# **Classic Problems in Concurrency**

Every student of distributed computing should know quite a bit about the fundamentals of concurrency. A good chunk of that is knowing why the following problems (not necessarily their solutions) are worthy of study.

The classic problems mentioned below are well defined; so do a web search. In this course, we study the Dining Philosophers Problem and Mutual Exclusion Problem. We study the others if time permits.

## 1 Dining Philosophers Problem

- 1. Illustrates deadlock
- 2. Illustrates livelock
- 3. Illustrates malicious cooperation
- 4. Assume or not: Communication among them
- 5. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dining\_philosophers\_problem

### 2 Mutual Exclusion Problem

- 1. Consider two or more processes. Each  $P_i$  has an area of code  $C_i$  "sensitive enough" that we call it a "critical section" CS.
- 2. Assume CS always terminates.
- 3. "Sensitive enough" == shared variable, usually
- 4. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Mutual\_exclusion

#### 2.1 Mutual Exclusion Problem

- 1. Find a solution that satisfies four requirements:
  - 1. R1 Mutual Exclusion: Number of processes in the CS, at any time == 0 or 1.
  - 2. R2: Deadlock-Free + Live-lock-free
  - 3. R3: No Unnecessary Delay
  - 4. R4: Eventual Entry or Bounded Waiting: A process wishing to enter its CS, must be able to enter it in a finite amount of wait.

### 2.2 Mutual Exclusion Problem

- 1. Typically solved with semaphores.
  - 1. m : semaphore := 1

2. Entry to CS: P(m);3. Exit from CS: V(m);

#### 2.3 Mutual Exclusion Problem

1. Also, read about solutions such as Dekker's and Peterson's, using ordinary variables.

#### 2.4 Mutual Exclusion Problem

- 1. Two processes can illustrate the essence of the issue, but we are also interested in "starvation-free" semaphore based solutions, especially in distributed systems.
  - 1. The above solution is not starvation free.
- 2. Starvation-free Mutex Solutions Using Split Binary Semaphores
  - 1. ../Semaphores/udding-morris-algs.html

### 3 Readers-Writers Problem

- 1. Read-Sharing a resource
- 2. Exclusive update of the resource
- 3. Andrews' Notes on Passing The Baton Technique
- 4. Parnas readers-writers
- 5. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Readers%E2%80%93writers\_problem

### **4 Producers-Consumers Problem**

- 1. aka Bounded Buffer Problem
- 2. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Producer%E2%80%93consumer\_problem

## **5 Cigarette Smokers Problem**

- 1. What problems of concurrency can semaphores solve?
- 2. Introduces an array of semaphores.
- 3. Cigarette Smokers Problem cannot be solved without arrays.
- 4. Cigarette Smokers Problem

## 6 The Drinking Philosophers Problem

- 1. The Drinking Philosophers Problem is a generalization of the Dining Philosophers Problem.
- 2. Captures the essence of conflict resolution problems in distributed systems.
- 3. http://tosummarize.blogspot.com/2008/10/drinking-philosophers-problem.html
- 4. K M Chandy, J Misra. The Drinking Philosophers Problem. In ACM Transactions on Programming

Languages and Systems, pp 632-646, v 6, No 4, October 1984.

# 7 Dining Cryptographers Problem

1. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dining\_cryptographers\_problem

# 8 Sleeping Barber Problem

1. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sleeping\_barber\_problem

# 9 End

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