



Example 131 : As shown in Figure 3, let the extended lines of sides AD and BC of the inscribed quadrilateral $ABCD$ intersect at point G , AC and BD intersect at point E , and the bisector of AGB passing through E intersect BD and AC at F and K , Prove: $EF = EK$.

$$\frac{B-D}{C-A} = \frac{C-B}{D-A} \frac{D-B}{C-A}.$$