

LAB – III

Compiler Design

Regular Expressions

(Basics of RE Package in Python)

MAR 2022 – JUNE 2023

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE
COLLEGE OF COMPUTING AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY
SHAQRA UNIVERSITY
P.O. BOX 15572

Dr. Nayyar Ahmed Khan / Dr. Nouf Altamami

EMAIL:

nayyar@su.edu.sa ---- naltamami@su.edu.sa

Regular Expressions (RE) in Python Basics

A **Regular Expression** (RegEx) is a sequence of characters that defines a search pattern. For example,

`^a...s$`

The above code defines a RegEx pattern.

The pattern is: **any five-letter string starting with a and ending with s.**

A pattern defined using RegEx can be used to match against a string.

Python has a module named "re" to work with RegEx. Here's an example:

```
import re
pattern = '^a...s$'
#test_string = 'albatross'
#Test with both values of test_string
test_string = 'abyss'
result = re.match(pattern, test_string)
if result:
    print("Search successful.")
else:
    print("Search unsuccessful.")
```

Here, we used `re.match()` function to search pattern within the `test_string`. The method returns a match object if the search is successful. If not, it returns `None`.

Python RegEx

Python has a module named `re` to work with regular expressions. To use it, we need to import the module.

Exercise I:

`re.findall()`

The `re.findall()` method returns a list of strings containing all matches.

```
# Program to extract numbers from a string
import re
string = 'hello 22 hi 98. Howdy 16'
```

```
pattern = '\d+'  
result = re.findall(pattern, string)  
print(result)
```

re.split()

The re.split method splits the string where there is a match and returns a list of strings where the splits have occurred.

```
import re  
string = 'Twelve:12 Eighty nine:89.'  
pattern = '\d+'  
result = re.split(pattern, string)  
print(result)
```

If the pattern is not found, re.split() returns a list containing the original string.

re.sub()

```
re.sub(pattern, replace, string)
```

The method returns a string where matched occurrences are replaced with the content of replace variable.

```
# Program to remove all whitespaces  
import re  
# multiline string  
string = 'abc 12\  
de 23 \n f45 6'  
# matches all whitespace characters  
pattern = '\s+'  
# empty string  
replace = ''  
new_string = re.sub(pattern, replace, string)  
print(new_string)
```

re.subn()

The re.subn() is similar to re.sub() except it returns a tuple of 2 items containing the new string and the number of substitutions made.

```
# Program to remove all whitespaces
import re
# multiline string
string = 'abc 12\
de 23 \n f45 6'
# matches all whitespace characters
pattern = '\s+'
# empty string
replace = ''
new_string = re.subn(pattern, replace, string)
print(new_string)
```

re.search()

The re.search() method takes two arguments: a pattern and a string.

The method looks for the first location where the RegEx pattern produces a match with the string.

If the search is successful, re.search() returns a match object; if not, it returns None.

```
match = re.search(pattern, str)
```

```
import re
string = "Python is fun"
# check if 'Python' is at the beginning
match = re.search('\APython', string)
if match:
    print("pattern found inside the string")
else:
    print("pattern not found")
```

match.group()

The group() method returns the part of the string where there is a match.

```
import re
string = '39801 356, 2102 1111'
# Three digit number followed by space followed by two digit
number
```

```
pattern = '(\d{3}) (\d{2})'  
# match variable contains a Match object.  
match = re.search(pattern, string)  
if match:  
    print(match.group())  
else:  
    print("pattern not found")
```

1. What is Regular Expression?

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

2. Can you Write a Program to Check the Regular Expression for a Password Verification entered by a User in the Sign In Page? Give a Demo Code in GitHub Account

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....