Example 0.1.14 (Reim's). 令  $A_1$ ,  $A_2$ ,  $B_1$ ,  $B_2$  為共圓四點, $C_1$  為  $A_1B_1$  上一點。證明: $\odot(B_1B_2C_1)$ , $A_2B_2$ ,跟過  $C_1$  平行於  $A_1A_2$  的直線共點。

Solution. 設  $A_2B_2$  與過  $C_1$  平行於  $A_1A_2$  的直線交於  $C_2$ 。由於  $A_1$ ,  $A_2$ ,  $B_1$ ,  $B_2$  共圓, $(A_1A_2,B_1B_2)$  關於  $(A_1B_1,A_2B_2)$  逆平行。所以由  $A_1A_2 \parallel C_1C_2$  我們可以得到  $(C_1C_2,B_1B_2)$  關於  $(B_1C_1,B_2C_2)$  逆平行,故  $B_1$ ,  $B_2$ ,  $C_1$ ,  $C_2$  共圓,證畢。

**Example 40:** It is known that  $A_1$ ,  $A_2$ ,  $B_1$ , and  $B_2$  share a circle, and  $C_1$  is a point on  $A_1B_1$ . Prove: The circumscribed circle of  $B_1B_2C_1$ ,  $A_2B_2$ , and  $C_1$  is parallel to the line  $A_1A_2$ .

$$\text{Proof: Suppose} \quad \frac{B_{1}-C_{1}}{A_{1}-B_{1}} = t_{1}, \\ \frac{B_{2}-C_{2}}{A_{2}-B_{2}} = t_{2}, \\ \frac{\frac{A_{2}-B_{1}}{A_{2}-B_{2}}}{\frac{A_{1}-B_{1}}{A_{1}-B_{2}}} = t_{3}, \\ \frac{\frac{B_{1}-C_{1}}{B_{1}-C_{2}}}{\frac{B_{2}-C_{1}}{B_{2}-C_{2}}} = t_{4} \quad , \quad \frac{A_{1}-A_{2}}{C_{1}-C_{2}} = t_{5} \quad , \\ \frac{A_{1}-A_{2}}{C_{1}-C_{2}} = t_{5} \quad , \\ \frac{A_{1}-A_{2}}{A_{1}-B_{2}} = t_{5} \quad , \\ \frac{A_{1}-A_{2}}{A_{1}-B_{2}} = t_{5} \quad , \\ \frac{A_{2}-A_{2}}{A_{2}-C_{2}} = t_{5} \quad , \\ \frac{A_{1}-A_{2}}{A_{2}-C_{2}} = t_{5} \quad , \\ \frac{A_{2}-A_{2}}{A_{2}-C_{2}} = t_{5}$$

$$-t_4 + t_3 t_4 - t_1 t_2 t_5 + t_1 t_2 t_4 t_5 = 0$$
,