SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	4
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	11
Statement of Activities	12
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	13
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	14
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	15
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	16
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	17
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	18
Notes to the Financial Statements	19
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual – County School Service Fund	48
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual – Special Education Pass-Through Fund	49
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual – Adult Education Fund	50
Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) and Related Ratios	51
Schedule of OPEB Contributions	52
Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	53
Schedule of Pension Contributions	54
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	55

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Combining Balance Sheet – Non-Major Funds	57
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Non-Major Funds	58
Organization	59
Schedule of Average Daily Attendance	60
Schedule of Charter Schools	61
Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements	62
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	63
Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis	65
Notes to Supplementary Information	66
OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS	
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with State Laws and Regulations	68
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	71
Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	73
FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	75
Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	79



James Marta & Company LLP Certified Public Accountants

Accounting, Auditing, Consulting, and Tax

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Education Sacramento County Office of Education Sacramento, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Sacramento County Office of Education (the "County Office"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County Office's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County Office, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of County Office and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The County Office's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County Office's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

1

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County Office's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County Office's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual – County School Service Fund, Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual – Special Education Pass-through Fund, Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual – Adult Education Fund, Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) and Related Ratios, Schedule of OPEB Contributions, Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and Schedule of Pension Contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County Office's basic financial statements. The *supplementary information as listed in the table of contents* are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The *supplementary information* is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the *supplementary information* is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

James Marta + Company LLP

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 9, 2022 on our consideration of County Office's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering County Office's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

James Marta & Company LLP Certified Public Accountants

Sacramento, California

December 9, 2022



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2022

The Management's Discussion and Analysis section of the audit report is management's view of the Sacramento County Office of Education's ("County Office") financial condition and provides an opportunity to present important fiscal information to the County Board of Education and the public. This document is designed to enhance the understandability and usefulness of the audited financial statements for all users.

FINANCIAL REPORTS

At specific reporting periods during the year, the County Office prepares and presents budget revisions and interim financial reports for County Board of Education and public review. These documents represent changes to the County Office's budgeted receipts and expenditures since the July 1st adoption of the County School Services Fund budget and presents the most accurate information available at the time.

Alternatively, the Management's Discussion and Analysis and annual audit report includes several financial reports that present actual receipts and expenditures and year-end balances at the close of the fiscal year using the accrual basis of accounting. In addition to the basic Governmental Fund financial statements that comprise the Unaudited Actuals report, two government-wide financial statements are included in the audit report; the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position, which reports financial condition at the end of the year and the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, which reports activity during the year. These two statements present a longer-term view of the County Office's finances. All statements are described below.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

County Office fund financial statements report operations using the modified accrual basis of accounting. As of 6/30/22, the County Office reported combined fund balances of \$119,377,922 in all governmental funds, which represents a net increase of \$13,206,119 from the prior year resulting from increases to general County Office operations as follows: Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF) revenue; LCFF System of Support funding; Covid Relief Funding; interest earned on County Office cash balances; and other miscellaneous funding sources.

Government-Wide Statement of Net Position

The County Office's Government-Wide Statement of Net Position includes the following information that the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet does not present: capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation; long-term liabilities, including Net Pension Liability and OPEB Liability; and Deferred Outflows and Inflows related to Net Pension Liability and OPEB. Further, amounts due to or from other County Office governmental funds are eliminated. Detail is provided in the supporting footnotes.

The following table summarizes Governmental ending balances for the past two years:

	Balance at	Balance at
	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Total Assets	\$180,980,390	\$162,845,496
Deferred Outflows	\$52,889,226	\$42,142,682
Total Liabilities	\$88,983,894	\$118,959,523
Deferred Inflows	\$59,221,697	\$28,548,500
Total Net Position	\$85,664,025	\$57,480,155

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2022

Net Position is significantly affected by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) 68 and GASB 75, as explained below:

- GASB 68 requires that the County Office calculate and report our proportionate share of Net Pension Liability, Deferred Outflow/Deferred Inflow of resources, and Pension Expense related to our defined benefit pension plan. This results in a decrease to the County Office's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability of \$23,886,911.
- GASB 75 requires that the County Office calculate and report the full value of our Other Postemployment (Health) Benefit (OPEB) Liability and Deferred Outflow/Deferred Inflow of resources. This results in a decrease to Net OPEB Liability of \$11,215,286. As of 6/30/22, the County Office reports a Net OPEB Asset in the amount of \$6,219,189.
- The increase to Net Pension Liability and decrease to Net OPEB Liability contributed to a net decrease to Total Liabilities and increase to Net Position, as reflected in the summary table.
- Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of resources pertaining to Net Pension and OPEB Liabilities represent expenses to be recognized in future years. All such activity reduced Net Position and ending balances are separately stated in the summary table.

In addition to the effects of GASB 68 and GASB 75, Net Position was affected by adjustments to other long-term debt, net depreciation of fixed assets and timing differences in the receipt of revenues and payment off expenditures that affect assets and liabilities. These combined factors continue to result in a steady increase to the County Office's Net Position.

Government-Wide Statement of Activities

The County Office's Government-Wide Statement of Activities differs from the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance because the Statement of Activities reports all expenses by their function rather than expense category. Each function combines related County Office operational activities. Further, the Statement of Activities is adjusted for debt repayment, payments of post-employment benefits to retirees, difference between actuarially determined and actual Pension and OPEB costs, change in compensated absences and net capital outlay expenditures.

The following table summarizes Governmental activity during the past two years:

	For the Year Ended	For the Year Ended
	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Program Revenues	\$112,132,793	\$102,046,011
General Revenues	\$57,735,856	\$57,721,156
Expenses	(\$141,684,779)	(\$139,991,819)
Change in Net Position	\$28,183,870	\$19,775,348
Net Position, beginning	\$57,480,155	\$37,704,807
Net Position, ending	\$85,664,025	\$57,480,155

Explanation for the increase to Net Position is provided above.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2022

PROGRAM HIGHLIGHTS

The County Office provides direct instruction to students in the community through a variety of programs. These programs comprise approximately 22% of the County Office budget. The following represents the highlights of these programs:

- The Special Education Department provides direct instruction and resource specialist services to over 600 students, ages 3-22, who have physical, communicative, learning, emotional, and/or severe disabilities. Programs are located on over 30 campuses throughout Sacramento County, including the County Office's Juvenile Court and Community School sites. Specialized services, including speech, vision, nursing and mobility are provided to students within the County Office's programs and specific district programs. The Special Education programs also provide instruction and support in the areas of academics, daily living skills, transition skills, and career preparation.
- The Infant Development Program provides early intervention services to almost 380 infants and toddlers, birth to age 3, and their families each year. Services are provided within the context of the families' daily living and include nursing, occupational therapy, physical therapy, child development, social emotional development, self-help, speech, language, hearing, vision and service coordination.
- The Juvenile Court School program provides academic, career technical educational and academic
 intervention services, to over 100 students who are detained at the Youth Detention Facility operated
 by the Sacramento County Probation Department. The Juvenile Court School program prepares
 students for transition back to their school of residence, employment, and/or post-secondary
 education.
- The Community School (Base) program provides direct educational alternatives for about 30 students who have been expelled or are not currently enrolled in local school districts. Programs are located at three campuses throughout Sacramento County. Students are provided with academic, career technical education and behavior modification services to prepare them for return to their school of residence, graduation, HiSET (High School Equivalency Test) completion and/or post-secondary education.
- The County Office operates a Senior Extension program within the Community School model that continues to grow significantly. The goal of the Senior Extension program is to re-engage students who are at risk of dropping out of school or those who have already dropped out and wish to return to complete their graduation requirements. Students, most of whom are age 18 or over, receive personalized education plans at one of the three community school campuses, allowing them to earn the credits required for graduation, HiSET and/or postsecondary transition. The students receive independent study assignments, allowing them to earn credits while still meeting work and family obligations that would have otherwise prevented them from completing their education. Students age 18 or older may refer themselves or be referred to the program by their school district. About 400 students were served during the year.
- The Community Action for Responsive Education (CARE) intervention program is a partnership between the County Office and several local secondary schools that provide instruction and support tailored to the students' educational and behavioral needs. CARE students receive their core instruction from one teacher in a small classroom environment focusing on English, Mathematics, Science, Social Studies and study skills. CARE students are eligible to participate in elective courses, physical education, and extracurricular activities according to each school's participation guidelines.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2022

The County Office also provides enrichment opportunities, parenting support, mentors, tutors, and other services for CARE students on an as-needed basis. Through participation in the CARE intervention program, students will gain the academic, behavioral and/or social skills necessary to be successful in a traditional school setting. Just over 190 students were served during the year.

• Sly Park Center is a residential outdoor science program that provides educational experiences in environmental areas to elementary students from Sacramento and Northern California. Students may attend 5-day, 4-day, and 3-day residential programs or day trips during the school year. In addition to the residential program, Sly Park also offers a variety of virtual lessons, site visits, and single-day field trips to green spaces. The Sly Park Center also accommodates various student and adult conference groups during the summer. All services offered support NGSS standards, California's Environmental Principles and Concepts, and promote social-emotional learning.

In addition to the above-mentioned services and programs, the County Office administers over 200 special programs, services and grants that serve adults and students in Sacramento County, neighboring counties and in some cases throughout the state of California. Adults and students are served in many capacities such as through technology support, training and evaluation services, pupil services and instructional support. Many of these programs are administered in conjunction with the state and federal governments and are subject to the fiscal requirements of these agencies. These special programs, services and grants comprise approximately 78% of the County Office's budget. The following represents the highlights of these programs:

- The K-12 Curriculum and Instruction (C&I) Department provides a variety of instructional support services to districts and schools throughout California. Technical assistance, coaching, professional learning sessions, and speakers are provided to administrators, teachers and other educators that focus on the state's content standards in English Language Arts & Literacy, Mathematics, English Language Development, Next Generation Science and History Social Studies. The C&I Department supports social and emotional learning, High-Quality First Instruction, research-based instructional practices and Expanded Learning programs. Instructional and technical support is provided to districts and schools through customized, on-site services. This support includes analyzing achievement data to improve instruction, planning programs to support English Learner students, building district capacity to deliver high quality instruction and working with principals to improve the quality of curriculum and instruction at their sites. Finally, the C&I Department facilitates professional networks for teachers and administrators that enable them to share their successes and challenges in an on-going effort to improve student achievement.
- The Early Learning Department prepares young children (prenatal through age 5) for success in elementary school and beyond by providing direct support to families and providing research-based professional learning, on-site support, technical assistance, and other resources to early education and care administrators and staff. The Department provides services and develops resources for early learning program directors and leaders from county offices of education, school districts, preschools, and private early care and education programs throughout California. The Department facilitates communication and collaboration among early learning educators, providers and community partners to ensure equitable access to high-quality programs and services for Sacramento County's youngest learners.
- The Foster and Homeless Youth Services Department provides additional supports and agency referrals to homeless youth and education and transition support along with credit recovery for foster youth at the Sacramento Youth Detention Facility and Community School sites. The department

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2022

provides training and support to district Homeless and Foster Youth liaisons and agency partners. Finally, the Department maintains the Foster Focus database that is utilized by over 400 partners, made up of school districts, county offices of education, Sacramento Child Protective Services (CPS) and the Sacramento County Probation Department. Data is sourced from approximately 3,700 schools in 50 California counties as well as the School Connect database used by CPS to assist in keeping students in their school of origin.

- The Advancement via Individual Determination (AVID) Department provides professional development, technical assistance, curricular resources, and program certification oversight to school districts throughout the capital region. AVID is a transitional kindergarten through postsecondary college readiness system designed to increase the number of students who enroll and succeed in higher education and in their lives beyond high school. The AVID elementary program provides a foundational component for elementary schools and is designed as a sequential, academic skills resource. The AVID secondary program is designed to ensure college and career readiness of AVID elective students and improved academic performance of all students based on increased opportunities. The core of AVID at the secondary (high school and middle school) level is the AVID elective class, where students are enrolled and receive support to succeed in the school's most rigorous classes.
- The Prevention & Early Intervention Department provides programs, services, and professional development opportunities that address a variety of youth development and prevention education topics. Focus areas include the following: positive youth development; school, bicycle and pedestrian safety; violence, suicide and bullying prevention; substance abuse and tobacco use prevention; and school-based mental health promotion. The Friday Night Live/Club Live programs provide weekly services to youth at approximately 60 middle schools and high schools throughout Sacramento County to build leadership skills, provide opportunities for community engagement, and prevent alcohol and drug use among teenagers. The Friday Night Live Mentoring program partners teams of older high-school aged youth with teams of middle-school youth in a structured one-on-one relationship. Project SAVE (Safe Alternatives and Violence Education) is an early intervention program designed to break the cycle of youth violence and served over 100 youth and their parents throughout Sacramento County. Prevention & Early Intervention project partners include the following: 13 Sacramento County school districts; Sacramento County Department of Behavioral Health Services; California Office of Traffic Safety; California Department of Education; California Friday Night Live Partnership; local law enforcement agencies; and various community-based organizations. The Department also facilitates several collaborative groups, including the Sacramento County Coalition for Youth, the County Prevention Coordinators Council and the Sacramento County Student Mental Health & Wellness Collaborative.
- The Sacramento Cal-SOAP consortium is funded and administered by the California Student Aid Commission. The program strives to effectively communicate information about college and financial aid opportunities while helping raise the achievement levels of low-income, first-generation college students. Sacramento Cal-SOAP delivers college and financial aid awareness workshops to high school juniors and seniors. The program also offers direct one-on-one college planning and financial aid assistance to students attending select schools in Sacramento County. The Cal-SOAP department also serves as the regional coordinating organization for Cash for College program which organizes workshops to provide assistance to students and their families in completing the student financial aid application process.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2022

 The County Office's School of Education Department is comprised of two divisions, Teaching and Leading, whose mission is to provide high quality professional learning for teachers and leaders in the capital region and beyond. The Teaching division consists of the Teacher Intern, Teacher Induction and Bilingual Teacher Professional Development programs.

The two-year Teacher Intern program provides an alternative pathway to traditional teacher preparation programs by offering an accelerated entry to teaching. Colleges, universities and approved LEA's may sponsor these programs. The County Office is a Commission on Teacher Credentialing (CTC) accredited provider for Single Subject Math and Science, Multiple Subject, and Mild/Moderate Education Specialist Intern Credential programs.

The Teacher Induction program partners with public, charter and private schools to assist participating teachers in creating successful early teaching experiences and earning a clear credential with the ultimate goal of increasing teacher retention. New teachers work with an experienced colleague to hone their skills, knowledge, and abilities related to their teaching practice. The participating teachers and mentors from local and state-wide school districts meet regularly to discuss classroom practice.

The Bilingual Teacher Professional Development program provides teachers with the opportunity to earn a bilingual authorization, enabling them to teach in a multilingual setting. The program also aims to encourage teachers currently holding a bilingual authorization to return to teaching in a multilingual setting.

The Leading division consists of the Preliminary Administrative Services Credential, Clear Administrative Services Credential, and the CA School Leadership Academy programs. These programs are a collaboration with local school districts to prepare and support aspiring and current educational leaders. The Preliminary and Clear Administrative programs are CTC accredited and focus on filling the need for highly qualified administrators in the Capital region. The CA School Leadership Academy extends leadership development for teachers, site and central office leaders across 14 counties within the Placer-Sacramento Geo Region. Professional learning is geared toward building leadership capacity to lead for equity, collaboration and continuous improvement. CSLA serves private, and public schools who receive Title 2 funding.

• The County Office's Adult Re-Entry programs support men and women re-entering the community from incarceration. With both in-custody and out-of-custody sites, programs are designed to address the causes of offending behavior and assist clients and their families in developing a successful reentry plan while in a safe and inclusive environment. The programs address risks/needs through evidence-based programming and provide support in the areas of cognitive behavior, academics, job readiness, vocational training, substance abuse and mental health. The programs also provide specific support based on the client's needs in areas such as transitional housing, benefit screening, child support workshops, and transportation. Clients are referred to the program by their supervising agency. Adult Re-Entry case managers collaborate with the client, their family, and their supervising agent to ensure long-term success as this will have the most impact on the stability of the clients, families, and ultimately the community. The impact on public safety is demonstrated by the reduction in overall recidivism. Sites currently served are the Sacramento Community Based Coalition (SCBC), Woodland Day Reporting Center, West Sacramento Day Reporting Center and the Placer Re-Entry program, located in Auburn, Roseville and King's Beach. These services continued to be provided during the last fiscal year using online conferencing when in person classes were not available.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2022

• The Support Services and Administration departments provide internal support to the County Office programs mentioned above and to the districts throughout Sacramento County.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The County Office accounts for the purchase value of capital assets and includes these values as part of the financial statements. In addition to purchasing equipment during the year, the County Office incurred the following construction-related costs: additional workspace upgrades at the David P. Meaney Education Center; remodel of portable units at the Missile Way sites; security upgrades at the North Area Community School site; and construction costs of the new Nathaniel S. Colley Community School. The County Office is reporting net capital assets of \$32,249,990 as of 6/30/22, represented as follows: \$57,138,631 in Land and Building components, \$57,197 in Work in Progress, \$6,756,784 in Equipment and \$31,702,622 in accumulated depreciation. Detailed balances by asset and depreciation expense category are provided in the supporting footnotes.

LONG-TERM DEBT

The County Office is reporting \$59,611,466 of Long-Term Debt as of 6/30/22, represented as follows: \$62,224,604 of Net Pension Liability; \$6,219,189 of Net OPEB Asset; \$1,710,000 of the 2013 Refunding Lease-Purchase; and \$1,896,051 of Compensated Absences. Detailed balances and future payment information are provided in the supporting footnotes.

COUNTY SCHOOL SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The County Office's budget is prepared in accordance with California law and is based on the modified accrual basis of accounting. As indicated earlier in this document, under "Financial Reports", the original budget is adopted by July 1 and the County Office revises its budget at First and Second Interim and one more time in the Spring in order to establish beginning balances for the following year.

ECONOMIC FACTORS BEARING ON THE COUNTY OFFICE'S FUTURE

- The County Office has always taken an entrepreneurial approach in pursuing grants and contracts for our agency. We work with various entities in our region and throughout the State of California to secure funding for programs that benefit our particular population.
- At the same time, we follow a conservative budgeting approach. It is our practice to budget for and spend under a grant or contract after we receive confirmation of funding. Once funding is secured, we are prudent in our hiring and spending.
- Each funding source is self-supporting, and most departments maintain adequate reserves for the future. In our general programs, we maintain a fund balance well in excess of the required minimum.
- These sound budgeting practices keep the County Office financially healthy and allow us to be prepared for the next economic downturn.

CONTACTING THE COUNTY OFFICE'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, parents, and creditors with a general overview of the County Office finances and to show the County Office's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact Nicolas Schweizer, Associate Superintendent Business Services, Sacramento County Office of Education.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2022

ASSETS	Governmental Activities
1100210	
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$ 87,445,932
Receivables	60,397,930
Prepaid expenses	886,538
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (Note 4)	32,249,990
Total Assets	180,980,390
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows of resources relating to OPEB (Note 8)	8,401,730
Deferred outflows of resources relating to pensions (Note 6)	44,487,496
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	52,889,226
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	24,389,669
Unearned revenue	4,982,759
Long-term liabilities (Note 5):	
Due within one year	2,216,051
Due in more than one year	57,395,415
Total Liabilities	88,983,894
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows of resources relating to OPEB (Note 8)	20,343,916
Deferred inflows of resources relating to pensions (Note 6)	38,877,781
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	59,221,697
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	30,539,990
Restricted	23,196,835
Unrestricted	31,927,200
Total Net Position	\$ 85,664,025

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

			Pi	rogi	ram Revenu	es		Re C	t (Expense) venues and changes in et Position
				(Operating		Capital		
		C	harges for		Frants and		rants and	Go	vernmental
	Expenses		Services	Co	ntributions	Cor	ntributions	A	Activities
Governmental Activities									
Instruction	\$ 24,683,568	\$	3,116,450	\$	16,709,934	\$	-	\$	(4,857,184)
Instruction - related services:									
Instructional supervision and									
administration	51,304,902		17,982,197		29,010,839		-		(4,311,866)
School site administration	2,007,505		53,689		400,752		-		(1,553,064)
Pupil Services:									
Food services	428,267		-		117,355		-		(310,912)
All other pupil services	10,833,021		2,840,710		8,072,863		-		80,552
General administration:									(=20.10.1)
Centralized data processing	1,571,511		-		833,327		-		(738,184)
All other general administration	13,535,038		975,410		4,314,250		-		(8,245,378)
Plant services	5,324,064		43,767		389,835		-		(4,890,462)
Ancillary services	175,495		- 226 921		111,498		-		(63,997)
Community services	618,240		236,831		406,035		-		24,626
Enterprise activities	1,939,082 28,510		50,876		605,369		-		(1,282,837)
Interest on long-term debt	29,235,576		4,071,718		21,789,088		-		(28,510)
Other outgo									(3,374,770)
Total governmental activities	\$ 141,684,779	\$	29,371,648	\$	82,761,145	\$			(29,551,986)
•	General Revenues Taxes and subve	entic							
	Taxes levied f	_							18,876,607
	Taxes levied f			-					282,063
	Federal and state			d to	specific purp	oses			23,989,747
Interest and investment earnings									291,615
Interagency revenues									4,746,033
	Miscellaneous								9,549,791
Total General Revenues									57,735,856
		Ch	ange in Net F	osit	ion				28,183,870
		Ne	t Position, Jul	y 1,	2021				57,480,155
		Ne	t Position, Jui	ne 30	0, 2022			\$	85,664,025

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2022

ASSETS	County School Service Fund	E	Special Education Pass-Through Fund		Education Facilities Government		Schools Facilities		Schools Non-Major Facilities Governmental		Schools Non-Major Facilities Governmental		Totals	<u>. </u>
Cash and investments (Note 2)														
Cash in County Treasury	\$ 80,735,929	\$	9,602,267	\$	(1,312,367)	\$	30,778	\$	(2,154,367)	\$ 86,902,	,240			
Cash in bank(s)	1,910		-		-		-		-	1,	,910			
Cash collections awaiting deposit	511,782		-		-		-		-	511,	,782			
Cash in revolving fund	30,000		-		-		-		-	30,	,000			
Receivables	40,266,112		3,614,139		3,261,181		8,319,222		4,937,276	60,397,	,930			
Prepaid expenditures	878,752		-		1,483		-		6,303	886,	,538			
Due from other funds (Note 3)	9,559,564		732,248		2,438		-		458,804	10,753,	,054			
Total Assets	\$ 131,984,049	\$	13,948,654	\$	1,952,735	\$	8,350,000	\$	3,248,016	\$ 159,483,	454			
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES														
Liabilities														
Accounts payable	\$ 10,942,929	\$	10,279,983	\$	1,096,576	\$	-	\$	2,050,231	\$ 24,369,	719			
Unearned revenue	4,945,831		-		-		-		36,928	4,982,	,759			
Due to other funds (Note 3)	1,193,490		503,329		334,730		8,350,000		371,505	10,753,	,054			
Total Liabilities	17,082,250		10,783,312		1,431,306		8,350,000		2,458,664	40,105,	,532			
Fund balances (Note 7)														
Nonspendable	908,752		-		1,483		-		6,303	916,	,538			
Restricted	19,099,440		3,165,342		164,371		-		767,682	23,196,	,835			
Unassigned	94,893,607				355,575		-		15,367	95,264,	,549			
Total Fund Balances	114,901,799		3,165,342		521,429		-		789,352	119,377,	,922			
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 131,984,049	\$	13,948,654	\$	1,952,735	\$	8,350,000	\$	3,248,016	\$ 159,483,	454			

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITON

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2022

Total fund balances - governmental funds

\$ 119,377,922

Amounts reported for assets and liabilities for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

Capital assets: In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net position, all assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated depreciation.

Capital assets at historical cost: Accumulated depreciation: \$ 63,952,612

(31,702,622)

Net:

32,249,990

Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred.

(19.950)

Long-term liabilities: In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist of:

Net pension liability
Net OPEB liability (asset)
Compensated absences payable
Refunding lease-purchase payable

62,224,604 (6,219,189)

1,896,051

1,710,000

(59,611,466)

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB: In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are reported.

Deferred outflows of resources relating to OPEB

8,401,730

Deferred inflows of resources relating to OPEB

(20,343,916)

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions: In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are reported.

Deferred outflows of resources relating to pensions

44,487,496

Deferred inflows of resources relating to pensions

(38,877,781)

Total net position, governmental activities:

\$ 85,664,025

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2022

	County Special School Education Service Pass-Through Fund Fund		Adult Education Fund	County School Facilities Fund	All Non-Major Funds	Totals
REVENUES						
LCFF Sources	\$ 30,547,243	\$ 10,618,884	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 41,166,127
Federal revenue	16,861,647	3,532,086	3,663,525	-	4,518,841	28,576,099
Other state revenues	27,202,360	4,270,993	13,547,966	-	4,316,832	49,338,151
Other local revenues	47,262,472		50,722		3,478,302	50,791,496
Total revenues	121,873,722	18,421,963	17,262,213		12,313,975	169,871,873
EXPENDITURES						
Certificated salaries	23,635,388	-	1,149,311	-	621,529	25,406,228
Classified salaries	31,084,924	-	1,600,964	-	2,352,942	35,038,830
Employee benefits	22,669,437	-	892,167	-	1,133,805	24,695,409
Books and supplies	2,800,659	-	69,823	-	167,722	3,038,204
Services and other operating expenditures	28,891,635	-	1,360,012	-	7,152,990	37,404,637
Capital outlay	1,471,340	-	-	-	-	1,471,340
Other outgo	(130,025)	16,888,436	12,063,460	-	413,710	29,235,581
Debt service						
Principal	-	-	-	-	340,263	340,263
Interest					35,262	35,262
Total expenditures	110,423,358	16,888,436	17,135,737		12,218,223	156,665,754
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	11,450,364	1,533,527	126,476	-	95,752	13,206,119
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Operating transfers in	50	-	-	-	456,863	456,913
Operating transfers out	(456,863)	-			(50)	(456,913)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(456,813)				456,813	
Net change in fund balances	10,993,551	1,533,527	126,476	-	552,565	13,206,119
Fund balances, July 1, 2021	103,908,248	1,631,815	394,953		236,787	106,171,803
Fund balances, June 30, 2022	\$ 114,901,799	\$ 3,165,342	\$ 521,429	\$ -	\$ 789,352	\$ 119,377,922

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2022

\$ 13,206,119 Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because: Capital outlay: In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense for the period is: 1,361,160 Expenditures for capital outlay: Depreciation expense: (2,158,982)Net: (797,822)Debt service: In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were: 305,000 Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. Unmatured interest owing at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period but owing from the prior period was: 3,558 Pensions: In government funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made, in the statement of activities pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and actual employer contributions was: 11.870.064 Postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB): In governmental funds, OPEB costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year,

the difference between OPEB costs and actual employer contributions was:

paid and compensated absences earned was:

Total change in net position - governmental activities

Compensated absences in governmental funds are measured by the amounts paid during the period. In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned. The difference between compensated absences 3,305,480

291,471 \$ 28,183,870

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2022

	Tr Sch	Private- Purpose ust Fund Student holarship Loan Fund	 stodial Funds Payroll Clearing Fund	_	Total Fiduciary Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents (note 2)					
Cash in County Treasury	\$	110,372	\$ 38,445,152	\$	38,555,524
Accounts Receivable		10,716	55,476		66,192
Total assets		121,088	 38,500,628		38,621,716
LIABILITIES					
Due to Agencies		-	38,786,279		38,786,279
Total liabilities		-	 38,786,279		38,786,279
NET POSITION					
Restricted		121,088	(285,651)		(164,563)
Total net position	\$	121,088	\$ (285,651)	\$	(164,563)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Private- Purpose Trust Fund Student Scholarship and Loan Fund		Purpose Trust Fund Custodia Student Payr Scholarship Clear		ose Fund Custodial Fundent Payroll ship Clearing		-	Total Fiduciary Funds
Additions								
Other Local Revenue	\$	82,275	\$	-	\$	82,275		
Funds Collected for Others		-		923,640,872		923,640,872		
Total Additions		82,275		923,640,872		923,723,147		
Deductions								
Funds Distributed to Others		-		928,009,040		928,009,040		
Contract Services and Operating Expenditures		6,000		-		6,000		
Total Deductions		6,000		928,009,040		928,015,040		
Changes in Net Position		76,275		(4,368,168)		(4,291,893)		
Net Position								
Net Position - July 1, 2021		44,813		4,082,517		4,127,330		
Net Position - June 30, 2022	\$	121,088	\$	(285,651)	\$	(164,563)		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. HISTORY OF THE ORGANIZATION

The Sacramento County Office of Education (the "County Office") is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of California. It is governed by a seven-member Governing Board elected by registered voters of the County Office. Each Board member represents an "area", which comprises several local communities within Sacramento County. The County Office is situated in one of the areas and serves students in kindergarten through grade twelve and adults, as well as infants in some Special Education programs.

B. REPORTING ENTITY

The County Superintendent of Schools and County Board of Education have governance responsibilities over the activities related to public school education conducted by the County Office. The Board is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board since Board members have decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The County's Board of Education formed a non-profit public benefit corporation known as the Schools Projects Financing Corporation of Sacramento County ("Corporation"). The County Office and the Corporation have a financial and operational relationship which meet the reporting entity definition criteria of Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Section 2100, for inclusion of the Corporation as a blended component unit of the County Office. Therefore, the financial activities of the Corporation have been included in the financial statements of the County Office as a blended component unit.

The following are those aspects of the relationship between the County Office and the Corporation which satisfy Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Section 2100, as amended by criteria:

Manifestations of Oversight

The Corporation's Board of Directors is the County's Board of Education.

The Corporation has no employees. The County Office's Superintendent and Associate Superintendent, Business Services function as agents of the Corporation. The individuals did not receive additional compensation for work performed in this capacity.

The County Office exercises significant influence over operations of the Corporation as it is anticipated that the County Office will be the sole lessee of all facilities owned by the Corporation.

Accounting for Fiscal Matters

All major financing arrangements, contracts, and other transactions of the Corporation must have the consent of the County Office.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

B. REPORTING ENTITY (CONTINUED)

Accounting for Fiscal Matters (continued)

Any deficits incurred by the Corporation will be reflected in the lease payments of the County Office. Any surpluses of the Corporation revert to the County Office at the end of the lease period.

It is anticipated that the County Office's lease payments will be the sole revenue source of the Corporation.

The County Office has assumed a "moral obligation," and potentially a legal obligation, for any debt incurred by the Corporation.

Scope of Public Service and Financial Presentation

The Corporation was created for the sole purpose of financially assisting the County Office.

The Corporation is a nonprofit, public benefit corporation incorporated under the laws of the State of California and recorded by the Secretary of State. The Corporation was formed to provide financing assistance to the County Office for construction and acquisition of major capital facilities. Upon completion, the County Office intends to occupy all Corporation facilities. When the Corporation's Refunding lease-purchase agreements have been paid, title to all Corporation property will pass to the County Office for no additional consideration.

The Corporation's financial activity is presented in the financial statements in the County School Service Fund. Refunding lease purchase agreements issued by the Corporation are included in the long-term liabilities.

C. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The County Office accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the California Department of Education's California School Accounting Manual. The accounting policies of the County Office conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

D. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the County Office's activities, including infrastructure, and a focus on the major funds.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities displays information about the reporting government as a whole. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements. Fiduciary funds are reported only in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position at the fund financial statement level.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

D. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (CONTINUED)

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Codification Section (GASB Cod. Sec.) N50.118-.121.

Program revenues: Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities derive directly from the program itself or from parties outside the County Office's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the County Office's general revenues.

Allocation of indirect expenses: The County Office reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included the direct expense of each function. Interest on long-term liabilities is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between expenses, both direct and indirect, of the County Office and for each governmental function, and excludes fiduciary activity. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. The County Office does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the County Office. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities results from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their net asset use.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the County Office. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

D. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (CONTINUED)

Governmental Funds

All governmental funds are accounted for using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance reports on the sources (revenues and other financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide financial statements, prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, and the governmental fund financial statements, prepared using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

E. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements.

Accrual

Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

Modified Accrual

The governmental fund financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible when the current period or within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term liabilities, if any, is recognized when due.

Revenues (Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions)

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year, or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter, to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, available is defined as collectible within 45 to 60 days. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California districts and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursement grants and corrections to State-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for districts as collectible within one year. The following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: Local Control Funding Formula, interest, certain grants, and other local sources.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

E. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (CONTINUED)

Revenues (Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions) (Continued)

Non-exchange transactions, in which the County Office receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, certain grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are received. Revenue from certain grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include time and purpose restrictions. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Principal and interest on long-term obligations, which has not matured, are recognized when paid in the governmental funds. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

F. FUND ACCOUNTING

The accounts of the County Office are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. The County Office resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Major Governmental Funds

The **County School Service Fund** is the general operating fund of the County Office and accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the County Office not encompassed within other funds. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures and the capital improvement expenditures that are not paid through other funds are paid from the County School Service Fund. For financial reporting purposes, the current year activity and year-end balances of the Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects and the Special Reserve Fund for Postemployment Benefits Fund are combined with the County School Service Fund.

The **Special Education Pass-Through Fund** is used to account for pass-through of revenues to member Local Educational Agencies of the Special Education Local Plan Area.

The **Adult Education Fund** is used to account for revenues received and expenditures made to operate the County Office's adult education program.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

F. FUND ACCOUNTING (CONTINUED)

Major Governmental Funds (Continued)

The **County School Facilities Fund** is used to account for the proceeds of revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures related to school site modernization.

Non-Major Governmental Funds

The **Child Development Fund** is used to account for the proceeds of revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures related to early learning.

Capital Project Funds are used to account for resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment. This includes the Capital Facilities Fund.

The **Capital Facilities Fund** is used to account for proceeds from various redevelopment projects that fund facility-related projects serving the needs of the community.

Fiduciary Fund

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. The County Office maintains two **Custodial Funds** and one **Private-Purpose Trust Fund**.

The **Private-Purpose Trust Funds** are used to account for assets held by the County Office as trustee. The County Office maintains a *Student Scholarship and Loan Fund* to assist students and graduates with post-secondary tuition, fees, and other expenses; and holds funds collected through donation in trust until they are disbursed to recipients pursuant to the rules and protocols established by the scholarship committee.

Custodial Funds generally should report fiduciary activities that are not held in a trust or equivalent arrangement that meets specific criteria. The County Office maintains a *Payroll-Clearing Fund* which is used primarily to account separately for amounts collected from employees for federal taxes, state taxes, credit unions, and other contributions, as well as funds held for commercial and other trust activities for all school districts in the county.

G. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

By state law, the County Office must adopt a final budget by July 1. A public hearing is conducted to receive comments prior to adoption. The County Office's governing board satisfied these requirements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

H. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The County Office's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash equivalents also include cash with county treasury balances for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

I. RECEIVABLES

Receivables are made up principally of amounts due from the State of California for Local Control Funding Formula and Categorical programs. The County Office has determined that no allowance for doubtful accounts was needed as of June 30, 2022.

J. PREPAID EXPENDITURES

The County Office has the option of reporting expenditures for prepaid items in governmental funds either when paid or during the benefiting period. The County Office has chosen to report the expenditures during the benefiting period.

K. CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

Capital assets purchased or acquired, with an original cost of \$5,000 or more, are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlay that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over 5 - 30 years depending on asset types.

L. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of net position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s), and as such will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and as such, will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

M. INTERFUND BALANCES

Interfund activity is reported as either loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs at cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

N. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Compensated absences benefits totaling \$1,896,051 are recorded as a liability of the County Office. The liability is for earned but unused benefits.

O. ACCUMULATED SICK LEAVE

Sick leave benefits are accumulated for each employee. The employees do not gain a vested right to accumulated sick leave. Accumulated employee sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the County Office since cash payment of such benefits is not probable. Therefore, sick leave benefits are recorded as expenditures in the period that sick leave is taken.

P. ACCRUED LIABILITIES AND LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide and/or governmental fund financial statements. Governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid form current financial resources are reported as liabilities in the governmental funds balance sheet. In addition to these payables and accrued liabilities, the debt associated with compensated absences, lease-purchase agreements and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the government-wide statement of net position.

Q. UNEARNED REVENUE

Revenue from federal, state and local special projects and programs is recognized when qualified expenditures have been incurred. Funds received but not earned are recorded as unearned revenue until earned.

R. FUND BALANCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Codification Sections 1300 and 1800, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions (GASB Cod. Sec. 1300 and 1800) implements a five-tier fund balance classification hierarchy that depicts the extent to which a government is bound by spending constraints imposed on the use of its resources. The five classifications, discussed in more detail below, are nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Nonspendable Fund Balance reflects amounts that are not in spendable form, such as revolving fund cash and prepaid expenditures.

Restricted Fund Balance reflects amounts subject to externally imposed and legally enforceable constraints. Such constraints may be imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or may be imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. These are the same restrictions used to determine restricted net position as reported in the government-wide and fiduciary trust fund statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

R. FUND BALANCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Committed Fund Balance classification reflects amounts subject to internal constraints self-imposed by formal action of the County Office. The constraints giving rise to committed fund balance must be imposed no later than the end of the reporting period. The actual amounts may be determined subsequent to that date but prior to the issuance of the financial statements. Formal action by the County Office is required to remove any commitment from any fund balance. At June 30, 2022, the County Office had no committed fund balances.

Assigned Fund Balance reflects amounts that the County Office has approved to be used for specific purposes, based on the County Office's intent related to those specific purposes. The County Office can designate personnel with the authority to assign fund balances. The Associate Superintendent Business Services has the authority to assign fund balances as of June 30, 2022.

Unassigned Fund Balance represents the residual classification for the government's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

In the County School Service Fund only, the unassigned fund balance classification reflects the residual balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that is not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes.

In any fund other than the County School Service Fund, a positive unassigned fund balance is never reported because amounts in any other fund are assumed to have been assigned, at least, to the purpose of that fund. However, deficits in any fund, including the County School Service Fund that cannot be eliminated by reducing or eliminating amounts assigned to other purposes are reported as negative unassigned fund balance.

Fund Balance Policy

The County Office has an expenditure policy relating to fund balances. For purposes of fund balance classifications, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balances first, followed in order by committed fund balances (if any), assigned fund balances and lastly unassigned fund balances.

While GASB Cod. Sec. 1300 and 1800 do not require county offices of education to establish a minimum fund balance policy or a stabilization arrangement, GASB Cod. Sec. 1300 and 1800 do require the disclosure of a minimum fund balance policy and stabilization arrangements, if they have been adopted by the County Office. At June 30, 2022, the County Office has not established a minimum fund balance policy nor has it established a stabilization arrangement.

S. NET POSITION

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation adopted by the County Office or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws and regulations of other governments. The County Office first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

S. NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

Restricted Net Position

Restrictions of the ending net position indicate the portions of net position not appropriable for expenditure or amounts legally segregated for a specific future use. The restriction for legally restricted program activities is restricted for expenditures only in those particular programs. These amounts are not available for appropriation and expenditure at the balance sheet date. The restrictions for capital projects represent the portions of net position the County Office plans to expend in the future on capital projects. The restriction for retiree benefits represents the portion of net position the County Office has set aside for future payment of retiree benefits. It is the County Office's policy to use restricted net position first when allowable expenditures are incurred.

T. PROPERTY TAX

Secured property taxes are attached as an enforceable lien on property as of March 1. Taxes are due in two installments on or before December 10 and April 10. Unsecured property taxes are due in one installment on or before August 31. The County of Sacramento bills and collects taxes for the County Office. Tax revenues are recognized by the County Office when received.

U. ELIMINATIONS AND RECLASSIFICATIONS

In the process of aggregating data for the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the funds were eliminated or reclassified. Interfund receivables and payables were eliminated to minimize the "grossing up" effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental activities column.

V. ENCUMBRANCES

Encumbrance accounting is used in all budgeted funds to reserve portions of applicable appropriations for which commitments have been made. Encumbrances are recorded for purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments when they are written. Encumbrances are liquidated when the commitments are paid. All encumbrances are liquidated at June 30.

W. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities and the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

X. PENSIONS

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Office's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and California State Teachers Retirement System (STRS) plans (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS and STRS, respectively. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Y. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the County Office's OPEB liability/(asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Office's OPEB Plan (Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, the Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

Z. FINANCING LEASES

A lease is defined as a contract that coveys control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The long-term liability and corresponding asset for financial leases are recorded in the financial statements to the extent that the County Office's lease capitalization threshold is met, \$700,000. Amortization of related assets using the straight-line method over the life of the contract. As of June 30, 2022, the County Office did not have any financial leases that met the threshold.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2022 consist of the following:

	Governmental	Fiduciary
	Activities	Activities
Pooled Funds:		
Cash in County Treasury	\$ 86,902,240	\$ 38,555,524
Deposits:		
Revolving cash fund	30,000	-
Cash on hand and in banks	513,692	
Total	\$ 87,445,932	\$ 38,555,524

Cash in County Treasury

In accordance with Education Code Section 41001, the County Office maintains substantially all of its cash in the Sacramento County Treasury. The Sacramento County Treasury pools these funds with those of other districts and agencies within the County in the interest-bearing Sacramento County Treasurer's Pooled Surplus Investment Fund. These pooled funds are recorded at cost which approximates fair value. Interest earned is deposited quarterly into participating funds. Any investment losses are proportionately shared by all funds in the pool.

Because the County Office's deposits are maintained in a recognized pooled investment fund under the care of a third party and the County Office's share of the pool does not consist of specific, identifiable investment securities owned by the County Office, no disclosure of the individual deposits and investments or related custodial credit risk classification is required.

In accordance with applicable state laws, the Sacramento County Treasurer may invest in derivative securities. However, at June 30, 2022, the Sacramento County Treasurer has indicated that the Treasurer's Pooled Surplus Investment Fund contained no derivatives or other investments with similar risk profiles.

The Adult Education and Child Development Funds ended the fiscal year with negative cash balances in the County Treasury due to the timing of the receipt of funding for the programs.

Custodial Credit Risk. The County Office limits custodial credit risk by ensuring uninsured balances are collateralized by the respective financial institution. Cash balances held in banks are insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and are collateralized by the respective financial institution. At June 30, 2022, the carrying amount and the bank balance of the County Office's accounts was \$542,841, \$292,841 of which was insured.

Interest Rate Risk. It is the County Office's policy to limit cash and investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. At June 30, 2022, the County Office had no significant interest rate risk related to cash and investments held.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (CONTINUED)

Credit Risk. It is the County Office's policy to limit its investment choices in addition to the limitations of state law.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The County Office does not place limits on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. At June 30, 2022, the County Office had no concentration of credit risk.

3. INTERFUND ACTIVITIES

Transactions between funds of the County Office are recorded as interfund transfers. The unpaid balances at year-end, as a result of such transactions, are shown as due to and due from other funds.

Due from/Due to Other Funds

Amounts Due from/Due to other funds, at June 30, 2022, were as follows:

	Interfund		Interfund	
Fund	Receivables			Payables
Governmental Activities				
Major Funds:				
County School Service Fund	\$	9,559,564	\$	1,193,490
Special Education Pass-Through Fund		732,248		503,329
Adult Education Fund		2,438		334,730
County Schools Facilities Fund	-		8,350,00	
Non-Major Fund:				
Child Development Fund		458,804		371,505
Totals	\$	10,753,054	\$	10,753,054

Interfund Transfers

Amounts transferred, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, were as follows:

Totals	\$ 456,913
County School Service Fund as a miscellaneous contribution	50
Transfer from the Child Development Fund to the	
Child Development Fund to transfer fund balance	\$ 456,863
Transfer from the County School Service Fund to the	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

		Additions	Deductions		
	Balance	and	and	Balance	
	July 1, 2021	Transfers	Transfers	June 30, 2022	
Non-depreciable assets:					
Land	\$ 3,867,027	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,867,027	
Work in-process	_	57,197		57,197	
	3,867,027	57,197	_	3,924,224	
Depreciable assets:					
Improvements on sites	1,074,034	-	-	1,074,034	
Building	51,110,641	1,086,929	-	52,197,570	
Equipment	6,775,998	217,034	236,248	6,756,784	
	58,960,673	1,303,963	236,248	60,028,388	
Totals, at cost	62,827,700	1,361,160	236,248	63,952,612	
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Improvements on sites	(602,198)	(46,246)	-	(648,444)	
Building	(23,635,845)	(1,840,465)	-	(25,476,310)	
Equipment	(5,541,845)	(272,271)	(236,248)	(5,577,868)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(29,779,888)	(2,158,982)	(236,248)	(31,702,622)	
Capital assets, net	\$ 33,047,812	\$ (797,822)	\$ -	\$ 32,249,990	

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Instruction	\$ 367,270
Instructional supervision and administration	28,525
School site administration	151,916
Enterprise activities	20,323
All other general administration	569,320
Centralized data processing	95,611
Plant services	 926,017
Total depreciation expense	\$ 2,158,982

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

5. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Refunding Lease-Purchase

On March 1, 2013, the County Office entered into a lease purchase agreement with School Projects Financing Corporation of Sacramento County for current refunding of the 1999 Refunding Certificates of Participation and 2002 Certificates of Participation, Series A. The 2013 Refunding Lease-Purchase matures through 2027 with an effective interest rate of 3.50% as follows:

Year Ended				
June 30,	Principal]	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 320,000	\$	59,850	\$ 379,850
2024	330,000		48,650	378,650
2025	340,000		37,100	377,100
2026	355,000		25,200	380,200
2027	365,000		12,775	377,775
Totals	\$ 1,710,000	\$	183,575	\$ 1,893,575

Schedule of Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

A schedule of changes in long-term liabilities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 is shown below:

										Due
		Balance						Balance		Within
	_Jı	ıly 1, 2021	Add	litions	De	ductions	Ju	ne 30, 2022	C	ne Year
Refunding lease-purchase	\$	2,015,000	\$	-	\$	305,000	\$	1,710,000	\$	320,000
Net pension liability		86,111,515		-	2	23,886,911		62,224,604		-
Net OPEB liability (asset)		4,996,097	12,	542,531	2	23,757,817		(6,219,189)		-
Compensated absences		2,187,522		-		291,471		1,896,051		1,896,051
Totals	\$	95,310,134	\$ 12,	542,531	\$ 4	18,241,199	\$	59,611,466	\$	2,216,051

Payments on the refunding lease-purchase agreements are made from the County School Service Fund and Capital Facilities Fund. Payments on the compensated absences and other postemployment benefits are made from the fund for which the related employee worked.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

6. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the State Teachers' Retirement System (STRS), and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

Plan Description

California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

The County Office contributes to the School Employer Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Law. CalPERS issues a separate annual comprehensive financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS annual comprehensive financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Headquarters, 400 Q Street, Sacramento, California 95811.

State Teachers' Retirement System (STRS)

The County Office contributes to the State Teachers' Retirement System (STRS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by STRS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. STRS issues a separate annual comprehensive financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the STRS annual comprehensive financial report may be obtained from the STRS Headquarters, 100 Waterfront Place, West Sacramento, California 95605.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2022, are summarized as follows:

	CalP	PERS	CalS	TRS
	Prior to	On or after	Prior to	On or after
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2% @ 55	2% @ 62	2% @ 60	2% @ 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	55	62	60	62
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%
Required employee contribution rates	7%	7%	10.25%	10.205%
Required employer contribution rates	22.910%	22.910%	16.92%	16.92%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

6. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONTINUED)

Contributions

CalPERS

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plan are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The County Office is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

STRS

Required member, employer and state contribution rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and detailed in Teachers' Retirement Law. Contribution rates are expressed as a level percentage of payroll using the entry age normal actuarial cost method.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the contributions reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions recognized as part of pension expense for each Plan were as follows:

	<u>CalPERS</u>		 STRS	Total	
Contributions - employer	\$	7,685,117	\$ 3,929,251	\$	11,614,368
On behalf contributions - state			2,555,751		2,555,751
Total	\$	7,685,117	\$ 6,485,002	\$	14,170,119

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

As of June 30, 2022, the County Office's reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of each Plan as follows:

	Propo	rtionate Share
	of Net 1	Pension Liability
CalPERS	\$	44,140,049
STRS		18,084,555
Total Net Pension Liability	\$	62,224,604

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

6. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONTINUED)

The County Office's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 rolled forward to June 30, 2021 using standard update procedures.

The County Office's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County Office's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

The County Office's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan as of June 30, 2020 and 2021 measurement dates was as follows.

Measurement			
Dates	Fiscal Year	CalPERS	STRS
June 30, 2020	2020-21	0.15515%	0.03973%
June 30, 2021	2021-22	0.21707%	0.03974%
Change - Increase	(Decrease)	0.06192%	0.00001%

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the County Office recognized pension expense of \$11,870,064. At June 30, 2022, the County Office reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date \$ 7,685,117 \$ - \$ 6,485,002 \$ - \$ 14,170,119 \$ -		CalP	PERS	ST	RS	To	tal
to measurement date \$ 7,685,117 \$ - \$ 6,485,002 \$ - \$ 14,170,119 \$ -		Outflows of	Inflows of	Outflows of	Inflows of	Outflows of	
Difference between moneytimete	•	\$ 7,685,117	\$ -	\$ 6,485,002	\$ -	\$ 14,170,119	\$ -
share of aggregate employer contributions and actual	contributions and actual	-	1,465,262	386,174	544,143	386,174	2,009,405
Changes of Assumptions 836,256 - 11,895,169 - 12,731,425 -	Changes of Assumptions	836,256	-	11,895,169	-	12,731,425	-
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience 3,337,261 78,042 227,422 3,545,505 3,564,683 3,623,547	•	3,337,261	78,042	227,422	3,545,505	3,564,683	3,623,547
Change in employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions 12,807,107 6,876,642 827,988 1,545,560 13,635,095 8,422,202	and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate share of	12,807,107	6,876,642	827,988	1,545,560	13,635,095	8,422,202
Net differences between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments - 13,084,684 - 11,737,943 - 24,822,627	and actual investment earnings on	<u>-</u>	13,084,684	-	11,737,943	-	24,822,627
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		\$ 24,665,741	\$ 21,504,630	\$ 19,821,755	\$ 17,373,151	\$ 44,487,496	\$ 38,877,781

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

6. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONTINUED)

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	CalPERS	STRS	(1	tal Deferred Outflows/ Inflows) of Resources
2023	\$ (346,060)	\$ (1,162,051)	\$	(1,508,111)
2024	(1,594,328)	(685,013)		(2,279,341)
2025	804,309	(1,035,409)		(231,100)
2026	(3,387,927)	(1,713,932)		(5,101,859)
2027	-	440,736		440,736
Thereafter	 	119,271		119,271
Total	\$ (4,524,006)	\$ (4,036,398)	\$	(8,560,404)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	CalPERS	STRS
Valuation Date	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2020
Measurement Date	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost	Entry-Age Normal Cost
Actuarial Assumptions		
Discount Rate	7.15%	7.10%
Inflation	2.50%	2.75%
Payroll Growth Rate	2.75%	3.50%
Projected Salary Increase	Varies by Entry Age and Service	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Investment Rate of Return (1)	7.15%	7.10%
Mortality	Derived using CalPERS'	Derived using STRS'
	Membership Data for all Funds	Membership Data for all Funds

⁽¹⁾ Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using the Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the December 2017 experience study report (based on CalPERS demographic data from 1997 to 2015) that can be found on the CalPERS website.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

6. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONTINUED)

STRS changed the mortality assumptions based on the July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2018, experience study adopted by the board in January 2020. STRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are STRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among our members. The projection scale was set equal to 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2019) table issued by the Society of Actuaries.

Discount Rate

CalPERS

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for the Plan was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from Plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical and forecasted information for all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The table on the following page reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONTINUED) 6.

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10 (a)	Real Return Years 11+ (b)
Public Equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.0%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0.0%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Assets	13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.0%	0.00%	-0.92%
	100.0%		

STRS

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%, which was unchanged from prior fiscal year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers are made at statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rate increases actuarially determined. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return of 7.10% and assume that contributions, benefit payments and administrative expenses occur midyear. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term investment rate of return assumption was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best-estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from STRS investment staff and investment consultants as inputs to the process.

The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in January 2020 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each current and future valuation, STRS' independent consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of expected 20-year geometrically linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class as of the June 30, 2021 measurement date, are summarized in the following table.

⁽a) An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period (b) An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

6. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONTINUED)

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return ^(a)
Public Equity	42.0%	4.80%
Real Estate	15.0%	3.60%
Private Equity	13.0%	6.30%
Fixed Income	12.0%	1.30%
Risk Mitigating Strategies	10.0%	1.80%
Inflation Sensitive	6.0%	3.30%
Cash/Liquidity	2.0%	-0.40%
Total	100%	

⁽a) 20-year average

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the County Office's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the County Office's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

			(CalPERS		
	Discount Rate - 1% (6.15%)		Current Discount Rate (7.15%)		Discount Rate + 1 (8.15%)	
Plan's Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	74,426,321	\$	44,140,049	\$	18,995,945
				STRS		
	Discount Rate - 1% (6.10%)		Current Discount Rate (7.10%)		Discount Rate + 1 (8.10%)	
Plan's Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	36,813,682	\$	18,084,555	\$	2,539,738

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS and STRS annual comprehensive financial reports available on the CalPERS' and STRS' websites.

Payable to the Pension Plan

As of June 30, 2022, the County Office had no outstanding required contributions to the pension plans.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

7. FUND BALANCES

The County Office reports fund balances in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54. All fund balance categories are reported in the aggregate on the face of the balance sheet. All components of those fund balances and specific purposes are identified as follows:

Fund Balances, by category, consisted of the following at June 30, 2022:

	Count Schoo Servic Fund	l e	Spec Educa Pass-Th Fur	ition irough	E	Adult Educaton Fund	So Fac	ounty chool cilities Tund	n-Major Funds	,	Totals
Nonspendable						_					
Revolving cash	\$ 30	,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	30,000
Prepaid items	878	,752		-		1,483		-	6,303		886,538
Subtotal Nonspendable	908	,752				1,483		-	 6,303		916,538
Restricted											
Child Nutrition: School Programs	4	,036		-		-		-	-		4,036
Educator Effectiveness, FY 2021-22	1,484	,991		-		_		_	_		1,484,991
Lottery: Instructional Materials	202	,239		_		_		_	_		202,239
CalWORKs for ROCP or Adult Education		,694		_		_		_	_		14,694
Special Education	11,706	532		_		_		_	_		11,706,532
Special Ed: Early Ed Individuals with Exceptional											
Needs (Infant Program)	1,664	.427		_		_		_	_		1,664,427
Special Ed: Mental Health Services	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	.570	1.60	08,279		_		_	_		1,667,849
Special Ed: Dispute Prevention and Dispute Resolution		,863		51,659		_		_	_		291,522
Special Ed: Learning Recovery Support		,245		14,363		_		_	_		1,393,608
Mental Health-Related Services		,098		91,041		_		_	_		499,139
Classified School Employee Professional		,		-,							,
Development Block Grant	55	,806		_		_		_	_		55,806
A-G Access/Success Grant		.398		_		_		_	_		140,398
A-G Learning Loss Mitigation Grant		,000		_		_		_	_		75,000
Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant		,795		_		_		_	_		394,795
Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant:		,,,,,									57.,775
Paraprofessional Staff	195	,928		_		_		_	_		195,928
COVID Mitigation for Counties	1,913			_		_		_	_		1,913,627
Other Restricted State	,	,603		_		_		_	_		9,603
Ongoing & Major Maintenance Account		,347		_		_		_	_		146,347
Student Activity Funds		,910		_		_		_	_		1,910
Adult Education Program		,,,10		_		164,371		_	_		164,371
Child Dev: Universal Prekindergarten (UPK)						10,,571					101,571
Planning & Implementation		_		_		_		_	630,000		630,000
Other Restricted Local	402	,331				_			137,682		540,013
Subtotal Restricted	19,099		3 1/	55,342		164,371			 767,682		23,196,835
Subtotal Restricted	19,099	,440		33,342		104,571			 707,082		23,170,633
Unassigned											
Unassigned/Unappropriated Amount	94,893	,607		-		355,575			 15,367		95,264,549
Subtotal Unassigned	94,893	,607				355,575		-	 15,367		95,264,549
Totals	\$ 114,901	,799	\$ 3,10	55,342	\$	521,429	\$	-	\$ 789,352	\$ 1	19,377,922

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

8. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan description. The County Office participates in California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT), an agent multi-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefits plan administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Currently the plan provides for monthly health benefits to eligible retirees. Benefit provisions are established by labor agreements and may be amended by such for current active employees. Benefit provisions are approved by the Sacramento County Superintendent of Schools. Separate financial statements are prepared for the Plan and may be obtained by contacting CalPERS.

The CERBT was established by Chapter 331 of the 1988 California Statutes, and employers elect to participate in the CERBT to pre-fund health, dental, and other non-pension postemployment benefits for their retirees and survivors. The CERBT has pooled administrative and investment functions, while separate employer accounts are maintained to prefund and pay for health care or other postemployment benefits in accordance with the terms of the participating employers' plans. There are three Board approved investment strategies for employers to choose from depending on their expected levels of return and volatility. Benefit provisions are established by participating employers.

Employees covered by benefit terms. At June 30, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	447
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	608
	1,055

Contributions. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the County Office's average contribution rate was 2.31 percent of covered-employee payroll. Employees are not required to contribute to the plan.

Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)

The County Office's net OPEB liability/(asset) was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability/(asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the actuarial assumptions shown on the following page, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

8. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate 6.19%

General Inflation Rate 2.50% per year

Salary Increase 3.00% per year; since benefits do not depend on salary, this

is used to allocate the cost of benefits between service years

Investment rate of return 6.19%, net of plan investment expenses

Healthcare trend rates 5.70% (effective January 2022) and grades down to 4.00%

for years 2076 and thereafter

Medicare Eligibility Absent contrary data, all individuals are assumed to be eligible

for Medicare Parts A and B at age 65.

Mortality Improvement MacLeod Watts Scale 2020 applied generationally from 2015

Demographic actuarial assumptions used in the valuation are based on the following two studies:

For CalPERS members: On the December 2017 experience study of the California Public Employees Retirement System using data from 1997 to 2015, except for a different basis used to project future mortality improvements. The representative mortality rates were those published by CalPERS adjusted to back out 15 years of Scale MP 2016 to central year 2015 before being projected forward.

For CalSTRS members: On the December 2016 CalSTRS experience study report. The representative mortality rates were those published by CalSTRS in the 2016 study before projection.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

In March 2022, CalPERS updated the projected future investment returns for CERBT Strategy 1. CalPERS determined its returns for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return published by CalPERS for each major class are split for years 1-5 and years 1-20. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

CERBT Strategy 1

			Years 1-10			Years 11+	
		General	1-10 Year		General	11+ Year	
		Inflation	Expected	Compound	Inflation	Expected	Compound
	Target	Rate	Real Rate	Return	Rate	Real Rate	Return
Major Asset Classification	Allocation	Assumption	of Return	Years 1-10	Assumption	of Return	Years 11+
Global Equity	49%	2.40%	4.40%	6.80%	2.30%	4.50%	6.80%
Fixed Income	23%	2.40%	-1.50%	0.90%	2.30%	0.40%	2.70%
Global Real Estate (REITs)	20%	2.40%	3.00%	5.40%	2.30%	3.70%	6.00%
Treasury Inflation Protected Securities	5%	2.40%	-1.80%	0.60%	2.30%	0.50%	2.80%
Commodities	3%	2.40%	0.80%	3.20%	2.30%	1.10%	3.40%
Total	100%						

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

8. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.19 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from school districts and county offices will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)

	Increase (Decrease)							
	T	otal OPEB			Net OPEB			
		Liability (Asset)		n Fiduciary et Position		Liability (Asset)		
		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)		
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$	59,581,756	\$	54,585,659	\$	4,996,097		
Changes for the year:								
Service cost		1,304,997		-		1,304,997		
Interest		4,106,990		-		4,106,990		
Expected investment income		-		3,800,191		(3,800,191)		
Investment experience		-		11,344,699		(11,344,699)		
Changes of assumptions		7,109,676		-		7,109,676		
Plan experience		(4,882,598)		-		(4,882,598)		
Contributions - employer		-		3,730,329		(3,730,329)		
Benefit payments		(2,730,329)		(2,730,329)		-		
Administrative expense		_		(20,868)		20,868		
Net changes		4,908,736		16,124,022		(11,215,286)		
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$	64,490,492	\$	70,709,681	\$	(6,219,189)		

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability/(asset) to changes in the discount rate and healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability/(asset) of the County Office, as well as what the County Office's net OPEB liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.19 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.19 percent) than the current discount rate:

	Cu	Current - 1%		Current		Current + 1%		
		5.19%		6.19%		7.19%		
Net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	2,422,874	\$	(6,219,189)	\$	(13,382,024)		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

8. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability/(asset) to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability/(asset) of the County Office, as well as what the County Office's net OPEB liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Current				Current
	T	Trend - 1% Cu		rrent Trend	Trend + 1%	
Net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	(13,508,584)	\$	(6,219,189)	\$	2,693,437

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS annual comprehensive financial report.

$\underline{OPEB\ Expense\ and\ Deferred\ Outflows\ of\ Resources\ and\ Deferred\ Inflows\ of\ Resources\ Related}$ to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the County Office recognized OPEB expense of \$3,305,480. At June 30, 2022, the County Office reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	O	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	11,857,769
Changes of assumptions		7,140,640		517,949
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on OPEB plan investments		-		7,968,198
Deferred contributions		1,261,090		-
Total	\$	8,401,730	\$	20,343,916

The County Office will recognize the contributions made subsequent to the measurement date in the next fiscal year. In addition, future recognition of these deferred resources is shown below:

** * 1		tai Deierred			
Year Ended	Out	flows/(Inflows)			
June 30	of Resources				
2023	\$	(3,483,459)			
2024		(3,384,309)			
2025		(3,659,794)			
2026		(3,170,078)			
2027		332,582			
Thereafter		161,782			
Total	\$	(13,203,276)			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

8. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Payable to the OPEB Plan

The County Office had no outstanding contributions payable to the Plan required for the year ended June 30, 2022.

9. **JOINT VENTURES**

Schools Insurance Authority

The County Office is a member of a Joint Powers Authority, Schools Insurance Authority for the operation of a common risk management and insurance program for property, liability, and workers' compensation coverage. The following is a summary of financial information for Schools Insurance Authority for the year ended June 30, 2022:

Total assets	\$ 211,771,868
Deferred outflow of resources	1,751,462
Total liabilities	 86,615,462
Deferred inflow of resources	3,674,124
Total net position	\$ 123,233,744
Total revenues	\$ 75,280,339
Total expenses	82,404,595
Change in net position	\$ (7,124,256)
Contributions in the current year	\$ 1,137,299

The relationship between the County Office and the Joint Powers Authority is such that the joint powers authority is not a component unit of the County Office for financial reporting purposes. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

10. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

The County Office incurred unanticipated expenditures in excess of appropriations in expenditure classifications for which the budget was not revised.

Excess of expenditures over appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

	Excess		
	Expenditure		
General Fund:			
Other outgo	\$	75,554	
Special Education Pass-Through Fund:			
Other outgo		2,042,096	
Adult Education Fund:			
Certificated salaries		14,995	

The excess is not in accordance with Education Code 42600. The excess expenditures were due to accruals of expense and other outgo that occurred late in the closing process, for which budget adjustments were not made.

11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The County Office is subject to legal proceedings and claims which arise in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the amount of ultimate liability with respect to these actions will not materially affect the financial position or results of operations of the County Office.

Also, the County Office has received federal and state funds for specific purposes that are subject to review or audit by the grantor agencies. Although such audits could generate expenditure disallowances under terms of the grants, it is believed that any required reimbursements will not be material.

12. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The County Office's management has reviewed its financial statements and evaluated subsequent events for the period of time from its year ended June 30, 2022 through December 9, 2022, the date the financial statements were issued. Management is not aware of any subsequent events that would require recognition or disclosure in the accompanying financial statements.



STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP) AND ACTUAL

COUNTY SCHOOL SERVICE FUND

REVENUES LCFF sources \$ 30,547,243 \$ 30,744,761 \$ 30,547,243 \$ (197,57) Federal revenue 16,875,194 18,563,298 16,861,647 (1,701,60) Other state revenues 26,980,530 27,395,106 27,202,360 (192,70) Other local revenues 46,785,299 48,129,624 47,262,472 (867,10) Total revenues 121,188,266 124,832,789 121,873,722 (2,959,00)	rith get e ole)
Federal revenue 16,875,194 18,563,298 16,861,647 (1,701,60) Other state revenues 26,980,530 27,395,106 27,202,360 (192,70) Other local revenues 46,785,299 48,129,624 47,262,472 (867,10)	
Other state revenues 26,980,530 27,395,106 27,202,360 (192,7 occording to the property of the prope	18)
Other local revenues 46,785,299 48,129,624 47,262,472 (867,1	51)
	46)
Total reviewees 121 199 266 124 922 790 121 972 722 (2.050.0	52)
Total revenues 121,188,266 124,832,789 121,873,722 (2,959,0	67)
EXPENDITURES Certificated salaries 23,635,407 24,014,788 23,635,388 379,4	00
Classified salaries 31,084,489 31,891,370 31,084,924 806,4	46
Employee benefits 22,669,619 23,007,989 22,669,437 338,5	52
Books and supplies 2,800,485 4,098,818 2,800,659 1,298,1	59
Services and other operating expenditures 28,895,114 36,227,059 28,891,635 7,335,4	24
Capital outlay 1,471,560 1,940,926 1,471,340 469,5	86
Other outgo $(130,030)$ $(205,579)$ $(130,025)$ $(75,5)$	54)
Total expenditures 110,426,644 120,975,371 110,423,358 10,552,0	13
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 10,761,622 3,857,418 11,450,364 7,592,9	46
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
Operating transfers in 50 - 50	50)
Operating transfers out (456,863) (480,150) (456,863) 23,2	87
Total other financing sources (uses) (456,813) (480,150) (456,813) 23,3	37
Net change in fund balances 10,304,809 3,377,268 10,993,551 7,616,2	83
Fund balances, July 1, 2021 103,908,248 103,908,248 -	
Fund balances, June 30, 2022 \$ 114,213,057 \$ 107,285,516 \$ 114,901,799 \$ 7,616,2	83

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP) AND ACTUAL

SPECIAL EDUCATION PASS-THROUGH FUND

	 Buc	lget			Fir	riance with nal Budget avorable
	Original		Final	Actual	(Ur	nfavorable)
REVENUES						
LCFF sources	\$ 10,618,883	\$	9,889,246	\$ 10,618,884	\$	729,638
Federal revenue	3,454,359		-	3,532,086		3,532,086
Other state revenues	4,270,993		4,980,630	 4,270,993		(709,637)
Total revenues	 18,344,235		14,869,876	 18,421,963		3,552,087
EXPENDITURES						
Other outgo	16,670,552		14,846,340	 16,888,436		(2,042,096)
Total expenditures	16,670,552		14,846,340	16,888,436		2,042,096
Net change in fund balances	1,673,683		23,536	1,533,527		1,509,991
Fund balances, July 1, 2021	1,631,815		1,631,815	 1,631,815		
Fund balances, June 30, 2022	\$ 3,305,498	\$	1,655,351	\$ 3,165,342	\$	1,509,991

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP) AND ACTUAL

ADULT EDUCATION FUND

	Buo Original	lget	; Final	Actual	Fin Fa	iance with al Budget avorable favorable)
REVENUES						
Federal revenue	\$ 3,663,525	\$	3,714,984	\$ 3,663,525	\$	(51,459)
Other state revenues	13,547,968		13,560,667	13,547,966		(12,701)
Other local revenues	50,722		90	50,722		50,632
Total revenues	 17,262,215		17,275,741	17,262,213		(13,528)
EXPENDITURES						
Certificated salaries	1,149,311		1,134,316	1,149,311		(14,995)
Classified salaries	1,600,963		1,619,139	1,600,964		18,175
Employee benefits	892,177		906,118	892,167		13,951
Books and supplies	69,823		72,378	69,823		2,555
Services and other operating expenditures	1,360,012		1,485,597	1,360,012		125,585
Other outgo	12,063,461		12,066,094	12,063,460		2,634
Total expenditures	 17,135,747		17,283,642	 17,135,737		147,905
Net change in fund balances	126,468		(7,901)	126,476		134,377
Fund balances, July 1, 2021	 394,953		394,953	394,953		_
Fund balances, June 30, 2022	\$ 521,421	\$	387,052	\$ 521,429	\$	134,377

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY/(ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS

	Fiscal Year 2021-22	Fiscal Year 2020-21	Fiscal Year 2019-20	Fiscal Year 2018-19	Fiscal Year 2017-18
Measurement Date	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017
Total OPEB liability					
Service cost	\$ 1,304,997	\$ 1,279,141	\$ 1,576,266	\$ 1,398,706	\$ 1,354,679
Interest	4,106,990	3,947,351	4,640,603	4,465,989	4,270,665
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	2,080,458	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(4,882,598)	-	(14,299,079)	-	-
Changes of assumptions	7,109,676	(143,340)	(774,185)	2,909,096	-
Benefit payments	(2,730,329)	(2,860,489)	(3,087,637)	(2,996,835)	(2,975,856)
Net change in total OPEB liability	4,908,736	2,222,663	(9,863,574)	5,776,956	2,649,488
Total OPEB liability - beginning	59,581,756	57,359,093	67,222,667	61,445,711	58,796,223
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 64,490,492	\$ 59,581,756	\$ 57,359,093	\$ 67,222,667	\$ 61,445,711
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions - employer	\$ 3,730,329	\$ 2,617,347	\$ 3,363,637	\$ 15,002,835	\$ 4,175,856
Net investment income	15,144,890	1,871,589	3,079,843	3,425,503	3,188,088
Benefit payments	(2,730,329)	(2,860,489)	(3,087,637)	(2,996,835)	(2,975,856)
Administrative expense	(20,868)	(25,879)	(10,650)	(24,081)	(16,170)
Other expenses		-		(45,336)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	16,124,022	1,602,568	3,345,193	15,362,086	4,371,918
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	54,585,659	52,983,091	49,637,898	34,275,812	29,903,894
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 70,709,681	\$ 54,585,659	\$ 52,983,091	\$ 49,637,898	\$ 34,275,812
County Office's net OPEB liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$ (6,219,189)	\$ 4,996,097	\$ 4,376,002	\$ 17,584,769	\$ 27,169,899
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	109.6%	91.6%	92.4%	73.8%	55.8%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 52,905,138	\$ 51,105,313	\$ 49,096,813	\$ 46,957,851	\$ 45,780,098
County Office's net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	-11.8%	9.8%	8.9%	37.4%	59.3%

SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS

	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 1,261,090	\$ 1,766,899	\$ 1,716,904	\$ 2,712,051	\$ 2,699,773
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$ (1,261,090)	\$ (3,730,329)	\$ (2,617,347)	\$ (3,363,637)	(15,002,835)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ (1,963,430)	\$ (900,443)	\$ (651,586)	\$ (12,303,062)
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 54,492,292	\$ 52,905,138	\$ 51,105,313	\$ 49,096,813	\$ 46,957,851
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	2.31%	7.05%	5.12%	6.85%	31.95%

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

CalPERS	June 30, 2014 (1)	June 30, 2015 (1)	June 30, 2016 (1)	June 30, 2017 (1)	June 30, 2018 (1)	June 30, 2019 (1)	June 30, 2020 (1)	June 30, 2021 (1)
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.22390%	0.21131%	0.20316%	0.19764%	0.20434%	0.20065%	0.15515%	0.21707%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 25,417,637	\$ 31,147,323	\$ 40,123,477	\$ 47,182,985	\$ 54,483,480	\$ 58,476,824	\$ 47,605,858	\$ 44,140,049
Covered payroll (2)	\$ 22,846,564	\$ 23,243,969	\$ 20,790,870	\$ 22,537,338	\$ 23,175,556	\$ 25,453,608	\$ 28,067,990	\$ 28,138,621
Proportionate Share of the net pension liability (asset)								
as a percentage of covered payroll	111.25%	134.00%	192.99%	209.35%	235.09%	229.74%	169.61%	156.87%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the								
total pension liability (asset)	83.38%	79.43%	73.90%	71.87%	70.85%	70.05%	70.00%	80.97%
Proportionate share of aggregate employer contributions (3)	\$ 2,689,269	\$ 2,753,713	\$ 2,887,436	\$ 3,500,274	\$ 4,185,969	\$ 5,019,706	\$ 5,810,074	\$ 6,446,558
	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,				
STRS	June 30, 2014 ⁽¹⁾	June 30, 2015 ⁽¹⁾	June 30, 2016 (1)	June 30, 2017 (1)	June 30, 2018 (1)	June 30, 2019 (1)	June 30, 2020 (1)	June 30, 2021 (1)
STRS Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		,						
	2014 (1)	2015 (1)	2016 (1)	2017 (1)	2018 (1)	2019 (1)	2020 (1)	2021 (1)
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	2014 ⁽¹⁾ 0.04510%	2015 ⁽¹⁾ 0.04250%	2016 (1) 0.04234%	2017 ⁽¹⁾ 0.04031%	2018 ⁽¹⁾ 0.03900%	2019 (1) 0.04070%	2020 (1) 0.03973%	2021 ⁽¹⁾ 0.03974%
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset) Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	2014 ⁽¹⁾ 0.04510% \$ 26,356,289	2015 ⁽¹⁾ 0.04250% \$ 28,611,409	2016 ⁽¹⁾ 0.04234% \$ 34,245,364	2017 ⁽¹⁾ 0.04031% \$ 37,283,042	2018 ⁽¹⁾ 0.03900% \$ 35,843,728	2019 (1) 0.04070% \$ 36,761,526	2020 ⁽¹⁾ 0.03973% \$ 38,505,657	2021 (1) 0.03974% \$ 18,084,555
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset) Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) Covered payroll (2)	2014 ⁽¹⁾ 0.04510% \$ 26,356,289	2015 ⁽¹⁾ 0.04250% \$ 28,611,409	2016 ⁽¹⁾ 0.04234% \$ 34,245,364	2017 ⁽¹⁾ 0.04031% \$ 37,283,042	2018 ⁽¹⁾ 0.03900% \$ 35,843,728	2019 (1) 0.04070% \$ 36,761,526	2020 ⁽¹⁾ 0.03973% \$ 38,505,657	2021 (1) 0.03974% \$ 18,084,555
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset) Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) Covered payroll (2) Proportionate Share of the net pension liability (asset)	2014 (1) 0.04510% \$ 26,356,289 \$ 18,663,378	2015 (1) 0.04250% \$ 28,611,409 \$ 16,324,427	2016 (1) 0.04234% \$ 34,245,364 \$ 17,998,148	2017 (1) 0.04031% \$ 37,283,042 \$ 18,627,235	2018 ⁽¹⁾ 0.03900% \$ 35,843,728 \$ 18,401,130	2019 (1) 0.04070% \$ 36,761,526 \$ 20,829,117	2020 ⁽¹⁾ 0.03973% \$ 38,505,657 \$ 24,084,514	2021 (1) 0.03974% \$ 18,084,555 \$ 24,093,842
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset) Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) Covered payroll (2) Proportionate Share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll	2014 (1) 0.04510% \$ 26,356,289 \$ 18,663,378	2015 (1) 0.04250% \$ 28,611,409 \$ 16,324,427	2016 (1) 0.04234% \$ 34,245,364 \$ 17,998,148	2017 (1) 0.04031% \$ 37,283,042 \$ 18,627,235	2018 ⁽¹⁾ 0.03900% \$ 35,843,728 \$ 18,401,130	2019 (1) 0.04070% \$ 36,761,526 \$ 20,829,117	2020 ⁽¹⁾ 0.03973% \$ 38,505,657 \$ 24,084,514	2021 (1) 0.03974% \$ 18,084,555 \$ 24,093,842

Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable.

⁽²⁾ Covered payroll is the payroll on which contributions to a pension plan are based.

The Plan's proportionate share of aggregate contributions may not match the actual contributions made by the employer during the measurement period. The Plan's proportionate share of aggregate contributions is based on the Plan's proportion of fiduciary net position as well as any additional side fund (or unfunded liability) contributions made by the employer during the measurement period.

SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

CalPERS	Fiscal Year 2014-15 (1)	Fiscal Year 2015-16 (1)	Fiscal Year 2016-17 (1)	Fiscal Year 2017-18 (1)	Fiscal Year 2018-19 (1)	Fiscal Year 2019-20 (1)	Fiscal Year 2020-21 (1)	Fiscal Year 2021-22 (1)
Contractually required contribution (2)	\$ 2,689,269	\$ 2,753,713	\$ 2,887,436	\$ 3,500,274	\$ 4,185,969	\$ 5,019,706	\$ 5,810,074	\$ 6,446,558
Contributions in relation to the contractually								
required contribution (2)	(2,754,193)	(2,883,518)	(3,498,257)	(4,187,132)	(5,018,237)	(5,814,678)	(6,440,805)	(7,685,117)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (64,924)	\$ (129,805)	\$ (610,821)	\$ (686,858)	\$ (832,268)	\$ (794,972)	\$ (630,731)	\$ (1,238,559)
Covered payroll (3)	\$ 22,846,564	\$ 23,243,969	\$ 20,790,870	\$ 22,537,338	\$ 23,175,556	\$ 25,453,608	\$ 28,067,990	\$ 28,138,621
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll (3)	11.771%	11.847%	13.888%	15.531%	18.062%	19.721%	20.700%	22.910%
	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year
STRS	Fiscal Year 2014-15 (1)	Fiscal Year 2015-16 (1)	Fiscal Year 2016-17 (1)	Fiscal Year 2017-18 (1)	Fiscal Year 2018-19 (1)	Fiscal Year 2019-20 (1)	Fiscal Year 2020-21 (1)	Fiscal Year 2021-22 (1)
STRS Contractually required contribution (2) Contributions in relation to the contractually	2014-15 ⁽¹⁾	2015-16 (1)	2016-17 ⁽¹⁾	2017-18 ⁽¹⁾	2018-19 ⁽¹⁾	2019-20 (1)	2020-21 (1)	2021-22 (1)
Contractually required contribution (2)	2014-15 ⁽¹⁾	2015-16 (1)	2016-17 ⁽¹⁾	2017-18 ⁽¹⁾	2018-19 ⁽¹⁾	2019-20 (1)	2020-21 (1)	2021-22 (1)
Contractually required contribution (2) Contributions in relation to the contractually	2014-15 (1) \$ 1,657,308	2015-16 ⁽¹⁾ \$ 1,751,611	2016-17 ⁽¹⁾ \$ 2,264,167	2017-18 ⁽¹⁾ \$ 2,687,910	2018-19 ⁽¹⁾ \$ 2,995,704	2019-20 ⁽¹⁾ \$ 3,561,779	2020-21 (1) \$ 3,889,649 (3,525,918)	\$ 4,076,678
Contractually required contribution (2) Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution (2)	2014-15 ⁽¹⁾ \$ 1,657,308 (1,791,944)	2015-16 ⁽¹⁾ \$ 1,751,611 (2,277,301)	2016-17 (1) \$ 2,264,167 (2,715,275)	2017-18 ⁽¹⁾ \$ 2,687,910 (3,045,402)	2018-19 (1) \$ 2,995,704 (3,604,582)	2019-20 ⁽¹⁾ \$ 3,561,779 (3,765,847)	2020-21 (1) \$ 3,889,649 (3,525,918)	2021-22 (1) \$ 4,076,678 (3,929,251)

⁽¹⁾ Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable.

Employers are assumed to make contributions equal to the contractually required contributions. However, some employers may choose to make additional contributions towards their side fund or their unfunded liability. Employer contributions for such plans exceed the contractually required contributions. CalPERS has determined that employer obligations referred to as "side funds" do not conform to the circumstances described in paragraph 120 of GASB 68, therefore are not considered separately financed specific liabilities.

⁽³⁾ Covered payroll is the payroll on which contributions to a pension plan are based.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

1. PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

A - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

The County Office employs budget control by object codes and by individual appropriation accounts. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The budgets are revised during the year by the Board of Education to provide for revised priorities. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations by major object code. The originally adopted and final revised budgets for the County School Service, Special Education Pass-Through, and Adult Education Funds are presented as Required Supplementary Information. The basis of budgeting is the same as GAAP.

B - Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) and Related Ratios

GASB 75 requires presentation of the 10-year history of changes in the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset). However, since June 30, 2018 was the first year of implementation, only five years are currently available.

C - Schedule of OPEB Contributions

Actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 were from the June 30, 2021 valuation.

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal

Amortization method Level \$ of pay

Amortization period Open 30 years

Asset valuation method Market value

Inflation 2.50%

Healthcare cost trend rates 5.70% in 2022, down to 4.00% by 2076

Salary increases 3.00% Investment rate of return 6.19%

Retirement age Ages 50 to 75

Mortality CalPERS 2017 Study; CalSTRS 2020 Study

Mortality improvement MacLeod Watts Scale 2020 applied generationally

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

1. PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES (CONTINUED)

D - Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This schedule presents information on the County Office 's proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL), the Plans' fiduciary net position and, when applicable, the State's proportionate share of the NPL associated with the County Office. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Changes in Assumptions

There were no changes in the assumptions used in the calculation of both the PERS and STRS collective net pension liabilities.

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for both CalPERS and CalSTRS.

Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only eight years are shown.

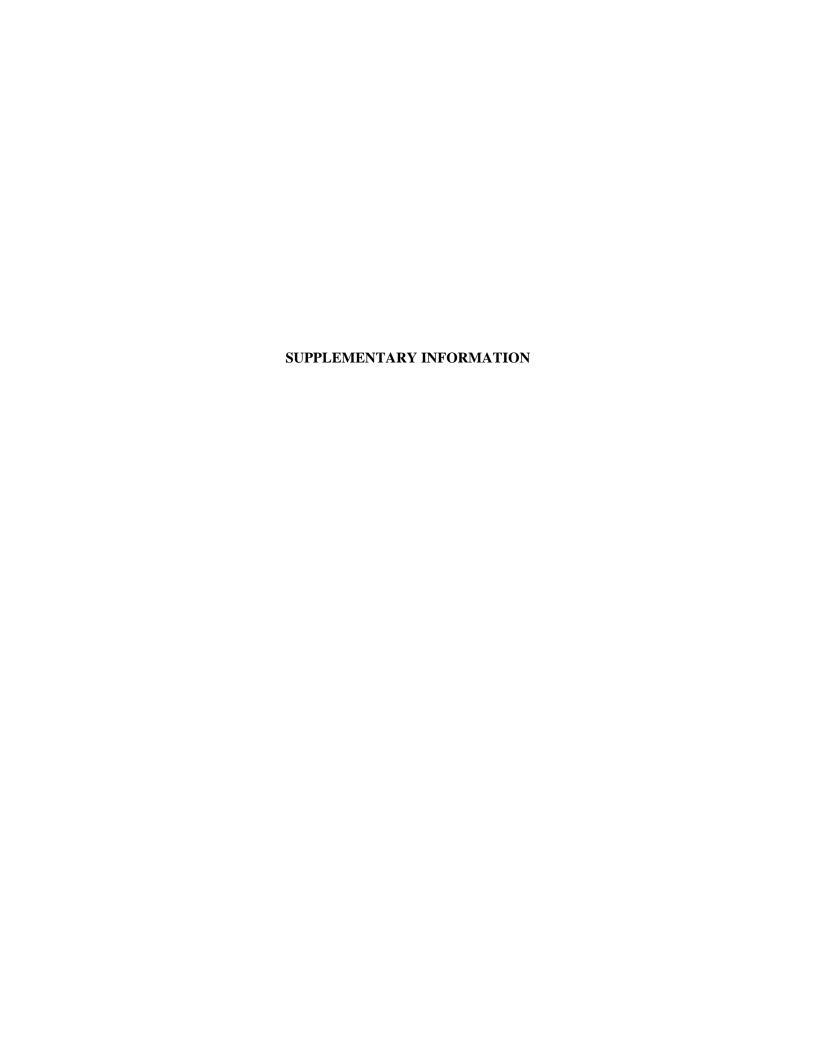
E - Schedule of Pension Contributions

If an employer's contributions to the plans are actuarially determined or based on statutory or contractual requirements, the employer's actuarially determined contribution to the pension plans (or, if applicable, its statutorily or contractually required contribution), the employer's actual contributions, the difference between the actual and actuarially determined contributions (or statutorily or contractually required), and a ratio of the actual contributions divided by covered-employee payroll. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only eight years are shown.

	CalPERS	STRS
Valuation Date	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2020
Measurement Date	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost	Entry-Age Normal Cost
Actuarial Assumptions		
Discount Rate	7.15%	7.10%
Inflation	2.50%	2.75%
Payroll Growth Rate	2.75%	3.50%
Projected Salary Increase	Varies by Entry Age and Service	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Investment Rate of Return (1)	7.15%	7.10%
Mortality	Derived using CalPERS'	Derived using STRS'
	Membership Data for all Funds	Membership Data for all Funds

⁽¹⁾ Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NON-MAJOR FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2022

ASSETS	De	Child evelopment Fund	Capital acilities Fund	 Total
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Prepaid expenditures Due from other funds	\$	(2,292,049) 4,937,276 6,303 458,804	\$ 137,682 - - -	\$ (2,154,367) 4,937,276 6,303 458,804
Total Assets	\$	3,110,334	\$ 137,682	\$ 3,248,016
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	2,050,231	\$ -	\$ 2,050,231
Unearned revenue		36,928	-	36,928
Due to other funds		371,505	 -	 371,505
Total Liabilities		2,458,664	 -	 2,458,664
Fund balances				
Nonspendable		6,303	-	6,303
Restricted		630,000	137,682	767,682
Unassigned		15,367		15,367
Total Fund Balances		651,670	137,682	 789,352
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	3,110,334	\$ 137,682	\$ 3,248,016

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NON-MAJOR FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2022

REVENUES Federal revenue \$ 4,518,841 \$ - \$ 4,518,841 Other state revenues 4,316,832 - 4,316,832 Other local revenues 3,195,804 282,498 3,478,302 Total revenues 12,031,477 282,498 12,313,975 EXPENDITURES \$ 52,352,942 - 621,529 Classified salaries 2,352,942 - 2,352,942 Employee benefits 1,133,805 - 1,133,805 Books and supplies 167,722 - 167,722 Services and other operating expenditures 7,152,990 - 7,152,990 Other outgo 413,710 - 413,710 Debt service - 340,263 340,263 Interest - 35,262 35,262 Total expenditures 11,842,698 375,525 12,218,223 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 188,779 (93,027) 95,752 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (93,027) 95,752		Deve	hild lopment		Capital acilities		
Federal revenue \$ 4,518,841 - \$ 4,518,841 Other state revenues 4,316,832 - 4,316,832 Other local revenues 3,195,804 282,498 3,478,302 Total revenues 12,031,477 282,498 12,313,975 EXPENDITURES Certificated salaries 621,529 - 621,529 Classified salaries 2,352,942 - 2,352,942 Employee benefits 1,133,805 - 1,133,805 Books and supplies 167,722 - 167,722 Services and other operating expenditures 7,152,990 - 7,152,990 Other outgo 413,710 - 413,710 Debt service - 340,263 340,263 Interest - 35,262 35,262 Total expenditures 11,842,698 375,525 12,218,223 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 188,779 (93,027) 95,752 OPerating transfers in 456,863 - 456,863 Opera	DELENATE	F	<u>und</u>		Fund		Totals
Other state revenues 4,316,832 - 4,316,832 Other local revenues 3,195,804 282,498 3,478,302 Total revenues 12,031,477 282,498 12,313,975 EXPENDITURES 2 282,498 12,313,975 Certificated salaries 621,529 - 621,529 Classified salaries 2,352,942 - 2,352,942 Employee benefits 1,133,805 - 1,133,805 Books and supplies 167,722 - 167,722 Services and other operating expenditures 7,152,990 - 7,152,990 Other outgo 413,710 - 413,710 Debt service Principal - 340,263 340,263 Interest - 35,262 35,262 Total expenditures 11,842,698 375,525 12,218,223 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 188,779 (93,027) 95,752 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (50) - (50) Operating transfers out (50)		Φ. 4	510.041	Ф		Ф	4.510.041
Other local revenues 3,195,804 282,498 3,478,302 Total revenues 12,031,477 282,498 12,313,975 EXPENDITURES Certificated salaries 621,529 - 621,529 Classified salaries 2,352,942 - 2,352,942 Employee benefits 1,133,805 - 1,133,805 Books and supplies 167,722 - 167,722 Services and other operating expenditures 7,152,990 - 7,152,990 Other outgo 413,710 - 413,710 Debt service - 340,263 340,263 Interest - 340,263 340,263 Interest - 35,262 35,262 Total expenditures 11,842,698 375,525 12,218,223 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 188,779 (93,027) 95,752 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 0perating transfers in 456,863 - 456,863 Operating transfers out (50) - (50)				\$	-	\$	
EXPENDITURES 12,031,477 282,498 12,313,975 EXPENDITURES Certificated salaries 621,529 - 621,529 Classified salaries 2,352,942 - 2,352,942 Employee benefits 1,133,805 - 1,133,805 Books and supplies 167,722 - 167,722 Services and other operating expenditures 7,152,990 - 7,152,990 Other outgo 413,710 - 413,710 Debt service - 340,263 340,263 Interest - 35,262 35,262 Total expenditures 11,842,698 375,525 12,218,223 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 188,779 (93,027) 95,752 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) (50) - 456,863 Operating transfers in 456,863 - 456,863 Operating transfers out (50) - (50) Total other financing sources (uses) 456,813 - 456,813 Net change in fund balances					202.400		
EXPENDITURES Certificated salaries 621,529 - 621,529 Classified salaries 2,352,942 - 2,352,942 Employee benefits 1,133,805 - 1,133,805 Books and supplies 167,722 - 167,722 Services and other operating expenditures 7,152,990 - 7,152,990 Other outgo 413,710 - 413,710 Debt service - 340,263 340,263 Interest - 35,262 35,262 Total expenditures 11,842,698 375,525 12,218,223 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 188,779 (93,027) 95,752 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in 456,863 - 456,863 Operating transfers out (50) - (50) Total other financing sources (uses) 456,813 - 456,813 Net change in fund balances 645,592 (93,027) 552,565 Fund balances, July 1, 2021 6,0							
Certificated salaries 621,529 - 621,529 Classified salaries 2,352,942 - 2,352,942 Employee benefits 1,133,805 - 1,133,805 Books and supplies 167,722 - 167,722 Services and other operating expenditures 7,152,990 - 7,152,990 Other outgo 413,710 - 413,710 Debt service - 340,263 340,263 Interest - 35,262 35,262 Total expenditures 11,842,698 375,525 12,218,223 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 188,779 (93,027) 95,752 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in 456,863 - 456,863 Operating transfers out (50) - (50) Total other financing sources (uses) 456,813 - 456,813 Net change in fund balances 645,592 (93,027) 552,565 Fund balances, July 1, 2021 6,078 230,709 236,787	Total revenues	12	,031,477		282,498		12,313,975
Classified salaries 2,352,942 - 2,352,942 Employee benefits 1,133,805 - 1,133,805 Books and supplies 167,722 - 167,722 Services and other operating expenditures 7,152,990 - 7,152,990 Other outgo 413,710 - 413,710 Debt service - 340,263 340,263 Interest - 35,262 35,262 Total expenditures 11,842,698 375,525 12,218,223 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 188,779 (93,027) 95,752 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in 456,863 - 456,863 Operating transfers out (50) - (50) Total other financing sources (uses) 456,813 - 456,813 Net change in fund balances 645,592 (93,027) 552,565 Fund balances, July 1, 2021 6,078 230,709 236,787	EXPENDITURES						
Employee benefits 1,133,805 - 1,133,805 Books and supplies 167,722 - 167,722 Services and other operating expenditures 7,152,990 - 7,152,990 Other outgo 413,710 - 413,710 Debt service - 340,263 340,263 Interest - 35,262 35,262 Total expenditures 11,842,698 375,525 12,218,223 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 188,779 (93,027) 95,752 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in 456,863 - 456,863 Operating transfers out (50) - (50) Total other financing sources (uses) 456,813 - 456,813 Net change in fund balances 645,592 (93,027) 552,565 Fund balances, July 1, 2021 6,078 230,709 236,787	Certificated salaries		621,529		-		621,529
Books and supplies 167,722 - 167,722 Services and other operating expenditures 7,152,990 - 7,152,990 Other outgo 413,710 - 413,710 Debt service - 340,263 340,263 Principal - 35,262 35,262 Total expenditures 11,842,698 375,525 12,218,223 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 188,779 (93,027) 95,752 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 456,863 - 456,863 Operating transfers in 456,863 - 456,863 Operating transfers out (50) - (50) Total other financing sources (uses) 456,813 - 456,813 Net change in fund balances 645,592 (93,027) 552,565 Fund balances, July 1, 2021 6,078 230,709 236,787	Classified salaries	2	,352,942		-		2,352,942
Services and other operating expenditures 7,152,990 - 7,152,990 Other outgo 413,710 - 413,710 Debt service Principal - 340,263 340,263 Interest - 35,262 35,262 Total expenditures 11,842,698 375,525 12,218,223 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 188,779 (93,027) 95,752 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 500 - 456,863 - 456,863 Operating transfers in Operating transfers out (50) - (50) Total other financing sources (uses) 456,813 - 456,813 Net change in fund balances 645,592 (93,027) 552,565 Fund balances, July 1, 2021 6,078 230,709 236,787	Employee benefits	1	,133,805		-		1,133,805
Other outgo 413,710 - 413,710 Debt service - 340,263 340,263 340,263 Principal - 35,262 35,262 35,262 Total expenditures 11,842,698 375,525 12,218,223 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 188,779 (93,027) 95,752 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 500 - 456,863 - 456,863 Operating transfers in 456,863 - 456,863 - (50) Total other financing sources (uses) 456,813 - 456,813 Net change in fund balances 645,592 (93,027) 552,565 Fund balances, July 1, 2021 6,078 230,709 236,787	Books and supplies		167,722		-		167,722
Debt service Principal - 340,263 340,263 Interest - 35,262 35,262 Total expenditures 11,842,698 375,525 12,218,223 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 188,779 (93,027) 95,752 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in 456,863 - 456,863 Operating transfers out (50) - (50) Total other financing sources (uses) 456,813 - 456,813 Net change in fund balances 645,592 (93,027) 552,565 Fund balances, July 1, 2021 6,078 230,709 236,787	Services and other operating expenditures	7	,152,990		-		7,152,990
Principal - 340,263 340,263 Interest - 35,262 35,262 Total expenditures 11,842,698 375,525 12,218,223 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 188,779 (93,027) 95,752 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in 456,863 - 456,863 Operating transfers out (50) - (50) Total other financing sources (uses) 456,813 - 456,813 Net change in fund balances 645,592 (93,027) 552,565 Fund balances, July 1, 2021 6,078 230,709 236,787	Other outgo		413,710		-		413,710
Interest - 35,262 35,262 Total expenditures 11,842,698 375,525 12,218,223 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 188,779 (93,027) 95,752 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in 456,863 - 456,863 Operating transfers out (50) - (50) Total other financing sources (uses) 456,813 - 456,813 Net change in fund balances 645,592 (93,027) 552,565 Fund balances, July 1, 2021 6,078 230,709 236,787	Debt service						
Total expenditures 11,842,698 375,525 12,218,223 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 188,779 (93,027) 95,752 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in Operating transfers out 456,863 - 456,863 - (50) Total other financing sources (uses) 456,813 - 456,813 Net change in fund balances 645,592 (93,027) 552,565 Fund balances, July 1, 2021 6,078 230,709 236,787	Principal		-		340,263		340,263
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 188,779 (93,027) 95,752 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in 456,863 Operating transfers out (50) Total other financing sources (uses) Net change in fund balances 645,592 (93,027) 552,565 Fund balances, July 1, 2021 6,078 230,709 236,787	Interest		_		35,262		35,262
over expenditures 188,779 (93,027) 95,752 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in 456,863 - 456,863 Operating transfers out (50) - (50) Total other financing sources (uses) 456,813 - 456,813 Net change in fund balances 645,592 (93,027) 552,565 Fund balances, July 1, 2021 6,078 230,709 236,787	Total expenditures	11	,842,698		375,525		12,218,223
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in 456,863 - 456,863 Operating transfers out (50) - (50) Total other financing sources (uses) 456,813 - 456,813 Net change in fund balances 645,592 (93,027) 552,565 Fund balances, July 1, 2021 6,078 230,709 236,787	Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
Operating transfers in 456,863 - 456,863 Operating transfers out (50) - (50) Total other financing sources (uses) 456,813 - 456,813 Net change in fund balances 645,592 (93,027) 552,565 Fund balances, July 1, 2021 6,078 230,709 236,787	over expenditures		188,779		(93,027)		95,752
Operating transfers in 456,863 - 456,863 Operating transfers out (50) - (50) Total other financing sources (uses) 456,813 - 456,813 Net change in fund balances 645,592 (93,027) 552,565 Fund balances, July 1, 2021 6,078 230,709 236,787	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Total other financing sources (uses) 456,813 - 456,813 Net change in fund balances 645,592 (93,027) 552,565 Fund balances, July 1, 2021 6,078 230,709 236,787	Operating transfers in		456,863		-		456,863
Net change in fund balances 645,592 (93,027) 552,565 Fund balances, July 1, 2021 6,078 230,709 236,787	Operating transfers out		(50)				(50)
Fund balances, July 1, 2021 6,078 230,709 236,787	Total other financing sources (uses)		456,813		_		456,813
	Net change in fund balances		645,592		(93,027)		552,565
Fund balances, June 30, 2022 \$ 651,670 \$ 137,682 \$ 789,352	Fund balances, July 1, 2021		6,078		230,709		236,787
	Fund balances, June 30, 2022	\$	651,670	\$	137,682	\$	789,352

ORGANIZATION

JUNE 30, 2022

The Sacramento County Office of Education (County Office), established in 1879, operates a variety of programs for children, youth, and families and also supports schools throughout Sacramento County with academic, business, consulting and vocational services. The County Office educates children with special needs, children who have been referred by other public agencies, and youth who are wards of the Juvenile Court. Through specific programs and grants, the County Office provides educational services to preschool children, youth and adults. As the intermediary between the California Department of Education and local school districts, the County Office represents districts on matters before the State government, and carries out responsibilities mandated by statutes and regulations.

GOVERNING BOARD

Name	Office	Term Expires June
Bina Lefkovitz	Member	2026
Paul A. Keefer, Ed.D.	President	2026
Joanne Ahola	Member	2024
O. Alfred Brown, Sr.	Member	2024
Heather Davis	Vice President	2024
Harold Fong	Member	2024
Mariana Corona Sabeniano	Member	2026

ADMINISTRATION

David W. Gordon County Superintendent

Nancy Herota, Ed.D. Deputy Superintendent

> Teresa Stinson General Counsel

Nicolas Schweizer Associate Superintendent, Business Services

Darrien Johnson Chief Administrator, Human Resources

Jacqueline White
Assistant Superintendent,
Juvenile Court/Community Schools and Career Technical Education

Brent Malicote
Assistant Superintendent, Educational Services

SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE

	Second Period Report	Annual Report
County Office of Education		
Juvenile Court Schools		
Juvenile Halls, Homes, and Camps		
Elementary	4.85	6.45
High School	92.77	96.54
Subtotal	97.62	102.99
County Funded Non-Juvenile Court Schools Probation Referred, On Probation or Parole, Expelled		
Elementary	1.10	2.31
High School	6.47	7.78
Subtotal	7.57	10.09
Total ADA (COE)	105.19	113.08
District Funded County Programs		
County Community Schools	20.10	10.22
Fourth through Sixth	20.10	19.23
Seventh through Eighth	125.25	118.32
Ninth through Twelfth	340.99	347.89
Subtotal	486.34	485.44
Special Education		
TK through Third	19.30	22.27
Fourth through Sixth	30.83	31.36
Seventh through Eighth	28.35	30.21
Ninth through Twelfth	91.03	95.31
Subtotal	169.51	179.15
Total ADA (District Funded County Programs)	655.85	664.59

SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOLS

Charter School ID Number	Charter Schools Chartered by the County Office	Included in the County Office's Financial Statements, or Separate Report				
1313 2100	Fortune Charter School American River Collegiate Academy	Separate Report Separate Report				

RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

There were no adjustments made to any of the funds of the County Office.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Assistance Listing Number	Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Pass- Through Entity Identifying Number	Ex	Federal apenditures
U.S. Depart	ment of Education			
Passed thro	ugh California Department of Education			
	Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			
84.027	Special Ed: IDEA Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611	13379	\$	3,410,092
84.173	Special Ed: IDEA Preschool Grants, Part B, Sec 619	13430		132,222
84.027A	Special Ed: IDEA Mental Health Allocation Plan, Part B, Sec 611	15197		175,113
84.027A	Special Ed: Alternative Dispute Resolution, Part B, Sec 611	13007		128,860
84.027	Special Ed: ARP IDEA Part B, Sec. 611, Local Assistance Entitlement	15638		149,056
84.173	Special Ed: ARP IDEA Part B, Sec. 619, Preschool Grants	15639		18,736
84.173A	Supporting Early Education Delivery System (SEEDS)	13839	_	854,014
	Subtotal Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			4,868,093
	Title I Program Cluster			
84.010	ESSA: Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected	14329	*	1,422,927
84.010	ESSA: School Improvement Funding for LEAs	15438	*	551,749
84.010	ESSA: School Improvement Funding for COEs	15439	*	497,992
84.010	ESSA: Title I, Part D, Local Delinquent Programs	14357	*	695,798
	Subtotal Title I Program Cluster			3,168,466
	Education Stabilization Fund (ESF) Cluster			
84.425	Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund	15536	*	117
84.425	Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief II (ESSER II) Fund	11547	*	3,173,677
84.425	Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III (ESSER III) Fund	15559	*	442,691
84.425	American Rescue Plan-Homeless Children and Youth (ARP - Homeless I)	15564	*	28,034
84.425	American Rescue Plan - Homeless Children and Youth II (ARP HCY II)	15566	*	12,870
	Subtotal Education Stabilization Fund (ESF) Cluster			3,657,389
	Other			
84.011	NCLB: Title I, Migrant Ed Statewide PASS Project (17-18)	14853		139,385
84.126	Department of Rehabilitation: Workability II, Transitions Partnership Program	10006		56,260
84.287	ESSA: Title IV, 21st Century Community Learning Centers Technical Assistance	14350		583,307
84.002	Adult Education: State Leadership Projects	13970	*	3,663,525
84.181 84.196	Special Ed: IDEA Early Intervention Grants ESSALTitle IV. Port A. McKinney Vento Hempless Assistance Create	23761/24314 14332		547,773
84.365	ESSA: Title IX, Part A, McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Grants ESSA: Title III, Technical Assistance	14332 14967		289,556 163,621
84.367	ESSA: Title III, Pertinical Assistance ESSA: Title II, Part A, Supporting Effective Instruction	14341		990,420
84.424	ESSA: Title IV, Part A, Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grants	15396		50,462
84.367	ESSA: Title II, Part A, 21st Century California School Leadership Academy	15664		1,515,920
84.369	ESSA: Title V, Flexibility and Accountability	14501		599,270
84.027A	California Dyslexia Initiative	15546	*	1,439,738
	Subtotal Other			10,039,237
Passed thro	ugh Small School Districts Association			
N/A	Computer Science in Rural California: Training, Implementation, Teaching, and Learning	N/A		351,649
	Subtotal			351,649
	Total U.S. Department of Education			22,084,834

^{*} Tested as major programs

(continued)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Assistance Listing Number	Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Pass- Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Depart	ment of Rehabilitation		
	ugh California Department of Education		
N/A	Department of Rehabilitation: Workability II, Transitions Partnership Program	N/A	17,735
	Total U.S. Department of Rehabilitation		17,735
U.S. Depart	ment of Agriculture		
Passed thro	nigh California Department of Education		
	Child Nutrition Cluster		
10.555	Child Nutrition: School Programs (NSL Sec 4)	13391	114,599
10.555	School Lunch Program - Nonmonetary Assistance	13391	15,396
	Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		129,995
	ment of Health and Human Services rugh California Department of Education CCDF Program		
93.575	Child Development: Quality Improvement Activities	14130/14092	3,771,025
93.575	Child Development: Local Planning Councils	13946	56,435
	Subtotal CCDF Program Cluster		3,827,460
	Head Start		
93.600	SETA - Early Head Start	N/A	684,673
93.600	COVID-19 – SETA - Early Head Start	N/A	10,336
	Subtotal Medicaid Cluster		695,009
	Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Block Grant (SABG)		
93.959	Prevention Coalition	N/A	* 1,052,889
93.959	Friday Night Live - Club Live	N/A	* 324,965
93.959	Friday Night Live - Mentoring	N/A	* 82,342
93.959	ARPA Friday Night Live ASAP 3.0	N/A	* 50,000
93.959	SABG CRRSAA Friday Night Live	N/A	* 2,355
93.959	SABG ARPA Friday Night Live	N/A	* 4,901
	Subtotal Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Block Grant (SABG)		1,517,452
	Other		
93.243	Advancing Wellness & Resilience in Education (NITT-AWARE) Program	15520	318,396
	Subtotal Other		318,396
	Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		6,358,317
	Total Federal Programs		\$ 28,590,881

^{*} Tested as major programs

SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

County School Souries Fund		Adopted Budget 022/2023	2	Actuals 2021/2022	2	Actuals 2020/2021	2	Actuals 2019/2020
County School Service Fund								
Revenues and Other Financial	Ф	111.016.624	Ф	101 050 550	ф	111 060 555	Ф	106010047
Sources	\$	111,916,624	\$	121,873,772	\$	111,263,577	\$	106,319,347
Expenditures		108,338,217		110,423,358		97,961,556		91,261,848
Other Uses and Transfers Out		489,150		456,863		517,381		90,746
Total Outgo		108,827,367		110,880,221		98,478,937		91,352,594
Change in Fund Balance		3,089,257		10,993,551		12,784,640		14,966,753
Ending Fund Balance	\$	117,991,056	\$	114,901,799	\$	103,908,248	\$	91,123,608
Available Reserves	\$	101,653,313	\$	94,893,607	\$	36,214,567	\$	37,830,060
Reserve for Economic								
Uncertainties	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,132,000	\$	2,065,000
Unassigned Fund Balance	\$	101,653,313	\$	94,893,607	\$	34,082,567	\$	35,765,060
Available Reserves as a Percentage of Total Outgo		93.4%		85.6%		36.8%		41.4%
All Funds								
Total Long-Term Debt	\$	57,395,415	\$	59,611,466	\$	95,310,134	\$	103,828,135
Actual Daily Attendance at Annual		683		656		1,003		1,025

The County School Service Fund above includes the activities and year-end balances of the Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects and Special Reserve Fund for Postemployment Benefits. The County School Service Fund fund balance has increased \$38,744,944 over the past three years. The fiscal year 2022-23 projects an increase of \$3,089,257. For a County Office this size, the state recommends available reserves of at least 4% of total general fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses. The County Office has met this requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

The County School Service Fund had an operating surplus in all of the past three fiscal years, and anticipates incurring an operating surplus during the 2022-23 fiscal year.

Long-term debt decreased over the past two years by \$44,216,669 due to changes to the net pension liabilities and the OPEB liability which resulted in a net OPEB asset balance as of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Average Daily Attendance decreased by 369 ADA over the past two years. An increase of 27 ADA is anticipated for the 2022-23 fiscal year.

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

1. PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

A. Schedule of Average Daily Attendance

Average daily attendance is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the County Office. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to local education agencies. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

B. Schedule of Charter Schools

This schedule provides information for the California Department of Education to monitor financial reporting by Charter Schools.

C. Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides information necessary to reconcile the Annual Financial and Budget Reports to the audited financial statements.

D. Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes federal grant activity of the County Office and is presented under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The April 2022 Edition of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) require a disclosure of the financial activities of all federally funded programs. This schedule was prepared to comply with the Uniform Guidance and state requirements. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts used in the preparation of the general purpose financial statements. The County Office has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

The following schedule provides a reconciliation between revenues reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, and the related expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The reconciling amount consists of the fair value of federal food commodities received from the California Department of Education as a pass-through grant from the U.S. Department of Agriculture that are not reflected in the financial statements.

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

1. PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES (CONTINUED)

D. Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

	Assistance Listing Number	Amount
Total Federal Revenues From the Statement of Revenues,		\$ 28,576,099
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance		
Reconciling items		
Pandemic EBT Local Administrative Grant	10.649	(614)
Food Distribution - Commodities	10.555	15,396
Total Federal Revenues from the Schedule of Expenditures		
of Federal Awards		\$ 28,590,881

E. Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the County Office's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the County Office's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

2. EARLY RETIREMENT INCENTIVE PROGRAM

Education Code Section 14502 requires certain disclosure in the financial statements of the County Offices which adopt Early Retirement Incentive Programs pursuant to Education Code Section 22714 and 44929. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the County Office did not adopt such a program.



JM

James Marta & Company LLP

Certified Public Accountants

Accounting, Auditing, Consulting, and Tax

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

County Superintendent of Schools and Board of Education Sacramento County Office of Education Sacramento, California

Report on Compliance for Each State Program

We have audited the compliance of Sacramento County Office of Education (the "County Office") with the types of compliance requirements described in the State of California's 2021-22 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting (the "Audit Guide") to the state laws and regulations listed below for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of state laws and regulations.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County Office's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the 2021-22 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the state laws and regulations listed below occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County Office's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County Office's compliance with those requirements.

Local Education Agencies Other Than Charter Schools

Description	Procedures Performed
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	No, see below
Independent Study	Yes
Continuation Education	No, see below
Instructional Time	No, see below
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers	No, see below

Local Education Agencies Other Than Charter Schools

	Procedures
Description	Performed
Classroom Teacher Salaries	No, see below
Early Retirement Incentive	No, see below
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	Yes
Middle or Early College High Schools	No, see below
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	No, see below
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	No, see below
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	Yes
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	No, see below

School Districts, County Offices of Education, and Charter Schools

Description	Procedures Performed
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	Yes
After/Before School Education and Safety Program	
General Requirements	No, see below
After School	No, see below
Before School	No, see below
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study-Course Based	No, see below
Immunizations	Yes
Educator Effectiveness	Yes
Expanded Learning Opportunities Grant (ELO-G)	Yes
Career Technical Education Incentive Grant	No, see below
In-Person Instruction Grant	Yes

Charter Schools

	Procedures
Description	Performed
Attendance	No, see below
Mode of Instruction	No, see below
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study	No, see below
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based Instruction	No, see below
Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based	No, see below
Charter School Facility Grant Program	No, see below

We did not perform any procedures related to Kindergarten Continuation because the County Office does not report ADA for Kindergarten students.

We did not perform any procedures related to Instructional Time, Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers, Classroom Teacher Salaries, Middle or Early College High Schools, K-3 Grade Span Adjustment, and District of Choice because these compliance requirements do not apply to County Offices of Education.

We did not perform any procedures related to Transportation Maintenance of Effort because the County Office did not have expenditures as specified in Education Code Section 2575(k) in the 2012-13 fiscal year.

We did not perform any procedures related to Continuation Education, Early Retirement Incentive, After/Before School Education and Safety Program, and Independent Study-Course Based because the County Office did not offer these programs.

We did not perform any procedures related to Career Technical Education Incentive Grant as the County Office did not receive any funding in the current year.

We did not perform any procedures related to Charter School Attendance, Mode of Instruction, Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study, Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based Instruction, Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based, and Charter School Facility Grant Program because the charter schools that the County Office sponsors report separately.

Opinion on Compliance with State Laws and Regulations

James Marta + Company LLP

In our opinion, Sacramento County Office of Education complied, in all material respects, with the state laws and regulations referred to above for the year ended June 30, 2022.

James Marta & Company LLP Certified Public Accountants

Sacramento, California

December 9, 2022



James Marta & Company LLP Certified Public Accountants

Accounting, Auditing, Consulting and Tax

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

County Superintendent of Schools and Board of Education Sacramento County Office of Education Sacramento, California

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Sacramento County Office of Education (the "County Office"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County Office's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 9, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered County Office's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County Office's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County Office's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County Office's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

James Marta + Company LLP

James Marta & Company LLP Certified Public Accountants

Sacramento, California

December 9, 2022



James Marta & Company LLP Certified Public Accountants

Accounting, Auditing, Consulting and Tax

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

County Superintendent of Schools and Board of Education Sacramento County Office of Education Sacramento, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Sacramento County Office of Education's (the "County Office") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the April 2022 Edition of the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County Office's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The County Office's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County Office's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of the April 2022 Edition of the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County Office's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County Office's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the County Office complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the County Office is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County Office's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County Office's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other.

James Marta + Company LLP

James Marta & Company LLP Certified Public Accountants

Sacramento, California

December 9, 2022



SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Section I – Summary of Audit Results

Financial Statements	
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	YesX No YesX None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	YesX No
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes X No Yes X None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidar Section 200.516(a)?	nce, Yes X No
Identification of major programs:	
Assistance Listing Number(s) 84.002 84.425 84.010 84.027A 93.959	Name of Federal Program or Cluster Adult Education: State Leadership Projects Education Stabilization Fund Cluster Title I Cluster California Dyslexia Initiative Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Block Grant (SABG)
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$857,256
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X Yes No
State Awards	
Internal control over state programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for state programs:	Unmodified

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Section IV – State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022