



Example 1 29 : As shown in Figure 3, take any point D on the side AB of $\triangle ABC$, take any point F on the extension line of AC , and connect it to DF . If the bisector of $\angle ADF$ and $\angle ABC$ intersect at N . The bisector of $\angle AFD$ and $\angle ACB$ intersect at M , then $\angle BND = \angle CMF$.

$$\left(\frac{N-B}{M-C} \right)^2 = \frac{D-A}{D-N} \frac{B-N}{B-A} \frac{C-B}{C-M} \frac{F-M}{F-D} \frac{A-B}{A-D} \frac{A-F}{A-C},$$