Bellman公式的矩阵化

对于时刻t, $s_{t+1} \in \mathcal{S}$, 其状态值函数可以写为如下形式:

$$egin{aligned} v^{\pi}(s_t) &= E_{T \sim \pi}[\sum_{k=0}^{T-1} \gamma^k r_{t+k+1}] \ &= E_{a_t \in \mathcal{A}}[E_{s_{t+1} \in \mathcal{S}}[r(s_t, a_t, s_{t+1}) + \gamma v^{\pi}(s_{t+1})]] \ &= \sum_{a_t \in \mathcal{A}} \pi(a_t|s_t) \sum_{s_{t+1} \in \mathcal{S}} p(s_{t+1}|s_t, a_t)[r(s_t, a_t, s_{t+1}) + \gamma v^{\pi}(s_{t+1})] \ &= \sum_{a_t \in \mathcal{A}} \pi(a_t|s_t)[\sum_{s_{t+1} \in \mathcal{S}} p(s_{t+1}|s_t, a_t)r(s_t, a_t, s_{t+1}) + \sum_{s_{t+1} \in \mathcal{S}} p(s_{t+1}|s_t, a_t)\gamma v^{\pi}(s_{t+1})] \ &= \sum_{a_t \in \mathcal{A}} \pi(a_t|s_t)[K(s_t, a_t) + \sum_{s_{t+1} \in \mathcal{S}} p(s_{t+1}|s_t, a_t)\gamma v^{\pi}(s_{t+1})] \ &= \sum_{a_t \in \mathcal{A}} \pi(a_t|s_t)K(s_t, a_t) + \sum_{a_t \in \mathcal{A}} \pi(a_t|s_t) \sum_{s_{t+1} \in \mathcal{S}} p(s_{t+1}|s_t, a_t)\gamma v^{\pi}(s_{t+1}) \ &= M(s_t) + \sum_{a_t \in \mathcal{A}} \pi(a_t|s_t) \sum_{s_{t+1} \in \mathcal{S}} p(s_{t+1}|s_t, a_t)\gamma v^{\pi}(s_{t+1}) \ \end{aligned}$$

其中 $M(s_t)$ 为状态 s_t 时做出一步action的期望收益,其中:

则:

表述成矩阵形式,同时考虑所有 $s_{t+1} \in \mathcal{S}$ 的可能取值则可以写为如下形式:

$$\begin{bmatrix} v^{\pi}(s_t^1) \\ v^{\pi}(s_t^2) \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \\ v^{\pi}(s_t^{|\mathcal{S}|}) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} M(s_t^1) \\ M(s_t^2) \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \\ M(s_t^{|\mathcal{S}|}) \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} p(s_{t+1}^1|s_t^1) & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & p(s_{t+1}^{|\mathcal{S}|}|s_t^1) \\ \vdots & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ p(s_{t+1}^1|s_t^{|\mathcal{S}|}) & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & p(s_{t+1}^{|\mathcal{S}|}|s_t^{|\mathcal{S}|}) \end{bmatrix} \gamma \begin{bmatrix} v^{\pi}(s_{t+1}^1) \\ \vdots \\ v^{\pi}(s_{t+1}^{|\mathcal{S}|}) \\ \vdots \\ v^{\pi}(s_{t+1}^{|\mathcal{S}|}) \end{bmatrix}$$
I于Markov性质:

又由于Markov性质:

$$v^\pi(s^i_{t+1}) = v^\pi(s^i_t)$$

上式可以写成:

$$\mathbf{V} = \mathbf{M} + \gamma \mathbf{P} \mathbf{V}$$

$$\mathbf{V} = (\mathbf{I} - \gamma \mathbf{P})^{-1} \mathbf{M}$$