

Example 63: As shown in Figure 1, \triangle in ABC, I is the inward point, point D satisfies \angle ABD = \angle BCD, \angle DBC = \angle DCA, to prove: B, C, D, and I share a circle.

$$\frac{\frac{B-I}{B-C}}{\frac{B-C}{B-I}} \frac{\frac{C-B}{C-I}}{\frac{C-I}{C-A}} \frac{\frac{B-A}{C-A}}{\frac{C-D}{C-D}} = \left(\frac{\frac{D-C}{D-B}}{\frac{D-B}{I-C}}\right)^{2}$$