

Model deployment on Flask

Christos Christoforou

Data Glacier Internship: Cohort Code LISUM15

November 22, 2022

Step 1: Create a model using a toy dataset. I chose the famous iris dataset and a logistic classifier to predict the species of the flower.

Step 1: Create a model using a toy dataset. I chose the famous iris dataset and a logistic classifier to predict the species of the flower.

```
## import libraries
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd
from sklearn import datasets
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
import pickle

## iris dataset
iris = datasets.load_iris()

## convert to pandas dataframe
data = pd.DataFrame(data= np.c_[iris['data'], iris['target']],
                    columns= iris['feature_names'] + ['target'])

## take a look at the first rows
print(data.head())

## replace the names of the target variable
data['target'].replace({0: 'Setosa', 1: 'Versicolor', 2: 'Virginica'}, inplace=True)

## X : Data matrix , y : target variable
X = data.drop('target', axis=1)
y = data['target'].copy()

## logistic regressor
clf = LogisticRegression(random_state = 2, solver='lbfgs', multi_class='auto')
clf.fit(X, y)

# Saving model to disk
pickle.dump(clf, open('model.pkl', 'wb'))

# Loading model to compare the results
model = pickle.load(open('model.pkl', 'rb'))
print(model.predict(np.array([[5.1, 3.5, 1.4, .2]])).item())
```

Step 2: Open a text editor of your choice to create the flask app to run our model on, and the HTML code to structure a web page to display the app.

Step 2: Open a text editor of your choice to create the flask app to run our model on, and the HTML code to structure a web page to display the app.

```
app.py
import pickle
from flask import Flask, request, render_template
import numpy as np

app = Flask(__name__)
model = pickle.load(open('model.pkl', 'rb'))

@app.route('/')
def home():
    return render_template('index.html')

@app.route('/predict', methods=['POST'])
def predict():
    input = [float(x) for x in request.form.values()]
    input = np.array(input)

    prediction = model.predict(input).item()

    return render_template('index.html', prediction_text = 'The species of this flower is {}'.format(prediction))

if __name__ == '__main__':
    app.run(debug=True)
```

index.html

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html >
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <title>ML API</title>
  <link href='https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Pacifico' rel='stylesheet' type='text/css'>
  <link href='https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Arimo' rel='stylesheet' type='text/css'>
  <link href='https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Hind:300' rel='stylesheet' type='text/css'>
  <link href='https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Open+Sans+Condensed:300' rel='stylesheet' type='text/css'>
  <link rel="stylesheet" href="{{ url_for('static', filename='css/style.css') }}">
</head>

<body>
<div class="login">
  <h1>Predict Iris Species</h1>

  <!-- Main Input For Receiving Query to our ML -->
  <form action="{{ url_for('predict')}}" method="post">
    <input type="text" name="sepal length (cm)" placeholder="Sepal Length (in cm)" required="required" />
    <input type="text" name="sepal width (cm)" placeholder="Sepal Width (in cm)" required="required" />
    <input type="text" name="petal length (cm)" placeholder="Petal Length (in cm)" required="required" />
    <input type="text" name="petal width (cm)" placeholder="Petal Width (in cm)" required="required" />

    <button type="submit" class="btn btn-primary btn-block btn-large">Predict</button>
  </form>

  <br>
  <br>
  {{ prediction_text }}

</div>

</body>
</html>
```

Step 3:

- Create a requirements text file.

Step 3:

- Create a requirements text file.
- Create a virtual environment that supports the requirements you put in the text file.

Step 3:

- Create a requirements text file.
- Create a virtual environment that supports the requirements you put in the text file.
- Start your command-line interpreter (cmd) and activate the virtual environment you created.

Step 3:

- Create a requirements text file.
- Create a virtual environment that supports the requirements you put in the text file.
- Start your command-line interpreter (cmd) and activate the virtual environment you created.

C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe

```
C:\Users\chris\Desktop\Data Glacier Internship\Week 4>flaskenv\Scripts\activate  
(flaskenv) C:\Users\chris\Desktop\Data Glacier Internship\Week 4>
```

Step 4:

- On the command-line type the name of your flask app's file (app.py in this case) and hit enter.

Step 4:

- On the command-line type the name of your flask app's file (app.py in this case) and hit enter.
- Copy the URL (<http://127.0.0.1:5000>)

Step 4:

- On the command-line type the name of your flask app's file (app.py in this case) and hit enter.
- Copy the URL (<http://127.0.0.1:5000>)

Select C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe - app.py

```
C:\Users\chris\Desktop\Data Glacier Internship\Week 4>flaskenv\Scripts\activate
```

```
(flaskenv) C:\Users\chris\Desktop\Data Glacier Internship\Week 4>app.py
```

```
C:\Users\chris\Desktop\Data Glacier Internship\Week 4\flaskenv\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\base.py:329: UserWarning: Trying to unpickle estimator LogisticRegression might lead to breaking code or invalid results. Use at your own risk. For more info please refer to:
https://scikit-learn.org/stable/model_persistence.html#security-maintainability-limitations
```

```
warnings.warn(
  * Serving Flask app 'app'
  * Debug mode: on
```

```
WARNING: This is a development server. Do not use it in a production deployment. Use a production WSGI server instead.
```

```
* Running on http://127.0.0.1:5000
```

```
Press CTRL+C to quit
```

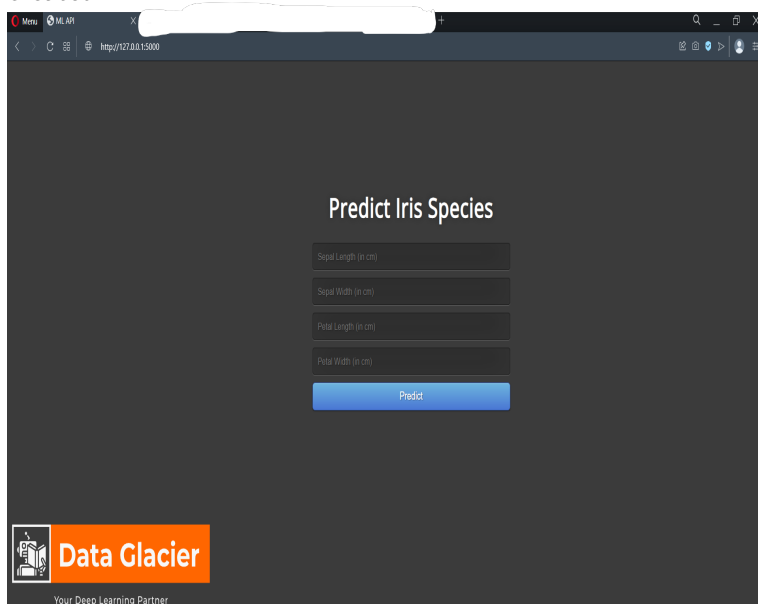
```
* Restarting with stat
```

```
C:\Users\chris\Desktop\Data Glacier Internship\Week 4\flaskenv\Lib\site-packages\sklearn\base.py:329: UserWarning: Trying to unpickle estimator LogisticRegression might lead to breaking code or invalid results. Use at your own risk. For more info please refer to:
https://scikit-learn.org/stable/model_persistence.html#security-maintainability-limitations
```

```
warnings.warn(
  * Debugger is active!
  * Debugger PIN: 427-089-755
```

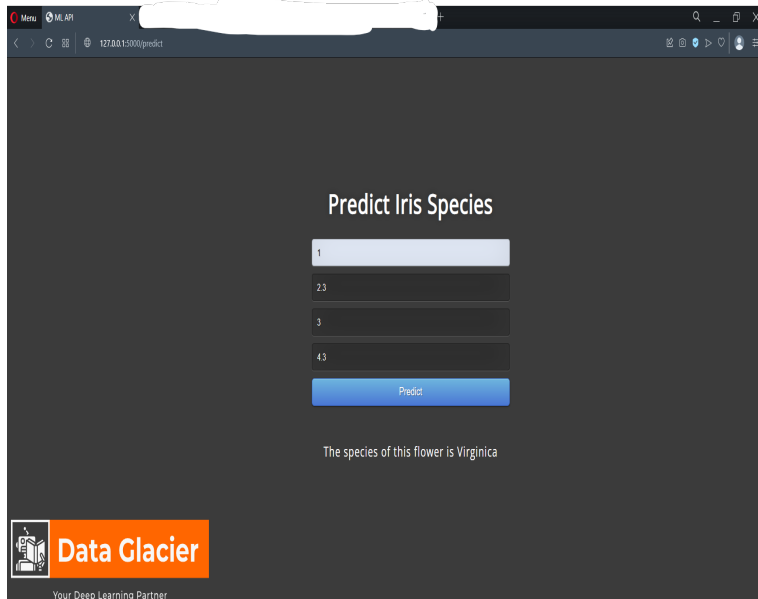
Step 5: Paste the URL on your browser to get to the web page you created.

Step 5: Paste the URL on your browser to get to the web page you created.



Step 6: Enter the Sepal and Petal lengths and widths and hit the predict button to predict the species of the flower.

Step 6: Enter the Sepal and Petal lengths and widths and hit the predict button to predict the species of the flower.



The screenshot shows a web browser window with a single tab titled 'ML API'. The address bar shows the URL '127.0.0.1:5000/predict'. The web page has a dark gray background and is titled 'Predict Iris Species' in white text. Below the title, there are four input fields for numerical values: the first field contains '1', the second '23', the third '3', and the fourth '43'. Below these fields is a blue button labeled 'Predict'. Underneath the button, the text 'The species of this flower is Virginica' is displayed. In the bottom left corner, there is a logo for 'Data Glacier' with the tagline 'Your Deep Learning Partner'.

Predict Iris Species

1


23

3

43

Predict

The species of this flower is Virginica

 **Data Glacier**
Your Deep Learning Partner