

Example 79 : As shown in Figure 3, there is a point P inside $\triangle ABC$, which satisfies $\angle PBA + \angle PCA = \angle PBC + \angle PCB$. Prove that: B, C, P , and I share a circle, and I is the center of $\triangle ABC$.

$$\text{Proof: } \left(\frac{P-C}{P-B} \frac{I-C}{I-B} \right)^2 = \frac{B-I}{B-C} \frac{C-B}{C-I} \left(\frac{B-A}{B-P} \frac{C-P}{C-A} \right).$$