# ESB with Openshift

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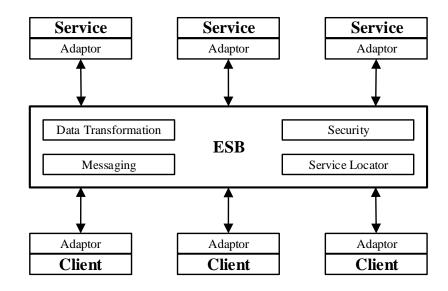
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http://dev.solace.com





https://www.openshift.com/

## Infrastructure as Code

### Consistency

All systems are consistent with the definition

### Repeatability

Changes can be repeated with same outcome

## Reproducibility

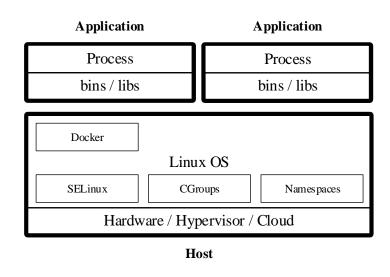
System and changes can be reproduced

## Disposable

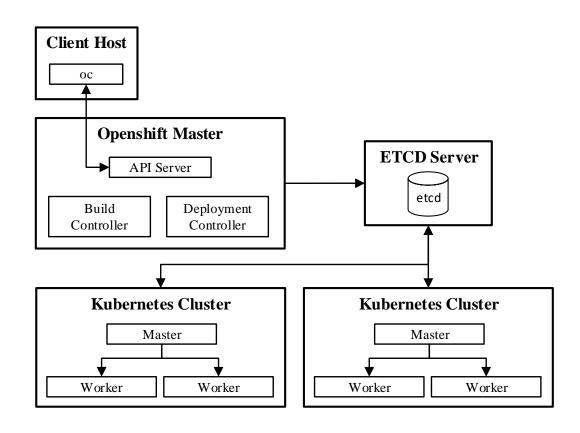
Dispose and Re-Create instead of heavy updates

```
FROM nginx:1.13
MAINTAINER <christoph.ruhsam@gepardec.com>
ENV NGINX RUN USER swag
ENV NGINX RUN GROUP 0
ENV NGINX HOME RUN USER /home/$ [NGINX RUN USER]
ENV DEBIAN FRONTEND noninteractive
RUN mkdir -p ${NGINX HOME RUN USER} \
    && useradd \
      --home-dir ${NGINX HOME RUN USER} \
      --shell /sbin/nologin \
      -q ${NGINX RUN GROUP} \
      -u 1001 \
      ${NGINX RUN USER} \
    && apt-get update -y \
    && apt-get install -y curl \
    && apt-get autoremove -y \
    && apt-get autoclean -y \
    && rm -r /var/lib/apt/lists/*
```

## Openshift Basics



**Docker** 



**Openshift / Kubernetes Cluster** 

## Openshift Basics

### Kubernetes

Namespaces not protected

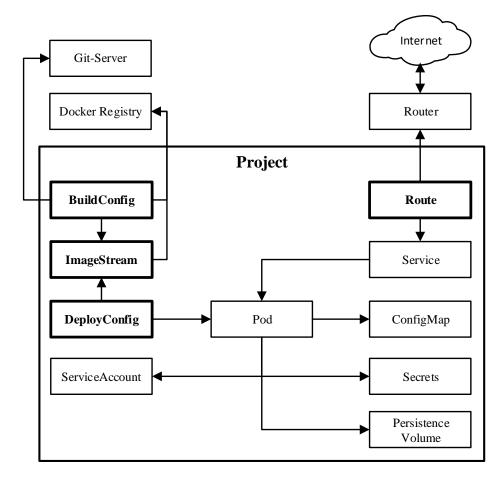
Direct usage of Docker Images

Only cluster state ensured

No rollout behaviors

- Starts Pods
- Stops Pods

No application templates



### Openshift

Project isolates Namespaces

Abstraction of Docker Image (IS)

Automated Build -> Deployment

Different Rollout behaviors

- Canary releases
- Blue Green Releases

Lots of application templates

### **Openshift Project**

## Microprofile Specifications

MicroProfile-Config

ConfigSource, Parameter Injection

MicroProfile-Fault-Tolerance

Resilience, Retries, Timeouts, Fallbacks

MicroProfile-Health

Health endpoint ready / liveness probes

MicroProfile-Metric

Counter, Timer, node state, runtime state

MicroProfile-OpenTracing

Service / Method call chain tracing



OPTIMIZING ENTERPRISE JAVA

https://microprofile.io





https://github.com/Netflix/Hystrix

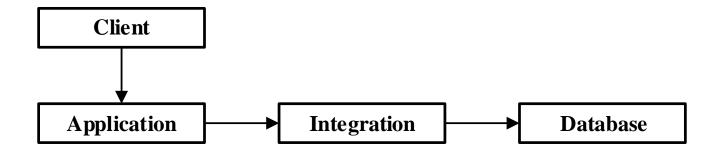
## Prototype







https://www.graylog.org/









https://microprofile.io

https://wildfly-swarm.io/

https://www.openshift.com/

## Prototype Openshift Project

### Legacy Database

Only accessed by the integration service

### Integration Service

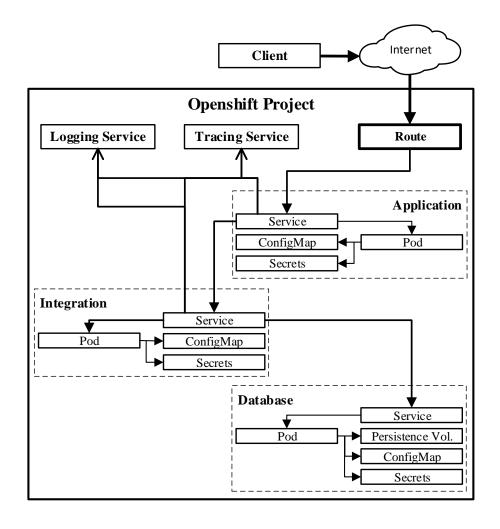
Performs database access and data transformation

## Application Service

Consumes data loaded by the integration service

### Client

Consumes data loaded by the application service



## Prototype Monitoring

Jaeger (Opentracing)

Tracks spans of calls

Graylog

Log aggregation over all services

Keycloak

Oauth2 authentication between services/client-service

Swagger-UI

Tooling for testing documented REST-API





https://www.keycloak.org/



https://www.graylog.org/



https://swagger.io/

## Prototype Implementation Security

#### Secured Service

#### 1. Declare Wildfly-Swarm Keycloak fraction

```
volumes:
    - name: keycloak-config
    secret:
    secretName: ${oc.secret-service-integration-keycloak}
```

#### 2. Inject secret holding adapter config

```
volumeMounts:
    - name: keycloak-config
    mountPath: ${oc.secret-service-integration-keycloak.dir}
```

#### 3. Mount injected secret volume

```
project:
  stage: openshift
swarm:
  keycloak:
    json:
      path: ${oc.secret-service-integration-keycloak.dir}/keycloak.json
  deployment:
    ${project.build.finalName}.war:
      web:
        login-config:
          auth-method: KEYCLOAK
        security-constraints:
          - url-pattern: /rest-api/customer/*
            roles: [consumer]
          - url-pattern: /rest-api/order/*
            roles: [consumer]
          - url-pattern: /rest-api/admin/*
            roles: [consumer]
```

#### 3. Configure Openshift stage security

## Prototype Implementation Security

#### Secured Service Consumer

```
volumes:
    - name: app-config
    secret:
    secretName: ${oc.secret-service-app}
```

#### 1. Inject secret holding adapter config

```
volumeMounts:
    - name: app-config
    mountPath: ${oc.secret-service-app.dir}
```

#### 2. Mount injected secret volume

```
swarm:
    microprofile:
        config:
        config-sources:
        app.secrets:
        dir: ${oc.secret-service-app.dir}
```

3. Define where to load injected configurations

```
@Inject
@ConfigProperty(name = "keycloak.token-url")
private String keycloakTokenUrl;
@Inject
@ConfigProperty(name = "keycloak.client.id")
private String keycloakClientId;
@Inject
@ConfigProperty(name = "keycloak.client.secret")
private String keycloakClientSecret;
private ClientCredentialsTokenRequest tokenRequest;
@PostConstruct
public void postConstruct() {
    tokenRequest = new ClientCredentialsTokenRequest(new NetHttpTransport(),
                                                     new JacksonFactory(),
                                                     new GenericUrl (keycloakTokenUrl));
    tokenRequest.setClientAuthentication(new ClientParametersAuthentication(keycloakClientId,
                                                                             keycloakClientSecret));
@Produces
@OAuthToken
@Dependent
@Counted(name = "retrieved-oauth-tokens", monotonic = true)
@Logging (mdcConfig = Logging.MDCConfig.GROUP REST SECURITY, skipResult = true)
@Retry(delay = 100L, maxRetries = 5, retryOn = {TokenResponseException.class, IOException.class})
@Timeout (value = 2L, unit = ChronoUnit. SECONDS)
String obtainOauthToken() throws IOException {
    return tokenRequest.execute().getAccessToken();
```

#### 4. Implement Oauth2 token retrieval

## Prototype Implementation Logging

#### All Services

1. Declare logging fraction and log implementation

```
goverride
public void filter(ContainerRequestContext requestContext) throws IOException {
    final String tracingId = spanContextInstance.get().toString().split(regex:":")[0]
    scopeInstance.get().span().setTag(MDC_TX_ID, tracingId);
    log.info("Setting MDC transaction id");
    MDC.put(MDC_TX_ID, tracingId);
}
```

2. Capture OpenTracing trace id to connect service logs to current trace

```
swarm:
 logging:
   pattern-formatters:
          DEFAULT LOG PATTERN:
            pattern: "%d{yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss,SSS} %-5p (%t) [%C{2}] \
                      trace.id=%X{trace.id} | \
                      trace.group=%X{trace.group} - %m%n"
   custom-handlers:
      SYSLOGGER:
       named-formatter: DEFAULT LOG PATTERN
       attribute-class: org.jboss.logmanager.handlers.SyslogHandler
       module: org.jboss.logmanager
       properties:
          serverHostname: graylog
         hostname: ${project.build.finalName}
         port: 10514
         protocol: UDP
```

3. Configure log formatter and syslog log handler

## Prototype Implementation Tracing

#### All Services

```
<dependency>
    <groupId>org.wildfly.swarm</groupId>
    <artifactId>opentracing</artifactId>
</dependency>
```

#### 1. Declare OpenTracing fraction

```
env:
    - name: "JAEGER_HOST"
    valueFrom:
        secretKeyRef:
        name: ${oc.secret-service-app}
        key: jaeger.host
- name: "JAEGER_PORT"
    valueFrom:
        secretKeyRef:
        name: ${oc.secret-service-app}
        key: jaeger.port
```

2. Inject Jaeger host/port from secret into env variables

```
# Necessary because config set via 'swarm.jaeger.*', breaks jaeger integration

JAEGER_SERVICE_NAME: "${project.build.finalName}"

JAEGER_AGENT_HOST: "${env.JAEGER_HOST}"

JAEGER_AGENT_PORT: "${env.JAEGER_PORT}"

JAEGER_REPORTER_LOG_SPANS: "true"

JAEGER_REPORTER_FLUSH_INTERVAL: "1000"

JAEGER_SAMPLER_TYPE: "const"

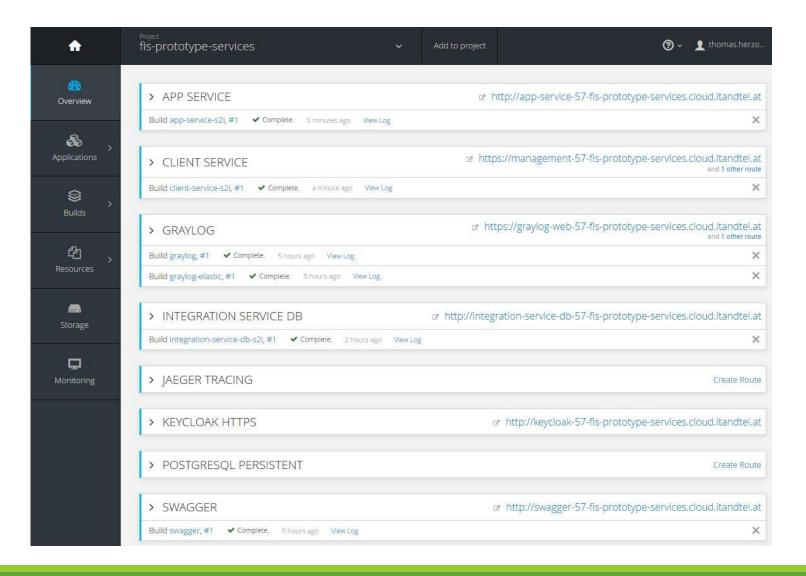
JAEGER_SAMPLER_PARAM: "1"
```

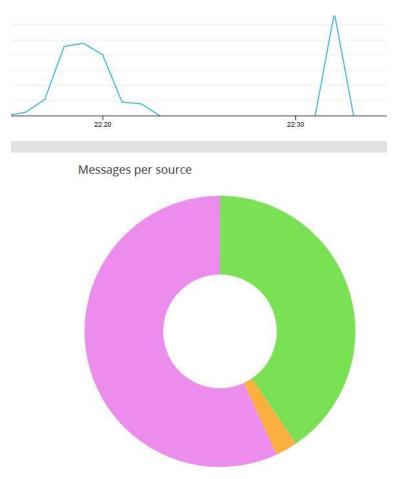
#### 3. Configure OpenTracing fraction

```
@ApplicationScoped
@Traced
@Logging(mdcConfig = Logging.MDCConfig.GROUP_SERVICE)
public class ReportServiceImpl implements ReportService {
```

4. Annotate traceable type or method with @Traced

## Prototype DEMO





## **Evaluations**

### Goals of the thesis

Multistage Configuration

How to configure different kind of services for multiple stages in Openshift, with least of effort?

API-Management

How to manage different version of services in Openshift?

Transformers and Adapters

How to integrate adapters and transformer services in Openshift?

Security

How to secure services in Openshift?

## Evaluation Multistage Configuration

## MicroProfile-Conifg

Abstraction form underlying configuration source (ENV, System Props, properties files, custom source)

```
@Inject @ConfigProperty(name="project.developers") private Developer myProp;
project.developers=[{"name": "Thomas"}, {"name": "Erhard"}]
```

## Wildfly-Swarm project-stages.yml / project-<stage>.yml

Wildfly-swarm configurations support ENV, System Props and Maven Props

```
java -jar -s other-projet-stages.yml -Dswarm.project.stage=dev
```

## Openshift ConfigMap / Secret

Application environment provides configuration and secrets and protects them

One project, one stage, one configuration, same binary

## **Evaluation API-Mangement**

### Need for API Management

Used by multiple clients

External clients could be involved

Are all clients known?

### Requirement for good API Management

Design a stable API from the beginning

Keep abstraction between internal and external models

Plan your migrations well

Keep only backward compatible as long as needed

Public services need API access tracking



https://www.benfranklinplumbingmn.com

## Evaluation API-Mangement

## Path Versioning

/rest-api/customer/v1/list

## Content-Type / Accept Header Versioning

Accept: application/vnd.myapp.user.v1+json;qs=0.9

Accept: text/json; version=1;qs=0.5

## Query Parameter Versioning

/rest-api/customer/get/1?version=2

### Swagger

Annotations, CodeGen, UI



https://swagger.io/



https://blog.cloud-elements.com

## **Evaluation Transformers and Adapters**

### Global Public Service API (mostly REST)

Clients use provided / generated client or integrate it manually. (Swagger CodeGen)

Public API must abstract from underlying models, no model pass through

### Data Transformation

Java-Code, Dozer, XSD, JSON, YAML, ... possible in microservice itself

If separately needed, then build up the same way as the other services (act as proxy service)

### Adapter

Not needed for internal service hosted on ESB (Openshift)

Service in Openshift can act as Adapter for external service

Adapter can be provided for external service

## **Evaluation Security**

### Openshift Project

Isolates services within a namespace (Controlled internal/external access)

## Openshift Secrets

Only reference secret name and property keys, but never values

## Normal JEE-Security

Security Constraints, EJB-Security, Deltaspike-Security, JEE8-Security-API, ...

## Microprofile-Config

No source code has access to configuration source

## Thank you for your attention

Any questions?