

Example 1 77: As shown in Figure 1, in \triangle ABC, the bisector of \angle C intersects AB at E, the parallel line drawn from E to BC intersects AC at F, and the bisector of the exterior angle of \angle C intersects at G, then E F = FG.

Proof: Suppose
$$A=0$$
, $E=kB$, $F=kC$, $G=2F-E$, $\frac{C-G}{B-C}+\frac{C-E}{C-A}=4k-4k^2$.

C is the origin