

Example 204: As shown in Figure 1, it is known that circle O and circle Q intersect at points A and B, circle Q passes through point O, C is a point on the superior arc AB of circle O, and the extension line of CB intersects circle Q at point D. Prove: $DO \perp AC$.

Proof:
$$\frac{A-C}{D-O} = \frac{\frac{C-A}{C-B}}{\frac{B-C}{B-A}} \frac{\frac{D-B}{D-O}}{\frac{A-B}{A-O}} \frac{C-B}{D-B} \frac{B-C}{A-O},$$