

Replication instructions for “Tug of War: The Heterogeneous Effects of Outbidding between Terrorist Groups”

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A note for replicators

Conducting constrained maximum likelihood estimation (CMLE) requires specialized (open source) software that we are only able to run using the Ubuntu Linux operating system. We provide detailed setup instructions below. All results were produced on a computer using Ubuntu 20.04.4 (Focal Fossa) using R 4.4.1 (“Race for Your Life”) and Python 3.10.12.

Replication package contents

Files marked with (U) require Ubuntu, with the setup as described below.

- Basic Information
 - `readme.md` plain text readme (this file)
 - `readme.pdf` This document in pdf format
 - `replicateMainText.sh` (U) Reproduces all results in the main text using the code files below in order. Tables and Figures are produced and placed in the Output folder.
 - `replicateAppendix.sh` (U) Reproduces all results in the Appendix using the code files below in order. Tables and Figures are produced and placed in the Output folder
- Installation
 - `pyopt_setup_python3.sh` (U) A bash script designed to be run on a fresh installation of Ubuntu 20.04.4. This will install all the necessary outside software to replicate the results. (Internet connection is required)
 - `Rpackages.r` An R script that installs all the R packages used here with the versions used here.
- Data: These are both the original data used in the analysis as well as the merged and complete versions used in the analysis.
 - `acosta1993.csv` Acosta and Ramos’ (2017) data to supplement missing data from the Global Terrorism Database (GTD).
 - `actionsSetup.Rdata` Produced by `buildDataSets.r`, below, aggregates the GTD data to monthly level. This produces the main measurement of the actions
 - `actionsSetup_byAttackType.Rdata` Produced by `buildDataSets_byAttackType.r`, below, aggregates terrorism data by attack type.

- `corruption_WBG.csv` World Bank attitudes towards corruption data for the Palestinian Territories.
- `cpsr.csv` Survey data from CPSR/PCPSR.
- `cpsr_GAZA.csv` Survey data from CPSR/PCPSR, disaggregated to just the Gaza Strip
- `cpsr_WB.csv` Survey data from CPSR/PCPSR, disaggregated to just the West Bank
- `ExtraFactors.rdata` Output from the latent measurement model for unemployment status and attitudes towards violence. Produced by `appendixD_latentMeasures.r`, below.
- `gadm41_PSE.gpkg` Spatial administrative lines file used to assess the location of the West Bank and Gaza Strip for rainfall data.
- `gtd.csv` Terrorist attacks data from the GTD.
- `jmcc.csv` Survey data from JMCC
- `jmcc_2003.csv` Survey data from JMCC, with additional details collected later in the analysis
- `jmcc_GAZA.csv` Survey data from JMCC, disaggregated to just the Gaza Strip
- `jmcc_WB.csv` Survey data from JMCC, disaggregated to just the West Bank
- `measurement.rdata` The results of the measurement model that produces the latent state variable \tilde{s}^t . Produced by `measurementModel.r`, below
- `mortality_WB.csv` Infant mortality data for the Palestinian Territories from the World Bank
- `otherattacks.rdata` Palestinian Islamic Jihad (PIJ) attacks data from the GTD, produced by `appendixD_PIJatacks.r`, below
- `palestinian_deaths_2000_2008.csv` Palestinian fatalities data from B’Tselem (2000-2008)
- `palestinian_deaths_2008_2020.csv` Palestinian fatalities data from B’Tselem (2008-2020)
- `PalestinianDeaths.rdata` Aggregated data on Palestinian fatalities from B’Tselem. Created by `appendixD_aggregateDeaths.r`, below
- `rainData.rdata` Aggregated data on extreme rainfall in the Palestinian territories from the Global Precipitation Climatology Centre (GPCC) and provided by NOAA. Created by `appendixD_buildraindata.r`, below
- Code
 - Python3 (U)
 - * `attackProbs.py` Generate attack probabilities from values
 - * `estFunctions_NoComp.py` Estimation functions for the no competition model
 - * `estFunctions.py` Estimation functions for the main model
 - * `estFunctions_t4t.py` Estimation functions for the tit-for-tat model
 - * `fitChangingDeltas.py` Fit the model with different discount

- factors
- * `fitMainModel.py` Fit the main model
- * `fitMainModel_t4t.py` Fit the tit-for-tat model
- * `fitNoCompetition.py` Fit the no competition model
- * `fitSensitivity.py` Fit the main model, but designed for parallel use
- * `genGiven.py` Helper function for the estimation functions
- * `usaParam.py` Generate utilities from parameter and data
- R4.4.1
 - * Results: A folder of results that are saved and used along the way
 - * `appendixB.R` The numerical examples in Appendix B. Produces Figures B.1–4
 - * `appendixB_equilibiraSearch.R` Searches for different solutions to the numerical example.
 - * `appendixC_alternatives.r` Consider alternatives to the main measurement model. Produces Tables C.3–4
 - * `appendixC_geographic.R` Considers the geographical differences in the survey responses. Produces Figure C.2
 - * `appendixD_aggregateDeaths.r` Aggregates Palestinian fatalities from B’Tselem. Creates `PalestinianDeaths.rdata`
 - * `appendixD_buildraindata.r` Downloads rainfall data (1.2GB) from GPCC and produces the measures of extreme rainfall in the Palestinian Territories. Creates `rainData.rdata`
 - * `appendixD_civilianOrNot.r` Fits the civilian and non-civilian models in Table D.4
 - * `appendixD_latentMeasures.r` Fits the latent measurement model for unemployment status and attitudes towards violence. Creates `ExtraFactors.rdata`.
 - * `appendixD_PIJattacks.r` Aggregates PIJ attacks. Produces `otherattacks.rdata`
 - * `appendixD_robustness.r` Fits the robustness checks in Appendix D along with the sensitivity analysis. Produces Tables D.1–7 and Figure D.1.
 - * `appendixF.r` (U) Fits the simulations in Appendix F. Produces Figure F.1
 - * `appendixG_VAR_comparison.r` Fits the Vector Autoregression models in Appendix G. Produces Table G.4 and Figure G.1.
 - * `appendixH.r` (U) Fits the model at different temporal subsets. Produces Table H.1.
 - * `appendixI.r` (U) Fits the model with different discount factors. Produces Table I.1 and Figure I.1.
 - * `appendixJ1.r` (U) Fits the model with different discretization parameters. Produces Table J.1
 - * `appendixJ2.r` Fits the model with very coarse discretization parameters. Produces Table J.2 and Figures J.1–2.

- * `appendixK.R` Analyses and interprets β . Produces Figure K.1
- * `buildDataSets.r` Merges and aggregates the polling and terrorist attack data. Produces `actionsSetup.Rdata` and Figure A.1
- * `buildDataSets_byAttackType.r` Merges and aggregates the polling and terrorist attack data but breaks it down by target type. Produces `actionsSetup_byAttackType.Rdata`
- * `counterfactual_beta.R` Conducts counterfactual analysis on changes in the value of popularity (β). Produces Figure A.3.
- * `counterfactual_gamma.R` Conducts counterfactual analysis on changes the ability to affect popularity (γ). Produces Figure 6.
- * `counterfactual_kappa.R` Conducts counterfactual analysis on changes in the costs of terrorism (κ). Produces Figure A.4
- * `counterfactual_kappa_discussion.R` Conducts counterfactual analysis on changes in the costs of terrorism (κ). Produces Table 5.
- * `counterfactual_single_agent.R` Conducts the counterfactual comparisons with the single agent models. Produces Figure 5 and Table 4.
- * `graphAttackProbs.r` Produces Figure 3 and 4
- * `firststageboot.r` Function for a parametric bootstrap on the first stage
- * `firstStageEstimation.r` Fit the first stage model. Produces Table 1
- * `fitNoCompetition.r` (U) Fit the no competition model
- * `gamma2trans.R` Function to produce the Markov transition matrix from the first-stage results
- * `helperFunctions.r` Various helper functions
- * `helper_functions_t4t.R` Various helper functions for the tit-for-tat model
- * `liml.r` Functions for limited information maximum likelihood estimators (LIML) for IV regression
- * `measurementModel.r` Uses the polling data to produce the continuous version of the state space. Produces `measurement.rdata`, Figures 1–2, and Tables C.2–3.
- * `secondStageEstimation.r` (U) Fits the second stage model. Produces Table 2.
- * `secondStageEstimation_t4t.r`(U) Fits the tit-for-tat model.
- Output
 - Figures. A folder containing all the produced figures
 - Tables. A folder containing all the produced tables in text format

Ubuntu 20.04.4 setup

From a fresh installation of Ubuntu 20.04.4, you will need to use the following steps to prepare the replication environment. The iso image can be obtained [here](#).

1. Download the replication package
2. Extract the replication package to the desired location (`${REPDIR}`)
3. Open a terminal and navigate to Installation directory (`${REPDIR}/Installation`)
4. Run the file `pyopt_setup_python3.sh` using the command

```
bash pyopt_setup_python3.sh
```

This step may take up to 30 minutes depending on network speed, and you may be prompted to press “Enter” at one or more points in the process. As software is downloaded, updated, or installed you may notice various background notifications appearing. These are normal and can be ignored.

5. Run the file `Rpackages.R`

```
Rscript Rpackages.R
```

6. We are now ready to produce the results

Order of replication

Any file can be run and will produce the desired output as listed in its description. Two additional script files are provided to replicate the main paper and the appendix, respectively. These call the scripts, in order, to produce the files in the Output folder. Once the above installation is complete, these can be run by opening the terminal in this folder and running

```
nohup bash replicateMainText.sh &
```

or

```
nohup bash replicateAppendix.sh &
```

respectively. Note the use of `nohup` allows you to let these run in the background for as long as needed. This can be useful if you’re replicating this on a remote device. Additionally, note that some files produce results for both the main text and the appendix.