MY410: Seminar Week 3

Chao-Yo Cheng

Pre-seminar checks

- ► How are things going?
- ► How are the lecture videos?
- ► Any questions/issues/things to flag up?

WK2 seminar refresher

Mason's categories provide a useful starting point, but they not mutually exclusive. Certainly it is not the only typology available out there.

WK2 seminar refresher

- Mason's categories provide a useful starting point, but they not mutually exclusive. Certainly it is not the only typology available out there.
- A research project can address one or more of the following questions

 for instance,
 - How and why does X happen? Under what conditions will we see X?
 - Do these conditions "cause" X?
 - How and why do these different conditions lead to X?
 - Why does X happen in some places but not others? Why does X happen in some years but not others?
- Note that we never intend to match these RQs to any specific methods.

WK3 Lecture takeaway

- ► There is not one "best" method yes, but why?
- ► There should always be clear **congruence** between theory, question, and method.
- ► Evaluating this fit is a fundamental part of being a **critical reader**.
- Ensuring that your work has such fit is essential to producing valuable and valid social science.

Warm-up: Sumner & Tribe (2004)

- Let's break into pairs to review different sections of the article.
- ► Focus on the following tasks/questions:
 - What is epistemology? According to the authors, how many epistemological positions are common in international development studies?
 - What do the authors mean by "rigor?" Why is it in scare-quotes?
 - What are the "problems" in development?
 - The authors discuss descriptive, exploratory, explanatory research what does each of them do?

	A positivist approach	A constructivist approach		
What is 'reality'?	A definable 'reality' or 'truth'	There is no 'reality' or 'truth'		
	exists and is observable	beyond our experiences		
What is the goal of academic	Acquisition of the 'truth'	A more informed construction of		
enquiry?		the world		
How are the researcher and the	The researcher is independent of	The researcher is not independent		
'researched' related?	the 'researched'	of the 'researched'		
What should be the role for	None - objectivity sought	Part of 'reality' - subjectivity		
values?		celebrated		
What kind of approach?	Predominantly based on	Predominantly based on discourse		
	observability or measurability and	and meaning with the aim of		
	with the aim of seeking 'evidence'	seeking a more informed		
		understanding of the world		
What kind of data is preferred?	Predominantly quantitative	Traditionally associated with a		
		predominantly qualitative approach		
Examples of such studies in	Dollar and Kraay (2002) Growth is	Narayan et al., (2002) Voices of the		
Development Studies	Good for the Poor	Poor		

	Economics	Politics	Sociology	Social Anthropology
What is reality?	One reality exists; reality is independent of our thoughts; what is observable is real	One reality exists. Reality is independent of our thoughts	One reality exists; Reality is independent of our thoughts, but much of reality is unobservable	There are different realities associated with different standpoints and cultures
Goal of enquiry?	Acquisition of a single truth a universal, general law	We can establish truths or generalizations about human beings	Truth needs to be understood in terms of practical adequacy	Interpretation of local meanings; there is no universal truth
How are the researcher (you) and the "researched" related?	The researcher is objective and is independent of the "researched"	The researcher is subjective and is not independent of the "researched"	The researcher is subjective and is not independent of the "researched"	The researcher is subjective and is not independent of the "researched"



Sumner, A, and M Tribe. 2008. International Development Studies. London: Sage, p.72.

Lack of income and assets

If you have a job at all now, you're overworked and underpaid.

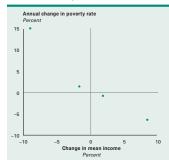
-Young woman from Dimitrovgrad, Bulgaria

Some have land, but they can't buy fertilizer; if some work as weavers, they aren't well paid; if some work for daily wages, they aren't paid a just wage.

—Cackchiquel Indian, Guatemala

Poor people consistently emphasize the centrality of work to improving their lives. A country's overall wealth is an important influence on this: as countries grow richer, so on average do poor people in those countries,

Figure 2.1
Poverty shows a strong link with economic contractions and expansions



Note: The data refer to 150 country-level spells of poverty change and mean income change from poverty surveys in 1980–98. Each point represents one-fourth of the sample, ordered from strongest contraction to strongest expansion.

Source: World Bank staff estimates based on Chen and Ravallion (2000).

"Is development studies an objective, natural science-like search for one 'truth' or is it a subjective, constructivist search for many 'truths', or is it perhaps both?" (Sumner & Tribe, 2004)

"Is development studies an objective, natural science-like search for one 'truth' or is it a subjective, constructivist search for many 'truths', or is it perhaps both?" (Sumner & Tribe, 2004)

And yet, given that the authors say that "across every conceivable fault-line the two approaches (i.e., positivism and constructivism) sit diametrically opposed," how can the answer possibly be both?

Exercise: RQ and Design

- Let's break into small groups and/or pairs again.
- ► Take a problem in development (e.g., poverty, inequality, corruption, violence/conflict, etc.).
- Come up with a research question.
 - Mason (2002): Developmental, mechanical, causal/predictive, and/or comparative?
 - Sumner & Tribe (2004): Descriptive, explanatory, and/or interpretative? Causes of effects and/or effects of causes? Positivist and/or constructivist/Interpretivist?
- Given your question, what will be the associated design? And what is a possible misaligned design?

Exercise: RQ and Design

- What are the "question" words you are using what? why? how? does?
- ▶ Additional issues associated with various questions and designs.
 - Limitations.
 - Trade-offs.
 - Feasibility.
- ► How do you ensure **rigor** in your project?