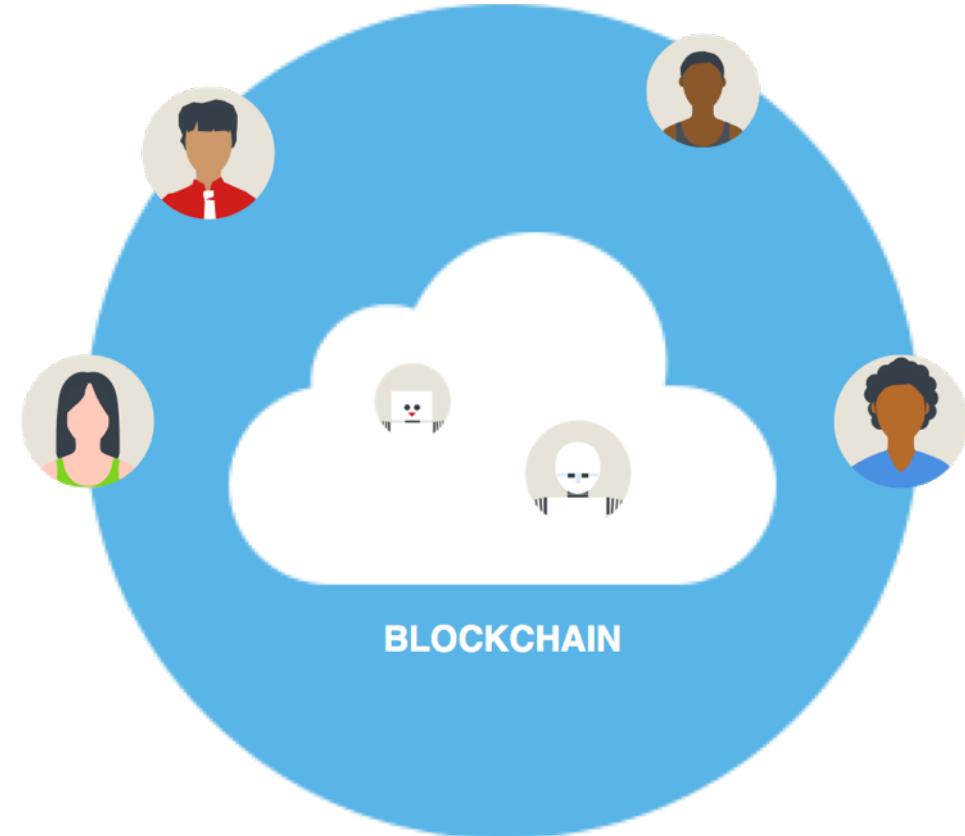


# Ethereum protocol

## 以太坊協議

# Why Ethereum?

- 受比特幣啟發 (電子貨幣)
- 不只是電子貨幣，打造 World Computer
- 分散式應用平台，以區塊鏈為底
- 開發任何智 Dapp (智能合約)
  - Token is one of the DApp



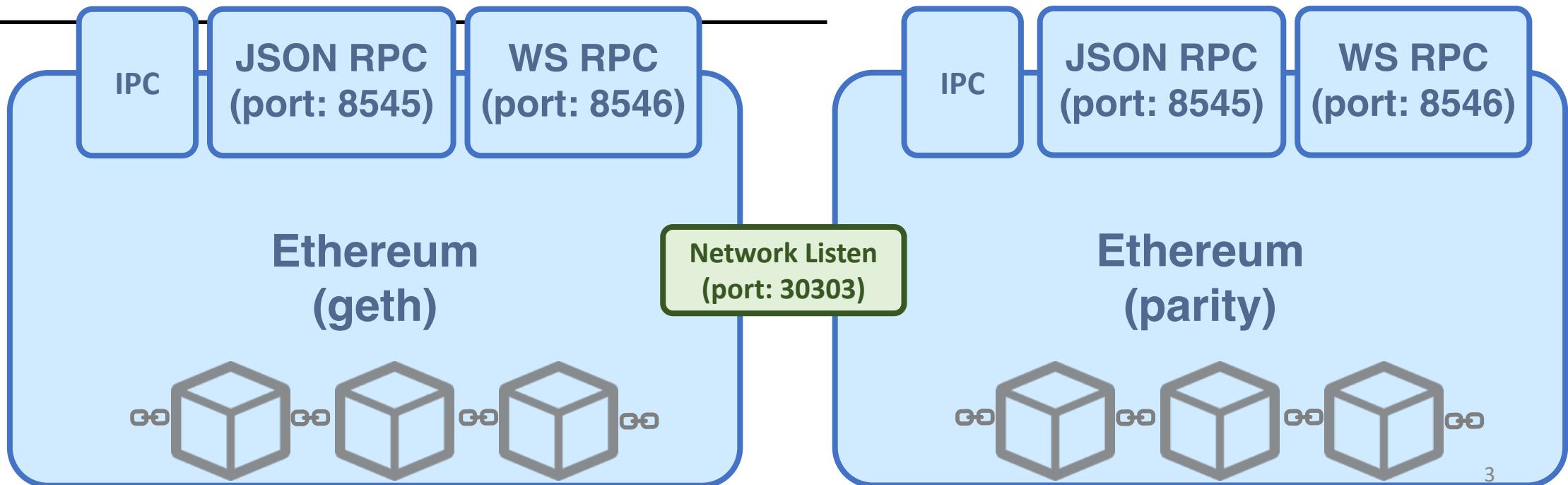
## 應用層



## API 層

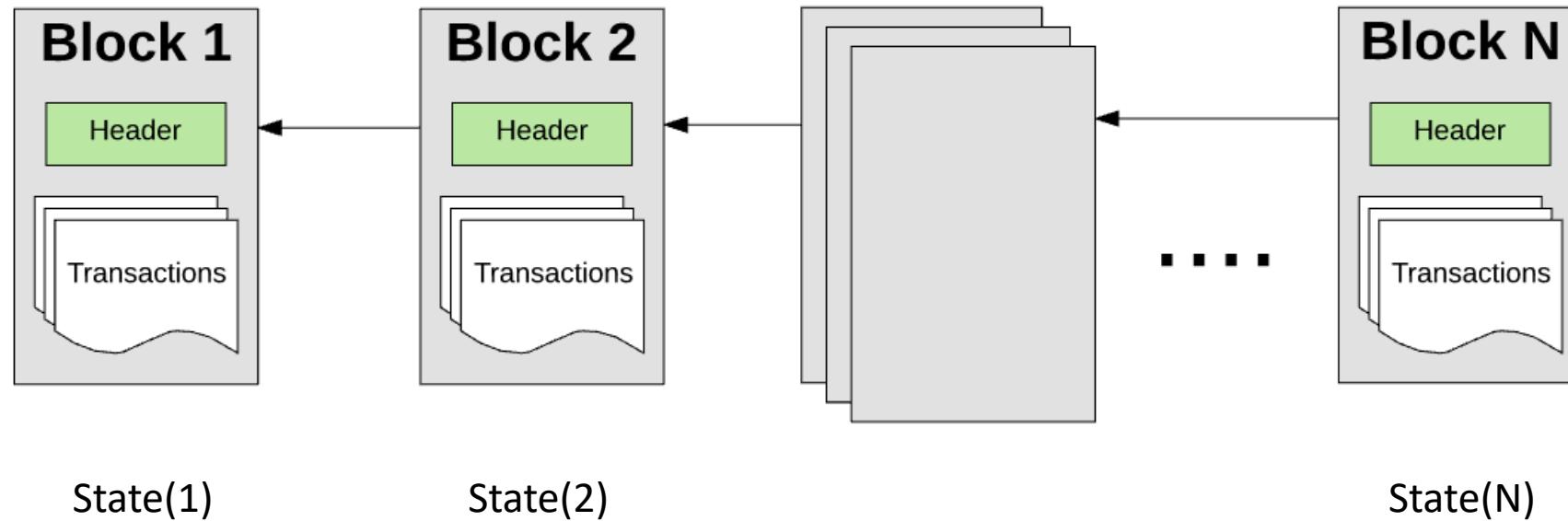


## 底層

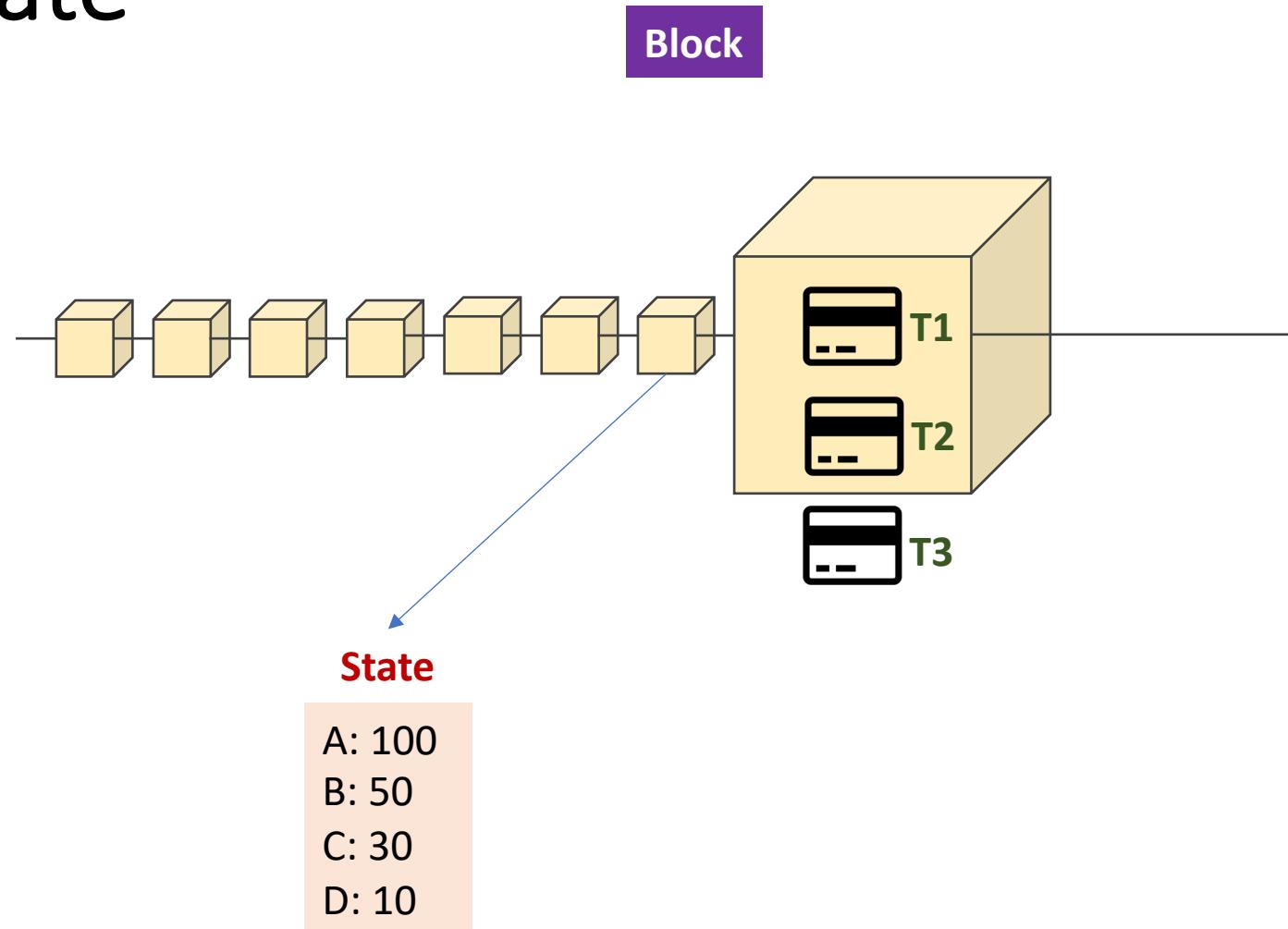


# 帳戶

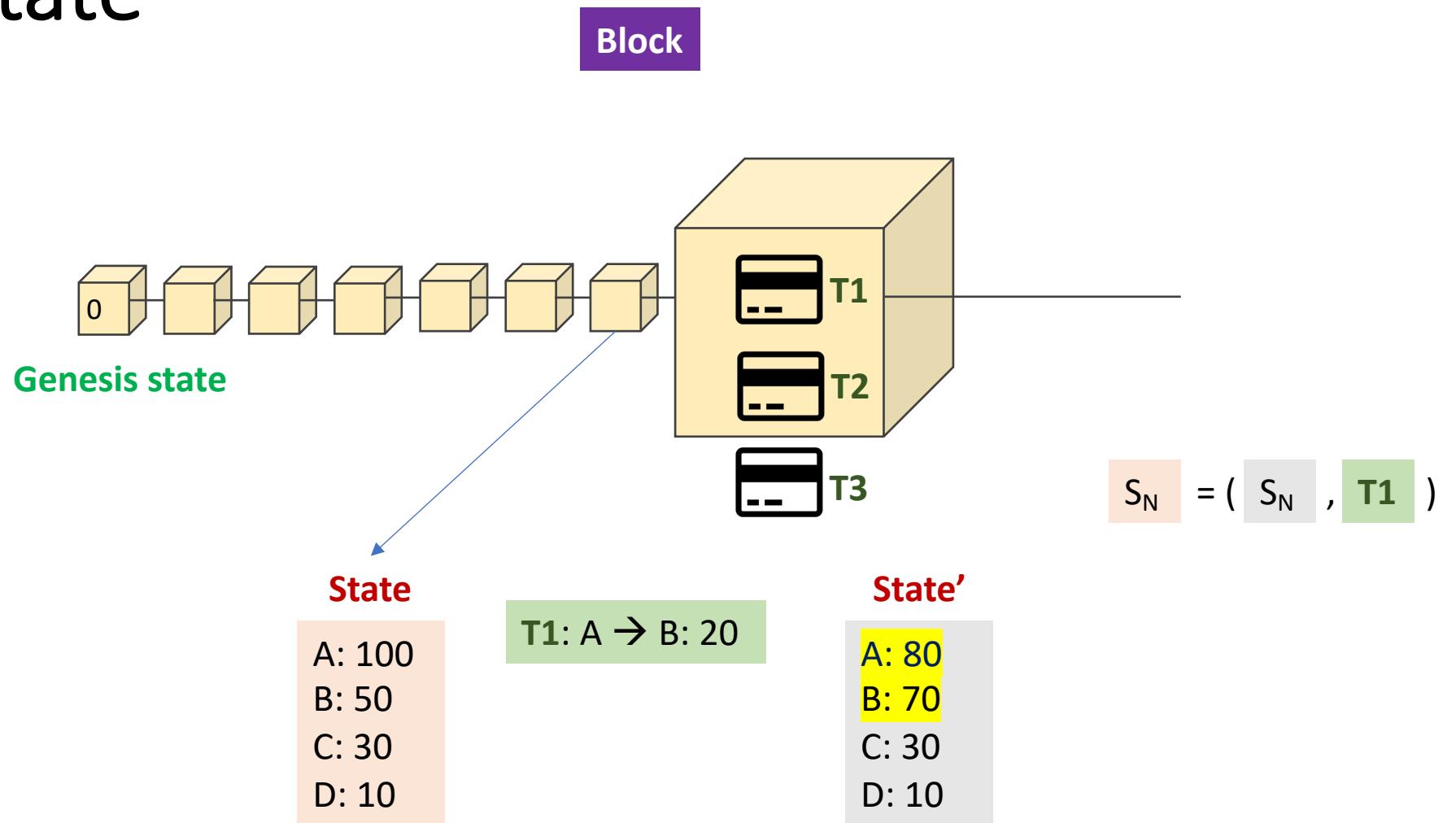
- 在以太坊中，全局狀態 (Global State) 是由許多的帳戶物件 (Account Object) 所組成
- 帳戶之間可以透過訊息 (Message) 傳遞進行互動
- 每個帳號會關聯到一個狀態 (State) 與一個 160 位元的地址(Address)



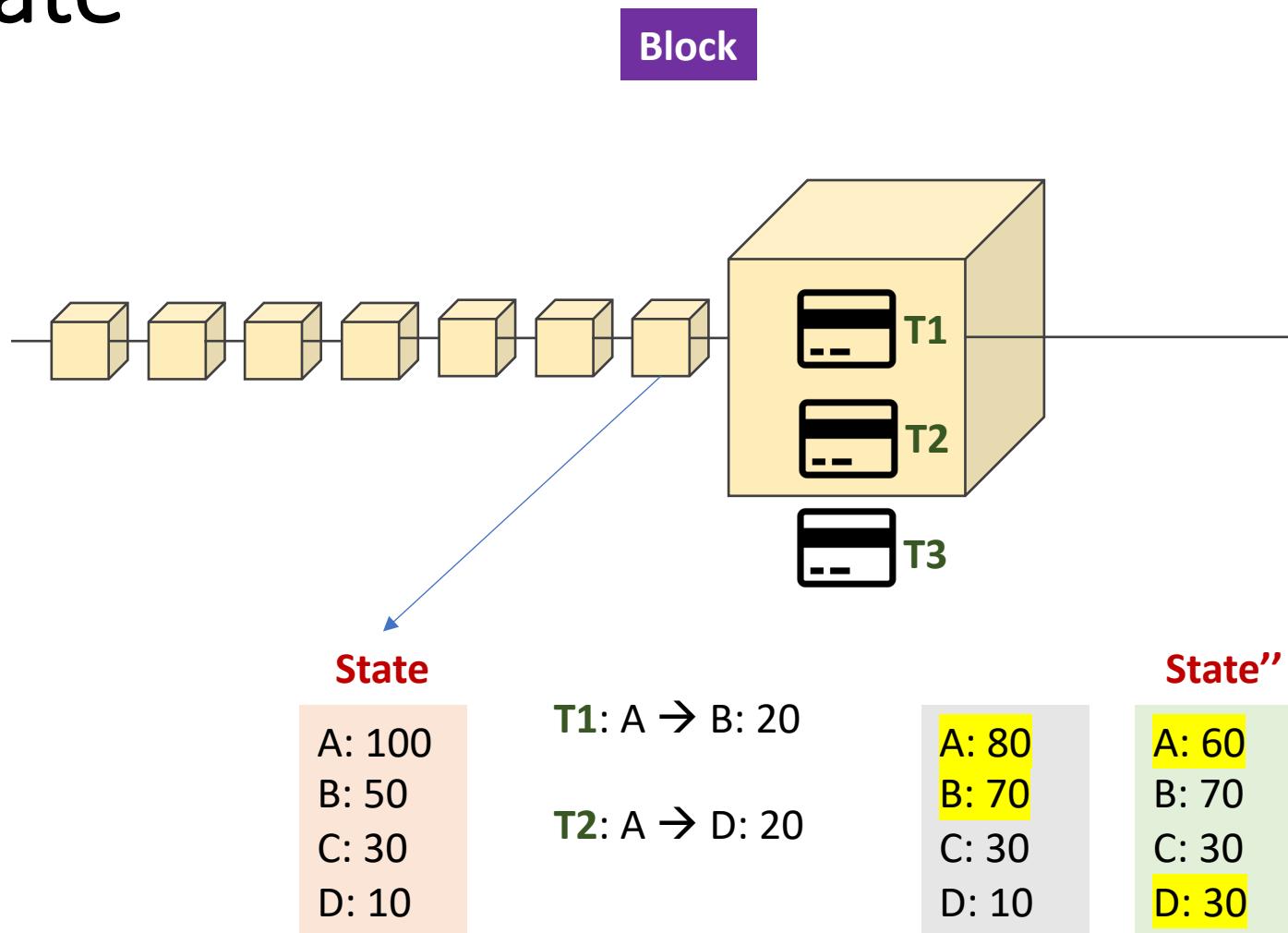
# Global state



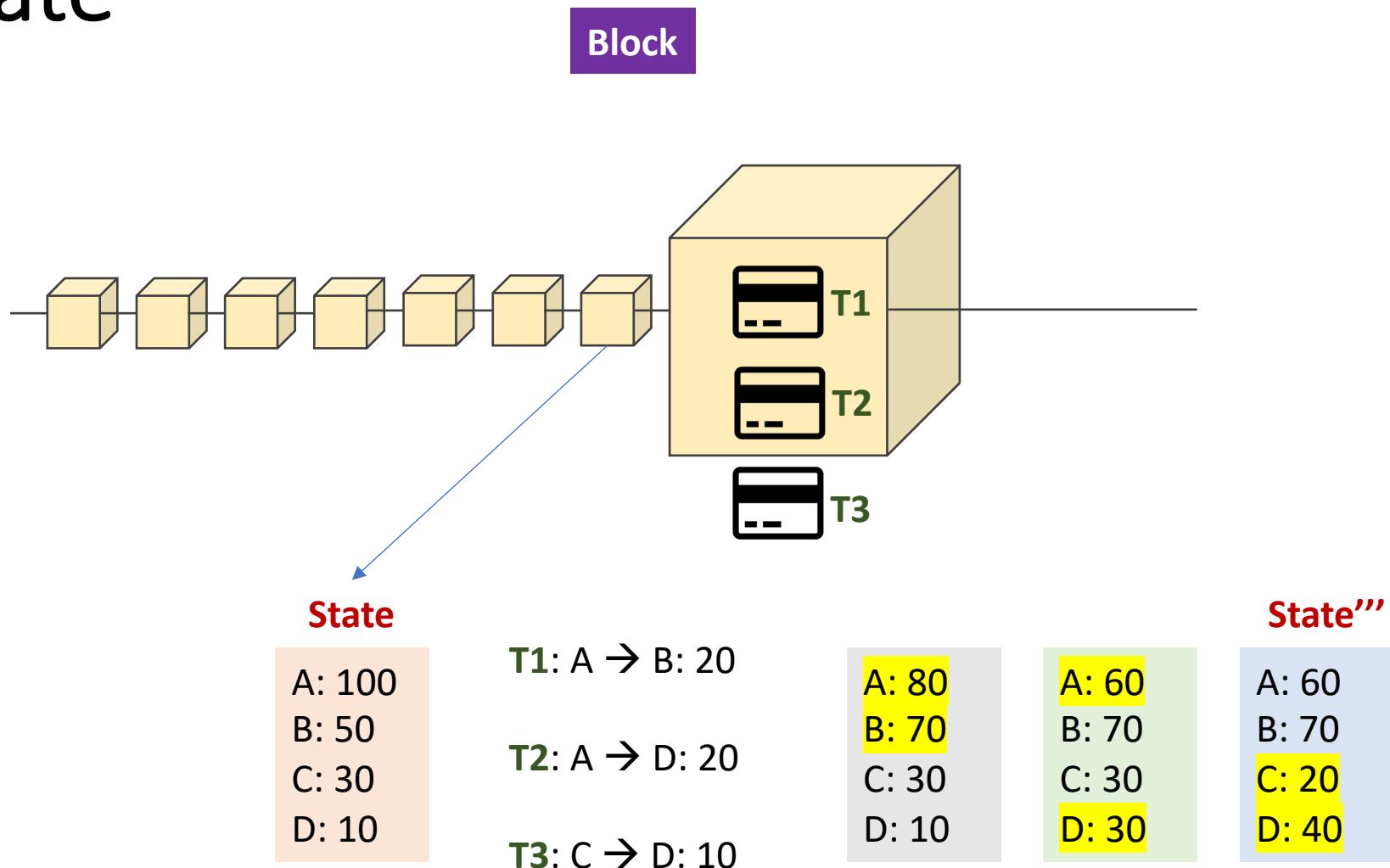
# Global state



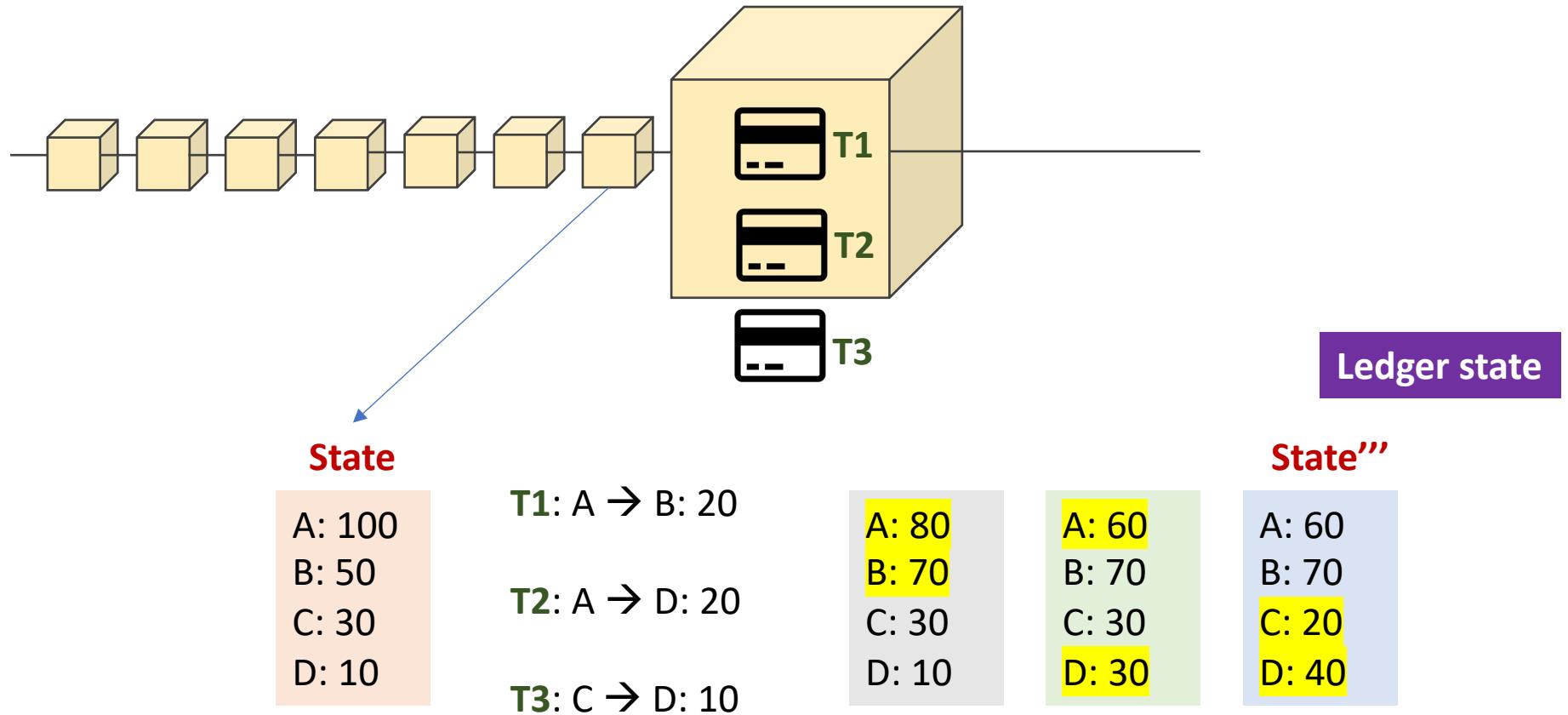
# Global state



# Global state



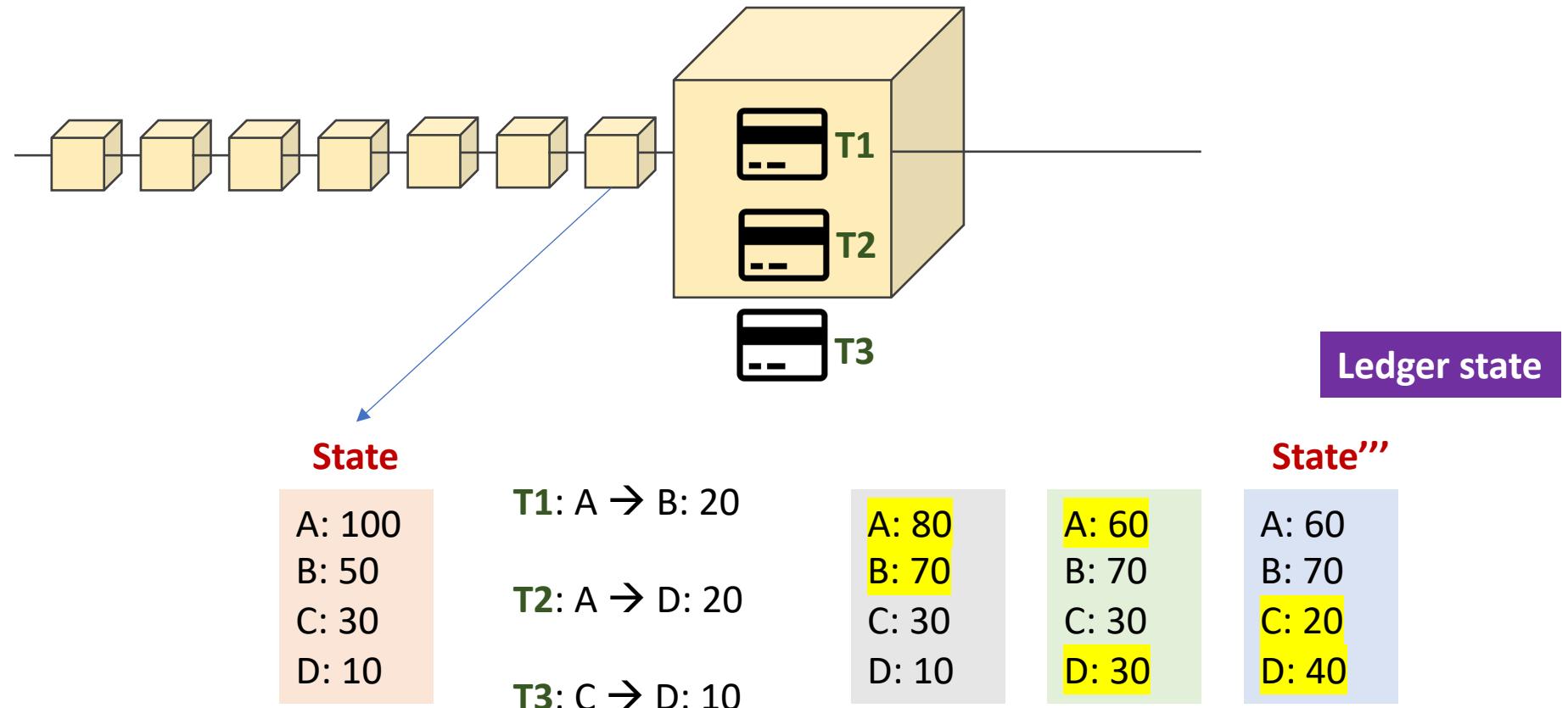
# Global state



An ordering of transactions in the blockchain

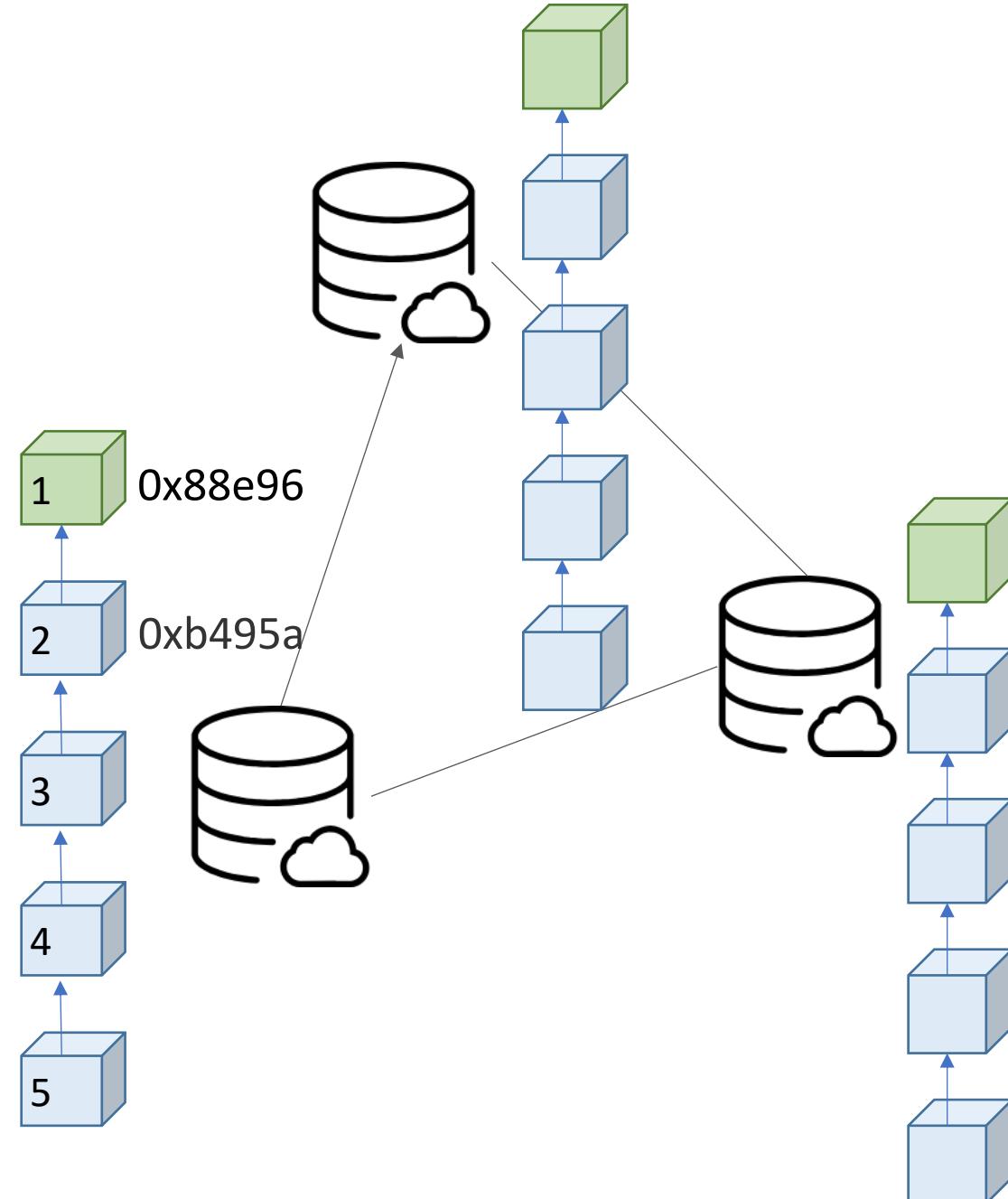
# Global state

1. 每個新區塊就是當前的 global state 有什麼好處?
2. 這類 state machine 設計的好處在哪?



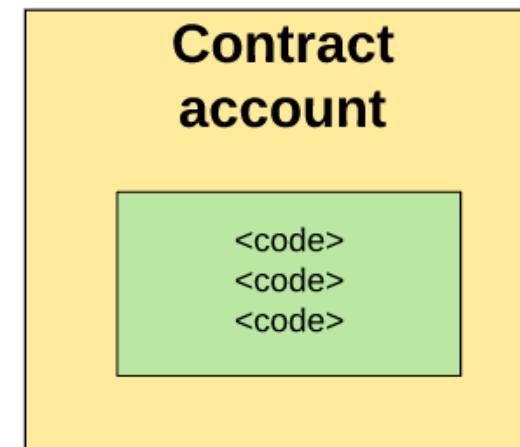
# Synchronization

- 區塊同步
- 快速同步
- 復原同步



# 帳戶類型

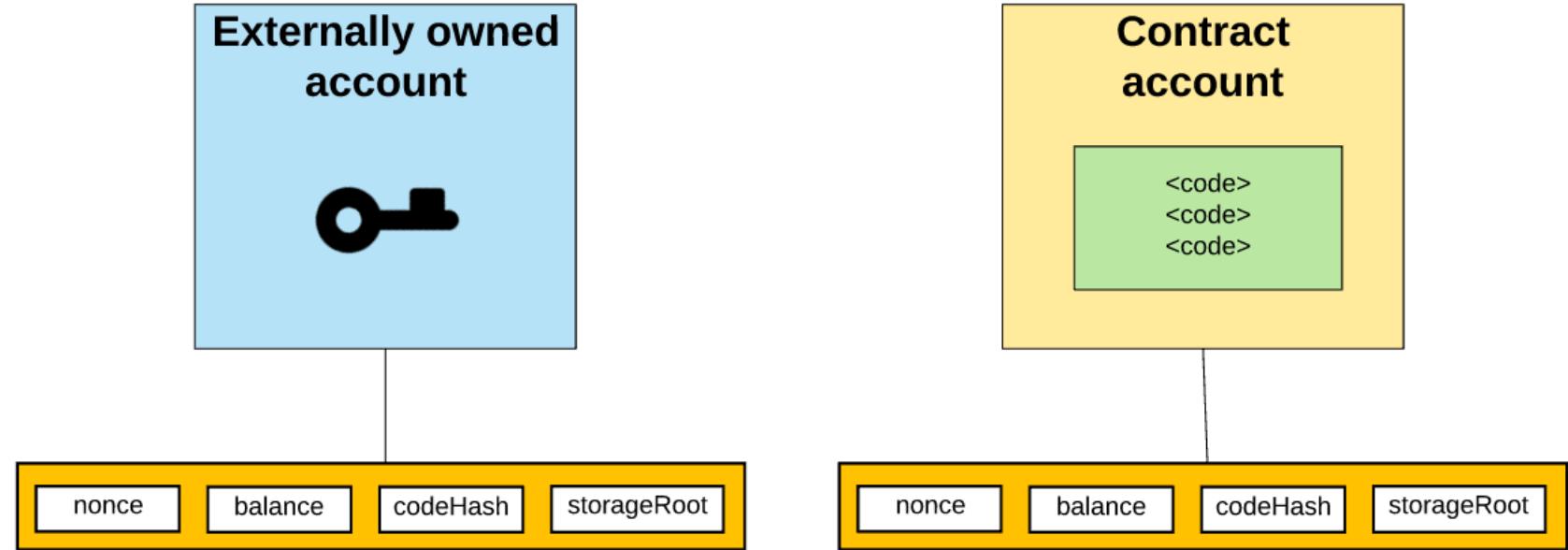
- 在以太坊中，帳戶主要分兩種類型
- 外部帳戶 (External owned account, EOA), 由私鑰進行控制
- 合約帳戶 (Contract account), 與合約程式碼相關聯



# 帳戶狀態 (Account state)

怎麼分辨帳戶是 EOA 還是合約地址?

- Nonce
- Balance
- codeHash
- storageRoot



> `eth.getCode("0xfc...b09")`

# EOA

Entropy

a9dde66e3602372ea165b43e93d7ba22bd741af8



Private key

c847db7496ea519127abcf230cd9dcad0c9ab4b3089a6833515cf eaacd eddc40

1. Create a keypair of private/public key
2.  $\text{public\_key} = \text{ECDSA}(\text{private\_key})$
3.  $\text{public\_key\_hash} = \text{Keccak-256}(\text{public\_key})$
4.  $\text{address} = '0x' + \text{last 20 bytes of public\_key\_hash}$

# Mnemonic Phrase (BIP39)



1. Create a keypair of private/public key
2.  $\text{public\_key} = \text{ECDSA}(\text{private\_key})$
3.  $\text{public\_key\_hash} = \text{Keccak-256}(\text{public\_key})$
4.  $\text{address} = '0x' + \text{last 20 bytes of public\_key\_hash}$

# Contract address

Entropy

a9dde66e3602372ea165b43e93d7ba22bd741af8



Private key

c847db7496ea519127abcf230cd9dcad0c9ab4b3089a6833515cf eaacd eddc40

1. Create a keypair of private/public key
2.  $\text{public\_key} = \text{ECDSA}(\text{private\_key})$
3.  $\text{public\_key\_hash} = \text{Keccak-256}(\text{public\_key})$
4.  $\text{address} = '0x' + \text{last 20 bytes of public\_key\_hash}$

contract\_address = sha3(rlp\_encode([address, nonce]))[14:]

# ECDSA

- Private key: **d**
- Public key:  **$d^*G$**

$p = 0xFFFFFFFF FFFFFFFF FFFFFFFF FFFFFFFF FFFFFFFF FFFFFFFF FFFFFFFF FFFFFFFE FFFFFC2F$   
 $a = 0$   
 $b = 7$   
 $G_x = 0x79BE667E F9DCBBAC 55A06295 CE870B07 029BFCDB 2DCE28D9 59F2815B 16F81798$   
 $G_y = 0x483ADA77 26A3C465 5DA4FBFC 0E1108A8 FD17B448 A6855419 9C47D08F FB10D4B8$   
 $n = 0xFFFFFFFF FFFFFFFF FFFFFFFF FFFFFFFE BAAEDCE6 AF48A03B BFD25E8C D0364141$

## Sign

- Hash(message): e
- Secret number: **k**
- $r_x = k^*G$
- $s = k^{-1} * (e + d^*r_x)$
- sig:  $(r_x, s)$

## Verify

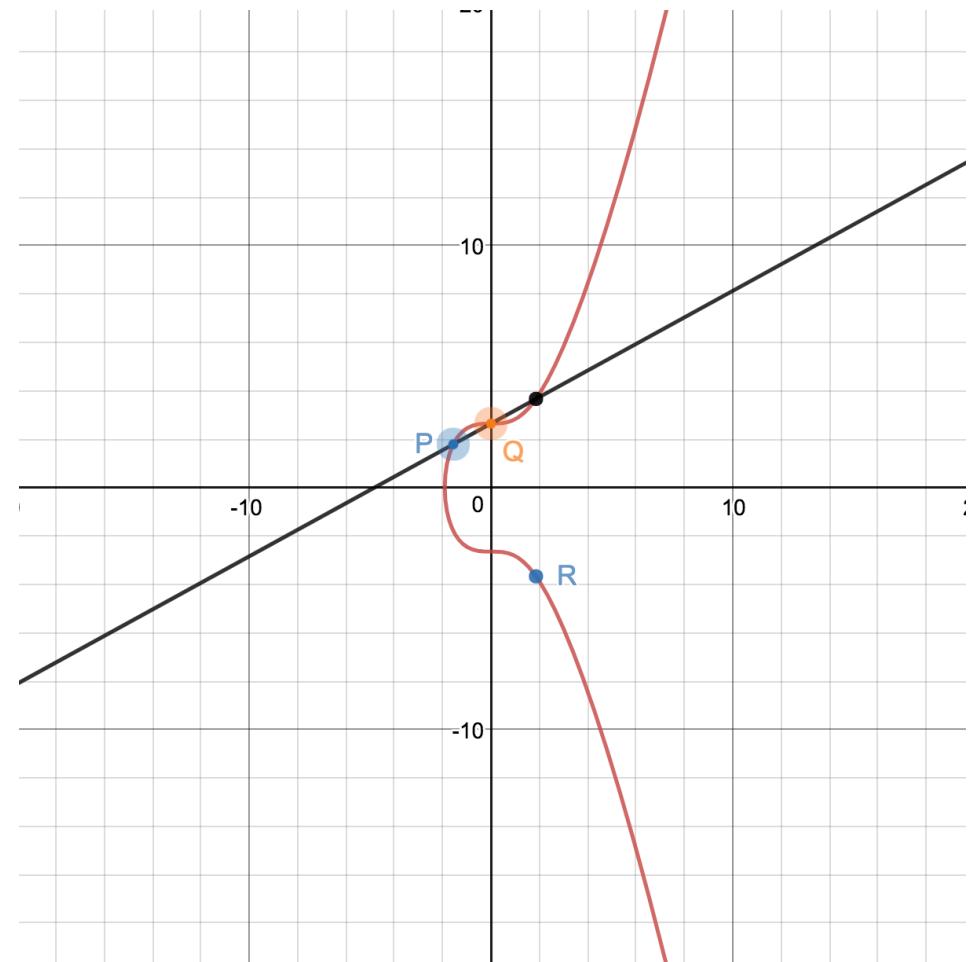
- Compute  $s^{-1}$
- $r_x = (e^*s^{-1}) * G + (r^*s^{-1}) * (d^*G)$
- Compare  $r == r_x$

# secp256k1

$$y^2 = x^3 + ax + b \pmod{p}$$

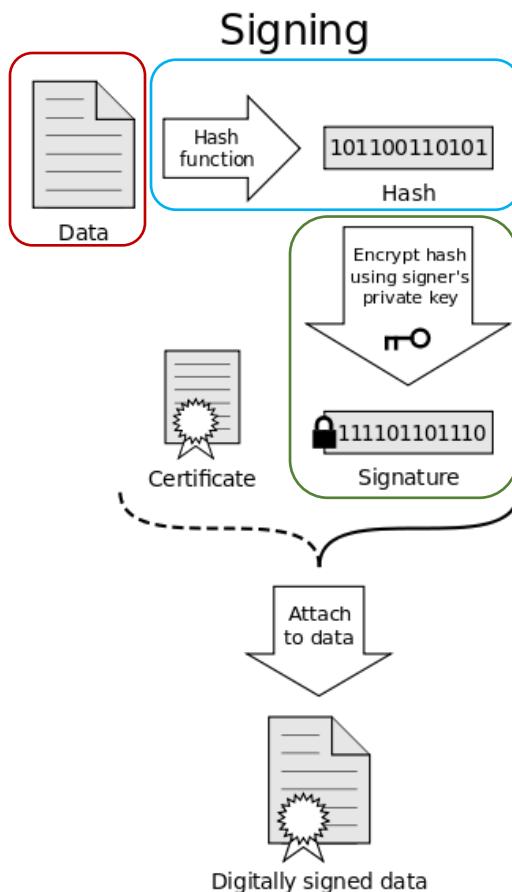
$$y^2 = x^3 + 7$$

```
p = 0xFFFFFFFF FFFFFFFF FFFFFFFF FFFFFFFF FFFFFFFF FFFFFFFF FFFFFFFE FFFFFC2F
a = 0
b = 7
Gx = 0x79BE667E F9DCBBAC 55A06295 CE870B07 029BFCDB 2DCE28D9 59F2815B 16F81798
Gy = 0x483ADA77 26A3C465 5DA4FBFC 0E1108A8 FD17B448 A6855419 9C47D08F FB10D4B8
n = 0xFFFFFFFF FFFFFFFF FFFFFFFE BAAEDCE6 AF48A03B BFD25E8C D0364141
```



# ECDSA on Ethereum

## EIP#155



## Hash(message): e

rlp + hash

sign with privateKey  
and modify v

v: '0x25'

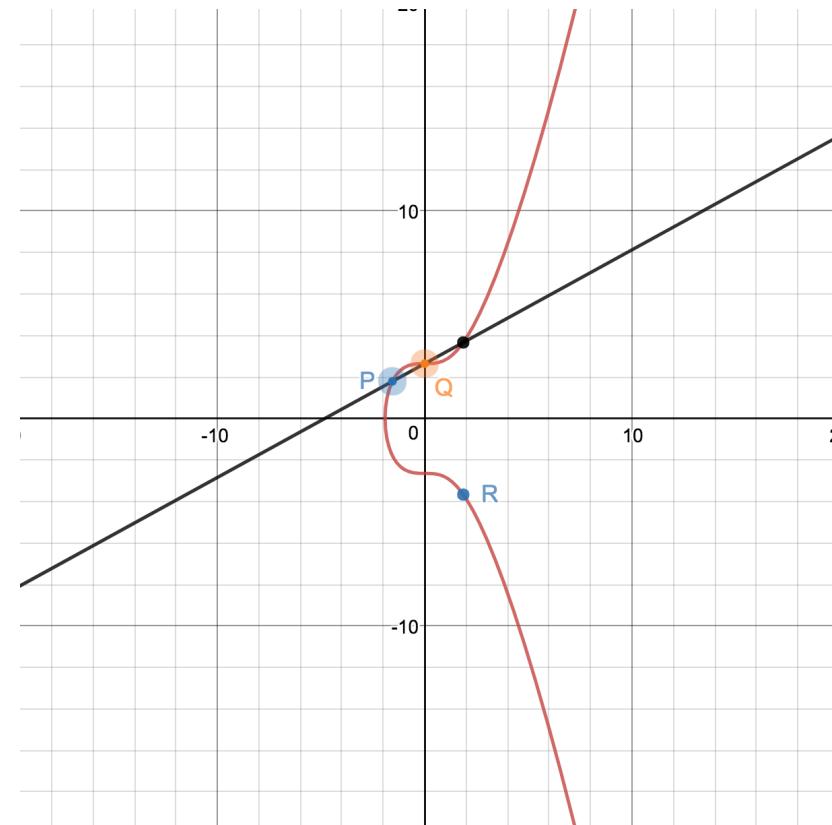
r: '0x28ef61340bd939bc2195fe537567866003e1a15d3c71ff63e1590620aa636276'

signature

(r, s): each 32 bytes

# ECDSA (簽名)

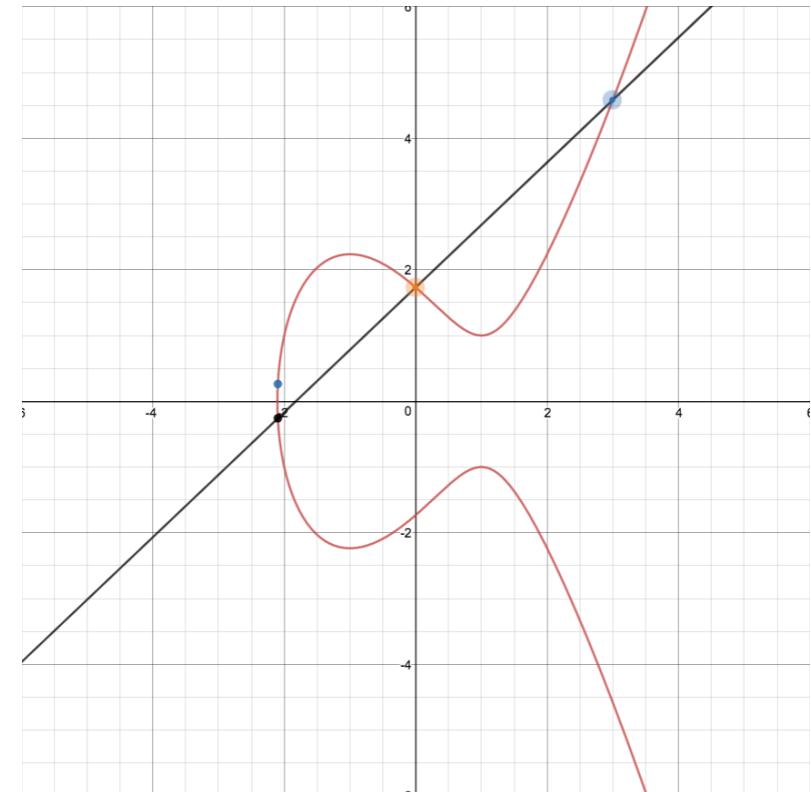
- $d_A$ : Private key (隨機數)
- $Q_A$ : Public key (曲線上的點)
- $Q_A = d_A \times G$  ( $G$  是曲線上的某個點)
- 假設要對檔案進行簽名，會用到
  1. 計算檔案的 Hash 演算法 (ex: SHA256, KECCAK-256)
  2. 用私鑰簽名得到的簽章
  3. 數位簽章包含兩個部分:  $r$  與  $s$



$$y^2 = x^3 + 7$$

# ECDSA (驗證)

- ~~$d_A$ : Private key (隨機數)~~
- $Q_A$ : Public key (曲線上的點)
- $Q_A = d_A \times G$  ( $G$  是曲線上的某個點)
- 假設要對數位簽章進行驗證
  1. 從簽章中取出  $s$
  2. 代回橢圓曲線計算，得到  $r$
  3. 若  $r$  有效，則簽章合法



$$y^2 = x^3 - 3x + 3$$

ps. 目前沒有方法能從公鑰快速推得私鑰

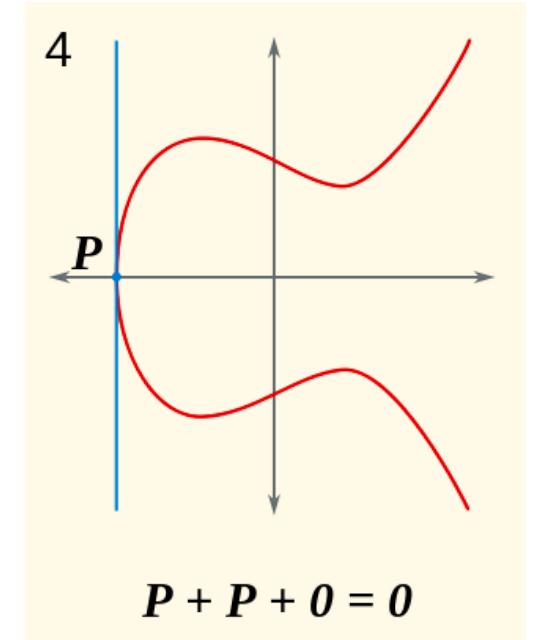
# Trap-door function

- 巧門函數
  - 單向驗證計算簡單，但逆推困難
- RSA
  - 給定一個大數，試找出兩個質數的乘積等於這個大數？
- ECC
  - 給定曲線上的起點與終點，試問經過多少個 hop ?
  - $P + P + P + P + \dots + P = k * P$

知道  $k$  要驗算相對容易，但要找到  $k$  很困難

\* Discrete Logarithm Problem (DLP)

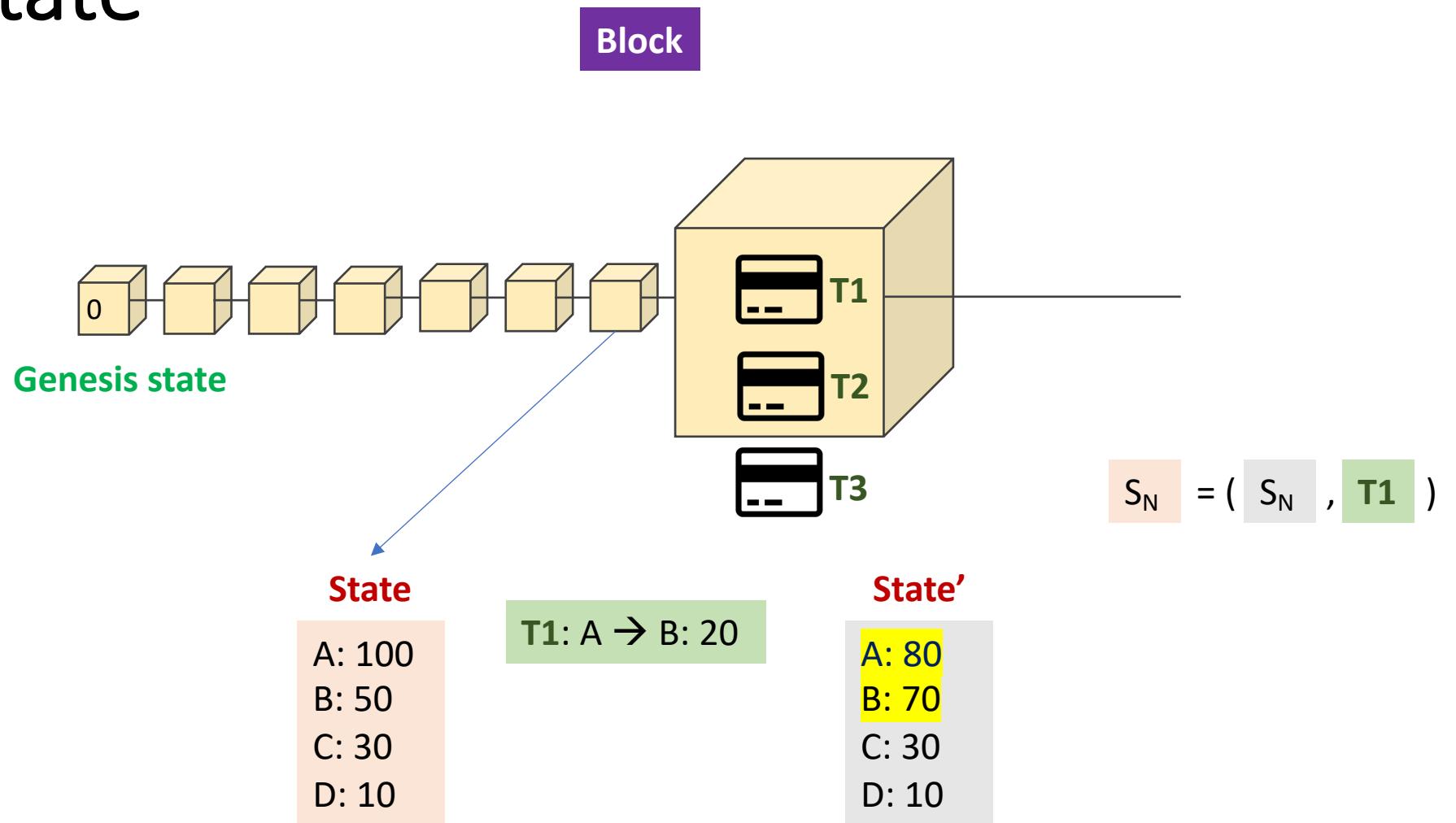
為了求  $k$ , 目前的算法最快是  $O(\sqrt{n}) \approx O(2^{128})$



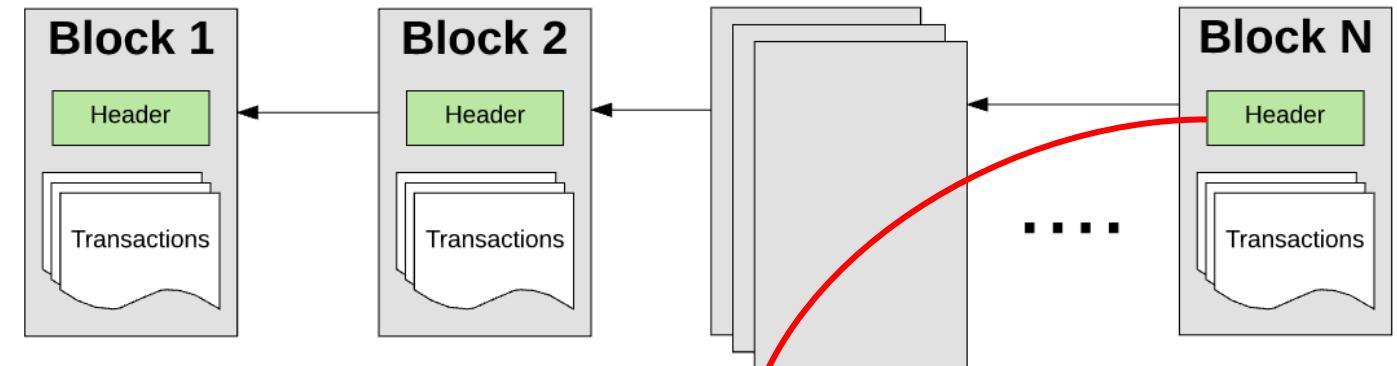
# Raw transaction format



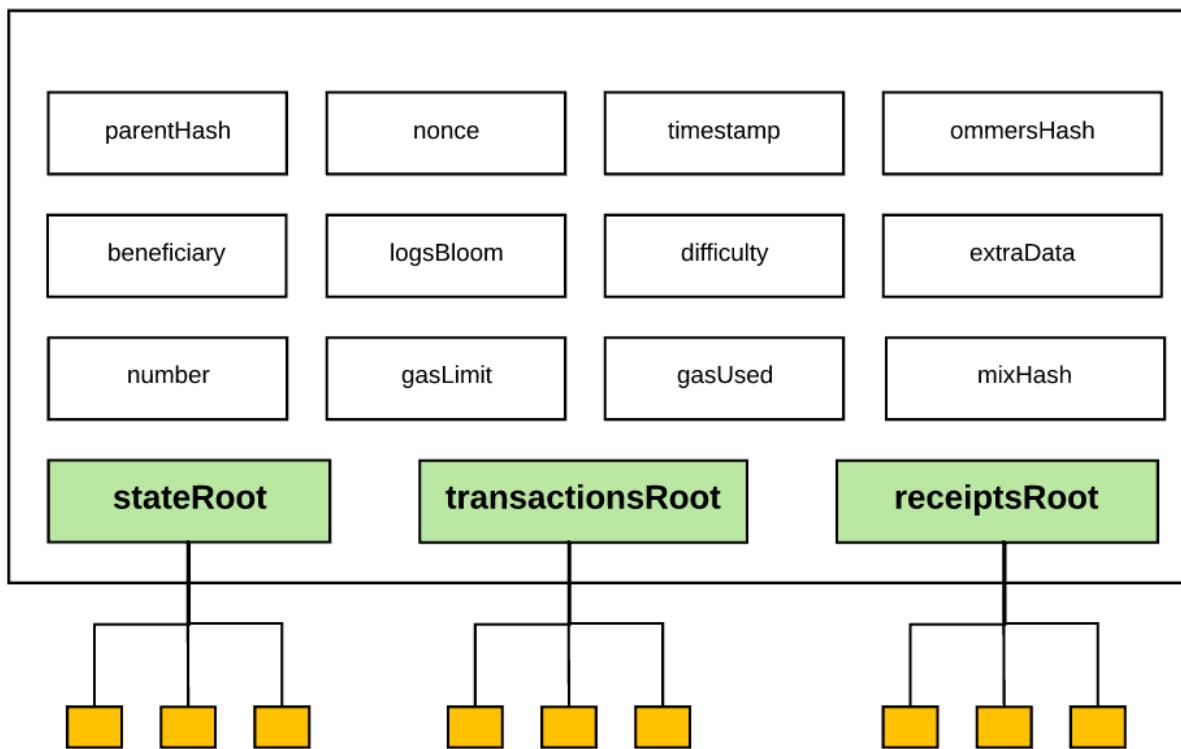
# Global state



# Block header

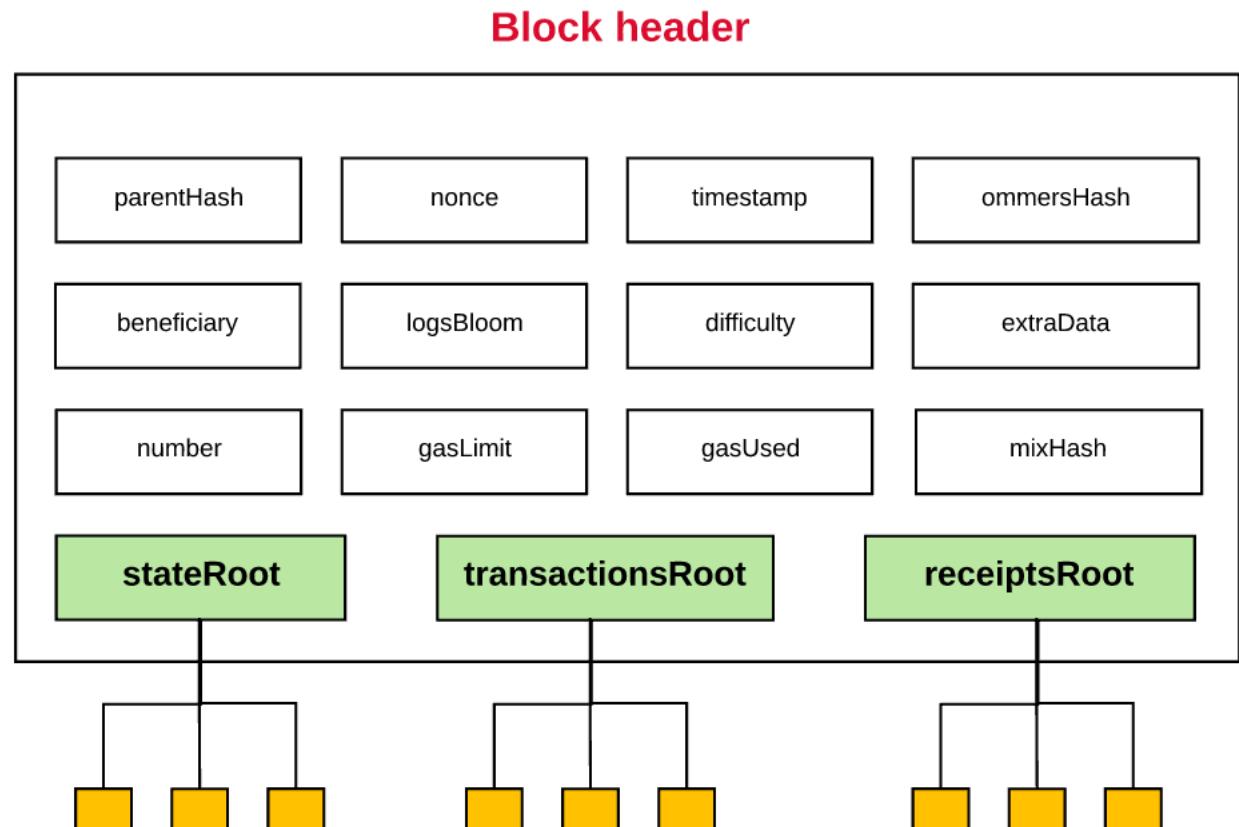


Block header

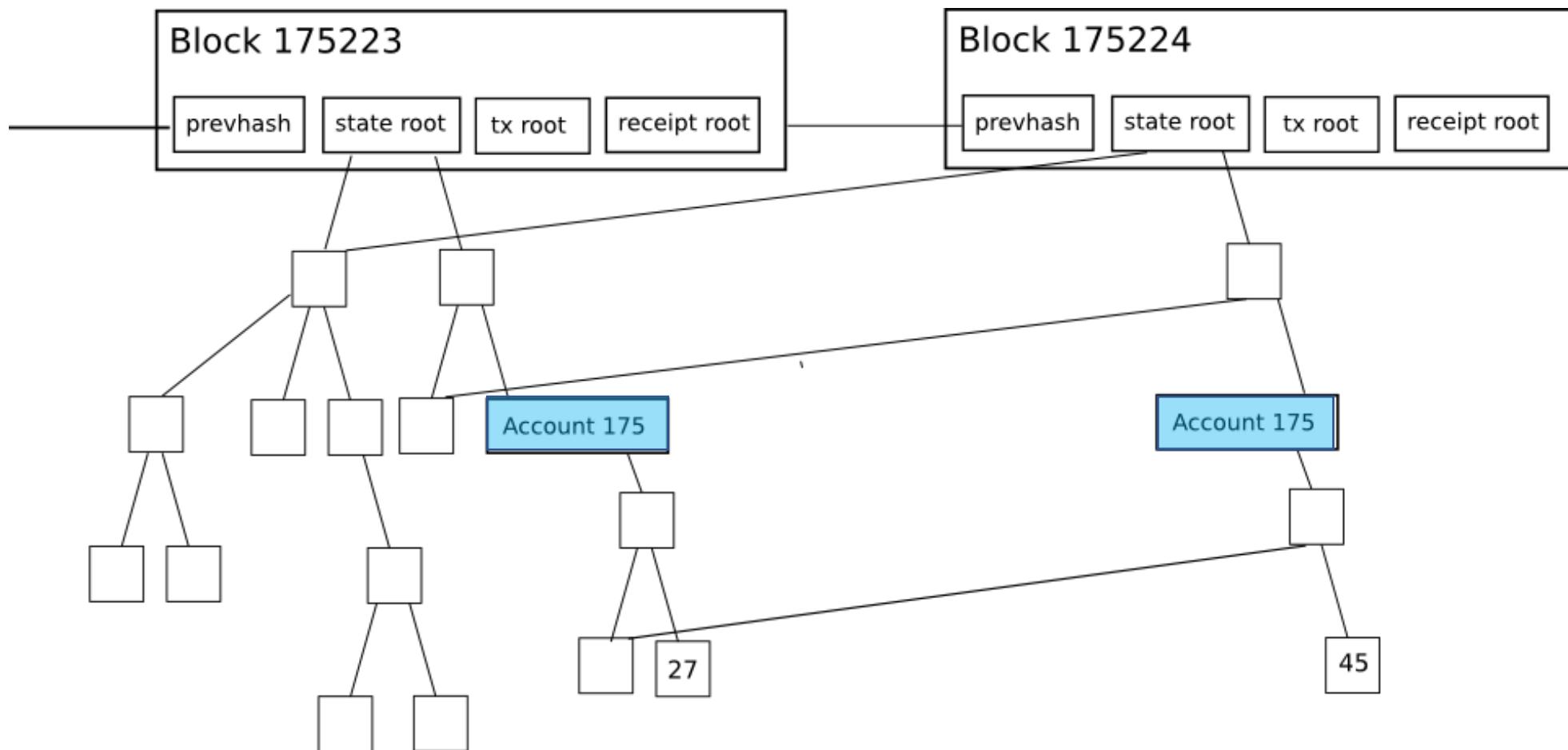


# Block header

- state (**stateRoot**)
- transactions (**transactionsRoot**)
- receipts (**receiptsRoot**)
- Merkle Patricia tries

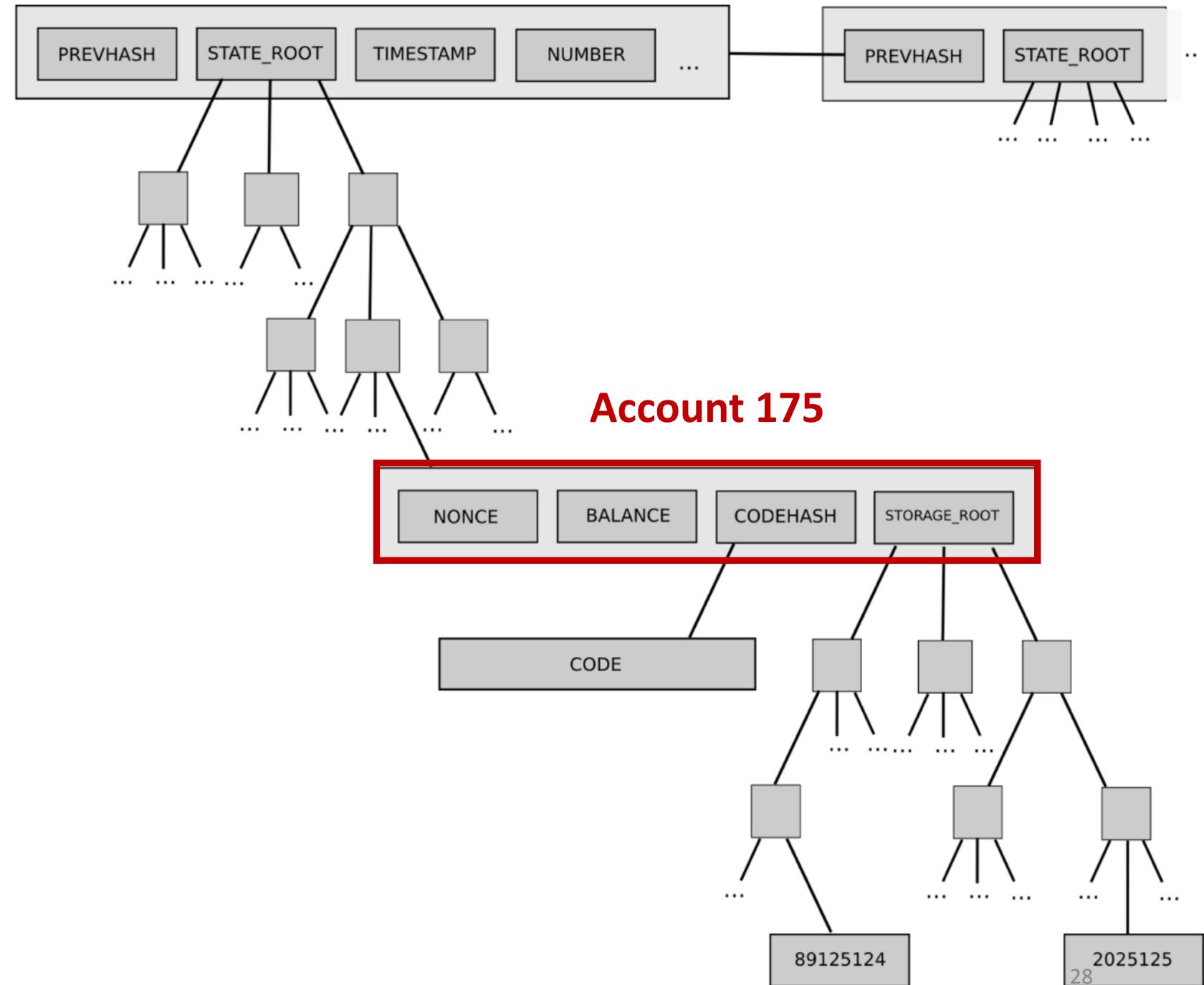


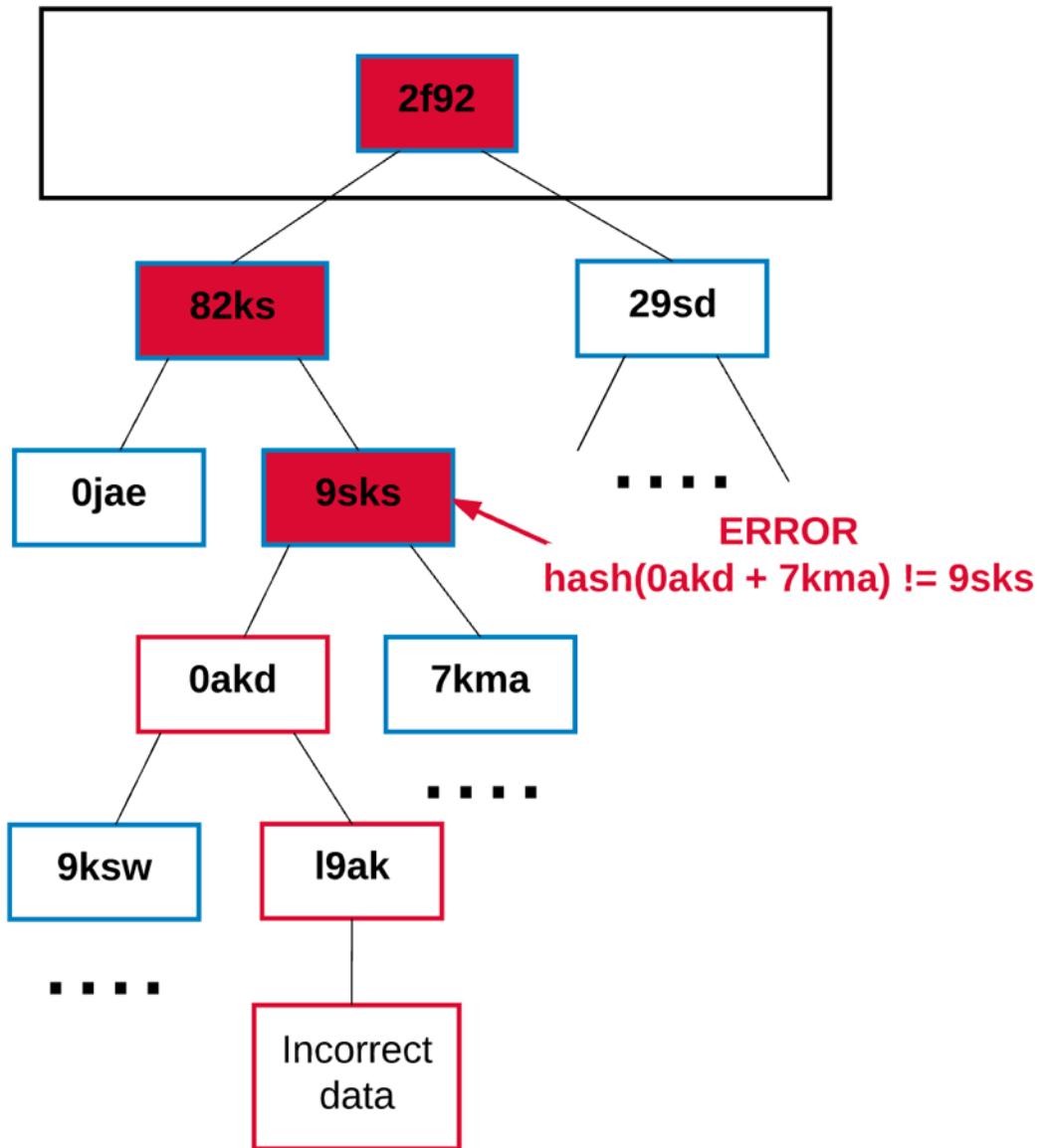
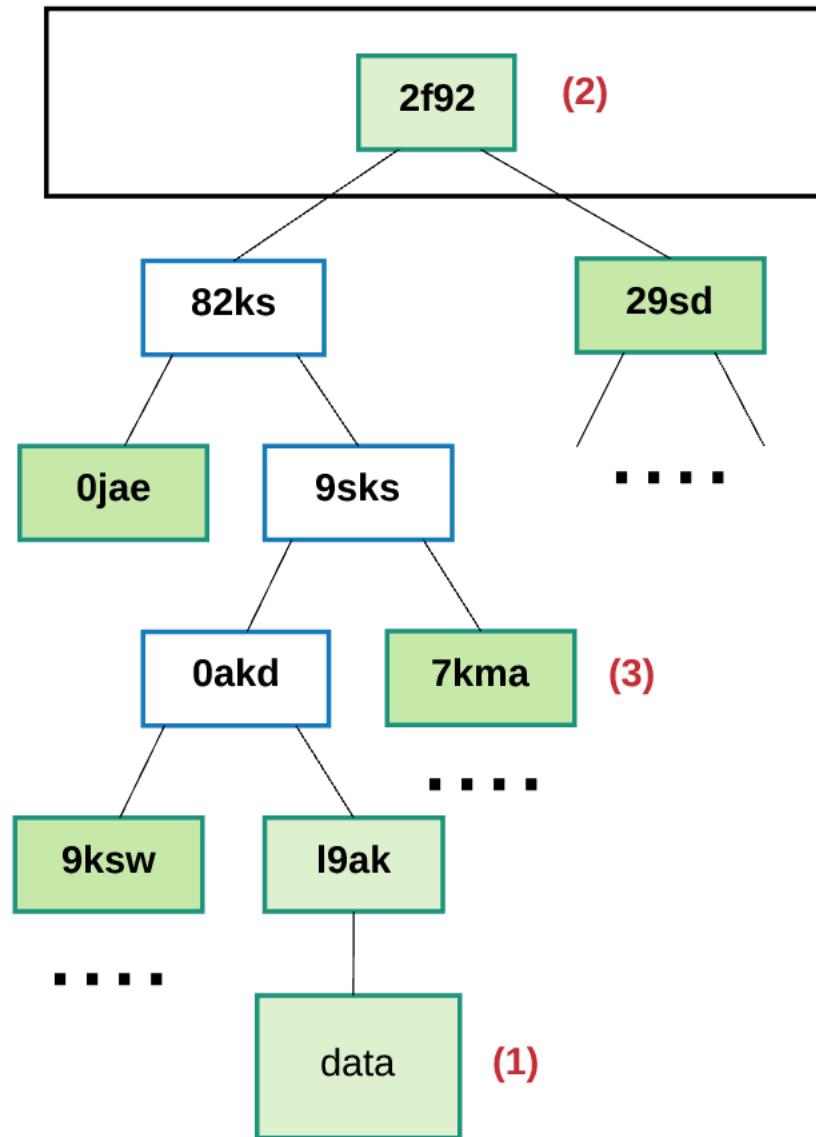
# Global state

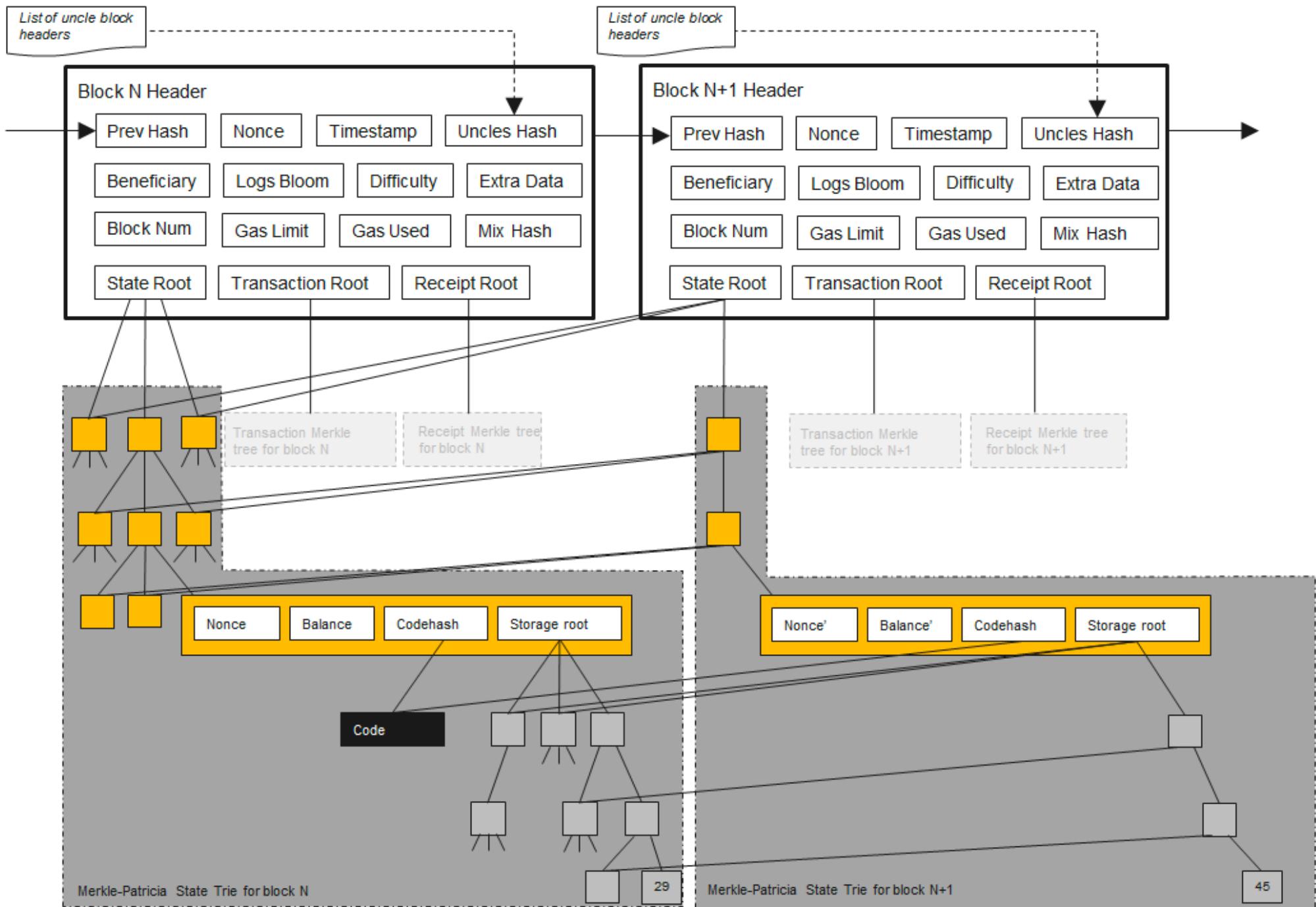


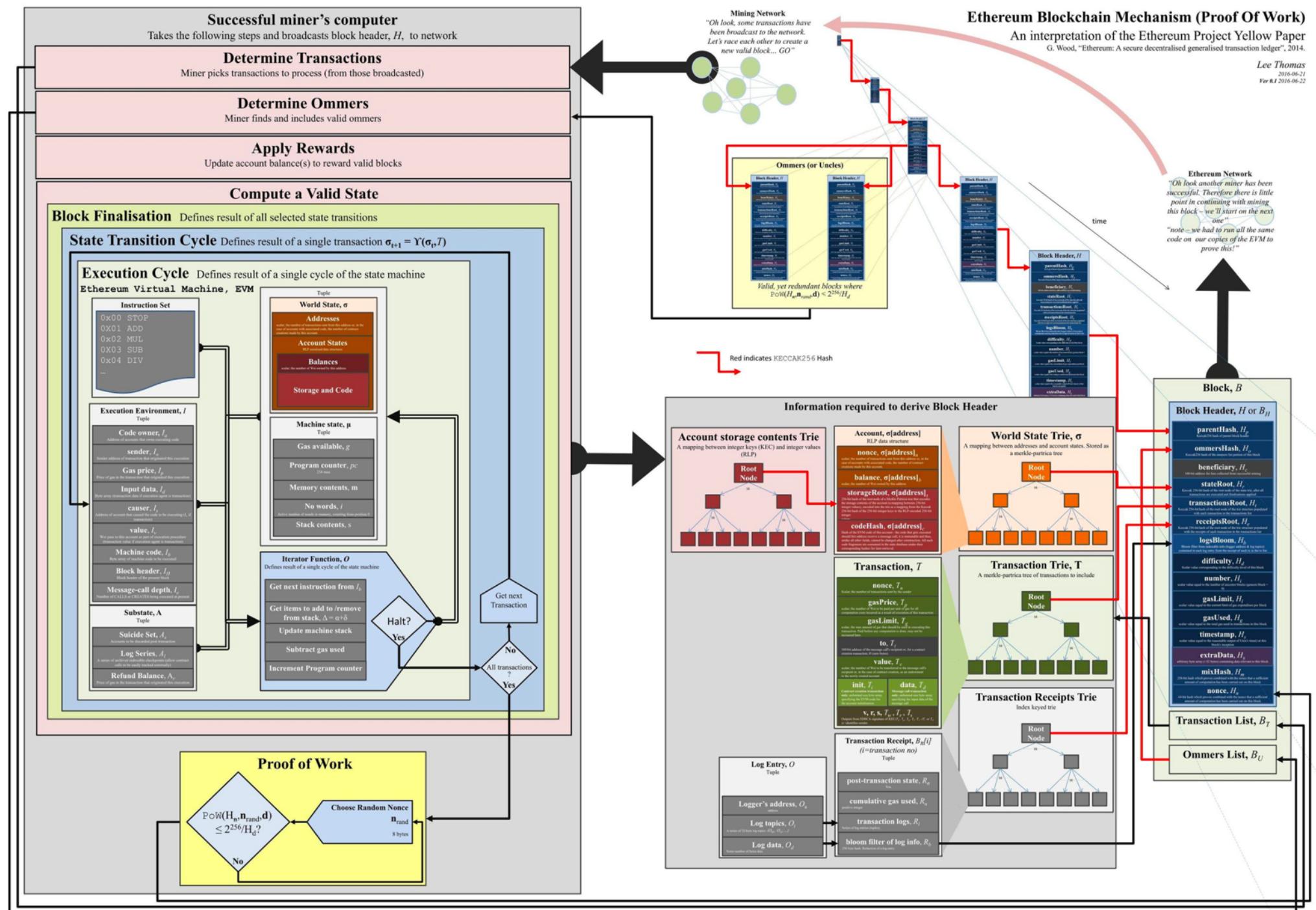
# Account state

- nonce
- balance
- codeHash
- storageRoot



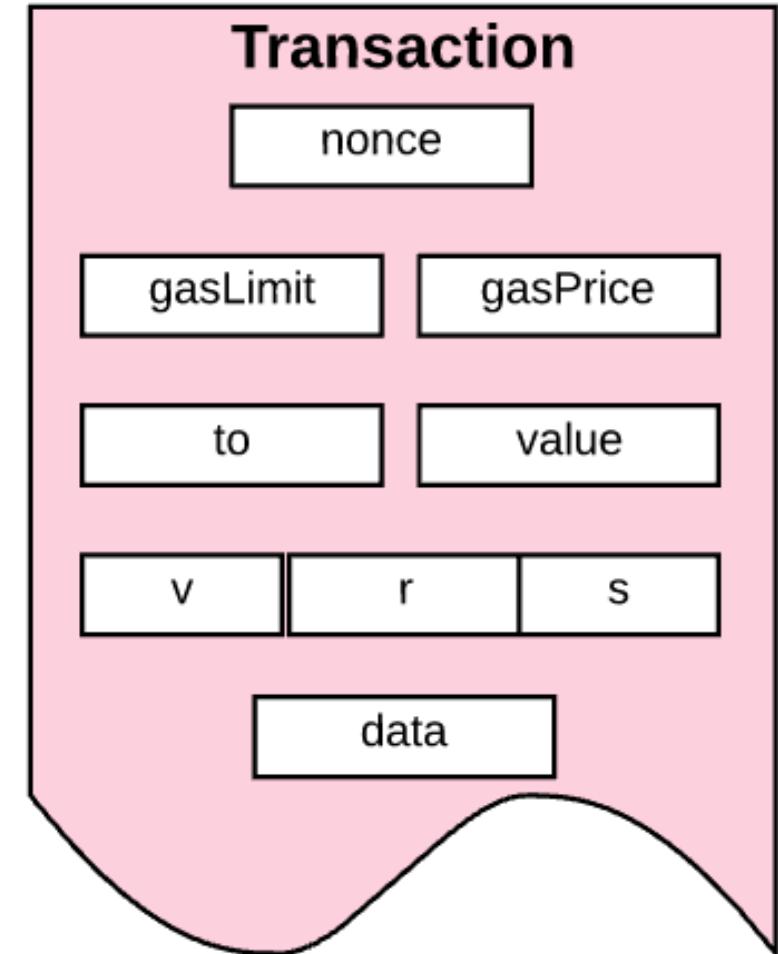






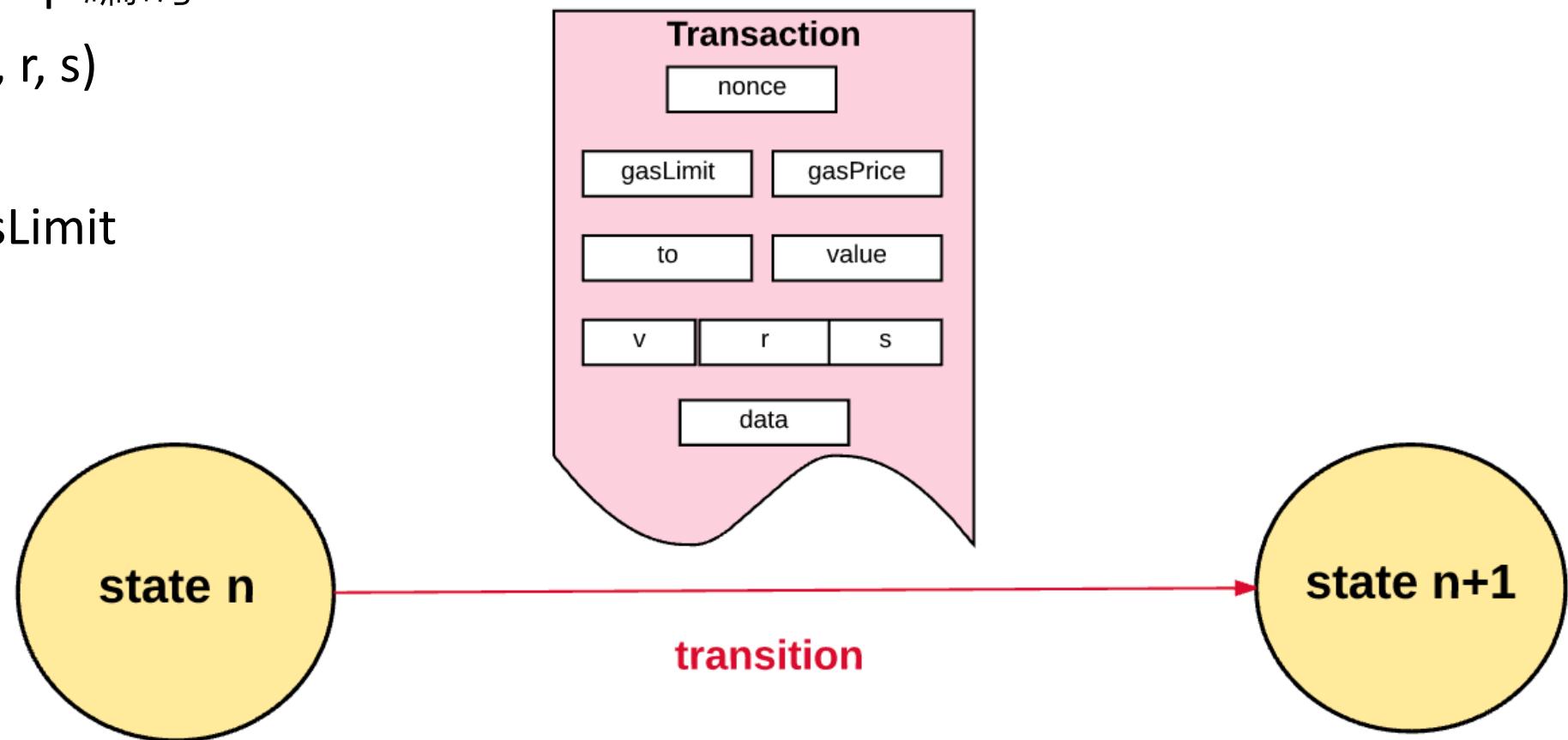
# Transactions

- 以太坊是一個基於交易的狀態機
- 在不同帳戶間發生交易，會讓狀態發生改變
- 交易是外部世界與以太坊內部狀態的橋樑
- 有兩種不同類型的交易
  - Message calls
  - Contract-creating transactions
- 一筆交易是由外部帳戶(EOA)簽名後送到區塊鏈



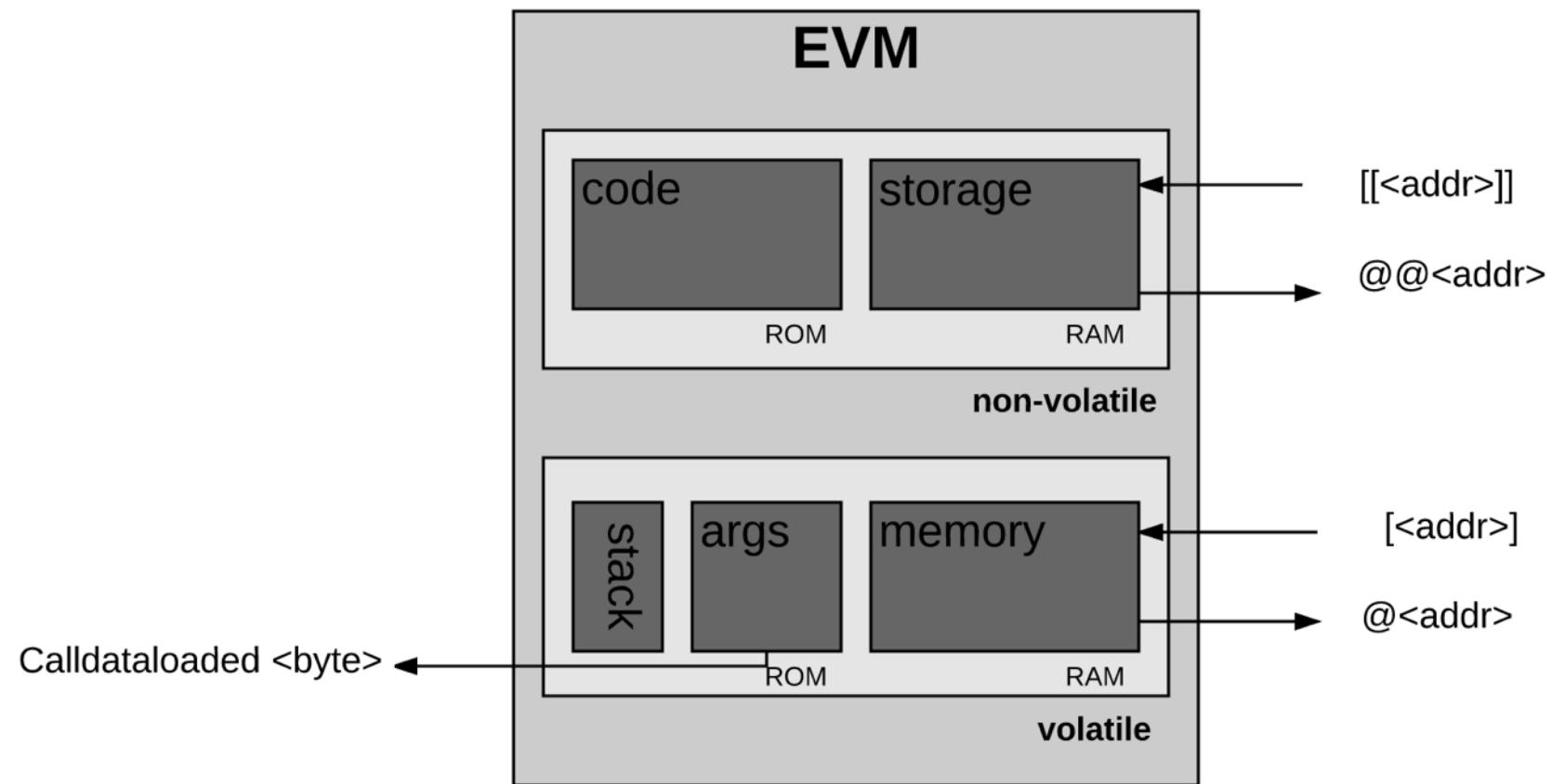
# Transaction Execution

- 交易是正確的 rlp 編碼
- 有效的簽名 ( $v, r, s$ )
- 有效的 nonce
- $\text{gasUsed} \leq \text{gasLimit}$



# Execution model

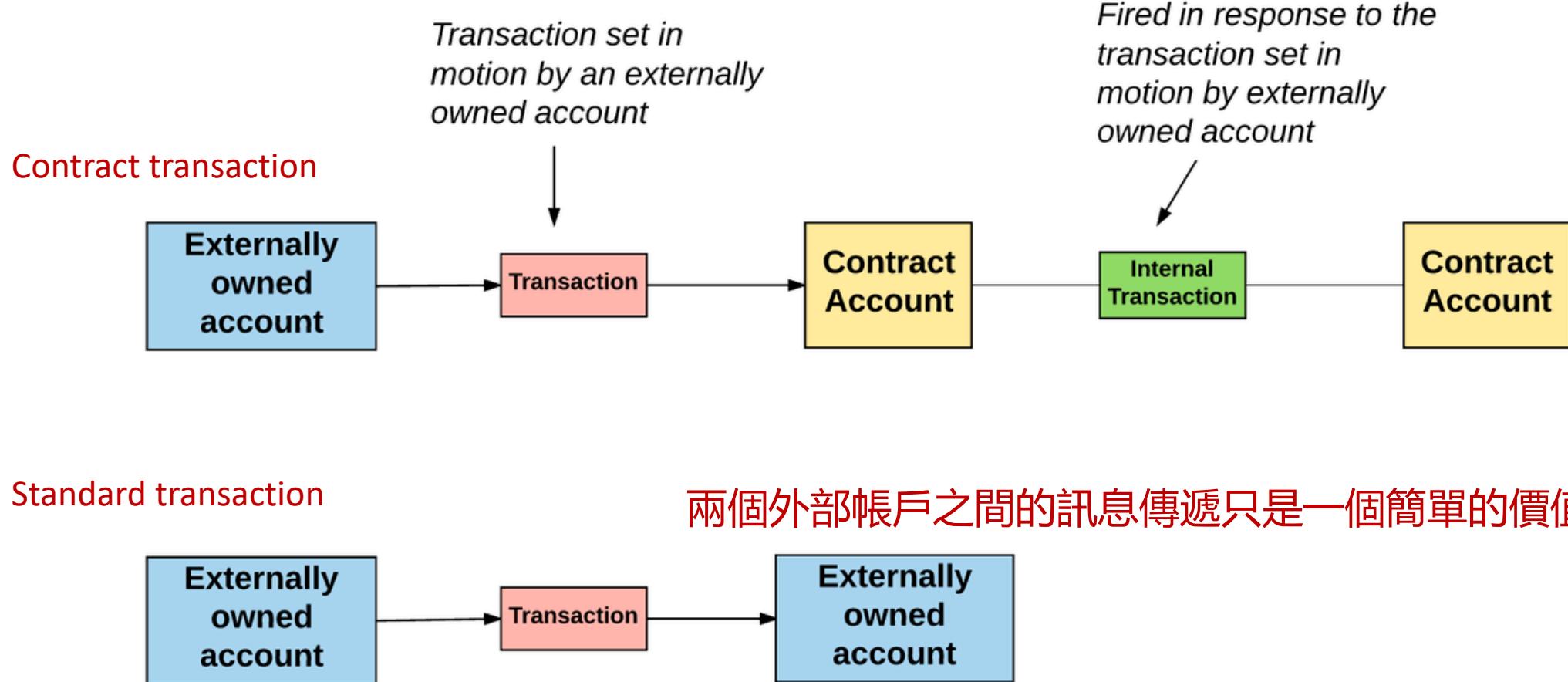
- Contract
- Bytecode
- Transaction
- Message call



```
1. changwu@changwu-mbp: ~/workspace/vyper/vyper (zsh)
X ..e/vyper/vyper (zsh) 361 X bpython (python3... ● 362
# changwu @ changwu-mbp in ~/workspace/vyper/vyper on git:master o [13:48:16]
$ vyper -f ir examples/crowdfund.v.py --show-gas-estimates
{None} [seq,
 {12} [mstore, 28, {8} [calldataload, 0]],
 {9} [mstore,
 32,
 1461501637330902918203684832716283019655932542976],
 {9} [mstore, 64, 170141183460469231731687303715884105727],
 {9} [mstore, 96, -170141183460469231731687303715884105728],
 {9} [mstore,
 128,
 170141183460469231731687303715884105727000000000000],
 {9} [mstore,
 160,
 -170141183460469231731687303715884105728000000000000],
# Line 11
{21} [codecopy, 320, ~codelen, 96],
{90} [assert, {7} [iszero, callvalue]],
/* checking address input */
{36} [uclamplt,
 {5} [codeload, ~codelen],
 {8} [mload, 32]],
/* checking int128 input */
{87} [clamp,
 {8} [mload, 96],
 {5} [codeload, {11} [add, ~codelen, 32]],
 {8} [mload, 64]],
/* checking int128 input */
{87} [clamp,
 {8} [mload, 96],
 {5} [codeload, {11} [add, ~codelen, 64]],
 {8} [mload, 64]],
# Line 13
{20009} [sstore,
2 <self.beneficiary>,
{8} [mload, 320 <_beneficiary>]],
# Line 14
{20096} [sstore,
3 <self.deadline>,
```

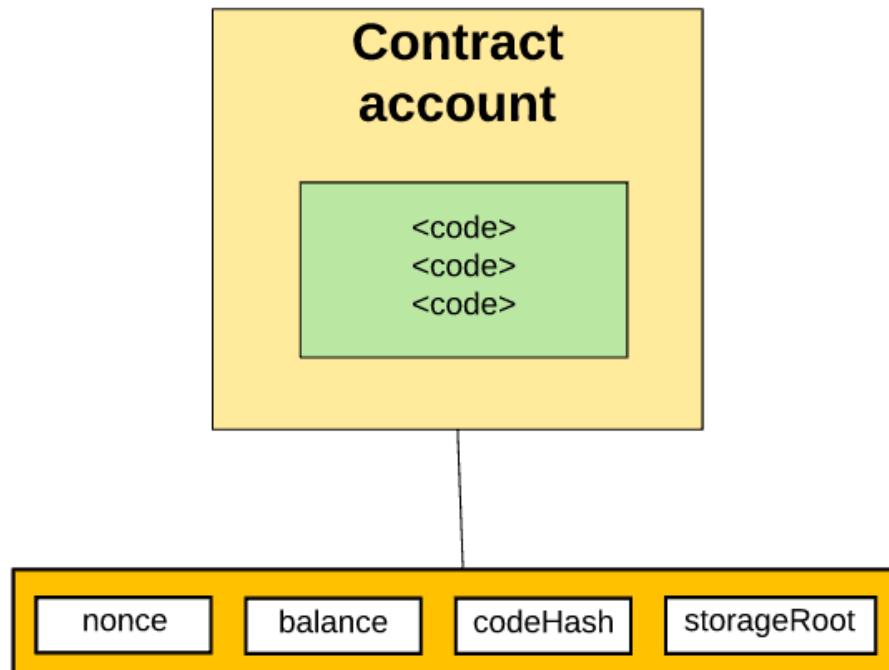
# 訊息傳遞

合約帳戶無法主動發起一筆交易，只有當外部帳戶或合約帳戶傳送一則訊息接收後，才會觸發合約帳戶執行程式碼或進行價值轉移

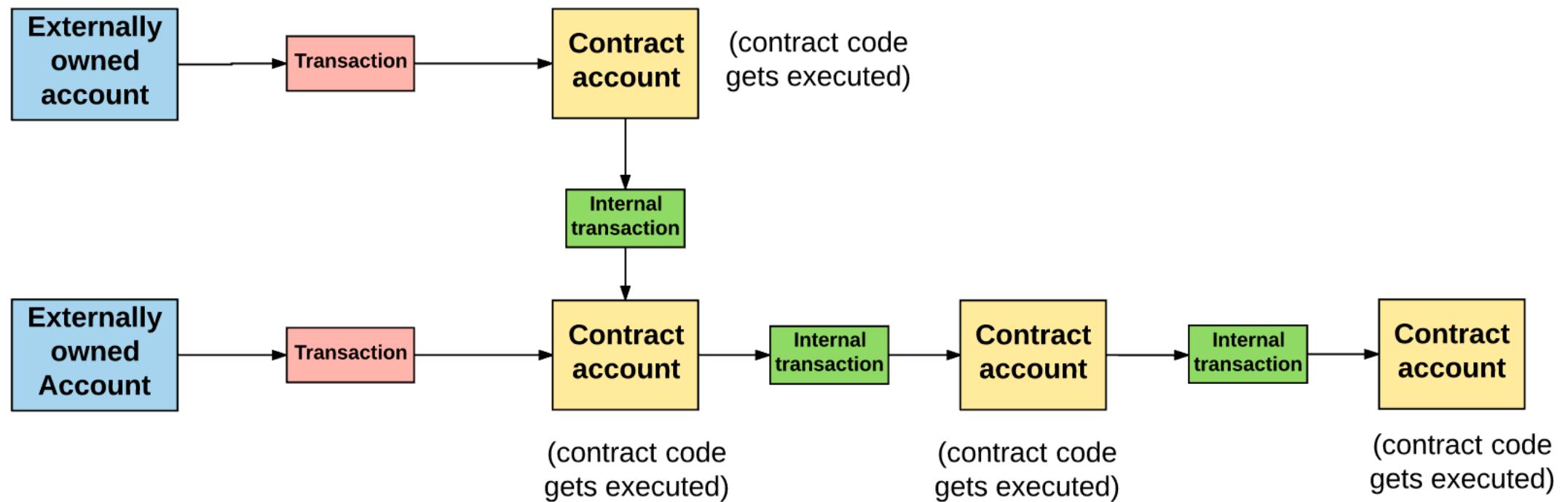


# Contract creation

- Contract-creating transaction = Create a new contract account



# Internal transaction



# Transaction receipt

- 交易執行後的收據
    - 區塊 Hash
    - 區塊號碼
    - 使用多少 gas
    - 執行交易後的 Log 訊息
    - 交易 hash
    - 交易在區塊內的 index
    - From
    - To

# Logs

- 用來追蹤交易的狀態與訊息
- Log 包含
  - 合約地址
  - 合約內部事件(event) 訂閱的主題 (topic)
  - 與 event 相關的 data

# Keystore

# keystore.json

cipher: AES 加密演算法  
cipherparams: 是 AES 演算法需要的參數  
ciphertext: ETH private key 加密後的密文

```
{  
  "crypto" : {  
    "cipher" : "aes-128-ctr",  
    "cipherparams" : {  
      "iv" : "83dbcc02d8ccb40e466191a123791e0e"  
    },  
    "ciphertext" : "d172bf743a674da9cdad04534d56926ef8358534d458ffffcccd4e6ad2fbde479c",  
    "iv" : "83dbcc02d8ccb40e466191a123791e0e",  
    "mac" : "3fe8984592145b591fc8fb5c6d43190334ba19",  
    "mac.algorithm" : "SHA3-256",  
    "mac.params" : "e95cf7ff8faea1056c33131d846e3097",  
    "mac.type" : "HMAC",  
    "mac.version" : 1,  
    "secret" : "3fe8984592145b591fc8fb5c6d43190334ba19",  
    "secret.algorithm" : "AES-128-CTR",  
    "secret.params" : "83dbcc02d8ccb40e466191a123791e0e",  
    "secret.type" : "EncryptedSecret",  
    "secret.version" : 1  
  },  
  "id" : "0x0000000000000000000000000000000000000000",  
  "version" : 3  
}
```

## AES Design

The diagram illustrates the AES design process. It shows two input boxes at the top: 'Secret Key' (128, 192, or 256 bit) and 'Plain Text' (128 bit). Arrows point from both boxes down to a central green box labeled 'Cipher'. An arrow points from the 'Cipher' box down to a blue box labeled 'Cipher Text' (128, 192, or 256 bit).

42

# keystore.json

```
{  
  "crypto" : {  
    "cipher" : "aes-128-ctr",  
    "cipherparams" : {  
      "iv" : "83dbcc02d8ccb40e466191a123791e0e"  
    },  
    "ciphertext" : "d172bf743a674da9cdad04534d56926ef8358534d458ffcccd4e6ad2fbde479c",  
    "kdf" : "scrypt",  
    "kdfparams" : {  
      "dklen" : 32,  
      "n" : 262144,  
      "r" : 1,  
      "p" : 8,  
      "salt" : "ab0c7876052600dd703518d6fc3fe8984592145b591fc8fb5c6d43190334ba19"  
    },  
    "mac" : "2103ac29920d71da29f15d75b4a16dbe95cf7ff8faea1056c33131d846e3097"  
  },  
  "id" : "3198bc9c-6672-5ab3-d995-4942343ae5b6",  
  "version" : 3  
}
```

AES(plaintext, enc\_key) = ciphertext

kdf: 密鑰推導函數

這邊可以採取的 kdf 有兩種

1. scrypt
2. pbkdf2

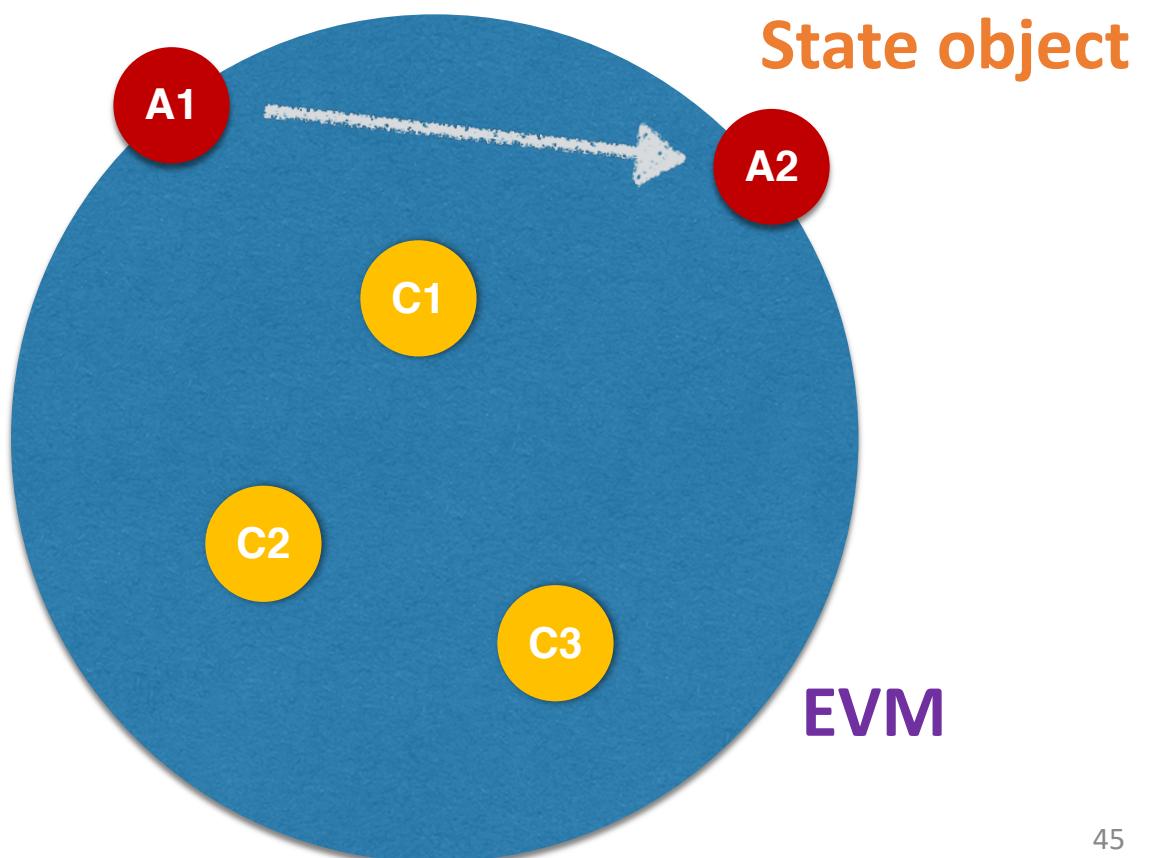
# keystore.json

為了檢查使用者的 password 正確與否, 使用 mac 來驗證一致性  
mac: sha3(derivedkey[16:32] + ciphertext)

```
{  
  "crypto" : {  
    "cipher" : "aes-128-ctr",  
    "cipherparams" : {  
      "iv" : "83dbcc02d8ccb40e466191a123791e0e"  
    },  
    "ciphertext" : "d172bf743a674da9cdad04534d56926ef8358534d458ffcccd4e6ad2fbde479c",  
    "kdf" : "scrypt",  
    "kdfparams" : {  
      "dklen" : 32,  
      "n" : 262144,  
      "r" : 1,  
      "p" : 8,  
      "salt" : "ab0c7876052600dd703518d6fc3fe8984592145b591fc8fb5c6d43190334ba19"  
    },  
    "mac" : "2103ac29920d71da29f15d75b4a16dbe95cf7ff8faea1056c33131d846e3097"  
  },  
  "id" : "3198bc9c-6672-5ab3-d995-4942343ae5b6",  
  "version" : 3  
}
```

# Ethereum

- 外部帳戶 (Externally owned account, EOA)
- 合約帳戶 (Contract account)
  - Nonce
  - Balance
  - codeHash
  - storageRoot

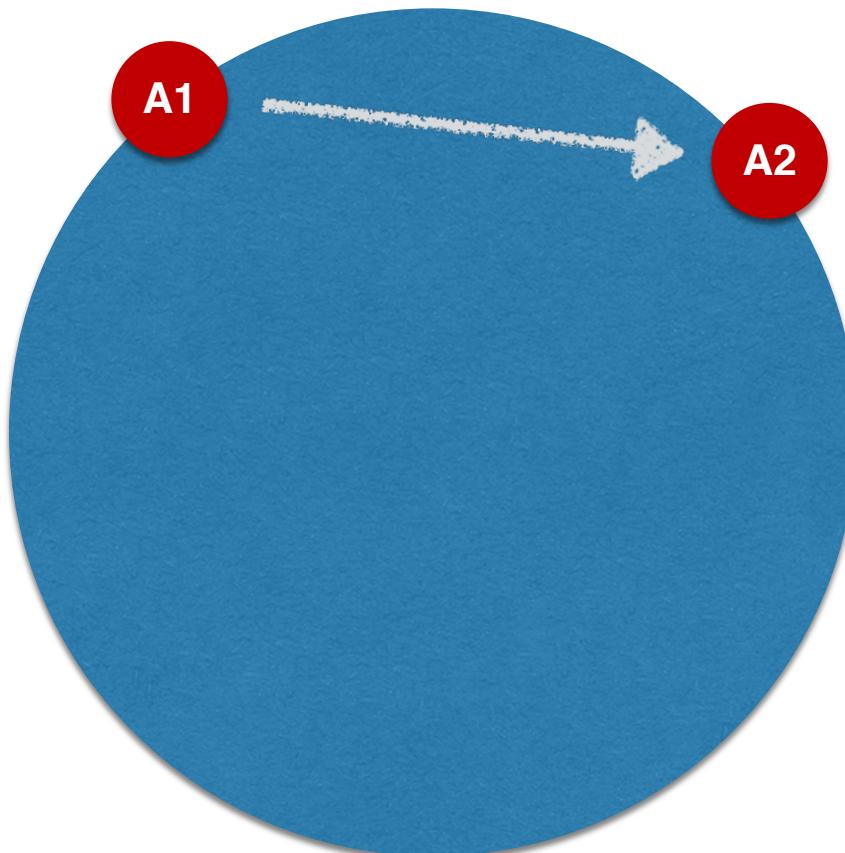


# Ethereum

address: '0x556657e4691afe833b9c6978056706fbe095f4ad'  
address: '0x556662d50c8789885fb5dc2263c332134fdf95c8'

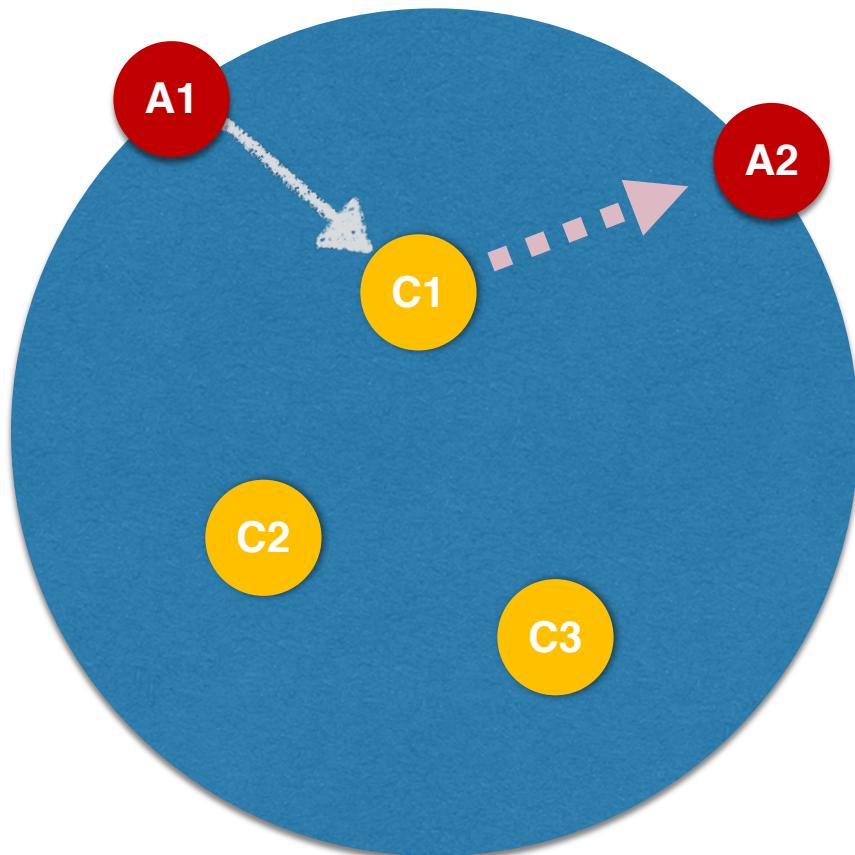
- 外部帳戶 (Externally owned account, EOA)
- 帳戶之間轉帳

- Nonce
- Balance
- codeHash
- storageRoot



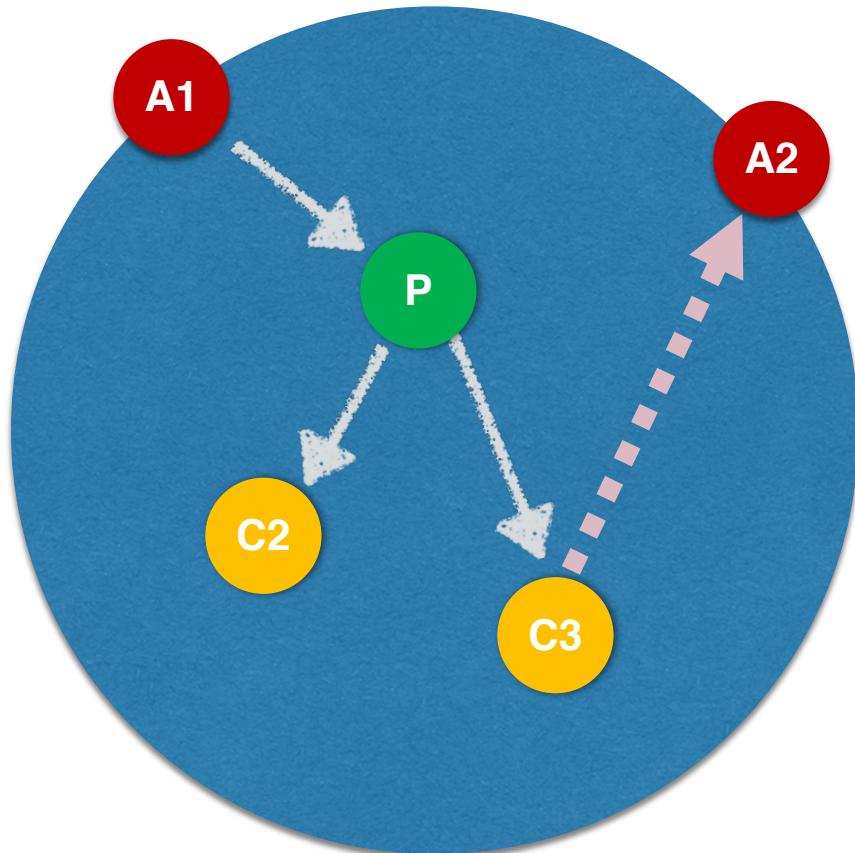
# Ethereum

- 合約被呼叫後的反應
- 合約帳戶 (Contract account)
  - Nonce
  - Balance
  - codeHash
  - storageRoot



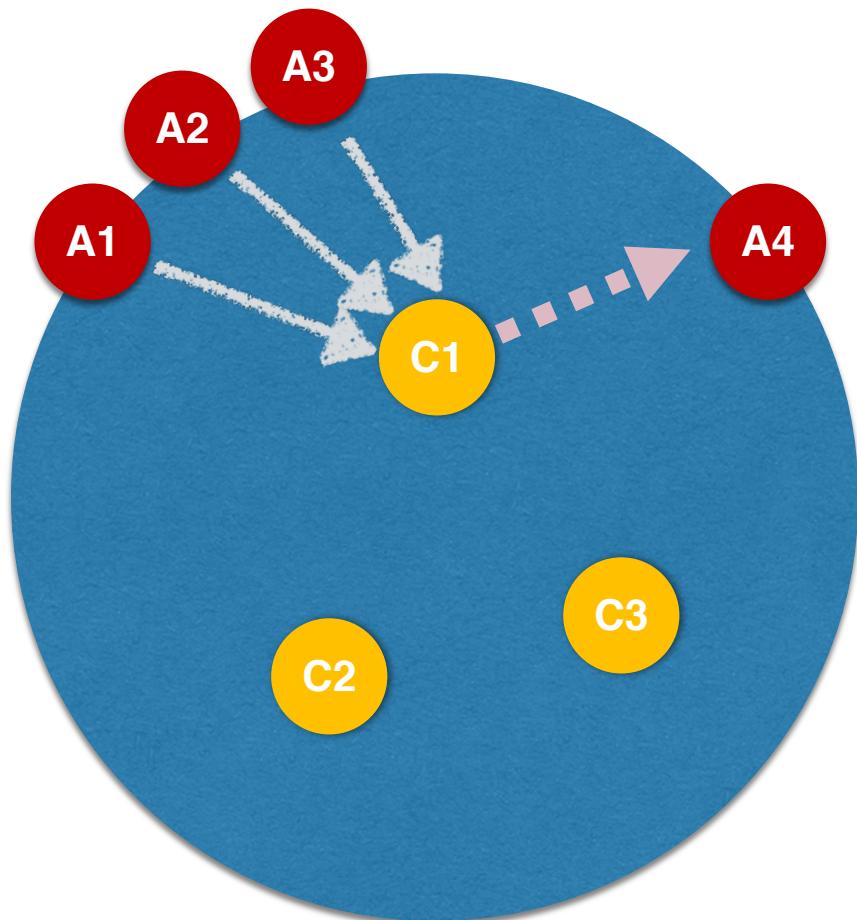
# Ethereum

- 連鎖反應 (Proxy, Controller)
- 替換換合約



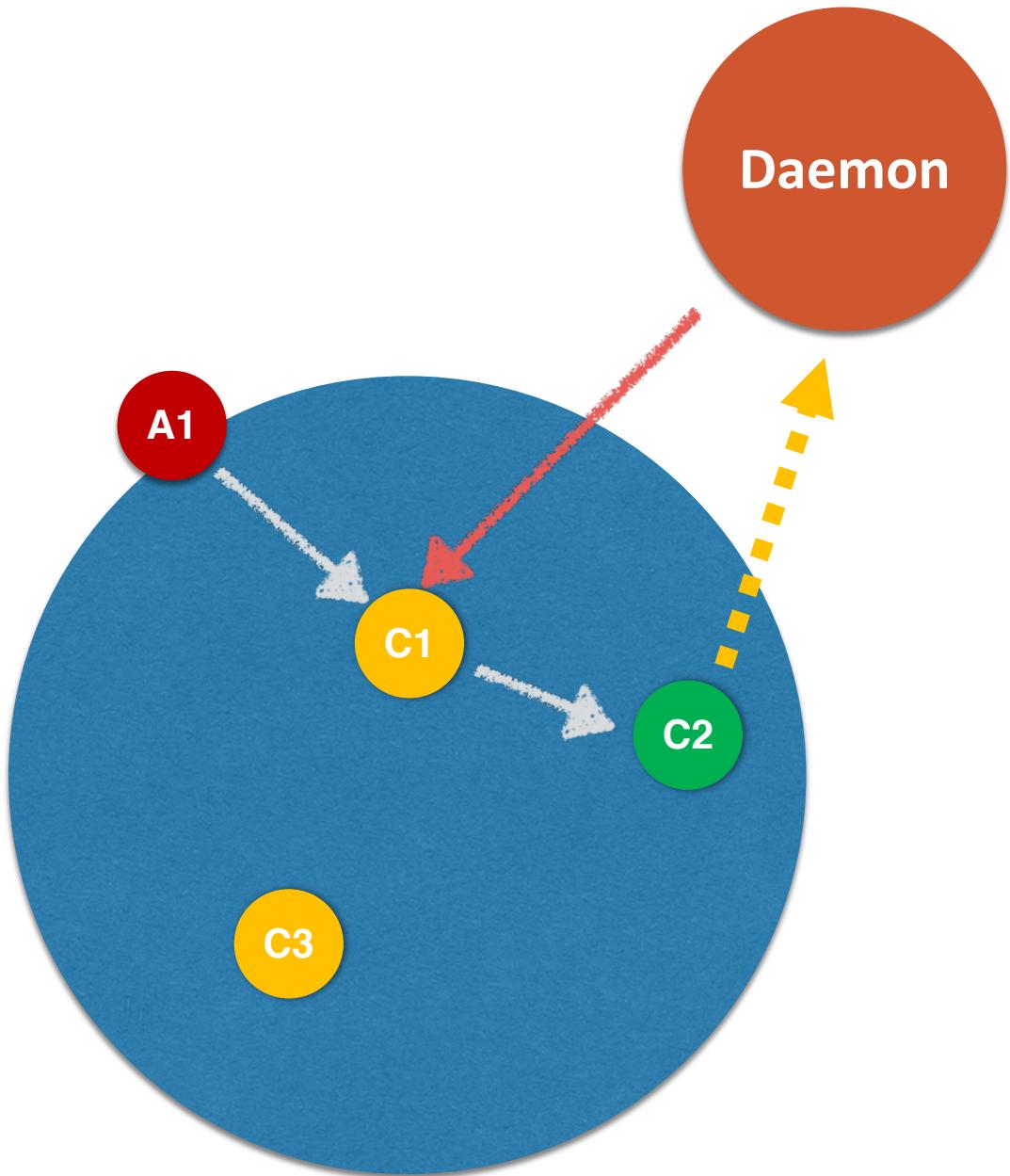
# Ethereum

- 多簽 (multi-sig) 透過 Proxy 合約



# Ethereum

- Oracle
- Feed Data & Proof



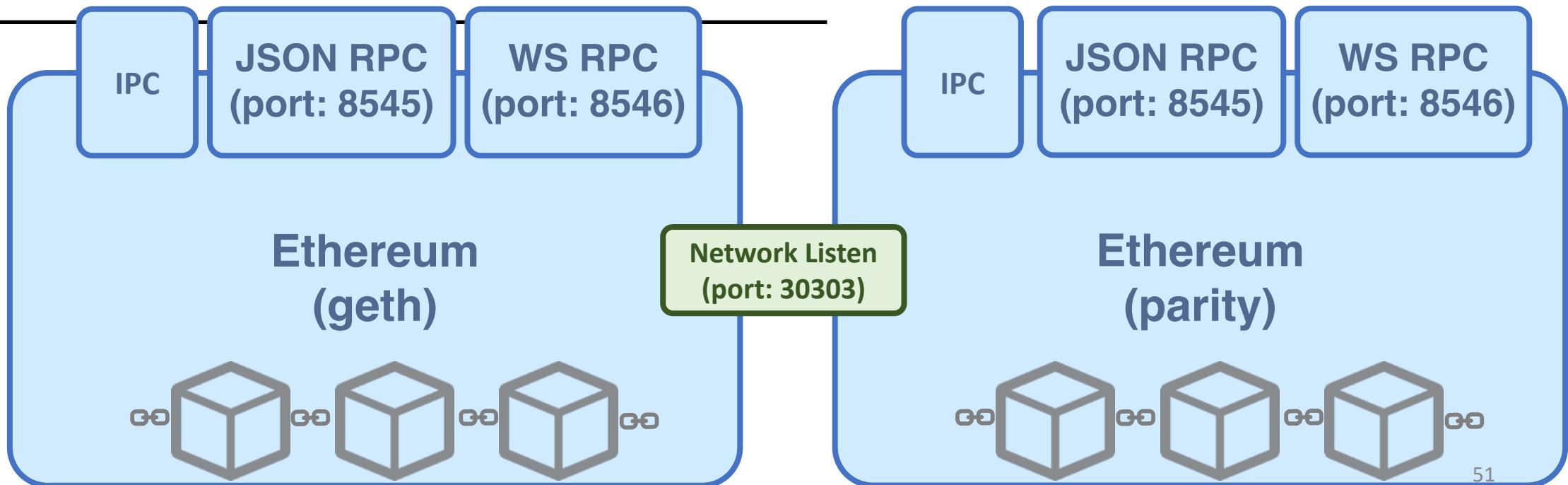
## 應用層

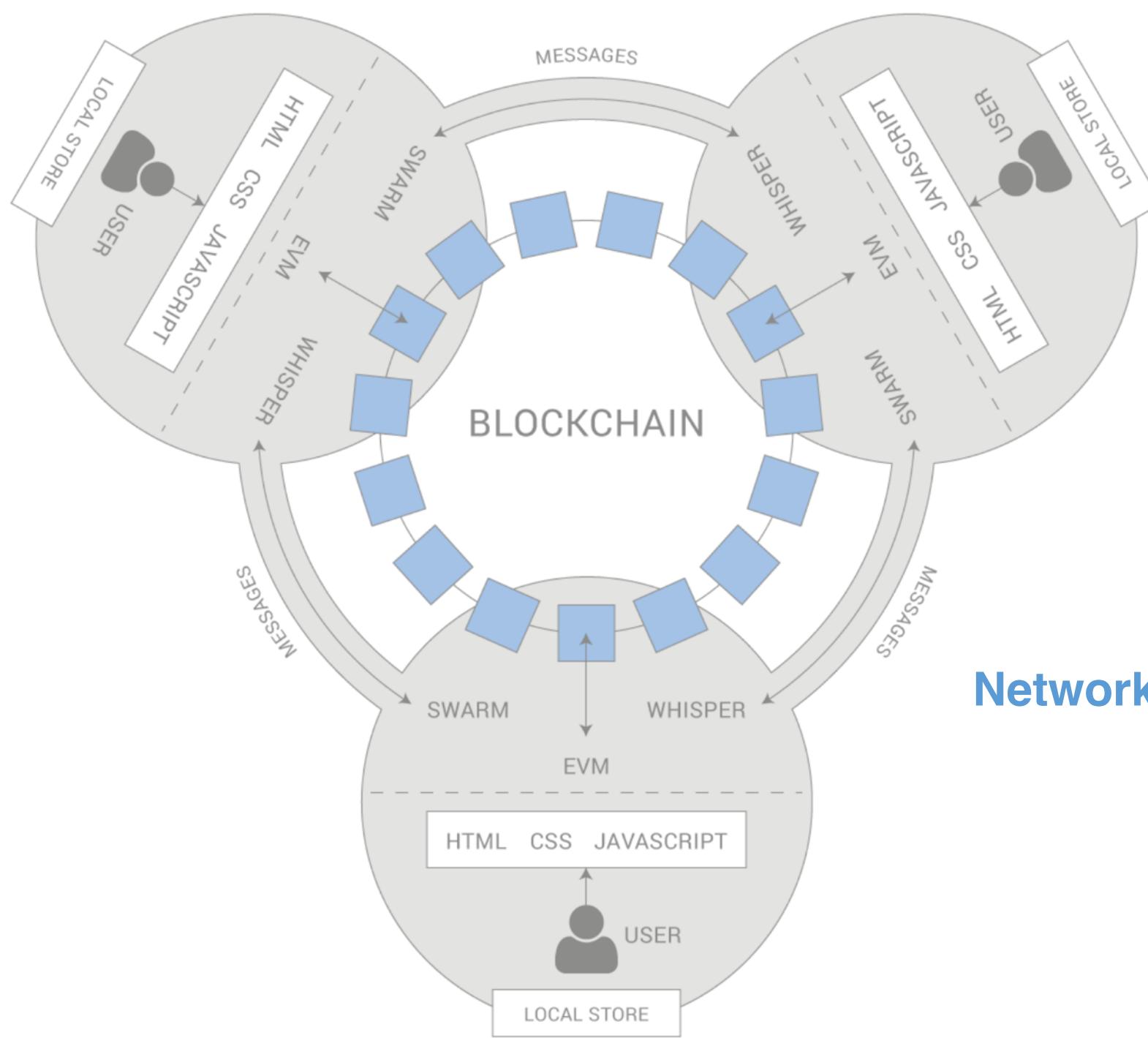


## API 層

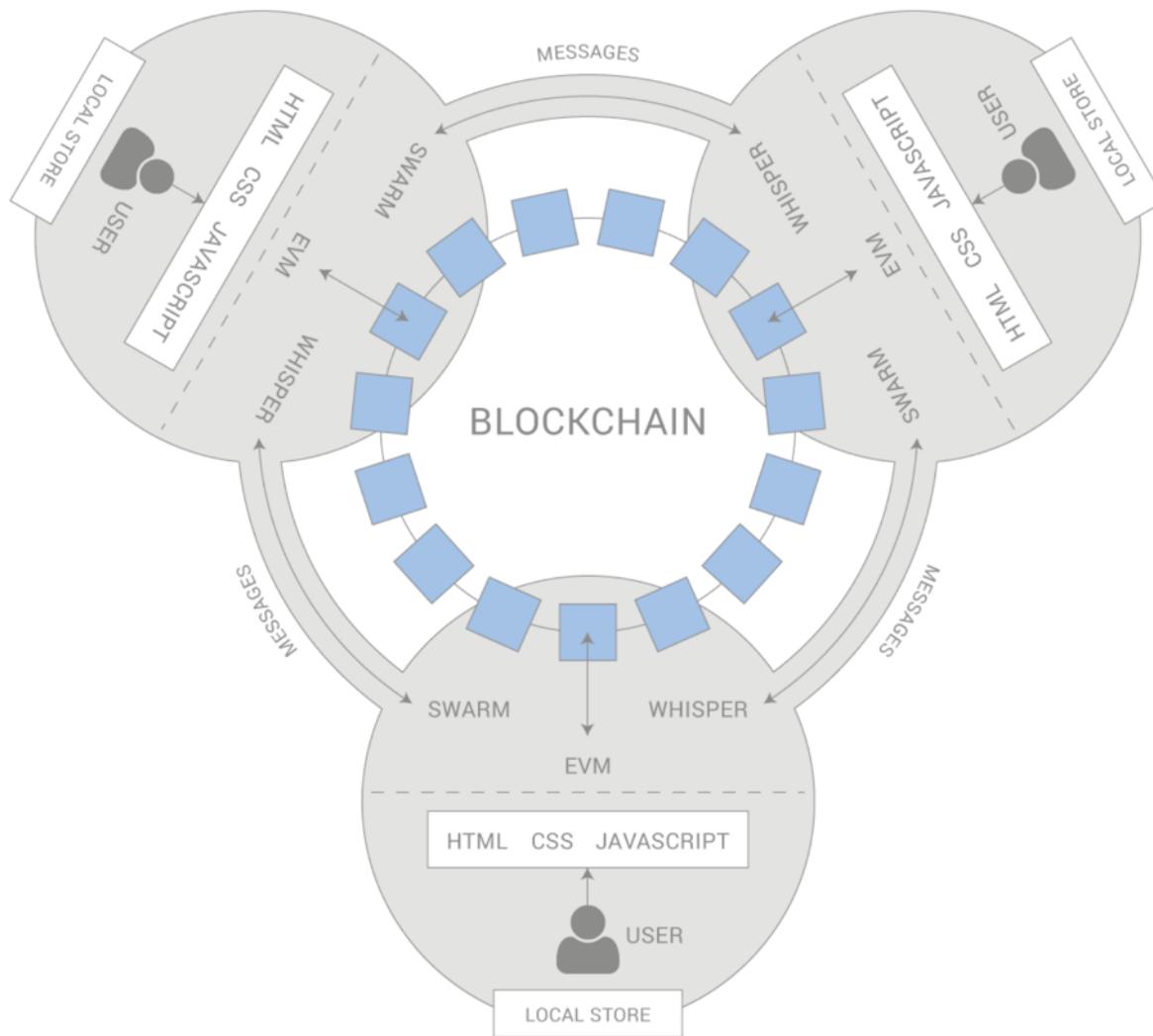


## 底層

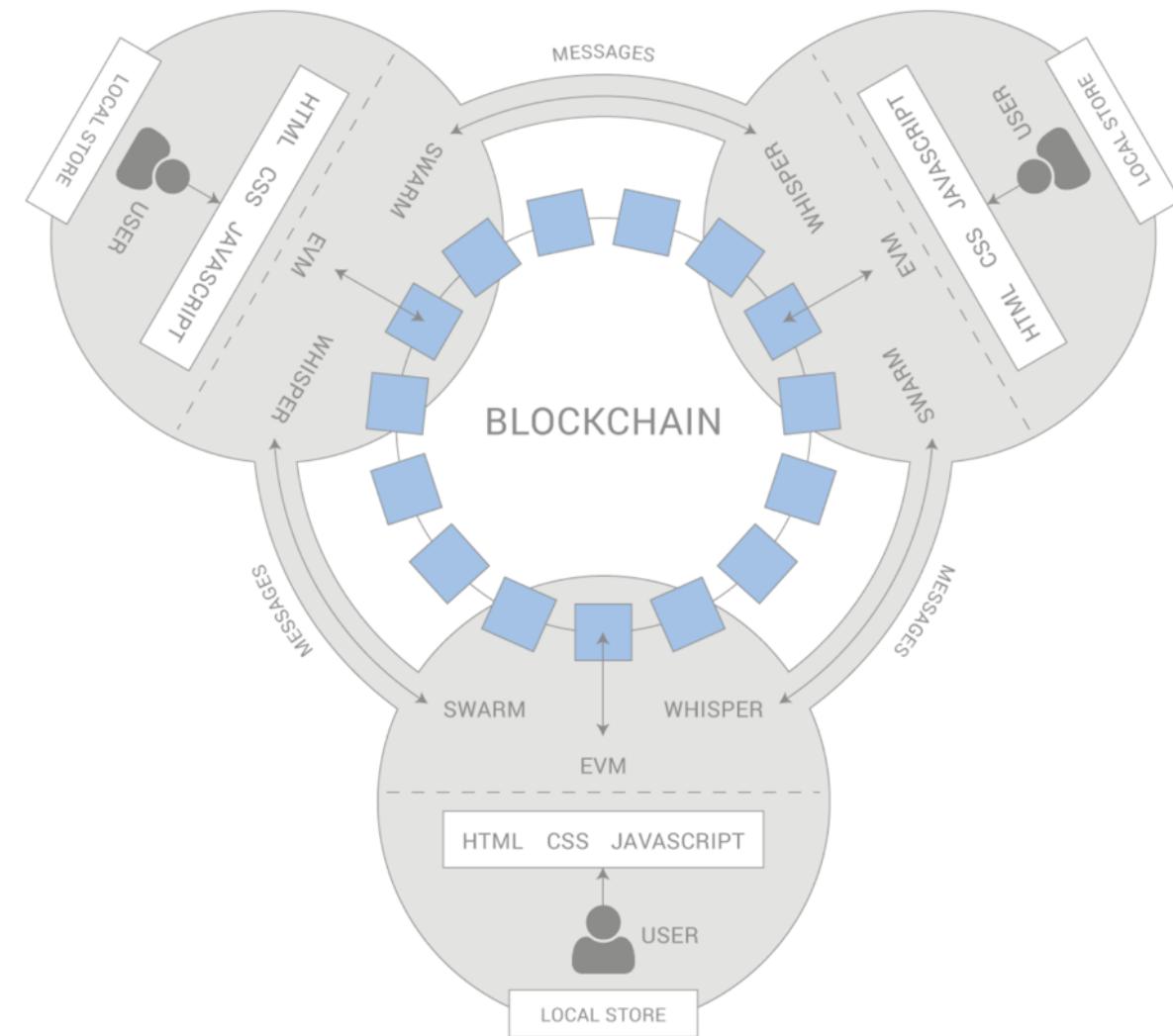




## Mainnet

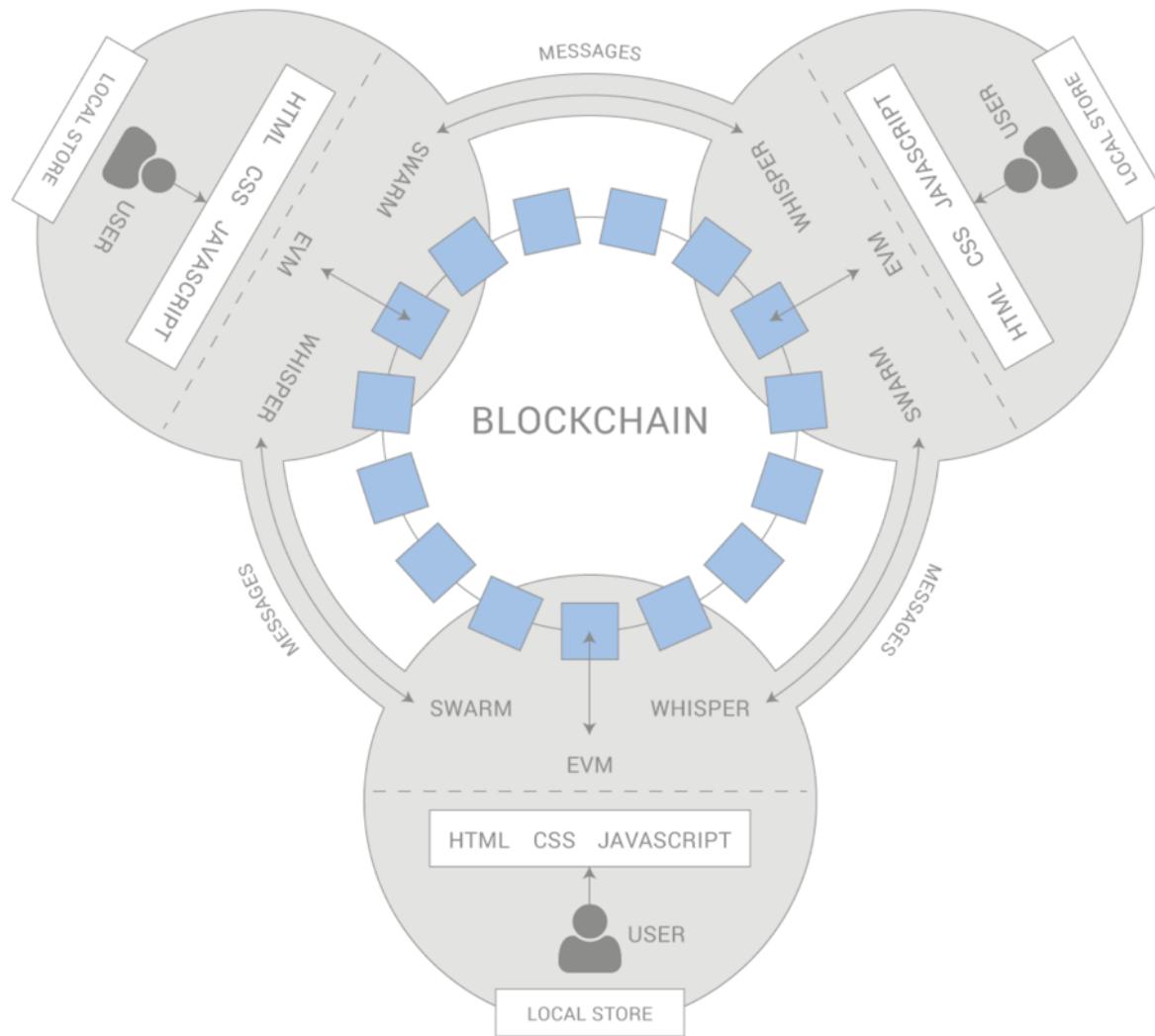


## Testnet

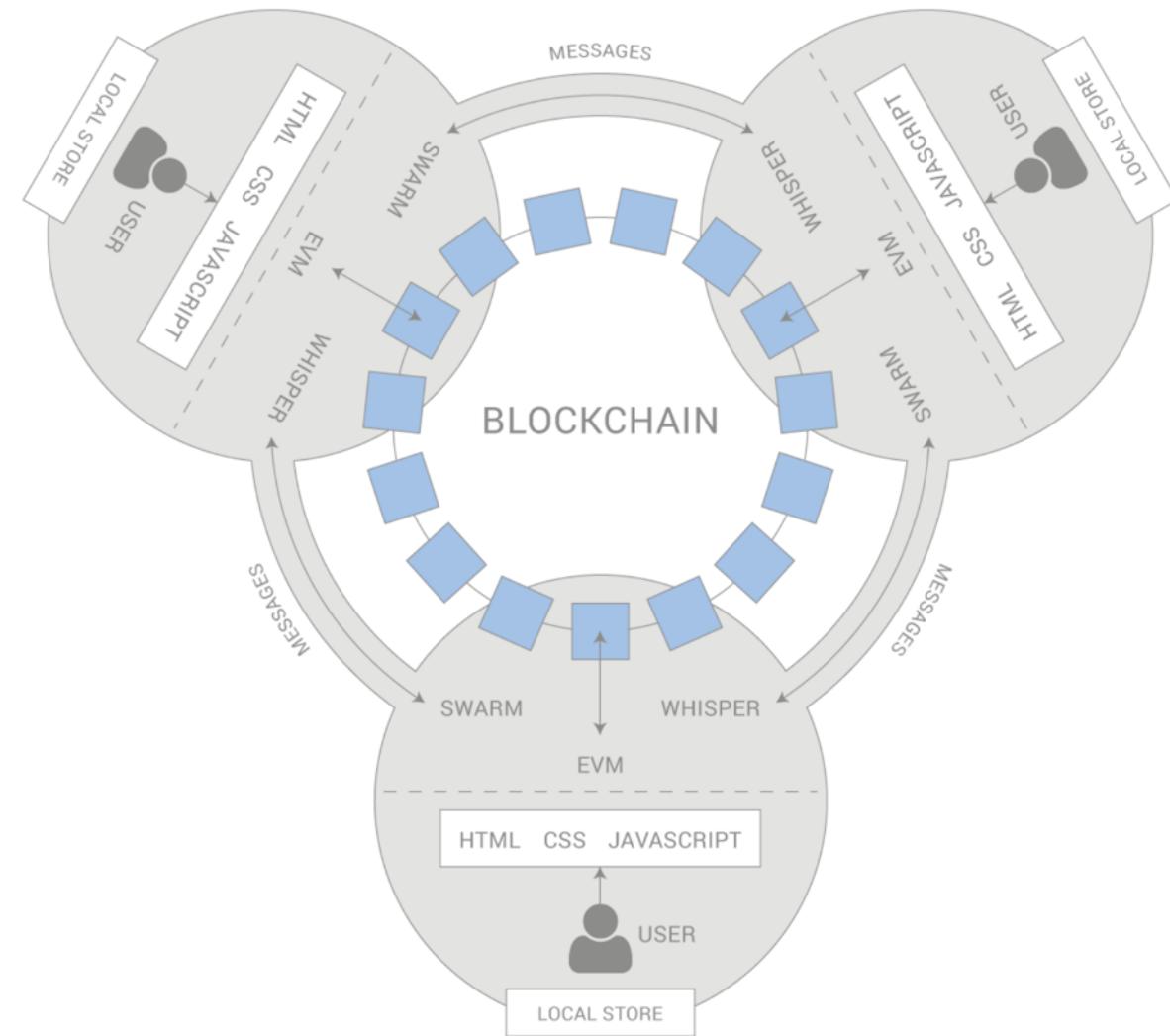


公網上所使用的鏈

## Dev chain

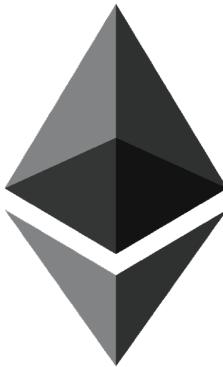


## Private chain



開發上所使用的鏈，方便開發者測試

# Full node



# Ethereum protocol implementation

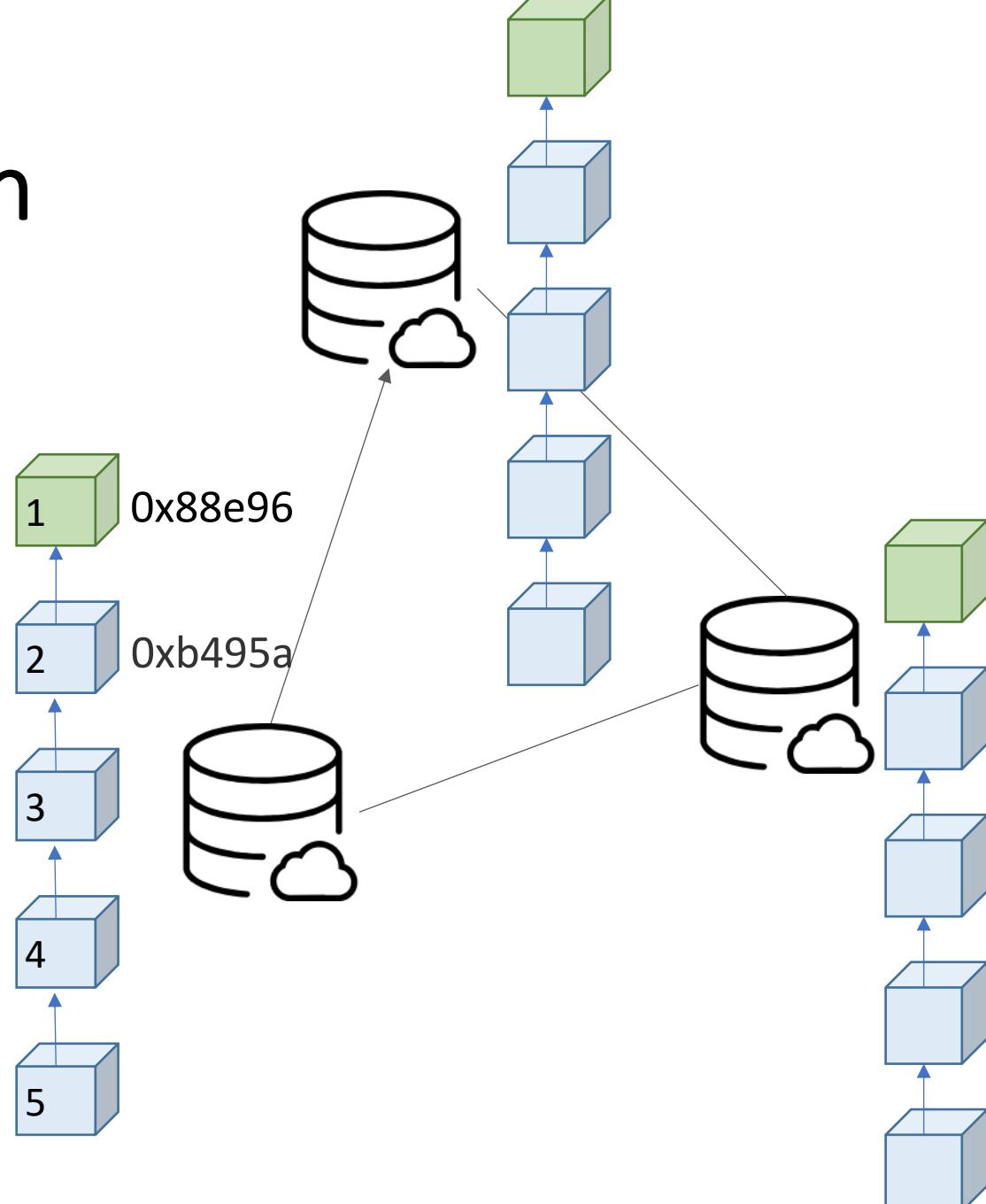
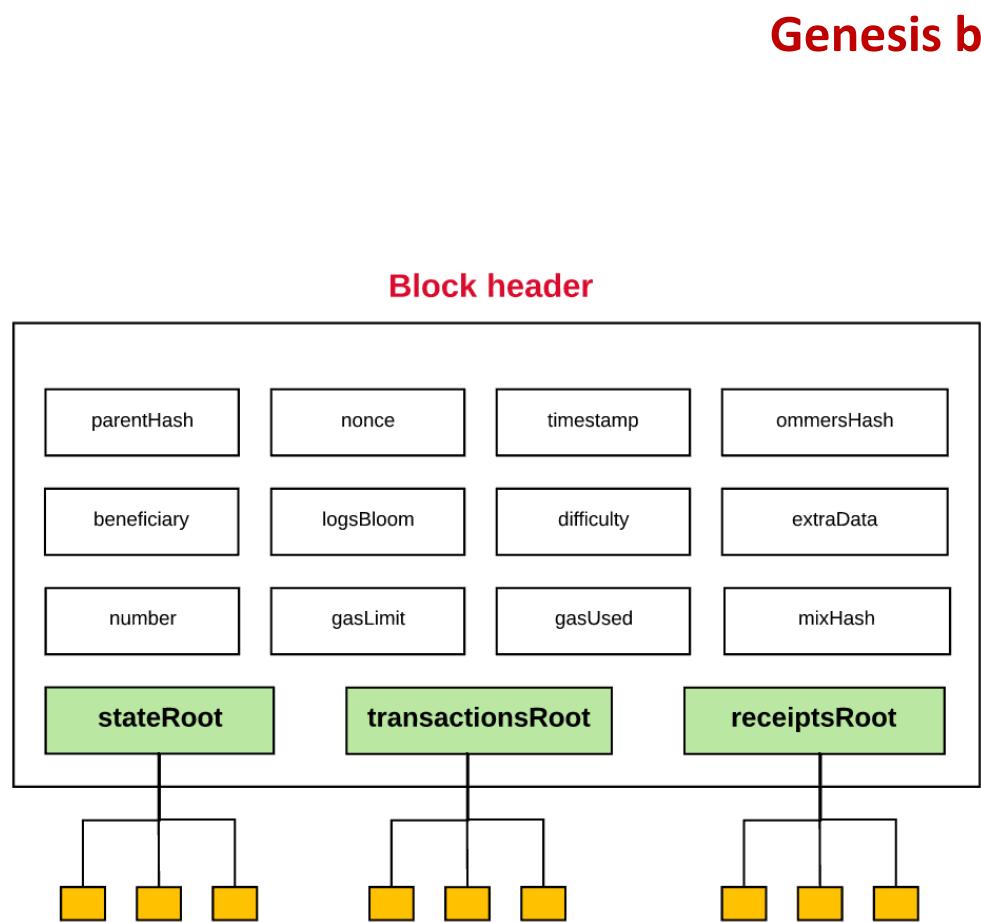
- Ethereum Client
  - Full node
  - Light client
- geth (go-ethereum)
  - <https://ethereum.github.io/go-ethereum/>
- parity (Rust)
  - <https://www.parity.io/>



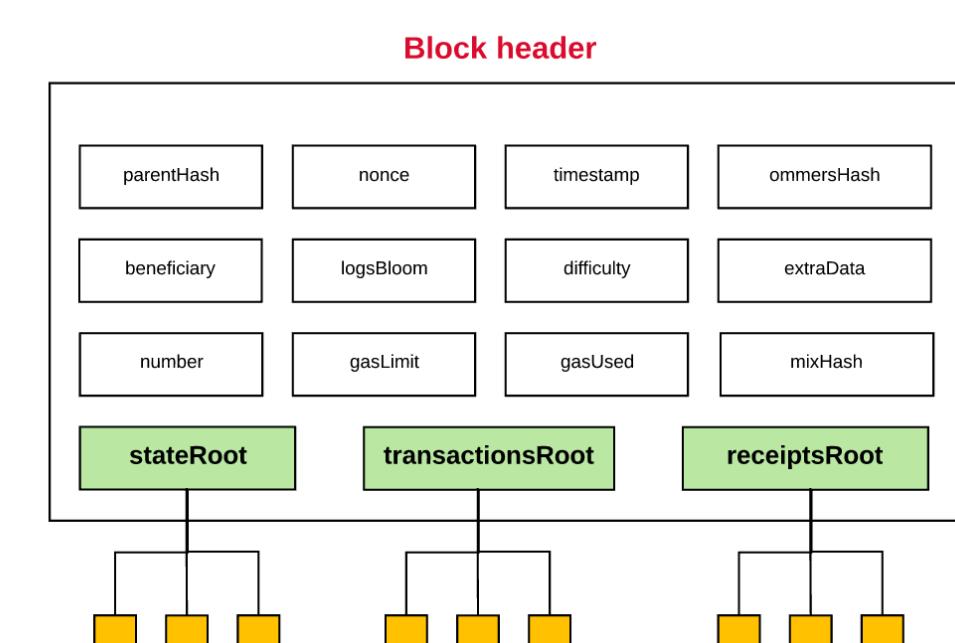
# Ethereum nodes

Blocks							
Show 10 entries	Search:	Host	Port	Country	Client Id	Client	Version
0001d3b590...	211.149.145.92	30303	China	Geth/v1.8.7-stable-66432f38/linux-amd64/go1.10.1	Geth	v1.8.7-stable-66432f38	linux-amd64 2018-12-17T12:48:38.000Z
0002bcd151...	94.242.203.243	50271	Luxembourg	Parity/v1.11.3-beta-a66e36bf4-20180605/x86_64-windows-msvc/rustc1.26.1	Parity	v1.11.3-beta-a66e36bf4 20180605	x86_64-windows-msvc 2018-12-17T13:39:10.000Z
002197c127...	35.234.112.176	30696	United States	gath/v1.0.3-phi-45cf16e9/linux/go1.10.1	gath	v1.0.3-phi-45cf16e9	linux 2018-12-18T11:45:41.000Z
002792e276...	218.153.156.151	41042	Korea, Republic of	Geth/v0.0.0-stable-f25b22f4/linux-arm64/go1.10.1	Geth	v0.0.0-stable-f25b22f4	linux-arm64 2018-12-18T11:51:44.000Z
00290f3969...	47.88.226.204	30303	Canada	Parity/v1.11.8-stable-c754a02-20180725/x86_64-linux-gnu/rustc1.27.2	Parity	v1.11.8-stable-c754a02-20180725	x86_64-linux-gnu 2018-12-18T06:06:02.000Z
00330a9056...	128.199.43.159	30303	Netherlands	Parity-Ethereum/v2.0.8-stable-ef8f95e-20181015/x86_64-linux-gnu/rustc1.29.0	Parity-Ethereum	v2.0.8-stable-ef8f95e-20181015	x86_64-linux-gnu 2018-12-17T23:08:17.000Z
003a7611c7...	35.237.110.52	30303	United States	Geth/v1.2.1-stable-7f2a6c4e/linux-amd64/go1.10.1	Geth	v1.2.1-stable-7f2a6c4e	linux-amd64 2018-12-17T18:14:03.000Z
004731adeb...	S0106d017c297b62a.cc.shawcable.net	30303	Canada	Parity-Ethereum/v2.2.2-unstable-78ceec6c6-	Parity-Ethereum	v2.2.2-unstable-	x86_64-linux- 2018-12-17T23:54:07.000Z

# Node synchronization



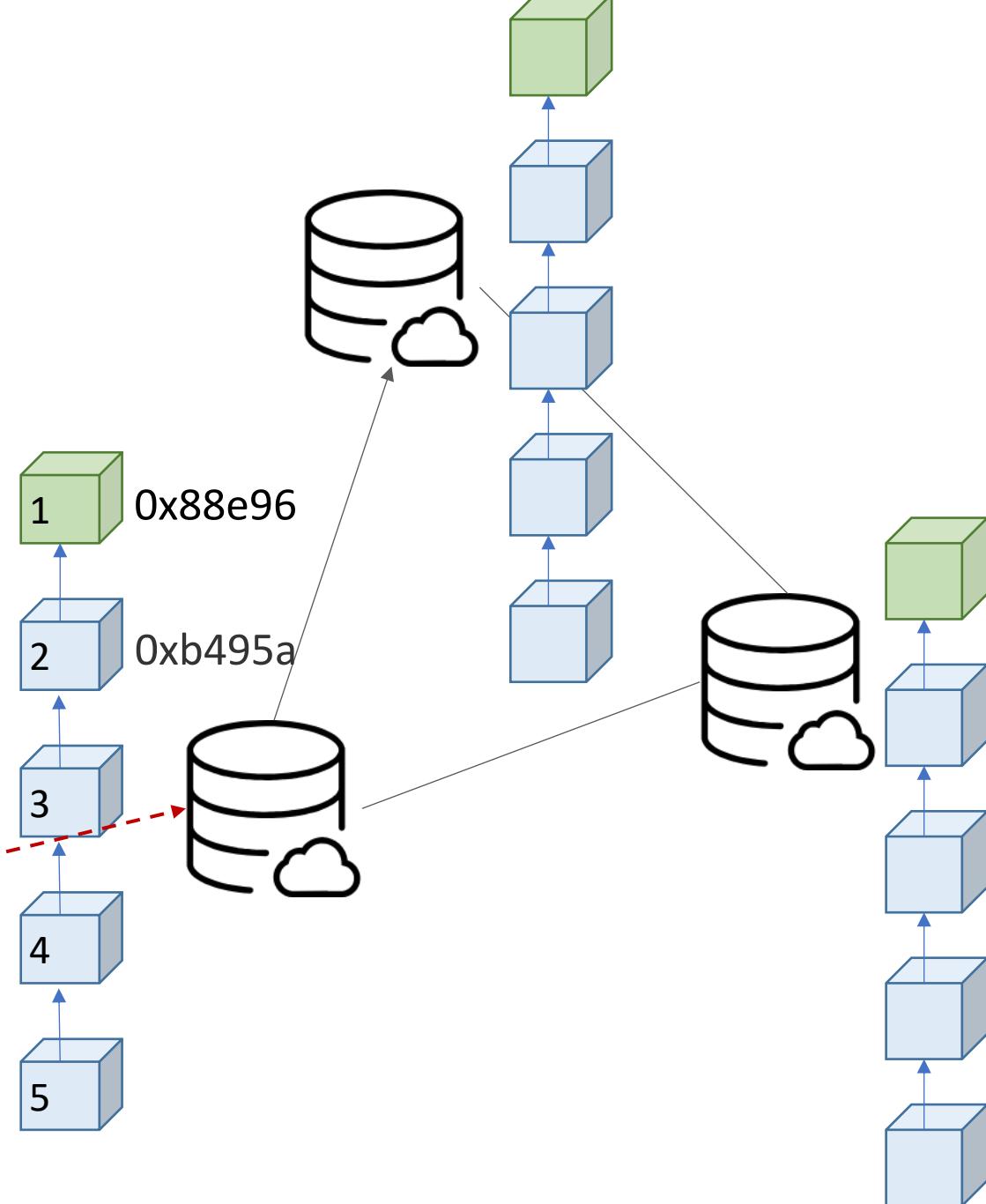
# Block header



# Join networks

- Bootnode

Node discovery



# Bootnode list

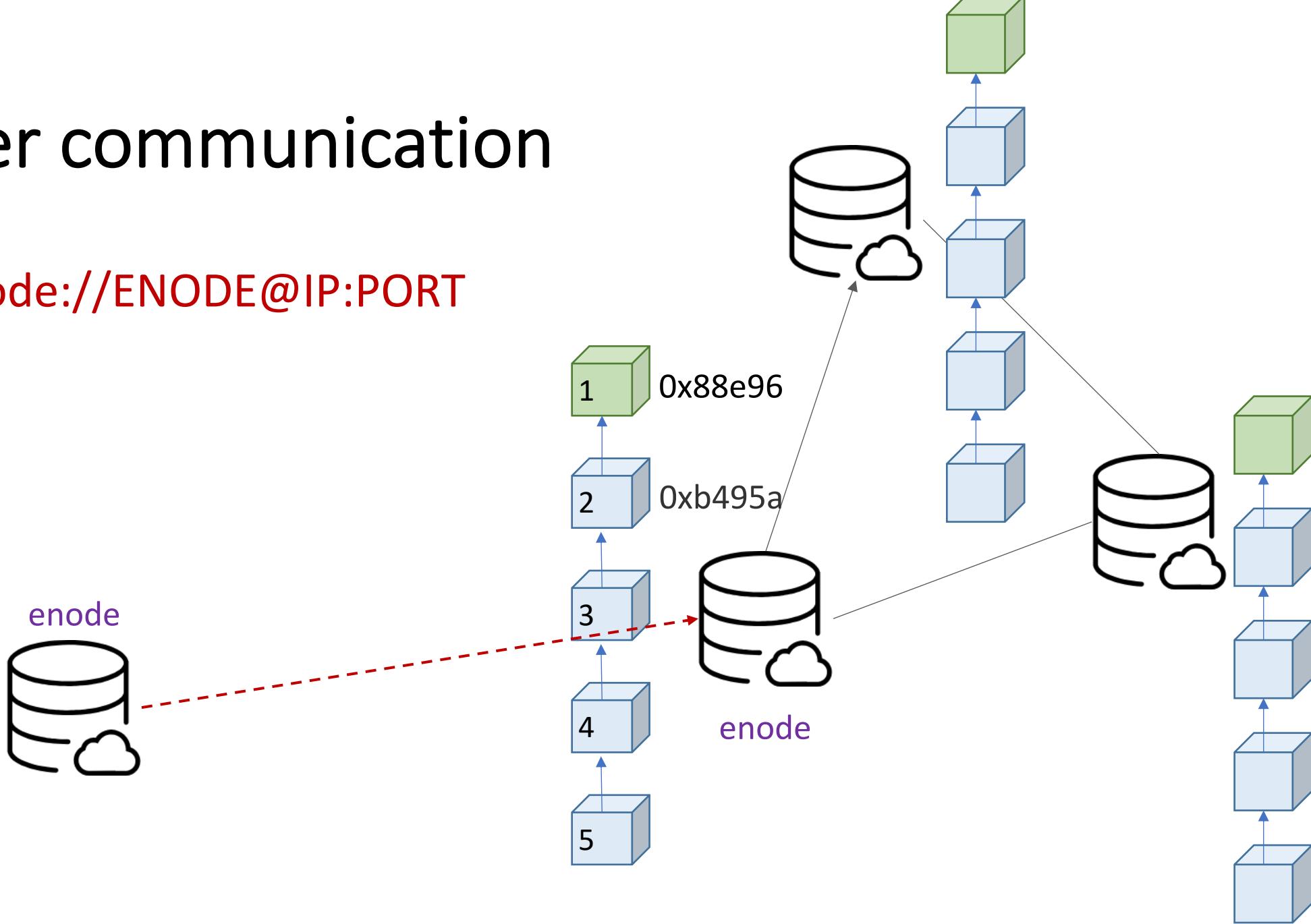
- Hardcode
- DNS

```
var MainnetBootnodes = []string{
    // Ethereum Foundation Go Bootnodes
    "enode://a979fb575495b8d6db44f750317d0f4622bf4c2aa3365d6af7c284339968eef29b69ad0dce72a4d8db5ebb4968de0e3bec910127f134779fbcb0c
    b6d3331163c@52.16.188.185:30303", // IE
    "enode://3f1d12044546b76342d59d4a05532c14b85aa669704bfe1f864fe079415aa2c02d743e03218e57a33fb94523adb54032871a6c51b2cc5514cb7c7
    e35b3ed0a99@13.93.211.84:30303", // US-WEST
    "enode://78de8a0916848093c73790ead81d1928bec737d565119932b98c6b100d944b7a95e94f847f689fc723399d2e31129d182f7ef3863f2b4c820abbf
    3ab2722344d@191.235.84.50:30303", // BR
    "enode://158f8aab45f6d19c6cbf4a089c2670541a8da11978a2f90dbf6a502a4a3bab80d288afdbeb7ec0ef6d92de563767f3b1ea9e8e334ca711e9f8e2d
    f5a0385e8e6@13.75.154.138:30303", // AU
    "enode://1118980bf48b0a3640bdb04e0fe78b1add18e1cd99bf22d53daac1fd9972ad650df52176e7c7d89d1114cfef2bc23a2959aa54998a46afc7d91
    809f0855082@52.74.57.123:30303", // SG

    // Ethereum Foundation C++ Bootnodes
    "enode://979b7fa28feeb35a4741660a16076f1943202cb72b6af70d327f053e248bab9ba81760f39d0701ef1d8f89cc1fb02cacba0710a12cd5314d5e0c9
    021aa3637f9@5.1.83.226:30303", // DE
}
```

# Peer communication

- enode://ENODE@IP:PORT



# Bootnode command

```
$ cd go-ethereum  
$ make all  
$ cd build/bin  
  
// bootnode command  
$ bootnode -nodekeyhex [privkey] -writeaddress  
  
// example  
$ bootnode -nodekeyhex af713077fa1244509d9872b989f7776e428a0a6af4a77f83deabd15d80ec869 -writeaddress  
f6449e7acaef2a59c2bb269260a89f6782c58976abf94ea3f01f67e6693b795cb2ec1287678f3ea615004f5993e78b0fe7e8739ffe2ac3  
2a7fbdb5cbf62f81ef
```

enode://**ENODE@IP:PORT**

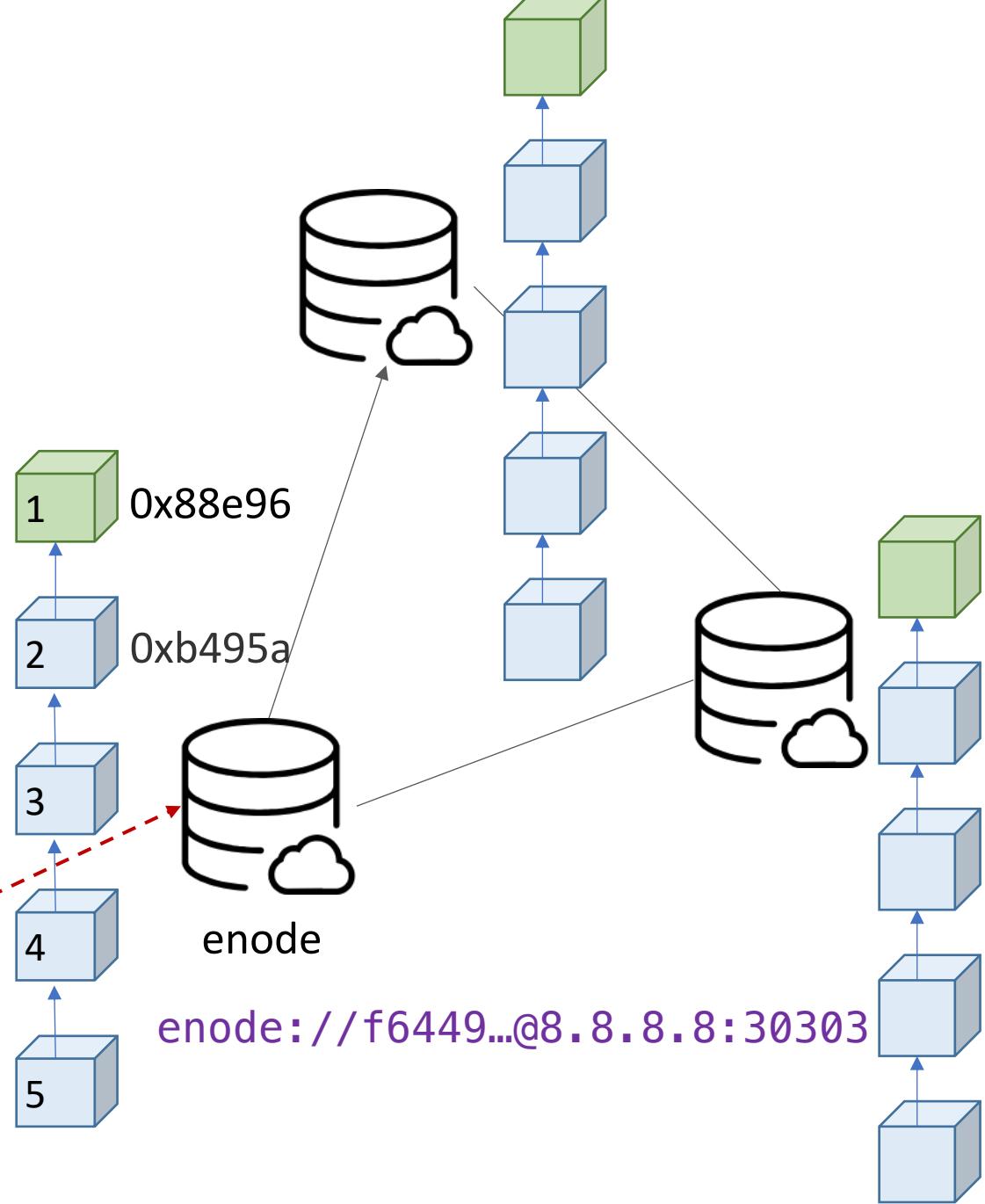
```
enode://f6449e7acaef2a59c2bb269260a89f6782c58976abf94ea3f01f67e6693b795cb2ec1287678f  
3ea615004f5993e78b0fe7e8739ffe2ac32a7fbdb5cbf62f81ef@8.8.8.8:30303
```

# Peer communication

- enode://ENODE@IP:PORT

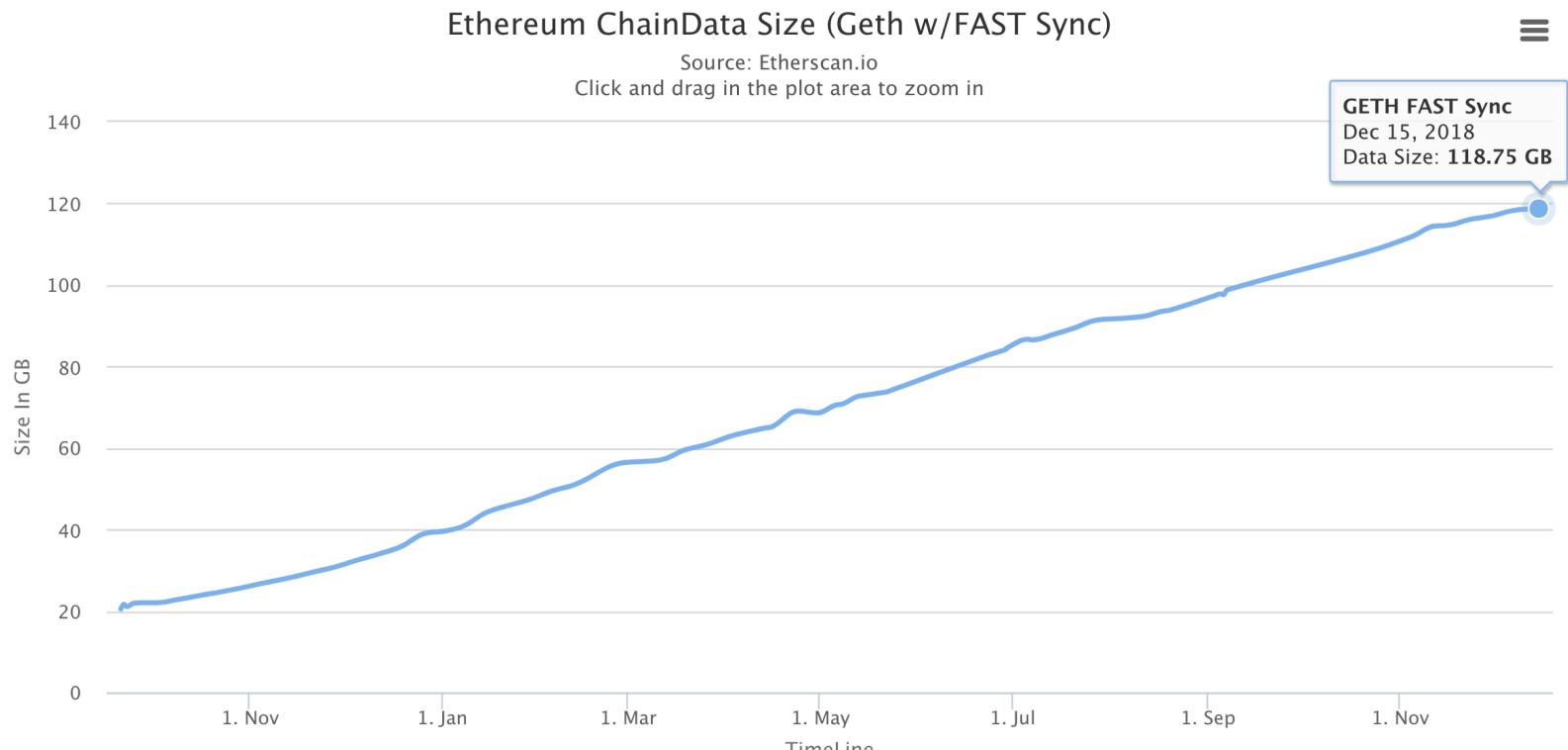
enode://76ae9...@1.2.3.4:30303

enode

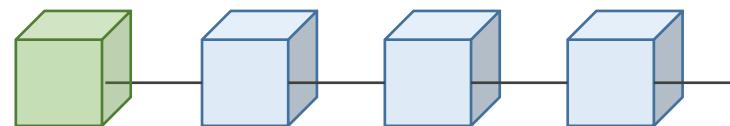


# geth modes

- Disk: **SSD**
- **--syncmode**
  - **fast**
  - full
  - light
- **--gcmode**
  - **full**
  - archive



Get block headers and block bodies until current block - 64(\*)



# geth

```
$ geth --syncmode "full" --gcmode "archive" --rpc --rpcapi  
"db,eth,net,web3,personal" --cache=1024 --rpcport 8545 --rpcaddr 0.0.0.0 -  
--rpccorsdomain "*"  
  
$ geth --testnet --rpc --rpcapi "db,eth,net,web3,personal" --cache=1024 --  
rpcport 8545 --rpcaddr 0.0.0.0 --rpccorsdomain "*"
```

- Full + archive node
  - History
  - Present state
  - All historical states

# Chain types

- mainnet
- ropsten
- rinkeby
  - (Proof-of-Authority network)

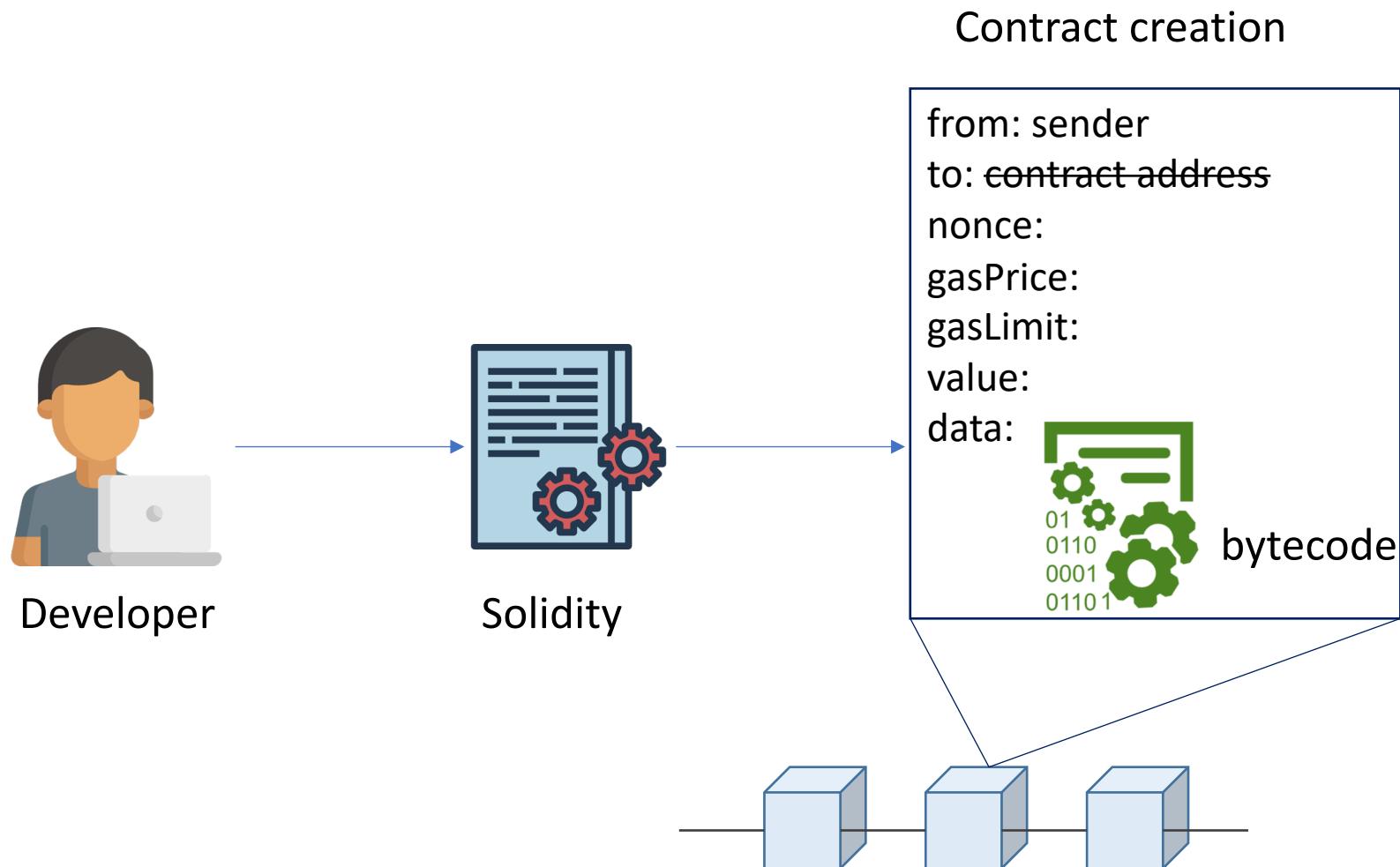
- 0: Olympic, Ethereum public pre-release testnet
- 1: Frontier, Homestead, Metropolis, the Ethereum public main network
- 1: Classic, the (un)forked public Ethereum Classic main network, *chain ID 61*
- 1: Expanse, an alternative Ethereum implementation, *chain ID 2*
- 2: Morden, the public Ethereum testnet, now Ethereum Classic testnet
- 3: Ropsten, the public cross-client Ethereum testnet
- 4: Rinkeby, the public Geth PoA testnet

# Comparison of the different TestNets

- Ropsten
  - PoW
  - Supported by geth and parity
  - Best reproduces the current production environment
  - Chaindata size 15 GB - Apr 2018
- Kovan
  - PoA (Immune to spam attacks)
  - Supported by parity only
  - Chaindata size 13 GB - Apr 2018
- Rinkeby
  - PoA (Immune to spam attacks)
  - Supported by geth only
  - Chaindata size 6 GB - Apr 2018
- Sokol
  - PoA (Immune to spam attacks)
  - Supported by parity only
  - Chaindata size 5gb - Jun 2018

testnet 資料會定期清空  
千萬不要用於 production

# Contract development

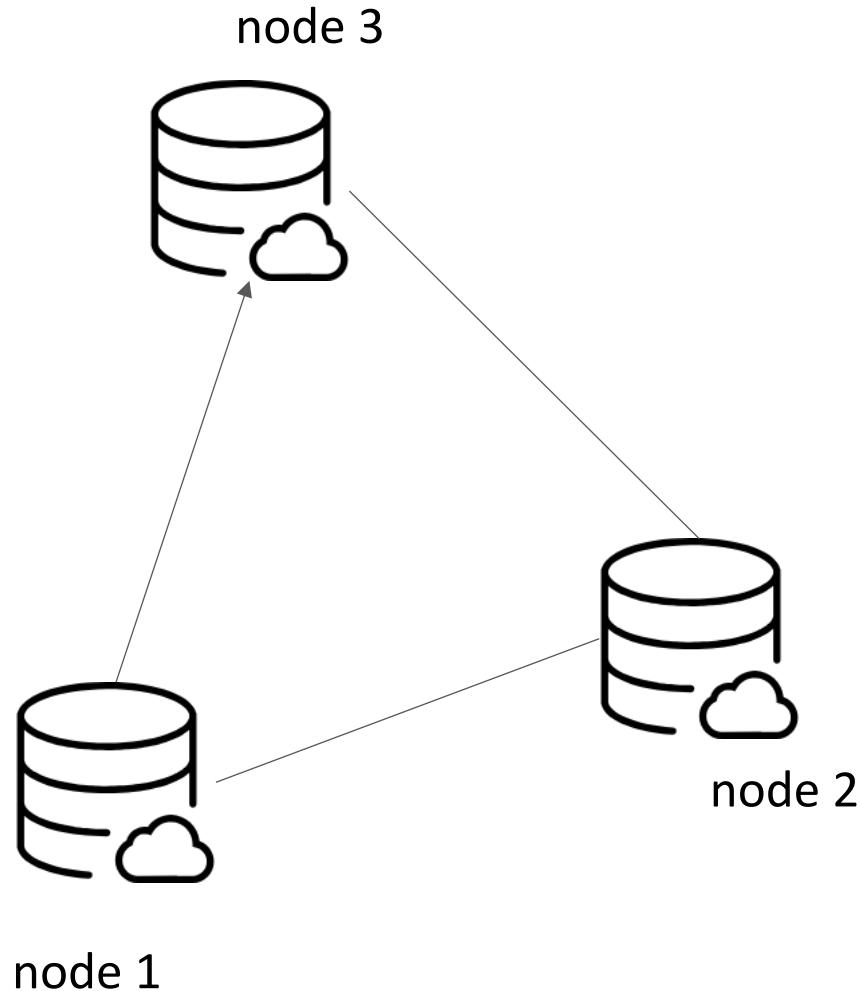


1. Solidity version
2. Contract vulnerability
3. Enough funds
4. Reasonable gas price
5. Node management
6. Contract maintenance
7. Data migration
8. Data confidentiality
9. Data privacy
10. External event
11. Optimized gas usage
12. Test

# Private net

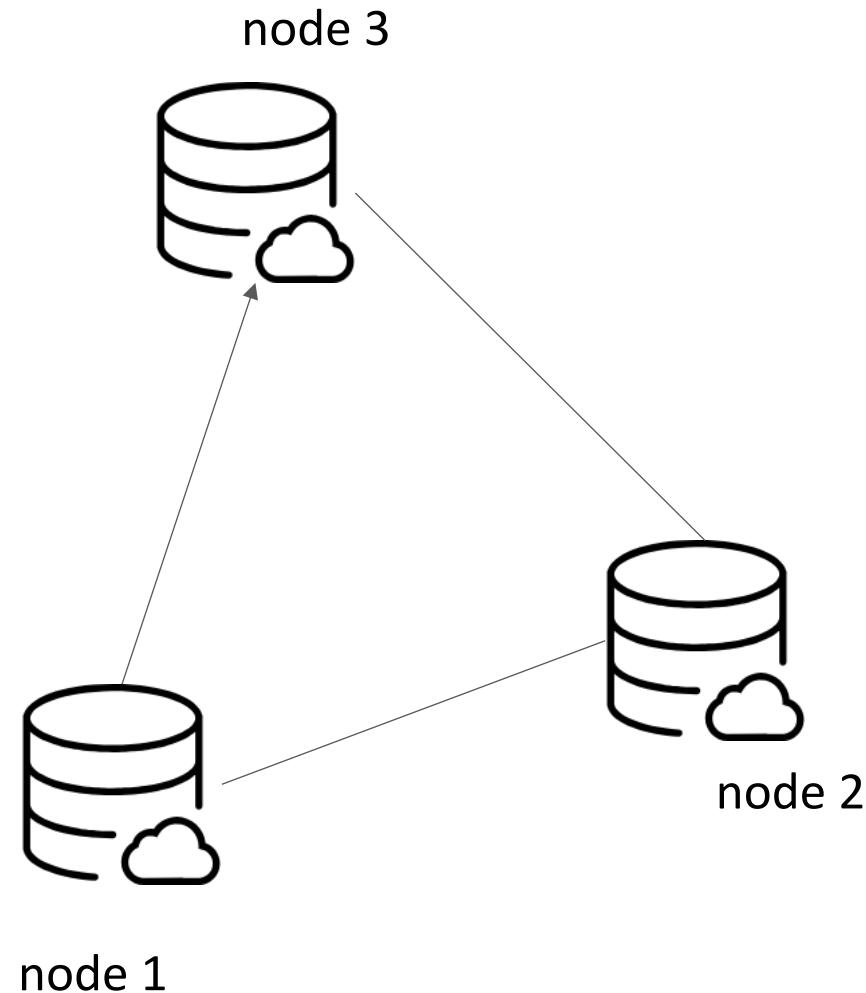
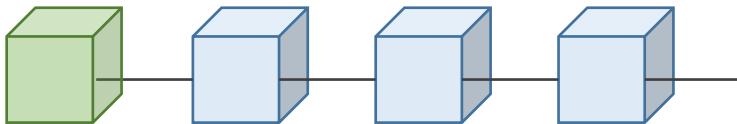
# 以太坊私有链

- 客製化的私有鏈
- 實驗
- 挖礦難度較易且可設定



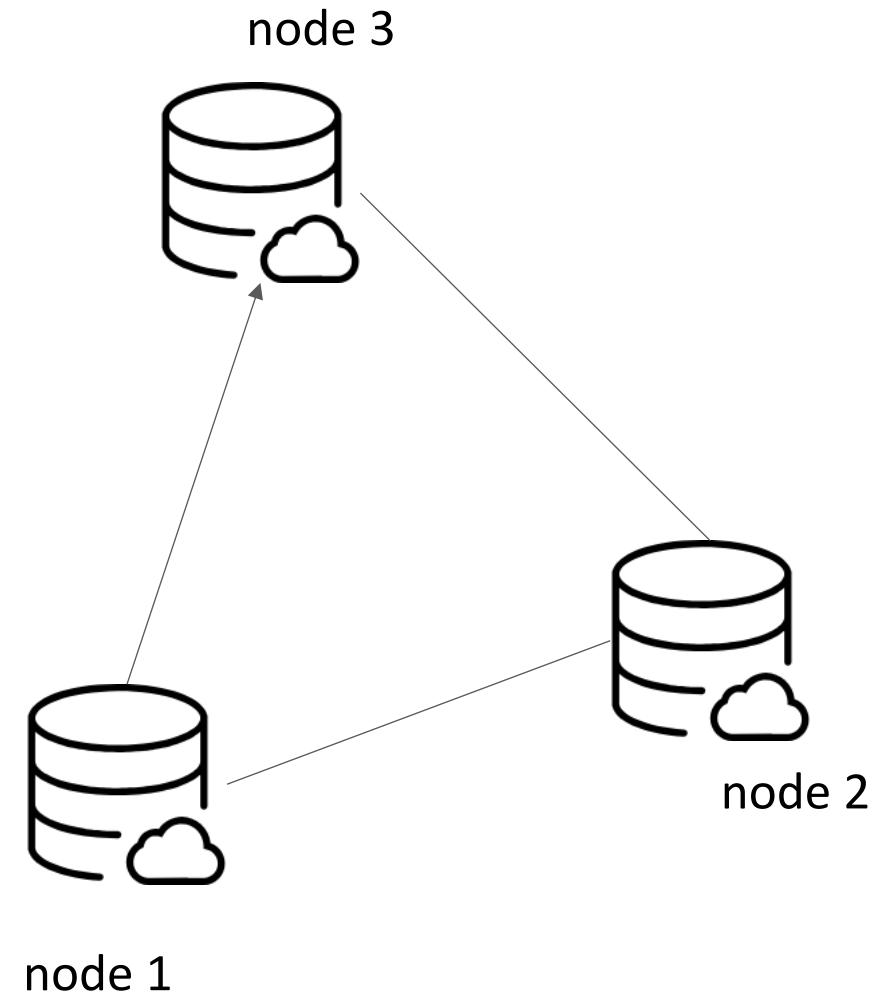
# 環境設定

- 三台機器
- 創世區塊(gensis block)設定相同
- geth client



# 檔案目錄

```
.  
├── genesis.json  
└── node1  
    └── node2  
  
2 directories, 1 file
```



# genesis.json

# 初始化 node1

```
$ geth --datadir node1 init genesis.json
```

```
$ geth --datadir node1 init genesis.json
INFO [12-18|21:37:55.025] Maximum peer count
INFO [12-18|21:37:55.035] Allocated cache and file handles
h/chaindata cache=16 handles=16
INFO [12-18|21:37:55.041] Writing custom genesis block
INFO [12-18|21:37:55.042] Persisted trie from memory database
e=0.00B gctime=0s livenodes=1 livesize=0.00B
INFO [12-18|21:37:55.043] Successfully wrote genesis state
      hash=d7b205...1e165a
INFO [12-18|21:37:55.043] Allocated cache and file handles
h/lightchaindata cache=16 handles=16
INFO [12-18|21:37:55.047] Writing custom genesis block
INFO [12-18|21:37:55.047] Persisted trie from memory database
e=0.00B gctime=0s livenodes=1 livesize=0.00B
INFO [12-18|21:37:55.048] Successfully wrote genesis state
      hash=d7b205...1e165a
```

```
ETH=25 LES=0 total=25
database=/Users/changwu/nccu-course/nodes/node1/geth/chaindata
nodes=3 size=414.00B time=384.218µs gcnodes=0 gcsiz
database=chaindata
database=/Users/changwu/nccu-course/nodes/node1/geth/lightchaindata
nodes=3 size=414.00B time=104.212µs gcnodes=0 gcsiz
database=lightchaindata
```

# 初始化 node2

```
$ geth --datadir node2 init genesis.json
```

```
$ geth --datadir node2 init genesis.json
INFO [12-18|21:39:41.963] Maximum peer count
INFO [12-18|21:39:41.974] Allocated cache and file handles
h/chaindata cache=16 handles=16
INFO [12-18|21:39:41.977] Writing custom genesis block
INFO [12-18|21:39:41.978] Persisted trie from memory database
=0.00B gctime=0s livenodes=1 livesize=0.00B
INFO [12-18|21:39:41.978] Successfully wrote genesis state
    hash=d7b205...1e165a
INFO [12-18|21:39:41.978] Allocated cache and file handles
h/lightchaindata cache=16 handles=16
INFO [12-18|21:39:41.982] Writing custom genesis block
INFO [12-18|21:39:41.983] Persisted trie from memory database
=0.00B gctime=0s livenodes=1 livesize=0.00B
INFO [12-18|21:39:41.983] Successfully wrote genesis state
    hash=d7b205...1e165a
```

```
ETH=25 LES=0 total=25
database=/Users/changwu/nccu-course/nodes/node2/get
nodes=3 size=414.00B time=94.999µs gcnodes=0 gcsiz
database=chaindata
database=/Users/changwu/nccu-course/nodes/node2/get
nodes=3 size=414.00B time=100.576µs gcnodes=0 gcsiz
database=lightchaindata
```

# 建立帳號 node1

```
$ geth --datadir "node1" account new
```

```
$ geth --datadir "node1" account new
```

```
INFO [12-18|21:48:39.434] Maximum peer count          ETH=25 LES=0 total=25
Your new account is locked with a password. Please give a password. Do not forget this password.
Passphrase:
Repeat passphrase:
Address: {3eaff2c7bd8bb391fc843fdc7eb55d02c4a5aa35}
```

# 建立帳號 node2

```
$ geth --datadir "node2" account new
```

```
$ geth --datadir "node2" account new
INFO [12-18|21:48:48.789] Maximum peer count          ETH=25 LES=0 total=25
Your new account is locked with a password. Please give a password. Do not forget this password.
Passphrase:
Repeat passphrase:

Address: {55d07fd4da7b887817331c219219cc951301dfe1}
```

# 啟動 geth (node1)

```
$ geth --identity "node1" --datadir "node1" --rpc --rpcport 7788 --  
rpccorsdomain "*" --port 30301 --nodiscover --rpcapi  
"db,eth,net,web3,personal" --networkid 1234 console
```

identity	給予當前節點命名
port	P2P 通訊 port
rpc	啟用 rpc
rpcapi	允許 client 使用的 rpc module
networkid	網路 ID
console	命令列模式

# 啟動 geth (node2)

```
$ geth --identity "node2" --datadir "node2" --rpc --rpcport 5566 --  
rpccorsdomain "*" --port 30302 --nodiscover --rpcapi  
"db,eth,net,web3,personal" --networkid 1234 console
```

identity	給予當前節點命名
port	P2P 通訊 port
rpc	啟用 rpc
rpcapi	允許 client 使用的 rpc module
networkid	網路 ID
console	命令列模式

# 查看節點帳號

```
(node1)
> eth.coinbase
"0x3eaff2c7bd8bb391fc843fdc7eb55d02c4a5aa35"

(node2)
> eth.coinbase
"0x55d07fd4da7b887817331c219219cc951301dfe1"
```

# 查看連接的節點

```
> admin.peers  
[]
```

因為目前沒有任何連接數，所以為空

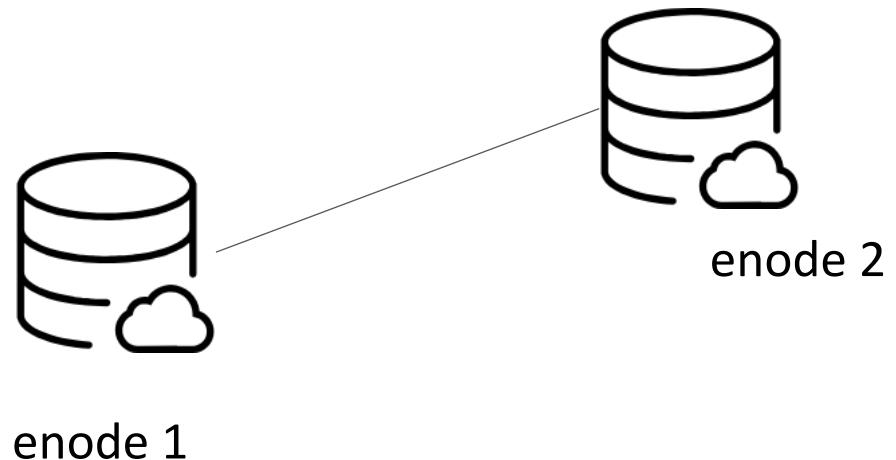
# 取得 node2 的 enode ID

```
(node2)
> admin.nodeInfo.enode
"enode://c7b938c499881ac1d0dfd29cb37a0c67f93e6811b6a0b0f0093fd9d81e5fd08ed
56670f689ea79e9af22f7c17da8e8323234dc26b23099e9fe2ad1b556af116a@[::]:30302
?discport=0"
```

enode://c7b938c499881ac1d0dfd29cb37a0c67f93e6811b6a0b0f0093fd9d81e5
fd08ed56670f689ea79e9af22f7c17da8e8323234dc26b23099e9fe2ad1b556af11
6a@127.0.0.1:30302

# Connect node 1 with node 2

```
>  
admin.addPeer("enode://c7b938c499881ac1d0dfd29cb37a0c67f93e6811b6a0b0f0093  
fd9d81e5fd08ed56670f689ea79e9af22f7c17da8e8323234dc26b23099e9fe2ad1b556af1  
16a@127.0.0.1:30302")  
true
```



# 查看連接的節點

```
(node1)
> admin.peers
[{
  caps: ["eth/63"],
  id:
"c7b938c499881ac1d0dfd29cb37a0c67f93e6811b6a0b0f0093fd9d81e5fd08ed56670f689ea79e9af22f7c17da8e832
3234dc26b23099e9fe2ad1b556af116a",
  name: "Geth/node2/v1.8.16-unstable-62e94895/darwin-amd64/go1.11",
  network: {
    inbound: false,
    localAddress: "127.0.0.1:51246",
    remoteAddress: "127.0.0.1:30302",
    static: true,
    trusted: false
  },
  protocols: {
    eth: {
      difficulty: 17179869184,
      head: "0xd4e56740f876aef8c010b86a40d5f56745a118d0906a34e69aec8c0db1cb8fa3",
      version: 63
    }
  }
}]
>
```

# 查看區塊數目

```
(node1)
> eth.blockNumber
0
```

# 查看帳戶餘額

```
(node1)
> web3.fromWei(eth.getBalance(eth.accounts[0]), "ether")
0
```

```
(node1)
> web3.fromWei(eth.getBalance("0xb36fc7a57bbbc5ba62a51427acb6ad37bc8be4a0"), "ether")
10000
```

# 啟動挖礦

```
> miner.start()
INFO [12-18|22:43:41.865] Updated mining threads threads=4
INFO [12-18|22:43:41.865] Transaction pool price threshold updated price=1000000000
null
> INFO [12-18|22:43:41.866] Commit new mining work number=1 sealhash=27e1aa...6f5a0d
uncles=0 txs=0 gas=0 fees=0 elapsed=677.102µs
INFO [12-18|22:43:42.453] Successfully sealed new block number=1 sealhash=27e1aa...6f5a0d
hash=f36304...0090fc elapsed=587.048ms
INFO [12-18|22:43:42.453] 🚨 mined potential block number=1 hash=f36304...0090fc
INFO [12-18|22:43:42.453] Commit new mining work number=2 sealhash=46eed2...58fc64 uncles=0
txs=0 gas=0 fees=0 elapsed=242.039µs
INFO [12-18|22:43:43.557] Successfully sealed new block number=2 sealhash=46eed2...58fc64
hash=8b2f4f...f39249 elapsed=1.104s
```

# attach to node1

```
$ geth attach http://127.0.0.1:5566
Welcome to the Geth JavaScript console!

instance: Geth/node2/v1.8.16-unstable-62e94895/darwin-amd64/go1.11
coinbase: 0x55d07fd4da7b887817331c219219cc951301dfe1
at block: 38 (Tue, 18 Dec 2018 22:44:25 CST)
modules: eth:1.0 net:1.0 personal:1.0 rpc:1.0 web3:1.0

>
```

# attach to node2

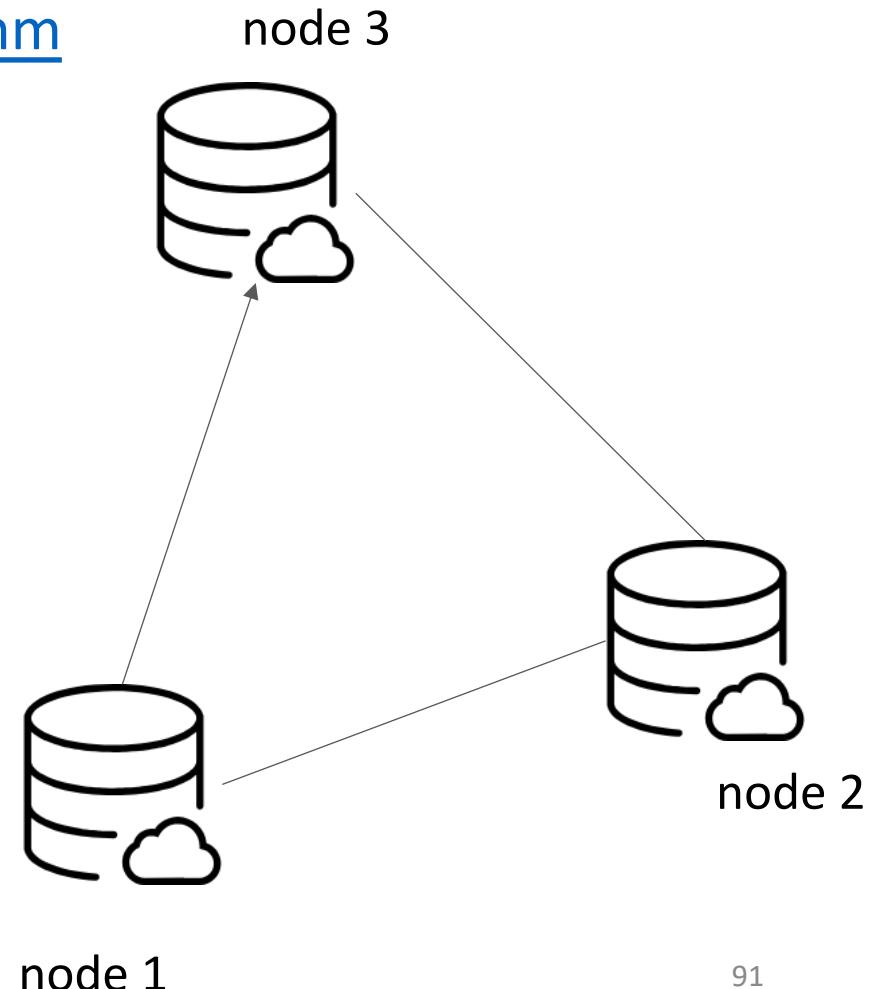
```
$ geth attach http://127.0.0.1:7788
Welcome to the Geth JavaScript console!

instance: Geth/node1/v1.8.16-unstable-62e94895/darwin-amd64/go1.11
coinbase: 0x3eaff2c7bd8bb391fc843fdc7eb55d02c4a5aa35
at block: 29 (Tue, 18 Dec 2018 22:44:15 CST)
modules: eth:1.0 net:1.0 personal:1.0 rpc:1.0 web3:1.0

>
```

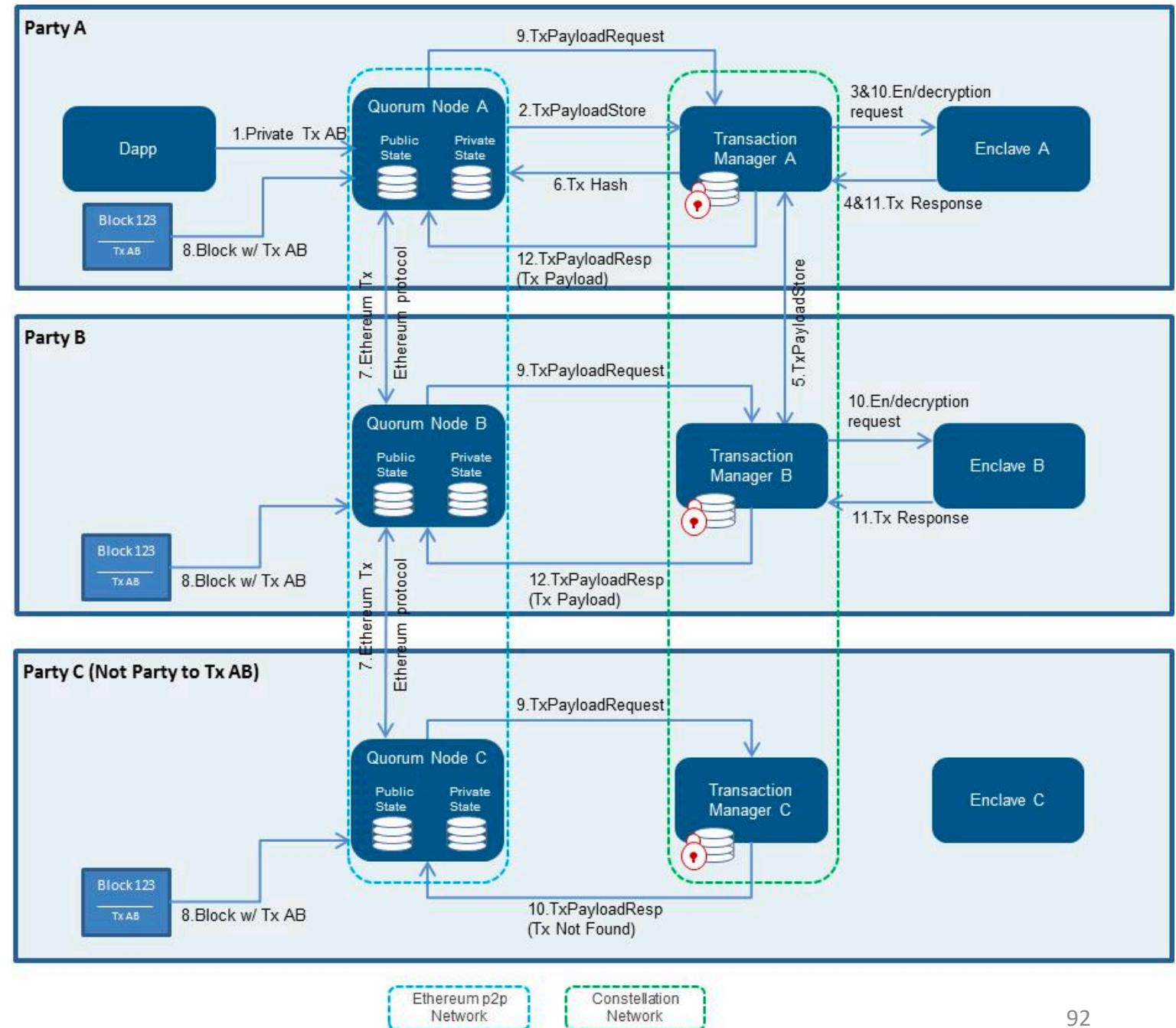
# Clique

- <https://ethfans.org/posts/Clique-Consensus-Algorithm>
- 不同共識演算法，非 PoW
- 輪流出塊
- 認證節點 (block proposer)
- 非認證節點 (only sync block)



# quorum

- 企業私有鏈



# References

- <https://feelnCut.com/2018/03/05/102.html>
- [https://arvanaghi.com/blog/how-to-set-up-a-private-ethereum-blockchain-using-  
geth/](https://arvanaghi.com/blog/how-to-set-up-a-private-ethereum-blockchain-using-geth/)
- <https://arvanaghi.com/blog/explaining-the-genesis-block-in-ethereum/>

# devcon4 workshop

- <http://www.cryptokube.io/>
- Slide
  - <http://www.cryptokube.io/Devcon4-ArchitectingWithEthereum.pdf>
- Exercise
  - <https://github.com/CryptoKube-io/devcon4-workshop#exercises>

# Blockchain as a Service

- Run your own Ethereum node
  - <https://kaleido.io/>
  - <https://quiknode.io/>
- Decentralized P2P network
  - <https://dappnode.io/>

# Book

- <https://github.com/ethereumbook/ethereumbook>

# Trie nodes

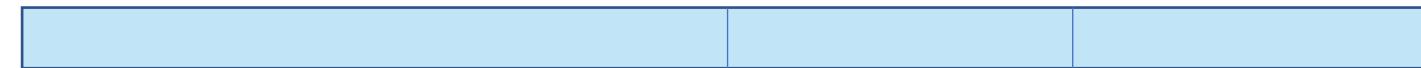
- **NULL** (represented as the empty string)
- **Branch** A 17-item node [ v0 ... v15, vt ]
- **Leaf** A 2-item node [ encodedPath, value ]
- **Extension** A 2-item node [ encodedPath, key ]

# RLP

- RLP ("recursive length prefix") encoding is the main encoding method used to serialize objects in Ethereum, and is used everywhere
  - Blocks
  - Transactions
  - Account state data
  - Wire protocol messages
- Encoding/decoding

# RLP

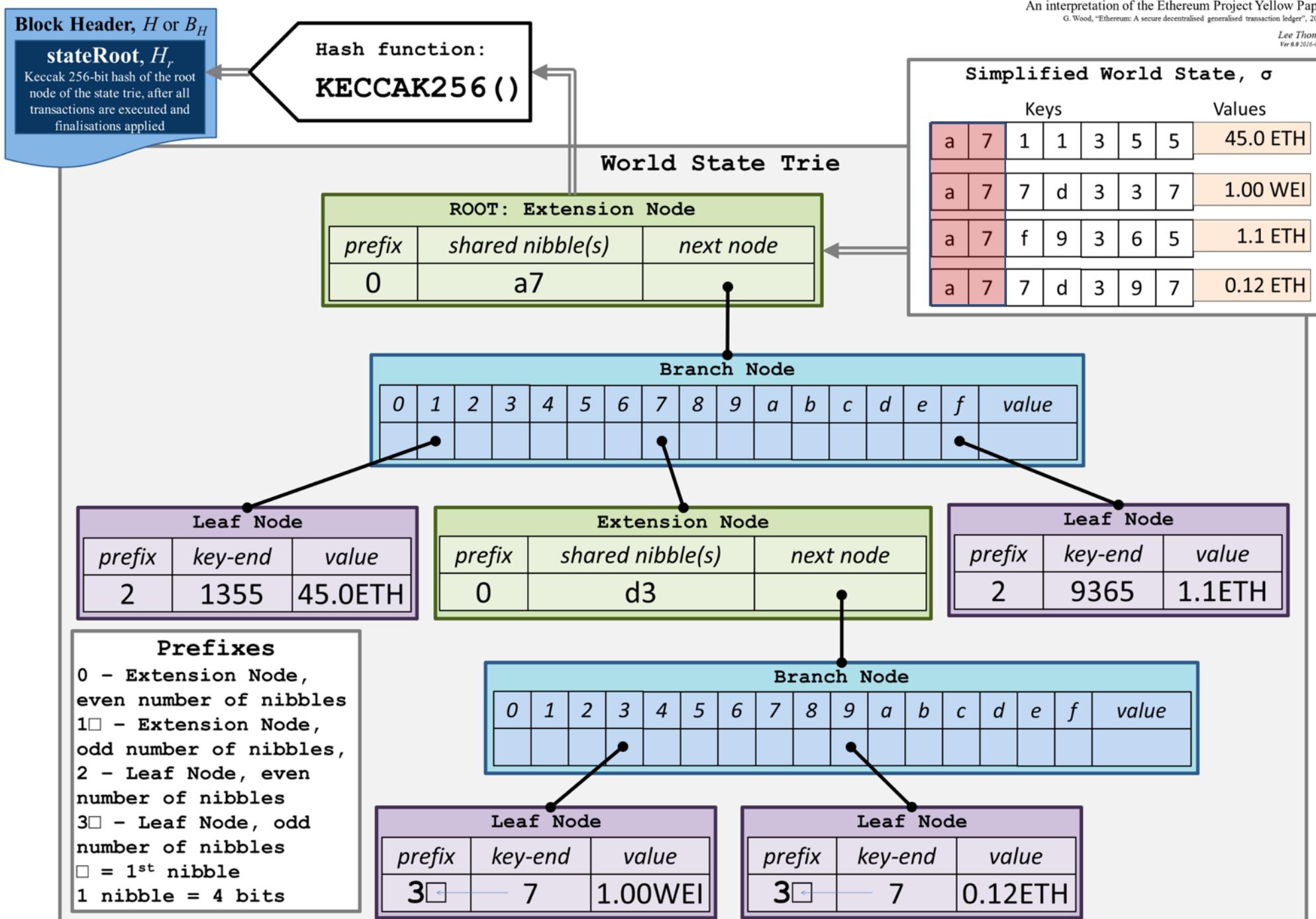
0 (0x00)	127 (0x7f)	191 (0xbf)	255 (0xff)
----------	------------	------------	------------

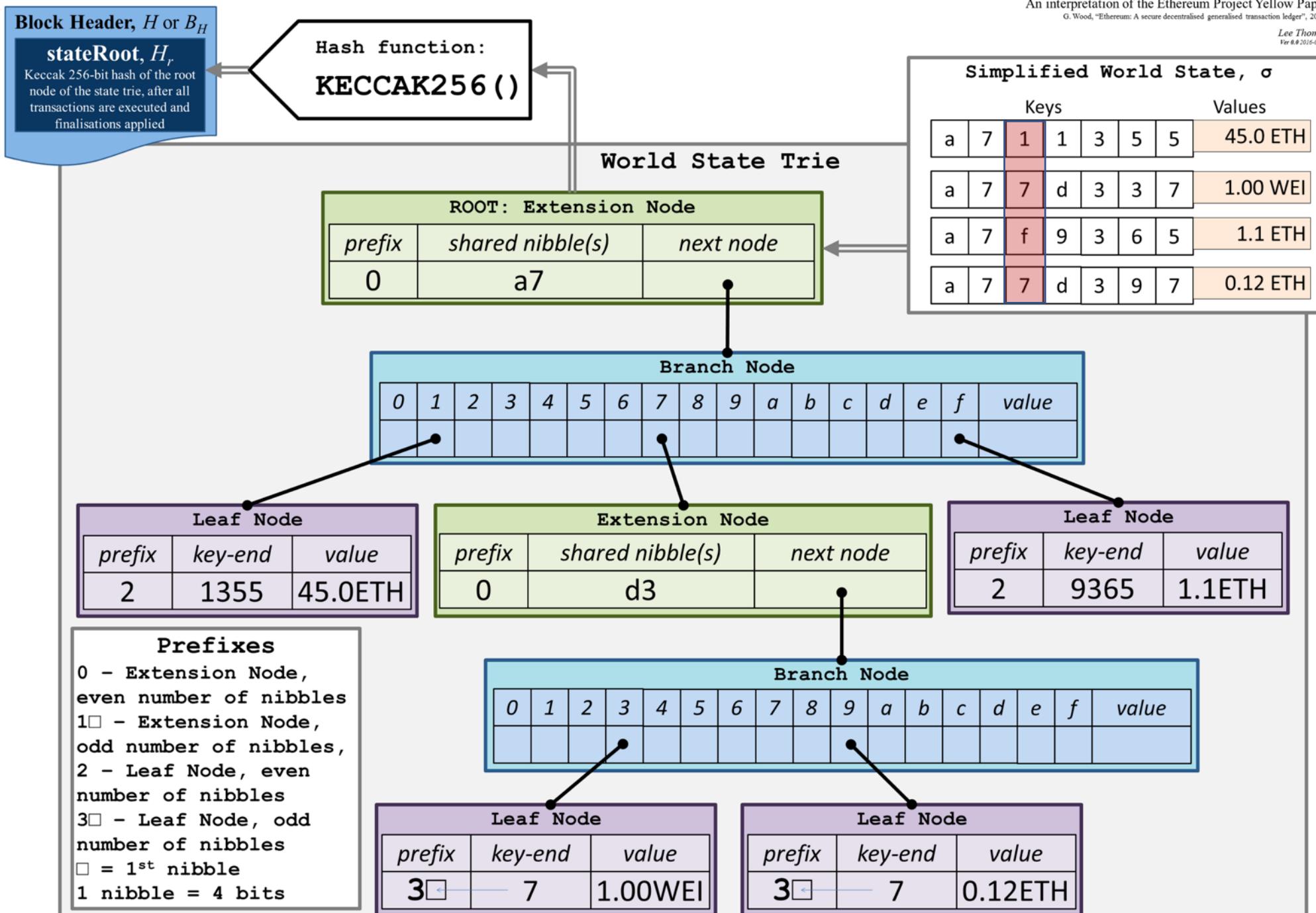


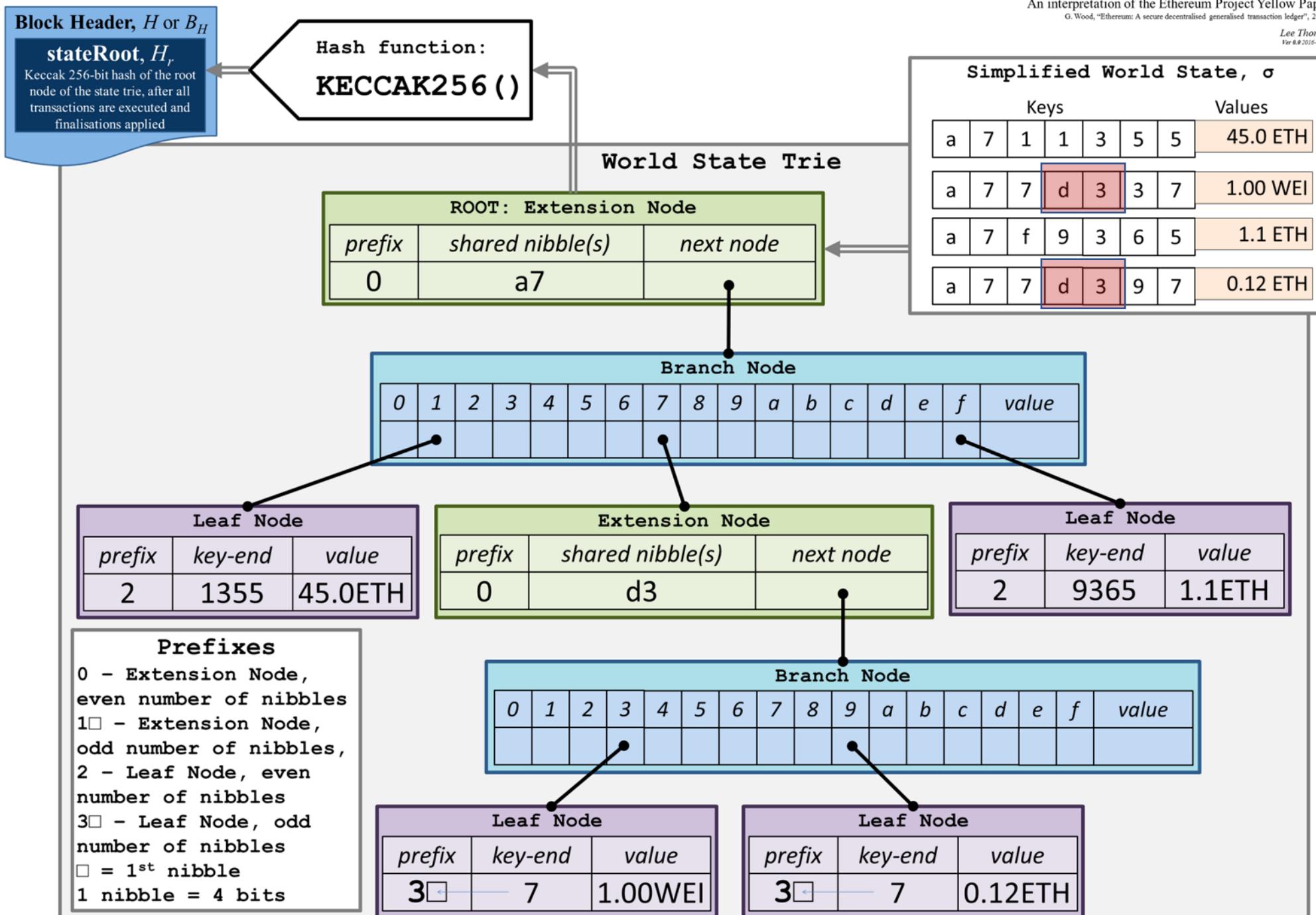
- [0x00, 0x7f]: byte
  - [0x80, 0xbf]: string
  - [0xc0, 0xff]: list
- 
- The string "dog" = [ 0x83, 'd', 'o', 'g' ]
  - The list [ "cat", "dog" ] = [ 0xc8, 0x83, 'c', 'a', 't', 0x83, 'd', 'o', 'g' ]
  - The empty list = [ 0xc0 ]
  - The integer 0 = [ 0x80 ]
  - The empty string ('null') = [ 0x80 ]
  - The byte('') = [ 0x80 ]

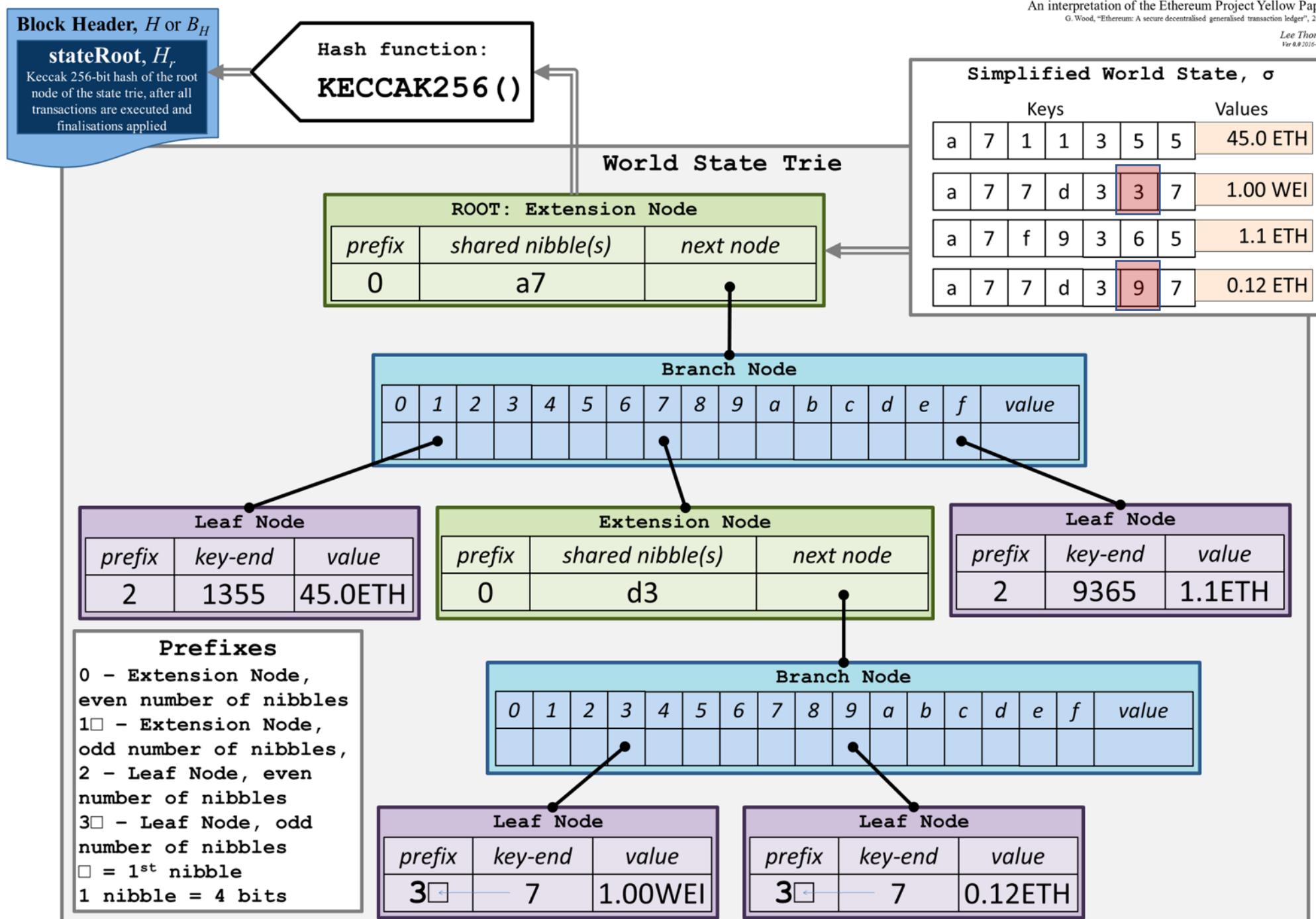
# RLP

	2-55 byte	> 55 byte
• [0x00, 0x7f]: byte	Prefix (type) + length	Prefix (type)   length
• [0x80, 0xbf]: string		
• [0xc0, 0xff]: list		
• The string “taiwan”	$0x86 = 0x80 + 0x06$	
• [ 0x86, 0x74, 0x61, 0x69, 0x77, 0x61, 0x6e]		
• The list ['nccu', 'taiwan']	$0xcc = 0xc0 + 0x0c$	
• [0xcc, 0x84, 0x6e, 0x63, 0x63, 0x75, 0x86, 0x74, 0x61, 0x69, 0x77, 0x61, 0x6e ]		
• The string with 256 “a”, “aaaaaaaa....aaaaa”	$0xb9 = 0xb7 + 0x02$	
• [0xb9, 0x01, 0x00, 0x61, ..., 0x61]		









# Smart contract

# Greeter contract

```
contract mortal {
    /* Define variable owner of the type address*/
    address owner;

    /* this function is executed at initialization and sets the owner of the contract */
    function mortal() { owner = msg.sender; }

    /* Function to recover the funds on the contract */
    function kill() { if (msg.sender == owner) suicide(owner); }
}

contract greeter is mortal {
    /* define variable greeting of the type string */
    string greeting;
    /* this runs when the contract is executed */
    function greeter(string _greeting) public {
        greeting = _greeting;
    }

    /* main function */
    function greet() constant returns (string) {
        return greeting;
    }
}
```

# Remix IDE

Chang-Wu

Secure | <https://remix.ethereum.org/#optimize=false&version=soljson-v0.4.23+commit.124ca40d.js>

browser/ballot.sol

```
pragma solidity ^0.4.15;
contract mortal {
    /* Define variable owner of the type address */
    address owner;
    /* This function is executed at initialization and sets the owner of the contract */
    function mortal() { owner = msg.sender; }
    /* Function to recover the funds on the contract */
    function kill() { if (msg.sender == owner) selfdestruct(owner); }
}
contract greeter is mortal {
    /* Define variable greeting of the type string */
    string greeting;
    /* This runs when the contract is executed */
    function greeter(string _greeting) public {
        greeting = _greeting;
    }
    /* Main function */
    function greet() constant returns (string) {
        return greeting;
    }
}
```

Compile Run Settings Analysis Debugger Support

Start to compile Auto compile

greeter Details Publish on Swarm

Static Analysis raised 2 warning(s) that require fixing

browser/ballot.sol:8:5: Warning: Defining constructor function mortal() { owner = msg.sender; }

browser/ballot.sol:19:5: Warning: Defining constructor function greeter(string \_greeting) public {

Relevant source part starts here and spans

browser/ballot.sol:8:5: Warning: No visibility specified for function mortal() { owner = msg.sender; }

browser/ballot.sol:11:5: Warning: No visibility specified for function kill() { if (msg.sender == owner) selfdestruct(owner); }

合約原始碼



# Web3 deploy code

```
var _greeting = "NCCU";
var greeterContract =
web3.eth.contract([{"constant":false,"inputs":[],"name":"kill","outputs":[],"payable":false,"stateMutability":"nonpayable","type":"function"}, {"constant":true,"inputs":[],"name":"greet","outputs":[{"name":"","type":"string"}],"payable":false,"stateMutability":"view","type":"function"}, {"inputs":[{"name":"_greeting","type":"string"}],"payable":false,"stateMutability":"nonpayable","type":"constructor"}]);
var greeter = greeterContract.new(
  _greeting,
  {
    from: web3.eth.accounts[0],
    data: '-----[BYTECODE]-----',
    gas: '4700000'
  }, function (e, contract){
    console.log(e, contract);
    if (typeof contract.address !== 'undefined') {
      console.log('Contract mined! address: ' + contract.address + ' transactionHash: ' +
contract.transactionHash);
    }
  })

```

# Deploy and get mined

```
1. geth attach /var/folders/x8/gs3w34_n4wx6cmrp35b_q4r40000gn/T/geth.ipc (geth)
×      geth (geth)   ●  %%1  ×      geth (geth)   %%2
820380516001836020036101000a031916815260200191505b509250505060405180910390f35b6000809054906101000a900473ffffffffffff
ffffffffff1673ffffffffffff163373ffffffffffff1673ffffffffffff16ff5
b565b606060018054600181600116156101000203166002900480601f0160208091040260200160405190810160405280929190818152602001828054
600181600116156101000203166002900480156102215780601f106101f657610100808354040283529160200191610221565b8201919060005260206
00020905b81548152906001019060200180831161020457829003601f168201915b50505050509050905600a165627a7a723058205aa75599fe31344a
4b01e86e9fa09a234ec5fd56ea5d31c48ba38b138cc4ab340029',
.....      gas: '4700000'
.....      }, function (e, contract){
.....      console.log(e, contract);
.....      if (typeof contract.address !== 'undefined') {
.....          console.log('Contract mined! address: ' + contract.address + ' transactionHash: ' + contract.transactionHash);
.....      }
.....  })
null [object Object]
undefined
> null [object Object]
Contract mined! address: 0xfbdb8e2427c9dcfe4df275d24615d850e8942900d transactionHash: 0xa570a60431fad2e1b0f8be357764e92afb
5dfcbb6a471133e2885fbcd09b6c04a
> _
```

# Contract ABI

```
1. geth attach /var/folders/x8/gs3w34_n4wx6cmrp35b_q4r40000gn/T/geth.ipc (geth)
  ×  geth (geth)  ● ⌘1  ×  geth (geth)  ⌘2
> greeter.abi
[{
    constant: false,
    inputs: [],
    name: "kill",
    outputs: [],
    payable: false,
    stateMutability: "nonpayable",
    type: "function"
}, {
    constant: true,
    inputs: [],
    name: "greet",
    outputs: [
        {
            name: "",
            type: "string"
        }
    ],
    payable: false,
    stateMutability: "view",
    type: "function"
}, {
    inputs: [{

    }]
```

# Contract address



```
1. geth attach /var/folders/x8/gs3w34_n4wx6cmrp35b_q4r40000gn/T/geth.ipc (geth)
×      geth (geth)   ⌘1      geth (geth)   ⌘2
> greeter.address
"0xfbdb8e2427c9dcfe4df275d24615d850e8942900d"
> _
```

# Greeter contract

1. 有幾個合約函數?
2. 那個要花 gas 那個不用?

```
contract mortal {  
    /* Define variable owner of the type address*/  
    address owner;  
  
    /* this function is executed at initialization and sets the owner of the contract */  
    function mortal() { owner = msg.sender; }  
  
    /* Function to recover the funds on the contract */  
    function kill() { if (msg.sender == owner) suicide(owner); }  
}  
  
contract greeter is mortal {  
    /* define variable greeting of the type string */  
    string greeting;  
    /* this runs when the contract is executed */  
    function greeter(string _greeting) public {  
        greeting = _greeting;  
    }  
  
    /* main function */  
    function greet() constant returns (string) {  
        return greeting;  
    }  
}
```

# Greeter contract

```
contract mortal {
    /* Define variable owner of the type address*/
    address owner;

    /* this function is executed at initialization and sets the owner of the contract */
    function mortal() { owner = msg.sender; }

    /* Function to recover the funds on the contract */
    function kill() { if (msg.sender == owner) suicide(owner); }
}

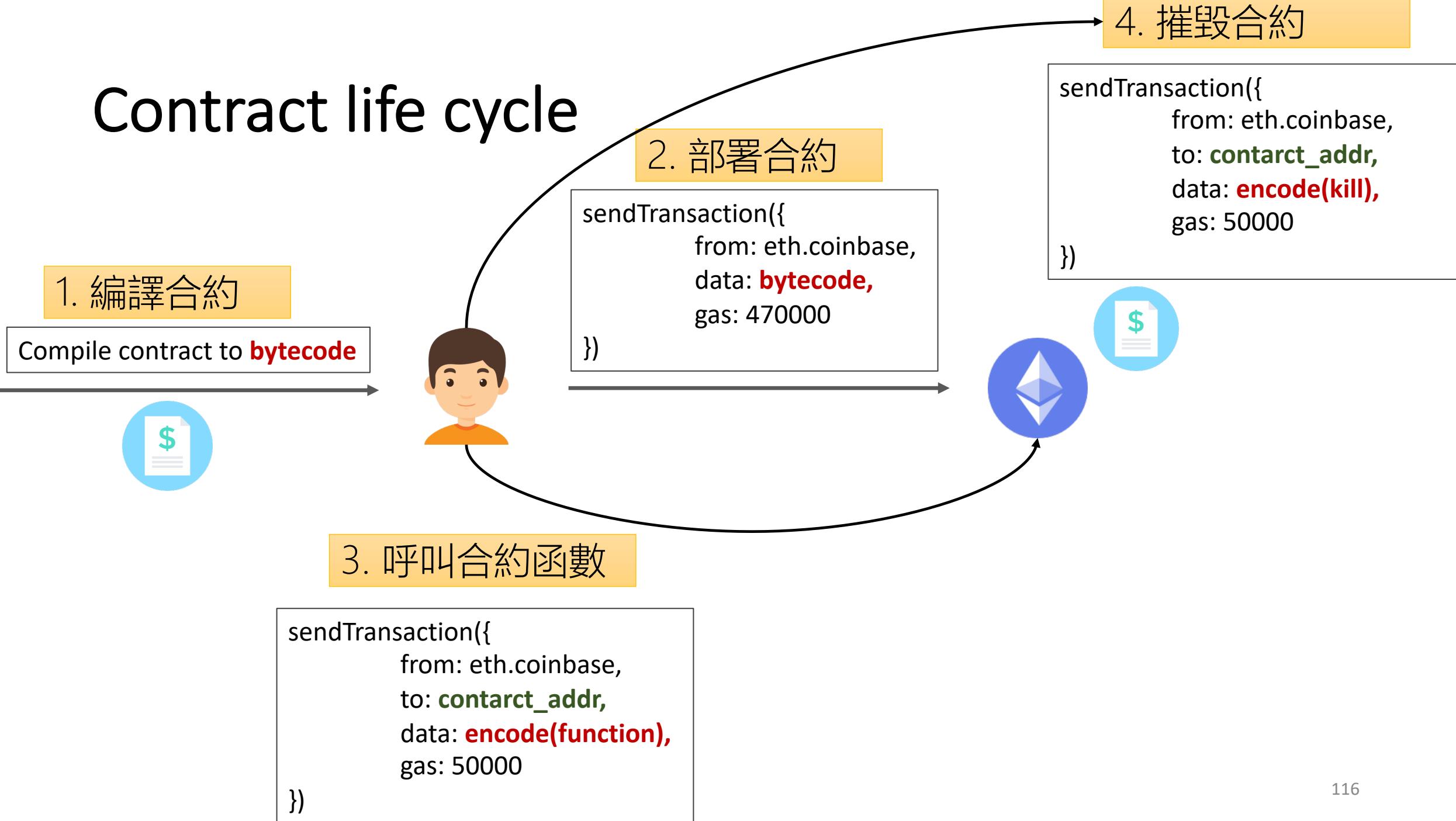
contract greeter is mortal {
    /* define variable greeting of the type string */
    string greeting;
    /* this runs when the contract is executed */
    function greeter(string _greeting) public {
        greeting = _greeting;
    }

    /* main function */
    function greet() constant returns (string) {
        return greeting;
    }
}
```

# Call contract function

```
1. geth attach /var/folders/x8/gs3w34_n4wx6cmrp35b_q4r40000gn/T/geth.ipc (geth)
×      geth (geth)   ● %1 ×      geth (geth)   %2
> greeter.greet()
"NCCU"
> greeter.kill.sendTransaction({from: eth.coinbase})
"0xe9719c3b7c92070129c0576d773522918540d79cf180157f0aa2bf5d5df26b81"
> greeter.greet()
Error: new BigNumber() not a base 16 number:
    at L (bignumber.js:3:2876)
    at bignumber.js:3:8435
    at a (bignumber.js:3:389)
    at web3.js:1110:23
    at web3.js:1634:20
    at web3.js:826:16
    at map (<native code>)
    at web3.js:825:12
    at web3.js:4080:18
> -
```

# Contract life cycle



# Contract life cycle

## 1. 編譯合約

Compile contract to **bytecode**



## 3. 呼叫合約函數

```
sendTransaction({  
    from: eth.coinbase,  
    to: contarct_addr,  
    data: encode(function),  
    gas: 50000  
})
```

Message call

## 2. 部署合約

```
sendTransaction({  
    from: eth.coinbase,  
    data: bytecode,  
    gas: 470000  
})
```

Contract-creating TX

## 4. 摧毀合約

```
sendTransaction({  
    from: eth.coinbase,  
    to: contarct_addr,  
    data: encode(kill),  
    gas: 50000  
})
```

Message call



# Contract life cycle

## 1. 編譯合約

Compile contract to **bytecode**



## 3. 呼叫合約函數

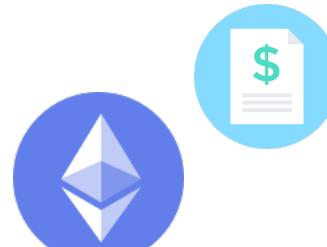
```
sendTransaction({  
    from: eth.coinbase,  
    to: contarct_addr,  
    data: encode(function),  
    gas: 50000  
})
```

## 2. 部署合約

```
sendTransaction({  
    from: eth.coinbase,  
    data: bytecode,  
    gas: 470000  
})
```

## 4. 摧毀合約

```
sendTransaction({  
    from: eth.coinbase,  
    to: contarct_addr,  
    data: encode(kill),  
    gas: 50000  
})
```



1. 怎麼知道跟那個合約互動?
2. 怎麼知道合約有哪些函數可以呼叫?
3. 誰可以跟合約互動?
4. 交易的執行都會花費 gas 嗎?
5. 如何估算交易執行要送的 gas?

# Coin contract

```
contract token {
    mapping (address => uint) public coinBalanceOf;
    event CoinTransfer(address sender, address receiver, uint amount);

    /* Initializes contract with initial supply tokens to the creator of the contract */
    function token(uint supply) {
        coinBalanceOf[msg.sender] = supply;
    }

    /* Very simple trade function */
    function sendCoin(address receiver, uint amount) returns(bool sufficient) {
        if (coinBalanceOf[msg.sender] < amount) return false;
        coinBalanceOf[msg.sender] -= amount;
        coinBalanceOf[receiver] += amount;
        CoinTransfer(msg.sender, receiver, amount);
        return true;
    }
}
```

Remix - Solidity IDE

Secure | <https://remix.ethereum.org/#optimize=false&version=soljson-v0.4.24+commit.e67f0147.js>

ABI

```
1 contract token {
2     mapping (address => uint) balances;
3     event CoinTransfer(address indexed sender, address indexed receiver, uint amount);
4 }
5 /* Initialize */
6 function token() public {
7     coinBalance[msg.sender] = supply;
8 }
9 /* Very simple implementation */
10 function transfer(address receiver, uint amount) public {
11     if (balances[msg.sender] < amount) {
12         coinBalance[receiver] += amount;
13         coinBalance[msg.sender] -= amount;
14         CoinTransfer(msg.sender, receiver, amount);
15     }
16     return true;
17 }
18 }
```

WEB3DEPLOY

```
var supply = /* var of type uint256 here */ ;
var tokenContract = web3.eth.contract([{"constant":false,"inputs":[{"name":"receiver","type":"address"}],"name":"token","outputs":[{"name":"amount","type":"uint256"}],"payable":false,"stateMutability":"nonpayable"}]);
var token = tokenContract.new(
    supply,
    {
        from: web3.eth.accounts[0],
        data: '0x608060405234801561001057600080fd5b5060405160208061036a8339810180604052810
        gas: '4700000'
    }, function (e, contract){
        console.log(e, contract);
        if (typeof contract.address !== 'undefined') {
            console.log('Contract mined! address: ' + contract.address + ' transactionHash: ' + contract.transactionHash);
        }
    })

```

METADATAHASH

```
"931b7bf1f871153357aa7311c5009ae901leaf5cb4321039a0e9c0759283a9875"
```

SWARMLOCATION

```
"bzzr://931b7bf1f871153357aa7311c5009ae901leaf5cb4321039a0e9c0759283a9875"
```

Run Settings Analysis Debugger Support

Start to compile Auto compile

Details Publish on Swarm

ser/ballot.sol:6:3: Warning: Defining constructor token(uint supply) {  
(Relevant source part starts here and spans across multiple lines)

ser/ballot.sol:1:1: Warning: Source file does not contain any contracts  
(Relevant source part starts here and spans across multiple lines)

ser/ballot.sol:15:9: Warning: Invoking events CoinTransfer(msg.sender, receiver, amount)  
^-----  
ser/ballot.sol:6:3: Warning: No visibility specified for function token(uint supply) {  
(Relevant source part starts here and spans across multiple lines)

ser/ballot.sol:11:5: Warning: No visibility specified for function sendCoin(address receiver, uint amount)  
^ (Relevant source part starts here and spans across multiple lines)

# Web3 deploy code

```
var supply = 10000;
var tokenContract =
web3.eth.contract([{"constant":false,"inputs":[{"name":"receiver","type":"address"}, {"name":"amount","type":"uint256"}], "name":"sendCoin", "outputs":[{"name":"sufficient","type":"bool"}], "payable":false, "stateMutability":"nonpayable", "type":"function"}, {"constant":true,"inputs":[{"name":"","type":"address"}], "name":"coinBalanceOf", "outputs":[{"name":"","type":"uint256"}], "payable":false, "stateMutability":"view", "type":"function"}, {"inputs":[{"name":"supply","type":"uint256"}], "payable":false, "stateMutability":"nonpayable", "type":"constructor"}, {"anonymous":false,"inputs":[{"indexed":false,"name":"sender","type":"address"}, {"indexed":false,"name":"receiver","type":"address"}, {"indexed":false,"name":"amount","type":"uint256"}], "name":"CoinTransfer", "type":"event"}]);
var token = tokenContract.new(
  supply,
  {
    from: web3.eth.accounts[0],
    data: '-----[BYTECODE]-----',
    gas: '4700000'
  }, function (e, contract){
    console.log(e, contract);
    if (typeof contract.address !== 'undefined') {
      console.log('Contract mined! address: ' + contract.address + ' transactionHash: ' + contract.transactionHash);
    }
  })

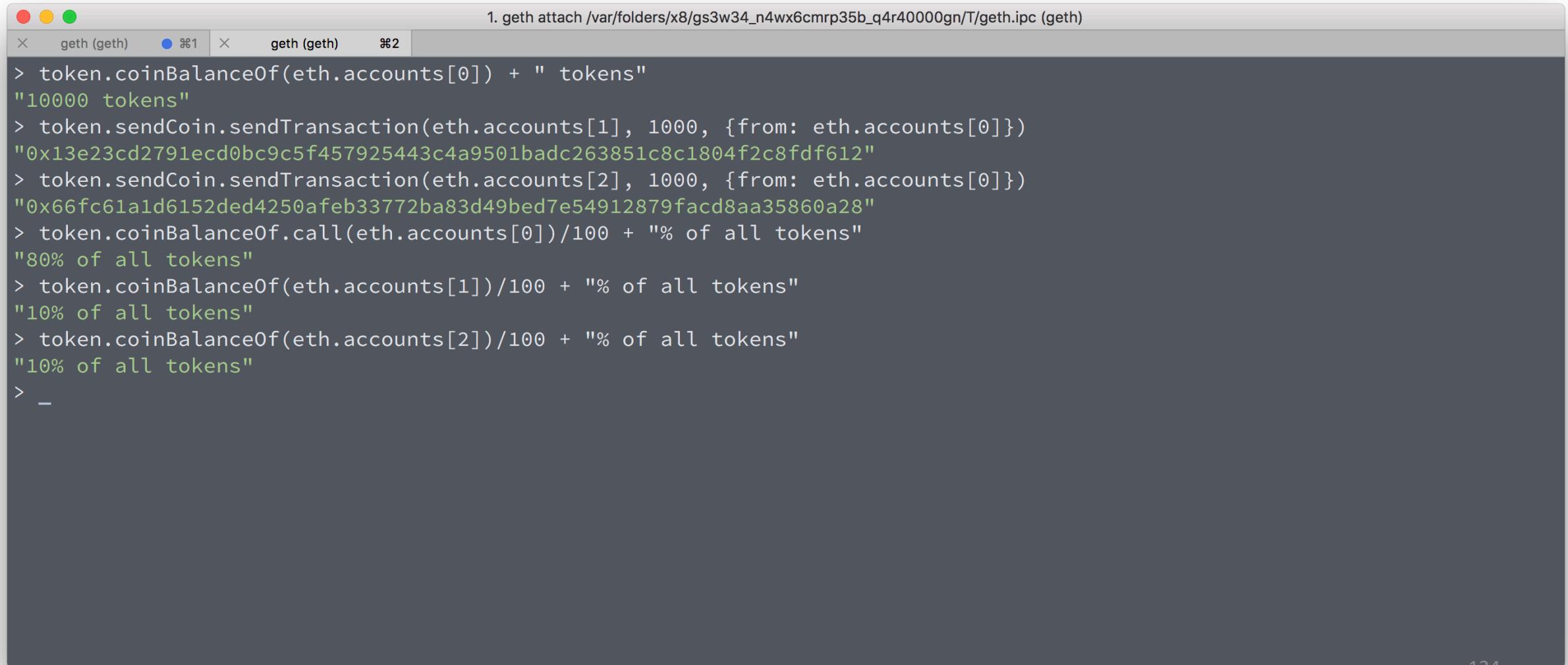
```

# bytecode

# Coin contract function

```
contract token {  
    mapping (address => uint) public coinBalanceOf;  
    event CoinTransfer(address sender, address receiver, uint amount);  
  
    /* Initializes contract with initial supply tokens to the creator of the contract */  
    function token(uint supply) {  
        coinBalanceOf[msg.sender] = supply;  
    }  
  
    /* Very simple trade function */  
    function sendCoin(address receiver, uint amount) returns(bool sufficient) {  
        if (coinBalanceOf[msg.sender] < amount) return false;  
        coinBalanceOf[msg.sender] -= amount;  
        coinBalanceOf[receiver] += amount;  
        CoinTransfer(msg.sender, receiver, amount);  
        return true;  
    }  
}
```

# sendTransaction



The screenshot shows a macOS terminal window with two tabs open: 'geth (geth)' and 'geth (geth) #2'. The title bar indicates '1. geth attach /var/folders/x8/gs3w34\_n4wx6cmrp35b\_q4r40000gn/T/geth.ipc (geth)'. The content of the window shows the following interaction with a smart contract named 'token':

```
> token.coinBalanceOf(eth.accounts[0]) + " tokens"
"10000 tokens"
> token.sendCoin.sendTransaction(eth.accounts[1], 1000, {from: eth.accounts[0]})
"0x13e23cd2791ecd0bc9c5f457925443c4a9501badc263851c8c1804f2c8fdf612"
> token.sendCoin.sendTransaction(eth.accounts[2], 1000, {from: eth.accounts[0]})
"0x66fc61a1d6152ded4250afeb33772ba83d49bed7e54912879facd8aa35860a28"
> token.coinBalanceOf.call(eth.accounts[0])/100 + "% of all tokens"
"80% of all tokens"
> token.coinBalanceOf(eth.accounts[1])/100 + "% of all tokens"
"10% of all tokens"
> token.coinBalanceOf(eth.accounts[2])/100 + "% of all tokens"
"10% of all tokens"
> _
```

# Logs

- 用來追蹤交易的狀態與訊息
- Log 包含
  - 合約地址
  - 合約內部事件(event) 訂閱的主題 (topic)
  - 與 event 相關的 data