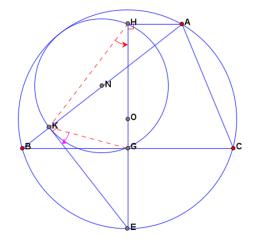
Example 154: As shown in Figure 3, in \triangle *ABC*, *O* is the circumcenter, *G* is the midpoint of *BC*, *OG* intersects the circumscribed circle of \triangle *ABC* on *E*, *EN* \bot *AB* on *K*, *AH* \bot *OG* on *H*, to prove: \angle *GKE* = \angle *GHK*.



$$\frac{K-G}{K-E} / \frac{H-G}{H-K} = \left(\frac{A-E}{A-K} / \frac{H-G}{H-K}\right) \left(\frac{K-G}{K-B} \frac{E-B}{E-G}\right) \left(\frac{B-K}{B-G} / \frac{E-K}{E-G}\right) \left(\frac{B-G}{B-E} / \frac{C-E}{C-B}\right)$$

$$\left(\frac{C-E}{C-B} / \frac{A-E}{A-B}\right) \frac{A-K}{B-A}$$