Problem Set 6 - Waze Shiny Dashboard

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1. **ps6:** Due Sat 23rd at 5:00PM Central. Worth 100 points (80 points from questions, 10 points for correct submission and 10 points for code style) + 10 extra credit.

We use (*) to indicate a problem that we think might be time consuming.

Steps to submit (10 points on PS6)

- 1. "This submission is my work alone and complies with the 30538 integrity policy." Add your initials to indicate your agreement: **___**
- 2. "I have uploaded the names of anyone I worked with on the problem set **here**" **___** (2 point)
- 3. Late coins used this pset: **___** Late coins left after submission: **___**
- 4. Before starting the problem set, make sure to read and agree to the terms of data usage for the Waze data here.
- 5. Knit your ps6.qmd as a pdf document and name it ps6.pdf.
- 6. Push your ps6.qmd, ps6.pdf, requirements.txt, and all created folders (we will create three Shiny apps so you will have at least three additional folders) to your Github repo (5 points). It is fine to use Github Desktop.
- 7. Submit ps6.pdf and also link your Github repo via Gradescope (5 points)
- 8. Tag your submission in Gradescope. For the Code Style part (10 points) please tag the whole corresponding section for the code style rubric.

Notes: see the Quarto documentation (link) for directions on inserting images into your knitted document.

IMPORTANT: For the App portion of the PS, in case you can not arrive to the expected functional dashboard we will need to take a look at your app.py file. You can use the following

code chunk template to "import" and print the content of that file. Please, don't forget to also tag the corresponding code chunk as part of your submission!

```
def print_file_contents(file_path):
    """Print contents of a file."""
    try:
        with open(file_path, 'r') as f:
            content = f.read()
            print("```python")
            print(content)
            print("```")
    except FileNotFoundError:
        print("```python")
        print(f"Error: File '{file_path}' not found")
        print("``")
    except Exception as e:
        print("```python")
        print(f"Error reading file: {e}")
        print("``")
print_file_contents("./top_alerts_map_byhour/app.py") # Change accordingly
```

Background

Data Download and Exploration (20 points)

```
# Load the waze_data_sample.csv file
waze_sample_df = pd.read_csv('./waze_data/waze_data_sample.csv')

# Exclude 'ts', 'geo', 'geoWKT' and determine Altair-style data types
altair_data_types = []
for column in waze_sample_df.columns:
    if column not in ['ts', 'geo', 'geoWKT']:
        dtype = waze_sample_df[column].dtype
        if pd.api.types.is_numeric_dtype(dtype):
            altair_data_types.append((column, 'Quantitative'))
        elif pd.api.types.is_datetime64_any_dtype(dtype):
            altair_data_types.append((column, 'Temporal'))
```

```
else:
            altair_data_types.append((column, 'Nominal'))
# Print variable names and data types
print(altair_data_types)
[('Unnamed: 0', 'Quantitative'), ('city', 'Nominal'), ('confidence',
'Quantitative'), ('nThumbsUp', 'Quantitative'), ('street', 'Nominal'),
('uuid', 'Nominal'), ('country', 'Nominal'), ('type', 'Nominal'), ('subtype',
'Nominal'), ('roadType', 'Quantitative'), ('reliability', 'Quantitative'),
('magvar', 'Quantitative'), ('reportRating', 'Quantitative')]
  2.
waze_df = pd.read_csv('./waze_data/waze_data.csv')
# Calculate NULL and non-NULL counts for each column
null_counts = waze_df.isnull().sum().reset_index()
not_null_counts = waze_df.notnull().sum().reset_index()
# Rename columns for Altair compatibility
null_counts.columns = ['variable', 'null_count']
not_null_counts.columns = ['variable', 'not_null_count']
# Merge into a single DataFrame
null_data = pd.merge(null_counts, not_null_counts, on='variable')
null_data = null_data.melt(id_vars='variable',
                           value_vars=['null_count', 'not_null_count'],
                           var name='status',
                           value_name='count')
# Replace status labels for clarity
null_data['status'] = null_data['status'].replace({
    'null_count': 'NULL',
    'not_null_count': 'Not NULL'
})
# Create a stacked bar chart
chart = alt.Chart(null data).mark bar().encode(
   x=alt.X('variable:N', title='Variables',

    sort=null_data['variable'].unique()),
   y=alt.Y('count:Q', title='Count'),
```

alt.Chart(...)

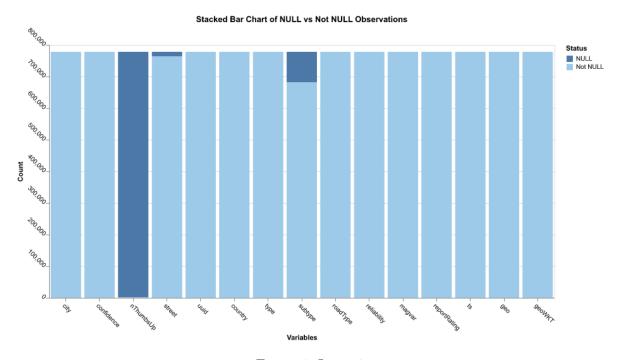


Figure 1: Image1

```
# Extract unique values for 'type' and 'subtype'
unique_types = waze_df['type'].fillna('Unclassified').unique()
unique_subtypes = waze_df['subtype'].fillna('Unclassified').unique()
```

```
#sort_subtypes = waze_sample_df.apply(
    lambda row: f"{row['type']} Unclassified" if pd.isna(row['subtype'])
⇔ else row['subtype'],
     axis=1
#)
# Count how many types have a 'subtype' that is NA
types_with na_subtype = waze_df[waze df['subtype'].isna()]['type'].unique()
num_types_with_na_subtype = len(types_with_na_subtype)
# Group types and subtypes to determine hierarchy
type subtype counts = waze df.groupby(['type',

    'subtype']).size().reset_index(name='count')

types with informative subtypes = type subtype counts['type'].value counts()
unique_types, unique_subtypes, types_with_na_subtype,
 → num_types_with_na_subtype
(array(['JAM', 'ACCIDENT', 'ROAD_CLOSED', 'HAZARD'], dtype=object),
 array(['Unclassified', 'ACCIDENT_MAJOR', 'ACCIDENT_MINOR',
        'HAZARD_ON_ROAD', 'HAZARD_ON_ROAD_CAR_STOPPED',
        'HAZARD_ON_ROAD_CONSTRUCTION', 'HAZARD_ON_ROAD_EMERGENCY_VEHICLE',
        'HAZARD_ON_ROAD_ICE', 'HAZARD_ON_ROAD_OBJECT',
        'HAZARD_ON_ROAD_POT_HOLE', 'HAZARD_ON_ROAD_TRAFFIC_LIGHT_FAULT',
        'HAZARD_ON_SHOULDER', 'HAZARD_ON_SHOULDER_CAR_STOPPED',
        'HAZARD_WEATHER', 'HAZARD_WEATHER_FLOOD', 'JAM_HEAVY_TRAFFIC',
        'JAM_MODERATE_TRAFFIC', 'JAM_STAND_STILL_TRAFFIC',
        'ROAD_CLOSED_EVENT', 'HAZARD_ON_ROAD_LANE_CLOSED',
        'HAZARD_WEATHER_FOG', 'ROAD_CLOSED_CONSTRUCTION',
        'HAZARD_ON_ROAD_ROAD_KILL', 'HAZARD_ON_SHOULDER_ANIMALS',
        'HAZARD_ON_SHOULDER_MISSING_SIGN', 'JAM_LIGHT_TRAFFIC',
        'HAZARD_WEATHER_HEAVY_SNOW', 'ROAD_CLOSED_HAZARD',
        'HAZARD_WEATHER_HAIL'], dtype=object),
 array(['JAM', 'ACCIDENT', 'ROAD_CLOSED', 'HAZARD'], dtype=object),
 4)
print(f"There are {num_types_with_na_subtype} types that have subtypes in
→ NA")
```

There are 4 types that have subtypes in NA

There might be types like HAZARD_ON_ROAD_ROAD_KILL, means haraed, on road, road kill, road kill would be subsubtype.

```
subtype_total = len(waze_sample_df[waze_sample_df['subtype'].isna()])
subtype_total
```

1004

- Accident
 - Major
 - Minor
 - Unclassified
- Hazard
 - On Road
 - * Car Stopped
 - * Construction
 - * Emergency Vehicle
 - * Ice
 - * Lane Closed
 - * Object
 - * Pot Hole
 - $* \ \operatorname{Road} \ \operatorname{Kill}$
 - * Traffic Light Fault
 - On Shoulder
 - * Animals
 - * Car Stopped
 - * Missing Sign
 - Weather
 - * Flood
 - * Fog
 - * Hail
 - $* \ \, {\rm Heavy} \,\, {\rm Snow}$
 - Unclassified
- Jam
 - Heavy Traffic
 - Light Traffic
 - Moderate Traffic
 - Stand Still Traffic
 - Unclassified

• Road Closed

- Construction
- Event
- Hazard
- Unclassified

We should keep the NA as Unclassified since there are too many columns that are NA, but have corresponding types. Simply dropping them will lose too much information. 4.

```
# Manually define the crosswalk for all levels of the hierarchy
crosswalk_data = [
        # ACCIDENT
        {"type": "ACCIDENT", "subtype": "ACCIDENT_MINOR", "updated_type":
  → "Accident", "updated_subtype": "Minor", "updated_subsubtype": "Minor"},
        {"type": "ACCIDENT", "subtype": "ACCIDENT_MAJOR", "updated_type":
  → "Accident", "updated_subtype": "Major", "updated_subsubtype": "Major"},
       {"type": "ACCIDENT", "subtype": "Unclassified", "updated_type":

    "Unclassified"},
        # .JAM
        {"type": "JAM", "subtype": "JAM_MODERATE_TRAFFIC", "updated_type": "Jam",
  → "updated subtype": "Traffic", "updated subsubtype": "Moderate"},
       {"type": "JAM", "subtype": "JAM_HEAVY_TRAFFIC", "updated_type": "Jam",
  → "updated subtype": "Traffic", "updated subsubtype": "Heavy"},
        {"type": "JAM", "subtype": "JAM_STAND_STILL_TRAFFIC", "updated_type":
  → "Jam", "updated subtype": "Traffic", "updated subsubtype": "Stand
  ⇔ Still"},
        {"type": "JAM", "subtype": "JAM_LIGHT_TRAFFIC", "updated_type": "Jam",

¬ "updated_subtype": "Traffic", "updated_subsubtype": "Light"},

¬ "updated_subtype": "Light",

¬ "updated_subtype": "updated_subtype": "updated_subtype": "updated_subtype": "updated_subtype": "updated_subtype"
       {"type": "JAM", "subtype": "Unclassified", "updated_type": "Jam",
  → "updated_subtype": "Unclassified", "updated_subsubtype": "Unclassified"},
        # WEATHERHAZARD / HAZARD
        {"type": "HAZARD", "subtype": "HAZARD_ON_ROAD", "updated_type": "Hazard",
  → "updated subtype": "On Road", "updated subsubtype": "Unclassified"},
       {"type": "HAZARD", "subtype": "HAZARD_ON_SHOULDER", "updated_type":

    "Unclassified"},
        {"type": "HAZARD", "subtype": "HAZARD_WEATHER", "updated_type": "Hazard",
  "updated_subtype": "Weather", "updated_subsubtype": "Unclassified"},
        {"type": "HAZARD", "subtype": "HAZARD_ON_ROAD_OBJECT", "updated_type":
→ "Hazard", "updated_subtype": "On Road", "updated_subsubtype": "Object"},
```

```
{"type": "HAZARD", "subtype": "HAZARD ON ROAD POT HOLE", "updated type":
→ "Hazard", "updated_subtype": "On Road", "updated_subsubtype": "Pot
→ Hole"},
   {"type": "HAZARD", "subtype": "HAZARD_ON_ROAD_ROAD_KILL", "updated_type":
→ "Hazard", "updated_subtype": "On Road", "updated_subsubtype": "Road

    Kill"},
  {"type": "HAZARD", "subtype": "HAZARD_ON_SHOULDER_CAR_STOPPED",
→ "updated_type": "Hazard", "updated_subtype": "On Shoulder",

¬ "updated subsubtype": "Car Stopped"},
  {"type": "HAZARD", "subtype": "HAZARD ON SHOULDER ANIMALS",
  "updated_type": "Hazard", "updated_subtype": "On Shoulder",

¬ "updated_subsubtype": "Animals"},
   {"type": "HAZARD", "subtype": "HAZARD_ON_SHOULDER_MISSING_SIGN",

    "updated_type": "Hazard", "updated_subtype": "On Shoulder",

¬ "updated_subsubtype": "Missing Sign"},

   {"type": "HAZARD", "subtype": "HAZARD_WEATHER_FOG", "updated_type":
→ "Hazard", "updated_subtype": "Weather", "updated_subsubtype": "Fog"},
   {"type": "HAZARD", "subtype": "HAZARD WEATHER HAIL", "updated type":
→ "Hazard", "updated_subtype": "Weather", "updated_subsubtype": "Hail"},
   {"type": "HAZARD", "subtype": "HAZARD_WEATHER_HEAVY_SNOW",
→ "updated_type": "Hazard", "updated_subtype": "Weather",

¬ "updated_subsubtype": "Heavy Snow"},

   {"type": "HAZARD", "subtype": "HAZARD_WEATHER_FLOOD", "updated_type":
→ "Hazard", "updated subtype": "Weather", "updated subsubtype": "Flood"},
  {"type": "HAZARD", "subtype": "HAZARD_ON_ROAD_LANE_CLOSED",
→ "updated type": "Hazard", "updated subtype": "On Road",
→ "updated subsubtype": "Lane Closed"},
  {"type": "HAZARD", "subtype": "HAZARD_ON_ROAD_ICE", "updated_type":
→ "Hazard", "updated_subtype": "On Road", "updated_subsubtype": "Ice"},
   {"type": "HAZARD", "subtype": "HAZARD_ON_ROAD_CONSTRUCTION",
→ "updated_type": "Hazard", "updated_subtype": "On Road",

¬ "updated_subsubtype": "Construction"},
   {"type": "HAZARD", "subtype": "HAZARD_ON_ROAD_CAR_STOPPED",
  "updated_type": "Hazard", "updated_subtype": "On Road",

¬ "updated_subsubtype": "Car Stopped"},

   {"type": "HAZARD", "subtype": "HAZARD_ON_ROAD_TRAFFIC_LIGHT_FAULT",
→ "updated_type": "Hazard", "updated_subtype": "On Road",
 "updated_subsubtype": "Traffic Light Fault"},
  {"type": "HAZARD", "subtype": "HAZARD ON ROAD EMERGENCY VEHICLE",
→ "updated_type": "Hazard", "updated_subtype": "On Road",
  "updated subsubtype": "Emergency Vehicle"},
   {"type": "HAZARD", "subtype": "Unclassified", "updated_type": "Hazard",
  "updated_subtype": "Unclassified", "updated_subsubtype": "Unclassified"},
```

```
# ROAD CLOSED
    {"type": "ROAD_CLOSED", "subtype": "ROAD_CLOSED_HAZARD", "updated_type":
 → "Road Closed", "updated subtype": "Hazard", "updated subsubtype":

    "Unclassified"},
   {"type": "ROAD_CLOSED", "subtype": "ROAD_CLOSED_CONSTRUCTION",
 → "updated_type": "Road Closed", "updated_subtype": "Construction",

¬ "updated_subsubtype": "Unclassified"},

   {"type": "ROAD_CLOSED", "subtype": "ROAD_CLOSED_EVENT", "updated_type":
 → "Road Closed", "updated_subtype": "Event", "updated_subsubtype":

    "Unclassified"},
   {"type": "ROAD CLOSED", "subtype": "Unclassified", "updated type": "Road
 → Closed", "updated_subtype": "Unclassified", "updated_subsubtype":

    "Unclassified"},
# Convert the crosswalk into a DataFrame
crosswalk_df = pd.DataFrame(crosswalk_data)
# Replace NA subtypes in the original dataset with None
waze_df['subtype'] = waze_df['subtype'].replace({pd.NA: "Unclassified"})
# Merge the crosswalk with the original dataset
merged_data = pd.merge(
   waze df,
   crosswalk df,
   how='left',
   on=['type', 'subtype']
)
# Verify the results
print("Crosswalk DataFrame:")
print(crosswalk_df.head())
print("\nMerged Dataset:")
print(merged_data.head())
```

Crosswalk DataFrame:

type subtype updated_type updated_subtype \
0 ACCIDENT ACCIDENT_MINOR Accident Minor
1 ACCIDENT ACCIDENT_MAJOR Accident Major

```
2
   ACCIDENT
                     Unclassified
                                       Accident
                                                    Unclassified
3
             JAM_MODERATE_TRAFFIC
                                                         Traffic
        JAM
                                             Jam
4
        JAM
                JAM_HEAVY_TRAFFIC
                                             Jam
                                                         Traffic
  updated_subsubtype
0
               Minor
1
               Major
2
        Unclassified
3
            Moderate
4
               Heavy
Merged Dataset:
                confidence
                             nThumbsUp street
          city
                          0
                                   NaN
                                           NaN
   Chicago, IL
1
   Chicago, IL
                          1
                                   NaN
                                           NaN
 Chicago, IL
                          0
                                   NaN
                                           NaN
2
3
   Chicago, IL
                          0
                                   NaN
                                        Alley
   Chicago, IL
                          0
                                   NaN
                                        Alley
                                    uuid country
                                                                      subtype
                                                          type
                                                                Unclassified
  004025a4-5f14-4cb7-9da6-2615daafbf37
                                               US
                                                            JAM
   ad7761f8-d3cb-4623-951d-dafb419a3ec3
                                               US
                                                      ACCIDENT
                                                                 Unclassified
   0e5f14ae-7251-46af-a7f1-53a5272cd37d
                                               US
                                                   ROAD CLOSED
                                                                 Unclassified
   654870a4-a71a-450b-9f22-bc52ae4f69a5
                                               US
                                                                Unclassified
                                                            JAM
4 926ff228-7db9-4e0d-b6cf-6739211ffc8b
                                               US
                                                            .JAM
                                                                Unclassified
   roadType
             reliability
                           magvar
                                   reportRating
0
         20
                        5
                              139
                                               3
                                                  2024-02-04 16:40:41 UTC
1
          4
                        8
                                                  2024-02-04 20:01:27 UTC
2
          1
                        5
                              344
                                                  2024-02-04 02:15:54 UTC
3
         20
                        5
                              264
                                                  2024-02-04 00:30:54 UTC
         20
                        5
                              359
                                                  2024-02-04 03:27:35 UTC
                                                       geoWKT updated_type
                            geo
  POINT(-87.676685 41.929692)
                                 Point(-87.676685 41.929692)
                                                                        Jam
  POINT(-87.624816 41.753358)
                                 Point(-87.624816 41.753358)
                                                                   Accident
  POINT(-87.614122 41.889821)
                                 Point(-87.614122 41.889821)
                                                               Road Closed
 POINT(-87.680139 41.939093)
                                 Point(-87.680139 41.939093)
                                                                        Jam
   POINT(-87.735235 41.91658)
                                  Point(-87.735235 41.91658)
                                                                        Jam
  updated_subtype updated_subsubtype
     Unclassified
0
                         Unclassified
1
     Unclassified
                         Unclassified
```

```
    Unclassified Unclassified
    Unclassified Unclassified
    Unclassified Unclassified
```

Below is the way of checking if they have the same type and subtype.

True True

App #1: Top Location by Alert Type Dashboard (30 points)

```
def extract_coordinates(geo_string):
    match = re.match(r"POINT\((-?\d+\.\d+)\\s(-?\d+\.\d+)\\)", geo_string)
    if match:
        longitude, latitude = match.groups()
        return float(latitude), float(longitude)
    return None, None

# Apply the function to extract latitude and longitude
merged_data['latitude'], merged_data['longitude'] =
        zip(*merged_data['geo'].apply(extract_coordinates))
```

```
# Bin latitude and longitude

merged_data["longitude_bin"] = (np.floor(merged_data["longitude"] * 100) /

$\to 100$).apply(lambda x: f"\{x:.6f\}")

merged_data["latitude_bin"] = (np.floor(merged_data["latitude"] * 100) /

$\to 100$).apply(lambda x: f"\{x:.6f\}")
```

```
# Count the occurrences of binned combinations
binned_counts = merged_data.groupby(["latitude_bin",
  "longitude_bin"]).size().reset_index(name="count")
# Find the binned latitude-longitude combination with the greatest count
max_binned_combination = binned_counts[binned_counts["count"] ==
  → binned_counts["count"].max()]
binned_counts, max_binned_combination
(
              latitude_bin longitude_bin count
  0
                      41.640000
                                                         -87.560000
                                                                                                   21
                      41.640000
  1
                                                         -87.580000
                                                                                                 290
   2
                                                      -87.590000
                      41.640000
                                                                                                140
   3
                      41.640000
                                                      -87.620000
                                                                                                14
  4
                      41.650000
                                                        -87.560000
                                                                                                   67
                                                                                                 . . .
  707
                      42.010000 -87.830000
                                                                                                   25
  708
                      42.010000
                                                        -87.840000
                                                                                                   1
                      42.010000
  709
                                                        -87.870000
                                                                                                     9
  710
                      42.020000
                                                         -87.670000
                                                                                                 123
  711
                      42.020000
                                                         -87.680000
                                                                                                   19
   [712 rows x 3 columns],
              latitude_bin longitude_bin count
  586
                      41.960000
                                                         -87.750000 26540)
chosen_type = "JAM"
chosen_subtype = "JAM_STAND_STILL_TRAFFIC"
filtered_df = merged_data[(merged_data["type"] == chosen_type) &
  Good of the control of the cont
# Aggregate data to find the top 10 latitude-longitude bins with the most
  \hookrightarrow alerts
alert_counts = (
           filtered_df.groupby(["latitude_bin", "longitude_bin"])
           .size()
           .reset_index(name="alert_count")
            .head(10)
)
```

	latitude_bin	longitude_bin	alert_count
0	41.640000	-87.560000	1
1	41.640000	-87.580000	8
2	41.640000	-87.590000	5
3	41.650000	-87.560000	2
4	41.650000	-87.570000	23
5	41.650000	-87.580000	21
6	41.650000	-87.590000	132
7	41.650000	-87.610000	1
8	41.650000	-87.620000	17
9	41.660000	-87.560000	10

```
df_alert_counts = (
    merged_data.groupby(["latitude_bin", "longitude_bin", "type", "subtype",
    "updated_type", "updated_subtype", "updated_subsubtype"])
    .size()
    .reset_index(name="alert_count")
    .sort_values(by="alert_count", ascending=False)
)
```

```
#df_alert_counts_path = './top_alerts_map/df_alert.csv'
#df_alert_counts.to_csv(df_alert_counts_path, index=False)
```

The level of aggraration is ["latitude_bin", "longitude_bin", "type", "subtype", "updated_type", "updated_subtype", "updated_subtype"], the rows are 11231.

```
#merged_data.to_csv('./df_merged_data.csv', index=False)
```

```
# Aggregate data to find the top 10 latitude-longitude bins with the most

→ alerts

alert_counts_heavy = (
   filtered_heavy_df.groupby(["latitude_bin", "longitude_bin"])
    .reset_index(name="alert_count")
    .sort_values(by="alert_count", ascending=False)
    .head(10)
)
# Create scatter plot
scatter_plot = (
    alt.Chart(alert_counts_heavy)
    .mark_circle()
    .encode(
        x=alt.X("longitude_bin:Q", title="Longitude",

    scale=alt.Scale(domain=[(merged_data['longitude_bin'].max()),
   (merged_data['longitude_bin'].min())])),
        y=alt.Y("latitude_bin:Q", title="Latitude",

    scale=alt.Scale(domain=[(merged_data['latitude_bin'].min()),
   (merged_data['latitude_bin'].max())])),
        color=alt.Color("alert_count:Q", title="Number of Alerts"),
        tooltip=["latitude_bin", "longitude_bin", "alert_count"],
    )
    .properties(
        title="Top 10 Latitude-Longitude Bins with Highest 'Jam - Heavy
→ Traffic' Alerts",
        width=400,
        height=400,
    )
)
scatter_plot.save('./plots/plot2.png')
scatter_plot
```

alt.Chart(...)

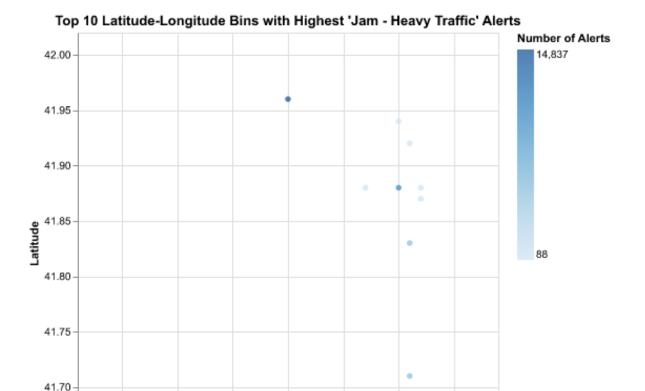


Figure 2: Image1

-87.70

-87.60

-87.65

-87.75

Longitude

-87.80

-87.85

3.

41.65

-87.90

```
file_path = "./top_alerts_map/chicago-boundaries.geojson"
#----
with open(file_path) as f:
    chicago_geojson = json.load(f)
geo_data = alt.Data(values=chicago_geojson["features"])
```

```
points = alt.Chart(alert_counts_heavy).mark_circle().encode(
    longitude=alt.X("longitude_bin:Q"),
```

```
latitude=alt.Y("latitude_bin:Q"),
    tooltip=["latitude_bin", "longitude_bin", "alert_count"],

)
map_layer = (
    alt.Chart(geo_data).mark_geoshape(fill="lightgray", stroke="black")
    .properties(
        width=400,
        height=400
    )
    .project("identity", reflectY=True) # Ensure correct alignment with
    coordinates
)

combined_plot = (
    map_layer + scatter_plot
).properties(title="Top 10")

combined_plot.save('./plots/plot3.png')
combined_plot
```

alt.LayerChart(...)

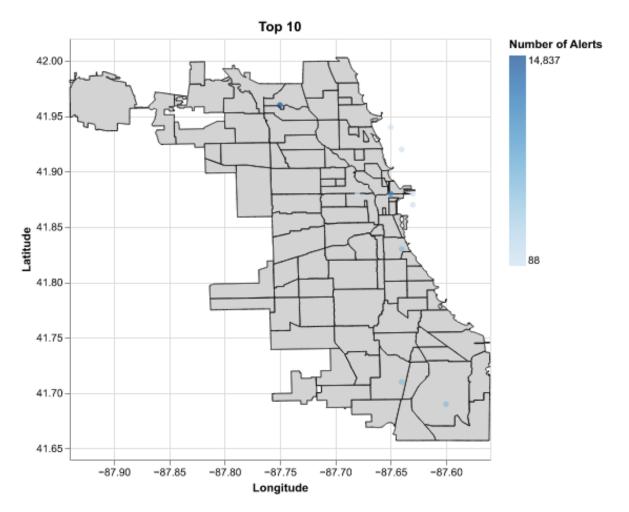


Figure 3: Image1

The plot have points that diverges from the original location, on the lake. I removed the coordinates the next graph, used the latitude coordinates, and the points are back to normal.

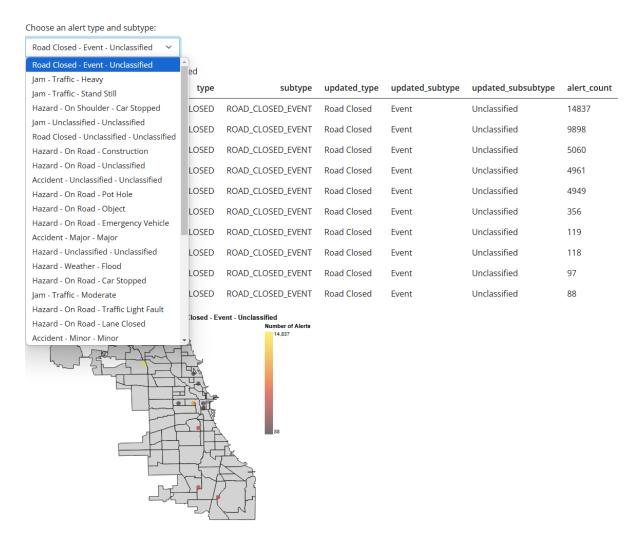


Figure 4: Image1

32 types

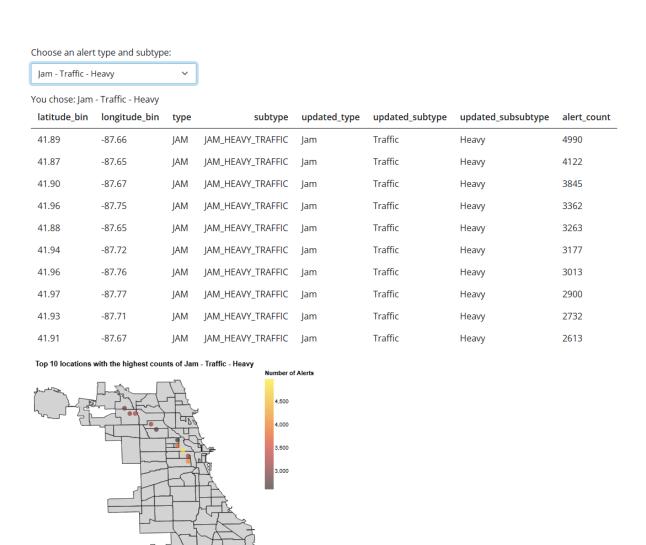
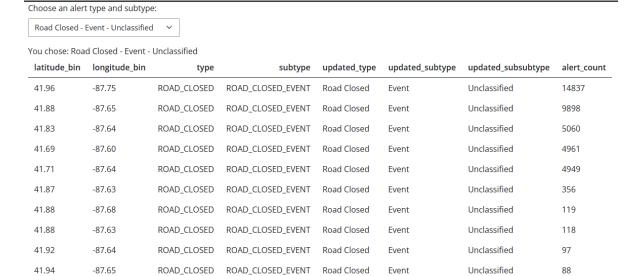
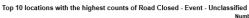


Figure 5: Image1

Downtown and Lincoln Park





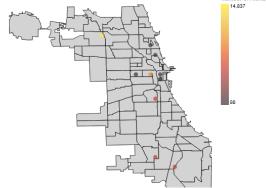


Figure 6: Image1

Where are Major accidents most common? Highways, mostly I-90

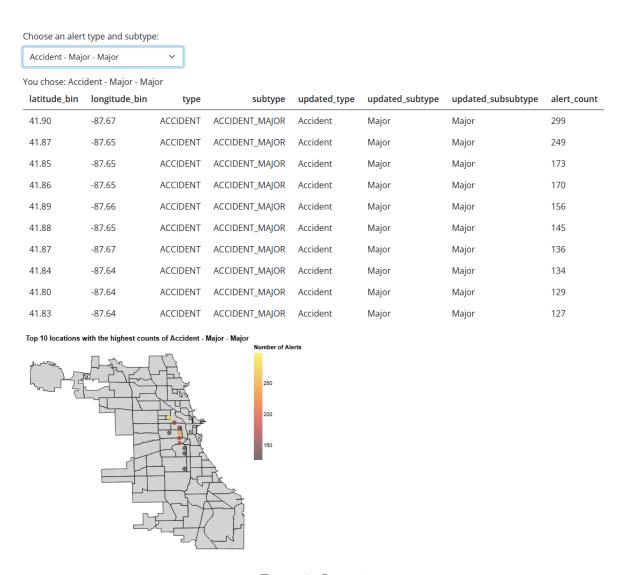


Figure 7: Image1

what are the road types most common for major accidents? Add Road Type column.

App #2: Top Location by Alert Type and Hour Dashboard (20 points)

1.

a. it would not be a good idea to collapse by ts since it is down to seconds, not meaningful to group by ts with this much of precision.

b.

```
merged_data['ts'] = pd.to_datetime(merged_data['ts'])
merged_data['hour'] = merged_data['ts'].dt.strftime('%H:00')
chosen_type = "JAM"
chosen_subtype = "JAM_HEAVY_TRAFFIC"
hr_alert_counts = (
    merged_data.groupby(["latitude_bin", "longitude_bin", "type", "subtype",
 → "updated_type", "updated_subtype", "updated_subsubtype", "hour"]).size()
    .reset_index(name="alert_count")
    .sort_values(by="alert_count", ascending=False)
)
There are 13669 columns
hr_alert_counts_path = './top_alerts_map_byhour/top_alerts_map_byhour.csv'
hr_alert_counts.to_csv(hr_alert_counts_path, index=False)
  c.
hr_alert_counts_by_010203 = hr_alert_counts[(hr_alert_counts['hour'] ==

  '01:00') | (hr_alert_counts['hour'] == '02:00') |

    chosen_type) & (hr_alert_counts["subtype"] == chosen_subtype)]

hr_alert_counts_by_02 = hr_alert_counts[hr_alert_counts['hour'] == '02:00']
hr_alert_counts_by_03 = hr_alert_counts[hr_alert_counts['hour'] == '03:00']
points = alt.Chart(hr_alert_counts_by_010203.head(10)).mark_circle().encode(
    longitude=alt.X("longitude_bin:Q"),
    latitude=alt.Y("latitude_bin:Q"),
    tooltip=["latitude_bin", "longitude_bin", "alert_count"],
map_layer = (
```

```
alt.Chart(geo_data).mark_geoshape(fill="lightgray", stroke="black")
    .properties(
        width=400,
        height=400
)
    .project("identity", reflectY=True) # Ensure correct alignment with
    coordinates
)

combined_plot = (
    map_layer + points
).properties(title="Top 10")

combined_plot.save('./plots/plot4.png')
combined_plot
```

alt.LayerChart(...)

Top 10

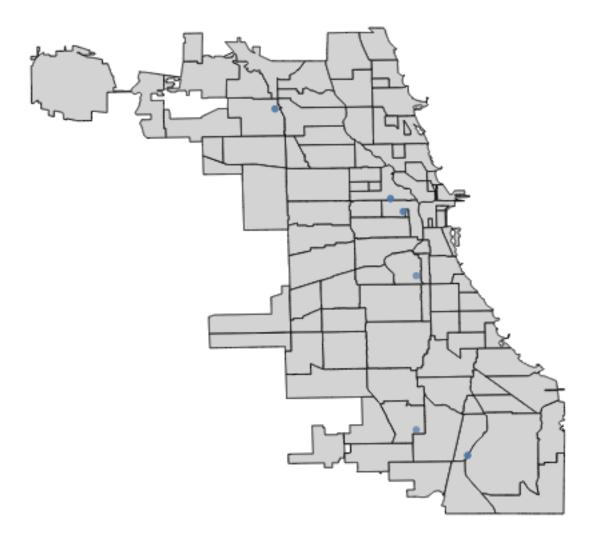


Figure 8: Image1

This time I used the latitide longitude without the xy axis. the points are normal 2. a.

Choose an alert type and subtype:

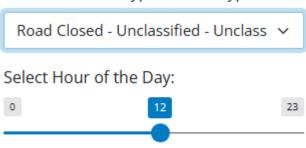


Figure 9: Image1

b.

Choose an alert type and subtype:

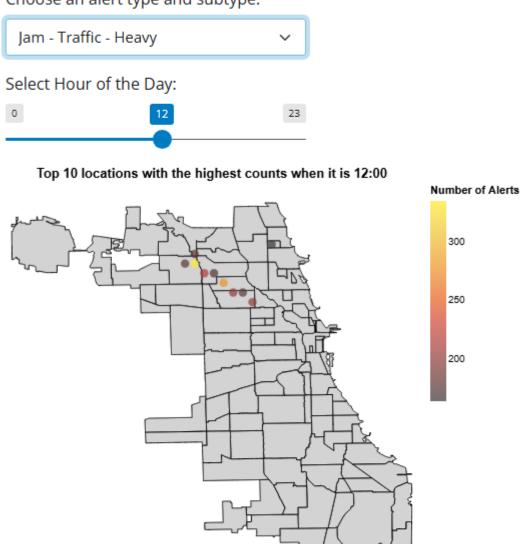


Figure 10: Image1

c.

Looks like it is done more in the night hours; To better answer this question we need to use

App #3: Top Location by Alert Type and Hour Dashboard (20 points)

```
1.
  а.
No. There are too many ranges.
  b.
df_alert_hr_counts = (
    merged_data.groupby(["latitude_bin", "longitude_bin", "type", "subtype",
 → "updated_type", "updated_subtype", "updated_subsubtype", "hour"])
    .size()
    .reset_index(name="alert_count")
    .sort_values(by="alert_count", ascending=False)
filtered heavy_df = df alert_hr_counts[(df alert_hr_counts["type"] ==
   chosen_type) & (df_alert_hr_counts["subtype"] == chosen_subtype)]
filtered_heavy_df['hour_numeric'] =

    filtered_heavy_df['hour'].str.split(":").str[0].astype(int)

C:\Users\15535\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_29100\988405720.py:1:
SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead
See the caveats in the documentation:
https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus
  filtered_heavy_df['hour_numeric'] =
  filtered_heavy_df['hour'].str.split(":").str[0].astype(int)
hr_alert_counts_b_69 = filtered_heavy_df[(filtered_heavy_df['hour_numeric']
hr_alert_counts_b_69.head(10)
```

	$latitude_bin$	$longitude_bin$	type	subtype	$updated_type$	$updated_subtyp$
50139	41.890000	-87.660000	JAM	JAM_HEAVY_TRAFFIC	Jam	Traffic
46625	41.880000	-87.650000	JAM	JAM_HEAVY_TRAFFIC	Jam	Traffic
81186	41.980000	-87.800000	JAM	JAM_HEAVY_TRAFFIC	Jam	Traffic
46626	41.880000	-87.650000	JAM	JAM_HEAVY_TRAFFIC	Jam	Traffic
4832	41.700000	-87.600000	JAM	JAM_HEAVY_TRAFFIC	Jam	Traffic
65020	41.940000	-87.650000	JAM	JAM_HEAVY_TRAFFIC	Jam	Traffic
752	41.650000	-87.590000	JAM	JAM_HEAVY_TRAFFIC	Jam	Traffic
41433	41.870000	-87.650000	JAM	JAM_HEAVY_TRAFFIC	Jam	Traffic
26864	41.810000	-87.750000	JAM	JAM_HEAVY_TRAFFIC	Jam	Traffic
43887	41.870000	-87.730000	JAM	JAM_HEAVY_TRAFFIC	Jam	Traffic

```
points = alt.Chart(hr_alert_counts_b_69.head(10)).mark_circle().encode(
    longitude=alt.X("longitude_bin:Q"),
    latitude=alt.Y("latitude_bin:Q"),
    tooltip=["latitude_bin", "longitude_bin", "alert_count"],
)
map_layer = (
    alt.Chart(geo_data).mark_geoshape(fill="lightgray", stroke="black")
    .properties(
        width=400,
        height=400
    .project("identity", reflectY=True) # Ensure correct alignment with

→ coordinates

)
combined_plot = (
    map_layer + points
).properties(title="Top 10")
combined_plot.save('./plots/plot5.png')
combined_plot
```

alt.LayerChart(...)

Top 10

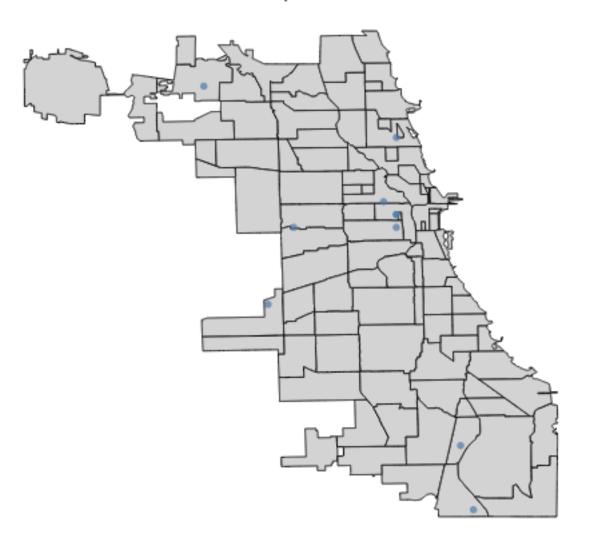


Figure 11: Image1

Choose an alert type and subtype:

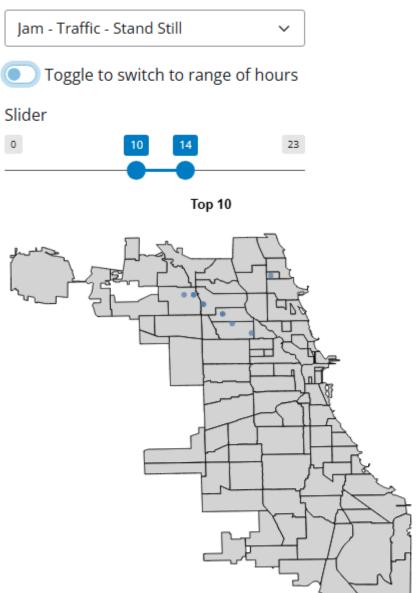


Figure 12: Image1

a.

Choose an alert type and subtype:

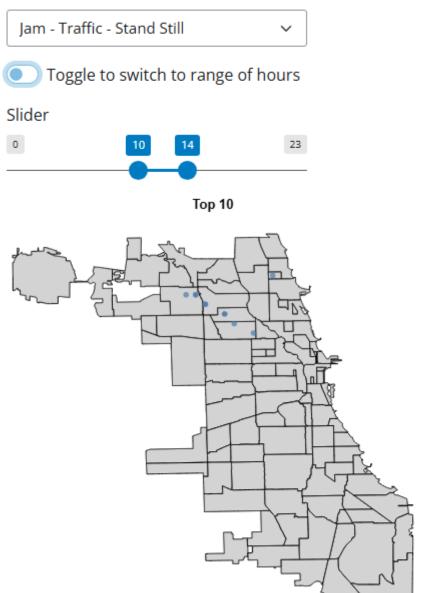


Figure 13: Image1

b.

3.

Top Alerts by Hour

Choose an alert type and subtype:

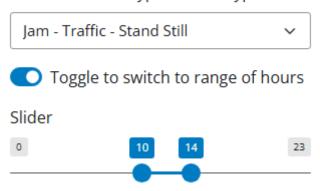


Figure 14: Image1

a.

True and Flase

b.

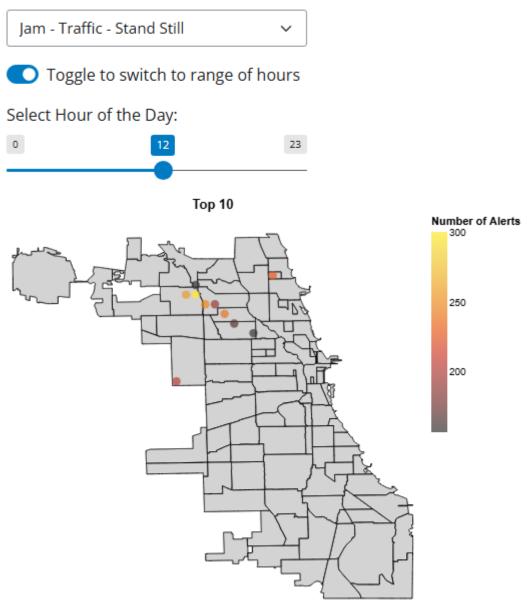


Figure 15: Image1

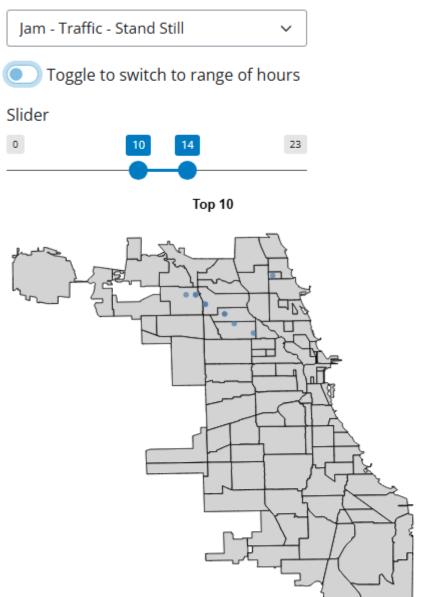


Figure 16: Image1

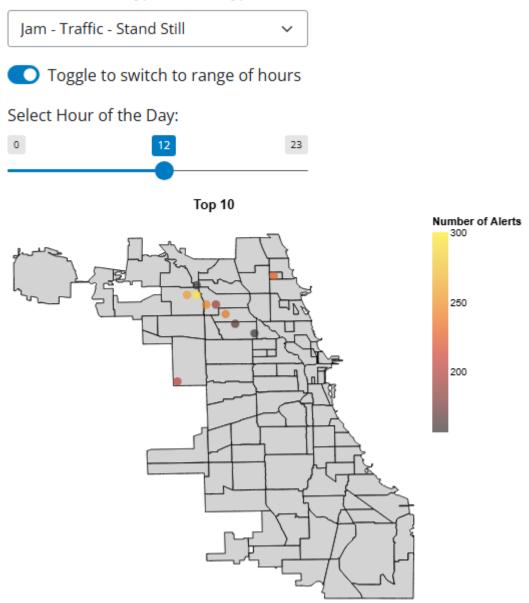


Figure 17: Image1

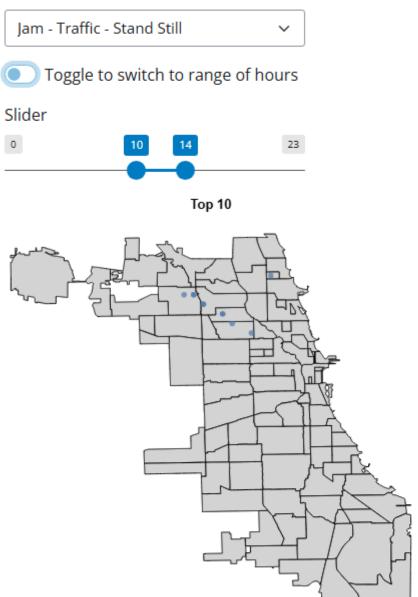


Figure 18: Image1

	37	

d. delete the slider, add code to judge if the time of the column is morning and afternoon

then display accordingly.