# UNIVERSITY OF HELSINKI DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS

### BASICS OF MONTE CARLO SIMULATIONS

# **Exercise 4**

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**Note.** In order to run the exercise's source codes, use the command *make all* (see the Makefile for more compilation commands and details). The graphs and plots are available in the ./Figures/ folder.

#### **Problem 1**

Please compile and run the ex4p1 program. The output is the RMS for  $10^6$  points. If needed, the user can declare the number of points as an optional command line argument.

The comparison of the expected distribution and the one obtained by the Markov Chain Monte Carlo can be seen in figure 1. The chosen optimal value for  $\Delta E_{MAX}$  was 0.1, see the plot in figure 2.

See the shell script in order to see the commands used to create the data plotted in the figure 3. We can notice that the RMS values follow what it seems to be a distribution that resembles a function like  $f(x) = x^{-1}$ . In the graph we have a basic fitting, in this case I tried  $f(x) = ax^{-3} + b$ , with 2 adjusted parameters, a and b.

## Maxwell-Boltzmann energy distribution

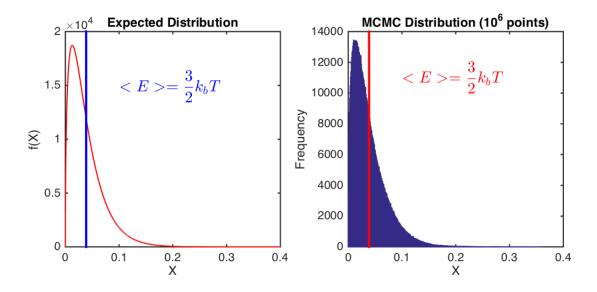


Figure 1: Maxwell-Boltzmann energy distribution for particles: The expected distribution and the one obtained by the MCMC method for  $10^6$  points.

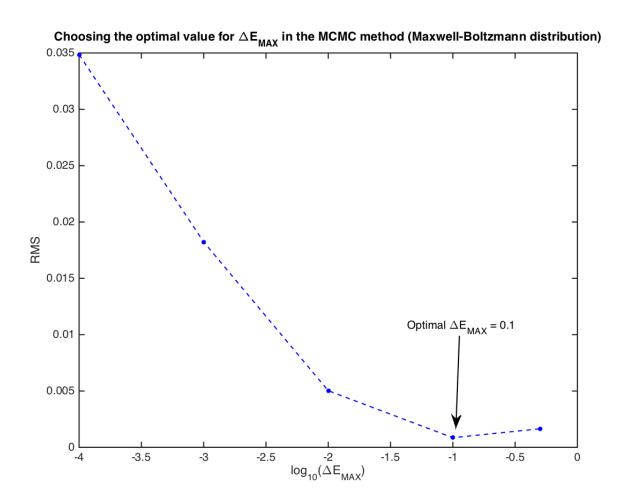


Figure 2: Mean Square (RMS) Error from  $\Delta E_{MAX}$ .

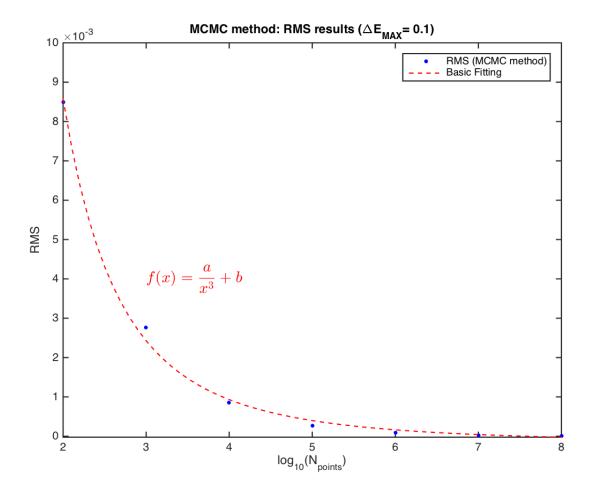


Figure 3: Mean Square (RMS) Error from several runs.

### **Problem 2**

To see the results for the first, experimental, distribution, please compile and run the **ex4p2** program. To see the results for the second, theoretical, distribution, please compile and run the **ex4p2b** program.

Both programs uses 1000 distributions with 100 counts in each distribution. The value of  $N_h$  and  $\Delta \bar{x}$  is chosen accordingly with the mean distribution in each case. See the output below. Notice that the gaussian error (standard deviation of the mean) is far from the error obtained by the MC based analysis of data in the first distribution, but quite close from it in the second distribution.

A small script in awk, python or MATLAB, can be used to generate the distribution seen in the assignment's figure and used in the Fortran routine.

#### COMMAND 1

\$ ./ex4p2

True mean of the distribution: 559.71147726469133

Lower bound uncertainty: 34.511477264691280 Upper bound uncertainty: 34.588522735308743

Gaussian distr., Std. deviation of the mean: 2.0245572881479927

\$ ./ex4p2b

True mean of the distribution: 2.9975722911090048

Lower bound uncertainty: 0.16757229110900473 Upper bound uncertainty: 0.18242770889099535

Gaussian distr., Std. deviation of the mean: 0.16996460494500693