

# How is Your Contract Executed in Ethereum?

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# Outline

- Overview
- Section 6: Transaction Execution
- Section 7: Contract Creation
- Section 8: Message Call
- Section 9: Execution Model
- Conclusion

# Overview

- What is Blockchain?  
=> Destributed State Machine  
(See More in My Previous Talk)
- What is the Difference between Bitcoin and Ethereum?  
=> 1. State Modeling (UTXO v.s. World State)  
=> 2. Rewarding Mechanism(Uncle Blocks are Introduced)  
=> 3. Programmability (Smart Contract)
- What is Ethereum Virtual Machine (EVM)?  
=> A Machine that Performs Instructions from Compiled Bytecode (Smart Contract) which is Stored in World State

# EVM Overview

- Stack-based Machine
- Memory Model: Word-addressed Byte Array, Volatile
- Storage Model: Word-addressed Word Array, Non-volatile
- Quasi-Turing-Complete Machine, Will Raise Out-Of-Gas(OOS) Exception if the Paid Gas is Insufficient

# Section 6: Transaction Execution

## Overview

$$\sigma' = \Upsilon(\sigma, T)$$

There are totally 5 phases of state during transaction execution:

Initial State =(1)=>

Checkpoint State =(2)=>

Post-execution Provisional State =(3)=>

Pre-final State =(4)=>

Final State

where

(1) substrate gas limit x gas price and increment nonce

(2) process message call or contract creation (will be explained later)

(3) apply refunds and rewards

(4) delete destructed accounts

## Section 6: Transaction Execution

### Validation

$$\begin{array}{llll} S(T) & \neq & \emptyset & \wedge \\ \sigma[S(T)] & \neq & \emptyset & \wedge \\ T_n & = & \sigma[S(T)]_n & \wedge \\ g_0 & \leqslant & T_g & \wedge \\ v_0 & \leqslant & \sigma[S(T)]_b & \wedge \\ T_g & \leqslant & B_{Hl} - \ell(B_{\mathbf{R}})_u & \end{array}$$

# Section 6: Transaction Execution

## Validation (Cont.)

Where

$$\begin{aligned} g_0 \equiv & \sum_{i \in T_i, T_d} \begin{cases} G_{txdatazero} & \text{if } i = 0 \\ G_{txdatanonzero} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \\ & + \begin{cases} G_{txcreate} & \text{if } T_t = \emptyset \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \\ & + G_{transaction} \end{aligned}$$

$$v_0 \equiv T_g T_p + T_v$$

## Section 6: Transaction Execution

(1) Substrate Gas Limit x Gas Price and Increment  
Nonce

Initial State => Checkpoint State

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma_0 &\equiv \sigma \text{ except:} \\ \sigma_0[S(T)]_b &\equiv \sigma[S(T)]_b - T_g T_p \\ \sigma_0[S(T)]_n &\equiv \sigma[S(T)]_n + 1\end{aligned}$$



# Section 6: Transaction Execution

## (2) Process Message Call or Contract Creation

Checkpoint State  $\Rightarrow$  Post-execution Provisional State

$$(\sigma_P, g', A) \equiv \begin{cases} \Lambda(\sigma_0, S(T), T_o, \\ \quad g, T_p, T_v, T_i, 0) & \text{if } T_t = \emptyset \\ \Theta_3(\sigma_0, S(T), T_o, \\ \quad T_t, T_t, g, T_p, T_v, T_v, T_d, 0) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Where

$$g \equiv T_g - g_0$$

\*These Functions Will be Explained More in Section 7 & 8

# Section 6: Transaction Execution

## (3) Apply Refunds and Rewards

Post-execution Provisional State => Pre-final State

$$\begin{aligned}\sigma^* &\equiv \sigma_P \text{ except} \\ \sigma^*[S(T)]_b &\equiv \sigma_P[S(T)]_b + g^*T_p \\ \sigma^*[m]_b &\equiv \sigma_P[m]_b + (T_g - g^*)T_p \\ m &\equiv B_{H_c}\end{aligned}$$

Where

$$g^* \equiv g' + \min\left\{\left\lfloor \frac{T_g - g'}{2} \right\rfloor, A_r\right\}$$

## Section 6: Transaction Execution

### (4) Delete Destroyed Accounts

Pre-final State => Final State

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma' &\equiv \sigma^* \text{ except} \\ \forall i \in A_s : \sigma'[i] &\equiv \emptyset \end{aligned}$$

# Section 7: Contract Creation

## Overview

$$(\sigma', g', A) \equiv \Lambda(\sigma, s, o, g, p, v, \mathbf{i}, e)$$

Where

$$A \equiv (A_{\mathbf{s}}, A_{\mathbf{l}}, A_r)$$

## Section 7: Contract Creation

(1) Create a New Account

$\sigma^* \equiv \sigma$  except:

$$\sigma^*[a] \equiv (0, v + v', \text{TRIE}(\emptyset), \text{KEC}(()))$$

$$\sigma^*[s]_b \equiv \sigma[s]_b - v$$

## Section 7: Contract Creation

### (1) Create a New Account (Cont.)

Where

$$a \equiv \mathcal{B}_{96..255} \left( \text{KEC} \left( \text{RLP} \left( (s, \sigma[s]_n - 1) \right) \right) \right)$$

$$v' \equiv \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } \sigma[a] = \emptyset \\ \sigma[a]_b & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

## Section 7: Contract Creation

(2) Initialize

$$(\sigma^{**}, g^{**}, A, \mathbf{o}) \equiv \Xi(\sigma^*, g, I)$$

\*The Function Will be Explained More in Section 9

# Section 7: Contract Creation

## (3) Determine Final State

$$g' \equiv \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } \sigma^{**} = \emptyset \\ g^{**} - c & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$\sigma' \equiv \begin{cases} \sigma & \text{if } \sigma^{**} = \emptyset \\ \sigma^{**} & \text{except:} \\ \sigma'[a]_c = \text{KEC}(\mathbf{o}) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Where

$$c \equiv G_{\text{codedeposit}} \times |\mathbf{o}|$$



## Section 8: Message Call

### Overview

$$(\sigma', g', A, \mathbf{o}) \equiv \Theta(\sigma, s, o, r, c, g, p, v, \tilde{v}, \mathbf{d}, e)$$

## Section 8: Message Call

### (1) Transfer Value

$$\sigma_1 \equiv \sigma'_1 \quad \text{except:}$$

$$\sigma_1[s]_b \equiv \sigma'_1[s]_b - v$$

$$\text{and } \sigma'_1 \equiv \sigma \quad \text{except:}$$

$$\begin{cases} \sigma'_1[r] \equiv (v, 0, \text{KEC}(()), \text{TRIE}(\emptyset)) & \text{if } \sigma[r] = \emptyset \\ \sigma'_1[r]_b \equiv \sigma[r]_b + v & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

## Section 8: Message Call

(2) Execute

$$(\sigma^{**}, g^{**}, A, \mathbf{o}) \equiv \begin{cases} \Xi_{\text{ECREC}}(\sigma_1, g, I) & \text{if } r = 1 \\ \Xi_{\text{SHA256}}(\sigma_1, g, I) & \text{if } r = 2 \\ \Xi_{\text{RIP160}}(\sigma_1, g, I) & \text{if } r = 3 \\ \Xi_{\text{ID}}(\sigma_1, g, I) & \text{if } r = 4 \\ \Xi(\sigma_1, g, I) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Where  $r=1, r=2, r=3, r=4$  are Precompiled Contracts

## Section 8: Message Call

(3) Determine Final State

$$\sigma' \equiv \begin{cases} \sigma & \text{if } \sigma^{**} = \emptyset \\ \sigma^{**} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$
$$g' \equiv \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } \sigma^{**} = \emptyset \\ g^{**} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

# Section 9: Execution Model

## Overview

$$(\sigma', g', A, \mathbf{o}) \equiv \Xi(\sigma, g, I)$$

# Section 9: Execution Model

## (1) The Execution Function

$$\begin{aligned}\Xi(\sigma, g, I) &\equiv (\sigma', \mu'_g, A, \mathbf{o}) \\ (\sigma, \mu', A, \dots, \mathbf{o}) &\equiv X((\sigma, \mu, A^0, I))\end{aligned}$$

Where

$$X((\sigma, \mu, A, I)) \equiv \begin{cases} (\emptyset, \mu, A^0, I, ()) & \text{if } Z(\sigma, \mu, I) \\ O(\sigma, \mu, A, I) \cdot \mathbf{o} & \text{if } \mathbf{o} \neq \emptyset \\ X(O(\sigma, \mu, A, I)) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{o} &\equiv H(\mu, I) \\ (a, b, c, d) \cdot e &\equiv (a, b, c, d, e)\end{aligned}$$

# Section 9: Execution Model

## (2) Conditions

$$\begin{aligned} Z(\sigma, \mu, I) \equiv & \mu_g < C(\sigma, \mu, I) \quad \vee \\ & \delta_w = \emptyset \quad \vee \\ & \|\mu_s\| < \delta_w \quad \vee \\ & (w \in \{\text{JUMP}, \text{JUMPI}\} \quad \wedge \\ & \quad \mu_s[0] \notin D(I_b)) \quad \vee \\ & \|\mu_s\| - \delta_w + \alpha_w > 1024 \end{aligned}$$

$$H(\mu, I) \equiv \begin{cases} H_{\text{RETURN}}(\mu) & \text{if } w = \text{RETURN} \\ () & \text{if } w \in \{\text{STOP}, \text{SELFDESTRUCT}\} \\ \emptyset & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

## Section 9: Execution Model

### (3) The Execution Cycle

$$\begin{aligned} O((\sigma, \mu, A, I)) &\equiv (\sigma', \mu', A', I) \\ \Delta &\equiv \alpha_w - \delta_w \end{aligned}$$



## Section 9: Execution Model

### (3) The Execution Cycle (Cont.)

Where

$$\begin{aligned} \|\mu'_s\| &\equiv \|\mu_s\| + \Delta \\ \forall x \in [\alpha_w, \|\mu'_s\|) : \mu'_s[x] &\equiv \mu_s[x + \Delta] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mu'_g &\equiv \mu_g - C(\sigma, \mu, I) \\ \mu'_{pc} &\equiv \begin{cases} J_{\text{JUMP}}(\mu) & \text{if } w = \text{JUMP} \\ J_{\text{JUMPI}}(\mu) & \text{if } w = \text{JUMPI} \\ N(\mu_{pc}, w) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

## Section 9: Execution Model

### (3) The Execution Cycle (Cont.)

Where

$$\mu'_m \equiv \mu_m$$

$$\mu'_i \equiv \mu_i$$

$$A' \equiv A$$

$$\sigma' \equiv \sigma$$

# Conclusion

- Formulas are Concise and Elegant
- Focused on the Whole Picture thus Many Details are Skipped
- Focused the EVM thus the Consensus Strategy are Skipped