Example 205 : As shown in Figure 1 , A and B are two points on O 0, and O is the midpoint of CD. Prove : The necessary and sufficient condition for \angle BAD + \angle ABC = 90 ° is \angle ABD + \angle ABC = 90 °. (Huang Libing proposition)



Proof:
$$\frac{A-D}{A-B} \frac{A-C}{A-B} - \frac{B-D}{B-A} \frac{B-C}{B-A} = 2 \frac{\frac{A+B}{2} - \frac{C+D}{2}}{A-B}$$
,

ABCD is parallelogram and P a point inside, such that the midpoint of AD is equidistant from P and C, and the midpoint of CD is equidistant from P and A. Let Q be the midpoint of PB. Show that $\angle PAQ = \angle PCQ$.