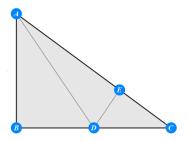
Example 23 : As shown in Figure 1, in \triangle ABC, D is the midpoint of BC, E is the trisection point of AC, \angle B = 90°, to prove: \angle BDA = \angle EDC.



Proof: Suppose
$$B = 0$$
, $3 - \frac{\frac{C}{2} - \frac{2C + A}{3}}{\frac{C}{2} - C} + 4 \frac{A^2}{C^2} = 1$.