



Example 2.20 : As shown in the figure, the quadrilateral $ABCD$ is inscribed in a circle, and the straight line MN forms equal angles with AD and BC . Prove that this straight line forms equal angles with another set of sides AB and CD , and forms equal angles with the two diagonals AC and BD also form equal angles.

$$\frac{\frac{A-B}{M-N}}{\frac{M-N}{D-C}} = \frac{\frac{A-D}{N-M}}{\frac{N-M}{B-C}} \cdot \frac{\frac{B-A}{C-B}}{\frac{C-B}{C-D}}, \quad \frac{\frac{A-C}{N-M}}{\frac{N-M}{B-D}} = \frac{\frac{A-D}{N-M}}{\frac{N-M}{B-C}} \cdot \frac{\frac{D-B}{C-B}}{\frac{C-B}{C-A}},$$