comparators on EVAL board and each comparator has two inputs. In this demo, one input is slide rheostat output voltage, and the other one is the reference voltage. Compare the two input voltages, the output is a high or low level, and the LEDs will performs the corresponding action.

5.9.2. DEMO running result

Download the program <09_Comparator_obtain_brightness> to the EVAL board, change the slide rheostat output voltage, comparing it with reference voltage, if it is larger than reference voltage LED1 is on, LED2 is off, otherwise LED1 is off, LED2 is on.

5.10. I2C_EEPROM

5.10.1. DEMO purpose

This Demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

- Learn how to use the master transmitting mode of the I2C module
- Learn how to use the master receiving mode of the I2C module
- Learn to read and write the EEPROM with the I2C interface

5.10.2. DEMO running result

Download the program <10_I2C_EEPROM> to the EVAL board and run. Connect serial cable to COM2, and open the HyperTerminal to show the print message.

Firstly, the data of 256 bytes will be written to the EEPROM from the address 0x00 and printed by the serial port. Then, reading the EEPROM from address 0x00 for 256 bytes and the result will be printed. Finally, compare the data that were written to the EEPROM and the



data that were read from the EEPROM. If they are the same, the serial port will output "I2C-AT24C02 test passed!" and the four LEDs lights flashing, otherwise the serial port will output "Err: data read and write aren't matching." and all the four LEDs light.

The output information via the serial port is as following.

```
I2C-24CO2 configured...
The I2CO is hardware interface
The speed is 400000
AT24CO2 writing.
0x00 0x01 0x02 0x03 0x04 0x05 0x06 0x07 0x08 0x09 0x0A 0x0B 0x0C 0x0D 0x0E 0x0F
0x10 0x11 0x12 0x13 0x14 0x15 0x16 0x17 0x18 0x19 0x1A 0x1B 0x1C
                                                                  Ox1D Ox1E Ox1F
0x20 0x21 0x22 0x23 0x24 0x25 0x26 0x27 0x28 0x29 0x2A 0x2B 0x2C
                                                                  0x2D 0x2E 0x2F
0x30 0x31 0x32 0x33
                    0x34 0x35
                              0x36
                                   0x37
                                        0x38 0x39 0x3A 0x3B 0x3C
                                                                  Ox3D Ox3E
0x40 0x41 0x42 0x43 0x44 0x45 0x46 0x47 0x48 0x49 0x4A 0x4B 0x4C
                                                                  Ox4D Ox4E Ox4F
l0x50_0x51
          0x52 0x53
                    0x54 \ 0x55 \ 0x56
                                   0x57
                                        0x58 \ 0x59
                                                   Ox5A Ox5B Ox5C
                                                                  0x5D 0x5E
                                                                            0x5F
l0x60 0x61
          0x62 0x63
                    0x64 0x65
                              0x66
                                   0x67
                                        0x68 0x69
                                                   0x6A 0x6B 0x6C
                                                                  0x6D
                                                                       0x6E
                                                                            0x6F
0x70 0x71 0x72 0x73 0x74 0x75 0x76
                                   0x77
                                        0x78 0x79 0x7A 0x7B 0x7C
                                                                  0x7D 0x7E
0x80 0x81 0x82 0x83
                    0x84 0x85
                              0x86
                                   0x87
                                        0x88 0x89
                                                   Ox8A Ox8B Ox8C
                                                                  Ox8D Ox8E
0x90 0x91 0x92 0x93 0x94 0x95 0x96
                                   0x97 0x98 0x99 0x9A 0x9B 0x9C
                                                                  Ox9D Ox9E
                                                                            0x9F
|OxAO 0xA1 0xA2 0xA3 0xA4 0xA5 0xA6
                                   0xA7
                                        OxAS OxAS OxAA OxAB OxAC
                                                                  OMAD OMAE
                                                                            0xAF
lOxBO OxB1
          0xB2 0xB3 0xB4 0xB5
                              0xB6
                                   0xB7
                                        OxB8 OxB9 OxBA OxBB OxBC
                                                                  OxBD OxBE
                                                                            OxBF
0xC0 0xC1 0xC2 0xC3 0xC4 0xC5 0xC6
                                   OxC7 OxC8 OxC9 OxCA OxCB OxCC
                                                                  OxCD OxCE
OxDO OxD1 OxD2 OxD3 OxD4 OxD5 OxD6 OxD7
                                        OxD8 OxD9 OxDA OxDB OxDC
                                                                  OxDD OxDE
                                                                            0xDF
OxEO OxE1 OxE2 OxE3 OxE4 OxE5 OxE6 OxE7 OxE8 OxE9 OxEA OxEB OxEC
                                                                  OxED OxEE OxEF
OxFO OxF1 OxF2 OxF3 OxF4 OxF5 OxF6 OxF7 OxF8 OxF9 OxFA OxFB OxFC
                                                                  OxFD OxFE OxFF
AT24CO2 reading.
0x00 0x01 0x02 0x03 0x04 0x05 0x06 0x07 0x08 0x09 0x0A 0x0B 0x0C 0x0D 0x0E 0x0F
0x10 0x11 0x12 0x13 0x14 0x15 0x16 0x17
                                        0x18 0x19 0x1A 0x1B 0x1C
                                                                  Ox1D Ox1E
                                                                            0x1F
0x20 0x21 0x22 0x23 0x24 0x25 0x26 0x27
                                        0x28 0x29 0x2A 0x2B 0x2C
                                                                  0x2D 0x2E 0x2F
|0x30 0x31 0x32 0x33 0x34 0x35 0x36
                                   0x37
                                        0x38 0x39 0x3A 0x3B 0x3C
                                                                  Ox3D Ox3E
                                                                            0x3F
0x40 0x41
          0x42 0x43 0x44 0x45
                              0x46
                                   0x47
                                        0x48 0x49
                                                   Ox4A Ox4B Ox4C
                                                                  Ox4D Ox4E
0x50 0x51 0x52 0x53 0x54 0x55
                                        0x58 0x59
                              0x56
                                   0x57
                                                   Ox5A Ox5B Ox5C
                                                                  0x5D 0x5E
0x60 0x61 0x62 0x63
                    0x64 0x65
                              0x66
                                   0x67
                                        0x68 0x69
                                                   Ox6A Ox6B Ox6C
                                                                  Ox6D Ox6E
                                                                            0x6F
0x70 0x71 0x72 0x73 0x74 0x75 0x76
                                   0x77
                                                   0x7A 0x7B 0x7C
                                        0x78 \ 0x79
                                                                  0x7D 0x7E
                                                                            0x7F
0x80 0x81
          0x82 0x83 0x84 0x85
                              0x86
                                   0x87
                                        0x88 0x89
                                                   Ox8A Ox8B Ox8C
                                                                  Ox8D Ox8E
                                                                            0x8F
     0x91
          0x92 0x93
                    0x94 0x95
                              0x96
                                   0x97
                                        0x98
                                              0x99
                                                   Ox9A Ox9B Ox9C
                                                                  0x9D
0x90
                                                                       0x9E
0xA0 0xA1 0xA2 0xA3 0xA4 0xA5 0xA6
                                   0xA7
                                        OxAS OxAS OxAA OxAB OxAC
                                                                  OxAD OxAE
                                                                            OxAF
     OxB1 OxB2 OxB3
                    0xB4 0xB5
                              0xB6
                                   0xB7
                                        0xB8 0xB9
                                                   OxBA OxBB OxBC
l0xB0
                                                                  OxBD OxBE
                                                                            OxBF
0xC0 0xC1 0xC2 0xC3 0xC4 0xC5 0xC6 0xC7
                                                                  OxCD OxCE OxCE
                                        OxC8 OxC9 OxCA OxCB OxCC
OxDO OxD1 OxD2 OxD3 OxD4 OxD5 OxD6 OxD7 OxD8 OxD9 OxDA OxDB OxDC
                                                                  OxDD OxDE OxDF
OxEO OxE1 OxE2 OxE3 OxE4 OxE5 OxE6 OxE7 OxE8 OxE9 OxEA OxEB OxEC
                                                                  OxED OxEE
OxFO OxF1 OxF2 OxF3 OxF4 OxF5 OxF6 OxF7 OxF8 OxF9 OxFA OxFB OxFC OxFD OxFE OxFF
|I2C-AT24C02 test passed!
```

5.11. SPI FLASH

5.11.1. DEMO purpose

This Demo includes the following function of GD32 MCU:

Learn to use the SPI master mode of SPI to read and write NOR Flash with the SPI interface.

5.11.2. DEMO running result

The computer serial port line connected to the COM1 port of development board, set the baud rate of serial assistant software to 115200, 8 bits data bit, 1 bit stop bit. Download the program <11_SPI_FLASH> to the EVAL board, through the serial assistant software can observe the operation condition and will display the ID of the flash, 256 bytes data which



write to and read from flash. Compare the data that were written to the flash and the data that were read from the flash. If they are the same, the serial port will output "SPI-GD25Q40 Test Passed!", otherwise the serial port will output "Err: Data Read and Write aren't Matching.". At last, turn on and off the led one by one. When use GD32190R-EVAL-V1.2 board, you should jump the JP14 and JP15 to COM1. The following is the experimental results.

```
GD32190R-EVAL-V1.2 System is Starting up.
GD32190R-EVAL-V1.2 Program Compile time: (Nov 8 2019 - 11:17:51)
GD32190R-EVAL-V1.2 SystemCoreClock:72000000Hz
GD32190R-EVAL-V1.2 Flash:64K
GD32190R-EVAL-V1.2 The CPU Unique Device ID: [524743-32303434-39533941]
GD32190R-EVAL-V1.2 SPI Flash:GD25Q40 configured...
The Flash ID:0xC84015
Write to tx_buffer:0x00 0x01 0x02 0x03 0x04 0x05 0x06 0x07 0x08 0x09 0x0A 0x0B 0x0C
OxOD 0x0E 0x0F 0x10 0x11 0x12 0x13 0x14 0x15 0x16 0x17 0x18 0x19 0x1A 0x1B 0x1C 0x1D
0x1E 0x1F 0x20 0x21 0x22 0x23 0x24 0x25 0x26 0x27 0x28 0x29 0x2A 0x2B 0x2C 0x2D 0x2E
0x2F 0x30 0x31 0x32 0x33 0x34 0x35 0x36 0x37 0x38 0x39 0x3A 0x3B 0x3C
                                                                     Ox3D Ox3E Ox3F
0x40 0x41 0x42 0x43 0x44 0x45 0x46 0x47 0x48 0x49 0x4A 0x4B 0x4C 0x4D 0x4E 0x4F 0x50
|0x51 0x52 0x53 0x54 0x55|
                        0x56 0x57 0x58 0x59 0x5A 0x5B 0x5C 0x5D 0x5E 0x5F 0x60 0x61
0x62 0x63 0x64 0x65 0x66 0x67 0x68 0x69 0x6A 0x6B 0x6C
                                                      0x6D 0x6E 0x6F 0x70 0x71 0x72
0x73 0x74 0x75 0x76 0x77
                        0x78 0x79 0x7A 0x7B 0x7C 0x7D 0x7E 0x7F 0x80 0x81 0x82 0x83
0x84 0x85
         0x86 0x87
                   0x88
                        0x89 0x8A 0x8B 0x8C
                                            Ox8D Ox8E Ox8F
                                                           0x90 0x91
                                                                     0x92
                                                                          0x93
0x95 0x96 0x97 0x98 0x99 0x9A 0x9B 0x9C 0x9D 0x9E 0x9F
                                                      0xA0 0xA1 0xA2 0xA3 0xA4 0xA5
OxA6 OxA7 OxA8 OxA9 OxAA OxAB OxAC OxAD OxAE OxAF OxB0 OxB1 OxB2 OxB3 OxB4 OxB5
                                                                               0xB6
OxB7 OxB8 OxB9 OxBA OxBB OxBC OxBD OxBE OxBF OxCO OxC1 OxC2
                                                           0xC3 0xC4 0xC5 0xC6
                                                                               0xC7
OxC8 OxC9 OxCA OxCB OxCC OxCD OxCE OxCF OxDO OxD1 OxD2 OxD3 OxD4 OxD5 OxD6 OxD7 OxD8
OxD9 OxDA OxDB OxDC OxDD OxDE OxDF OxEO OxE1 OxE2 OxE3 OxE4 OxE5 OxE6 OxE7 OxE8 OxE9
OxEA OxEB OxEC OxED OxEE OxEF OxFO OxF1 OxF2 OxF3 OxF4
                                                      OxF5 OxF6 OxF7 OxF8 OxF9 OxFA
OxFB OxFC OxFD OxFE OxFF
Read from
         rx_buffer:0x00 0x01 0x02 0x03 0x04 0x05 0x06 0x07 0x08 0x09 0x0A 0x0B 0x0C
OxOD OxOE OxOF Ox10 Ox11 Ox12 Ox13 Ox14 Ox15 Ox16 Ox17 Ox18 Ox19 Ox1A Ox1B Ox1C Ox1D
0x1E 0x1F 0x20 0x21 0x22
                        0x23 0x24 0x25
                                       0x26 0x27
                                                 0x28
                                                      0x29 0x2A 0x2B 0x2C
0x2F 0x30 0x31 0x32 0x33 0x34 0x35 0x36 0x37 0x38 0x39
                                                      Ox3A Ox3B Ox3C Ox3D Ox3E Ox3E
|Ox4O Ox41 Ox42 Ox43 Ox44 Ox45 Ox46 Ox47 Ox48 Ox49 Ox4A Ox4B Ox4C Ox4D Ox4E Ox4F Ox5O
0x51 0x52
         0x53 0x54 0x55 0x56 0x57 0x58 0x59 0x5A 0x5B 0x5C
                                                           0x5D 0x5E 0x5F 0x60 0x61
0x62 0x63 0x64 0x65 0x66 0x67 0x68 0x69 0x6A 0x6B 0x6C 0x6D 0x6E 0x6F 0x7O 0x71 0x72
0x73 0x74 0x75 0x76 0x77
                        0x78 0x79 0x7A 0x7B 0x7C 0x7D 0x7E 0x7F
                                                                0x80 0x81 0x82
0x84 0x85 0x86 0x87 0x88 0x89 0x8A 0x8B 0x8C 0x8D 0x8E 0x8F 0x90 0x91 0x92 0x93 0x94
0x95 0x96 0x97 0x98 0x99 0x9A 0x9B 0x9C 0x9D 0x9E 0x9F
                                                      0xA0 0xA1 0xA2 0xA3 0xA4 0xA5
0xA6 0xA7
         OxAS OxAS OxAA OxAB OxAC OxAD OxAE OxAF OxBO OxB1 OxB2 OxB3 OxB4 OxB5
OxB7 OxB8 OxB9 OxBA OxBB OxBC OxBD OxBE OxBF OxC0 OxC1 OxC2 OxC3 OxC4 OxC5 OxC6 OxC7
OxC8 OxC9 OxCA OxCB OxCC OxCD OxCE OxCF OxDO OxD1 OxD2 OxD3 OxD4 OxD5 OxD6 OxD7 OxD8
OxD9 OxDA OxDB OxDC OxDD OxDE OxDF OxE0 OxE1 OxE2 OxE3 OxE4 OxE5 OxE6 OxE7 OxE8 OxE9
OxEA OxEB OxEC OxED OxEE OxEF OxFO OxF1 OxF2 OxF3 OxF4 OxF5 OxF6 OxF7 OxF8 OxF9 OxFA
OxFB OxFC OxFD OxFE OxFF
|SPI-GD25Q40 Test Passed!
```

5.12. HDMI-CEC_HostSlaveCommunication

5.12.1. DEMO purpose

This Demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

■ Learn the communication function of HDMI-CEC

In the process of communication, the sender sends data to receiver through the key interrupt, the receiver for receiving data in the CEC interrupt. The entire communication process does not make the error processing.



5.12.2. DEMO running result

This routines need to prepare two EVAL board, one board as a sender, the other as a receiver. First use the DuPont to connect CEC bus (PB8) and ground wire (GND) pins in the two board, and then download the program <12_HDMI_CEC_HostSlaveCommunication> to the board for running. When the program runs, the first development board of the SLCD display is data 0, press one of the development board TAMPER key, the other piece of the development board SLCD number will increase, which shows the end of a data transmission. Each it increases to 9, it will clear to 0 to re-increase; press the WAKEUP key, the number will decline, which also shows the end of a data transmission. Every time it decreases to 0, it will return to the number 9 to re-decrease.

5.13. I2S_Audio_Player

5.13.1. DEMO purpose

This Demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

■ Learn to use I2S module to output audio file

GD32190R-EVAL-V1.2 board integrates the I2S (Inter-IC Sound) module, and the module can communicate with external devices using the I2S audio protocol. This Demo mainly shows how to use the I2S interface of the board for audio output.

5.13.2. DEMO running result

Download the program <13_I2S_Audio_Player> to the EVAL board. After downloading the program, insert the earphone into the audio port J3, then listen to the audio file.

5.14. RCU Clock Out

5.14.1. DEMO purpose

This Demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

- Learn to use GPIO control the LED
- Learn to use the clock output function of RCU
- Learn to communicate with PC by USART

5.14.2. DEMO running result

Download the program <14_RCU_Clock_Out> to the EVAL board and run. Connect serial cable to EVAL_COM1, open the HyperTerminal. When the program is running, HyperTerminal will display the initial information. Then user can choose the type of the output



clock by pressing the USER button. After pressing, the corresponding LED will be turned on and HyperTerminal will display which mode be selected. The frequency of the output clock can be observed through the oscilloscope by PA8 pin.

Information via a serial port output as following:

5.15. PMU_sleep_wakeup

5.15.1. DEMO purpose

This Demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

■ Learn to use the USART receive interrupt to wake up the PMU from sleep mode

5.15.2. DEMO running result

Download the program <15_PMU_sleep_wakeup> to the EVAL board, connect serial cable to EVAL_COM. After power-on, all the LEDs are off. The MCU will enter sleep mode and the software stop running. When the USART0 receives a byte of data from the HyperTerminal, the MCU will wake up from a receive interrupt. And all the LEDs will flash together.

5.16. RTC Calendar

5.16.1. DEMO purpose

This Demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

- Learn to use RTC module to implement calendar function
- Learn to use SLCD module to display the time of calendar

5.16.2. DEMO running result

Jump the JP12, JP14 and JP15 to SLCD with the jumper cap, and download the program<16_RTC_Calendar> to the EVAL board and run. When the program is running, SLCD displays the time of calendar, when you press the Tamper Key, the day time, the year, the month and the date successively display on the SLCD.



5.17. IRInfrared_Transceiver

5.17.1. DEMO purpose

This Demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

- Learn to use general timer output PWM wave
- Learn to use general timer generated update interrupt
- Learn to use general timer capture interrupt
- Learn to use general timer TIMER15 and TIMER16 implement Infrared function

5.17.2. DEMO running result

Download the program <17_IRInfrared_Transceiver> to the EVAL board and run. When the program is running, if the infrared receiver received data is correct, LED1, LED2, LED3, LED4 light in turn, otherwise LED1, LED2, LED3, LED4 toggle together.

5.18. TIMER_Breath_LED

5.18.1. DEMO purpose

This Demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

- Learn to use Timer output PWM wave
- Learn to update channel value

5.18.2. DEMO running result

Use the DuPont line to connect the TIMER0_CH0 (PA8) and LED1 (PA11), and then download the program <18_TIMER_Breath_LED> to the GD32190R-EVAL-V1.2 board and run. PA8 should not be reused by other peripherals.

When the program is running, you can see LED1 lighting from dark to bright gradually and then gradually darken, ad infinitum, just like breathing as rhythm.

5.19. TSI_TouchKey_leds

5.19.1. DEMO purpose

This Demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

■ Learn to use TSI module implement Touch Key function



5.19.2. **DEMO** running result

Download the program <19_TSI_TouchKey_Leds> to the EVAL board and run. When the program is running, you can use a finger touch the TSI Sensor on the EVAL board, and then the associated LED1 and LED2 will light.

5.20. OPA_Amplify

5.20.1. DEMO purpose

This Demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

- Learn to use OPA module amplify the input voltage
- Learn to use ADC to convert analog to digital

5.20.2. DEMO running result

Download the program <20_OPA_Amplify> to the EVAL board and run. When the program is running, connect the input voltage to the pin1 pin of JP8, then adjust the slide rheostat VR2 to change the amplification factor of the input voltage, and the input voltage is amplified by OPA2. Finally, the result of the output voltage value is printed on the Hyperterminal window through ADC1 analog-to-digital conversion.

5.21. SLCD_Glass

5.21.1. DEMO purpose

This Demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:

■ Learn to use SLCD module to display number

5.21.2. DEMO running result

Jump the JP12 to SLCD with the jumper cap, and download the program<21_SLCD_Glass> to the EVAL board and run. When the program is running, you can see the SLCD displaying the number which adds 1 per second.

5.22. CAN_DualCAN

5.22.1. DEMO purpose

This Demo includes the following functions of GD32 MCU:



- Learn to use the CAN0 and CAN1 communication on one board
- Learn to communicate with PC by USART

5.22.2. DEMO running result

Download the program <22_CAN_DualCAN> to the EVAL board and run. When the program is running, the CAN0 and CAN1 peripherals will auto send and receive CAN frames by 1000ms in normal mode. When the frames are received, the receive data will be printed via COM2. And JP6 should connect to CAN1, JP4 CAN_L should connect to JP3 CAN_L, JP4 CAN_H should connect to JP3 CAN_H.

The output information via the serial port is as following.



6. Revision history

Table 6-1 Revision history

Revision No.	Description	Date
1.0	Initial Release	Jun.28, 2017
2.0	Updated format across the whole document	Jun.1, 2019
3.0	Updated format across the whole document	Nov.20, 2019



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