Spring 2024 Practice Final Exam

Foundations of Data Science

Name		

Instructions

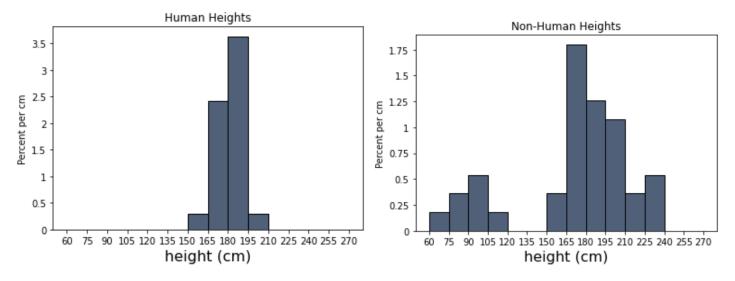
- Open the Final Exam Reference Guide linked on the Canvas navigation bar for our course.
- Browse the Table Reference page at the end of this document.
- Select the correct response(s) or provide a written response depending on the question type. If a prompt implies you should write code, then you can provide your own code or use the provided template. Try to provide your responses in the spaces provided. If you find that you need additional space, write your extended response(s) on a blank sheet of paper and number them, so we can connect your response to the question.
- You can assume the following code has been run, when you are writing your responses for Section B:

```
from datascience import *
import numpy as np
import matplotlib+
%matplotlib inline
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.style.use('fivethirtyeight')
```

• Once you have made an attempt on the exam, upload a PDF of your attempt to Canvas for a Complete score. Sample solutions will be released after the submission deadline.

This practice exam contains questions from past DATA 8 final exams in addition to a few additional or modified questions.

- 3. The following histograms display the distribution of the heights of humans and non-humans based on the Star Wars character data found in the table characters. Respond to the following prompts based on these visuals.



- (a) Based on the plot shown above, between 3% and 4% of humans have a height between 180 cm and 195 cm (not including 195 cm). Select one.
 - True

 - O This is not possible to determine from the graphic.

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) Tru	,						
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	(c) According to standard devi	ation of huma				non-nun	nan neights is	s larger than the
	○ Tru	e						
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		Everton	False	0	0.4	1	Lose	
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	(a) Suppose Rebe	ecca would lik	e to und	lerstand	how Prior Go	als varie	s between m	atches that were
					_	would be	most approp	riate to visualize
		ip between the	ese varia	bles? Ch	loose one.			
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	the number of times that x appears in a .
	For example, count_elem(make_array('cat', 'cat', 'dog'), 'cat') should return 2.
	<pre>def count_elem(a, x):</pre>
G	Dunden Miffling is a namen common with multiple brough locations in the North costom. United States
0.	Dunder Mifflin is a paper company with multiple branch locations in the Northeastern United States Its employees at the Scranton branch are starting their own TikTok channel, but they don't know what content to post.
	They're inspired by trending challenges (i.e., hashtags, expressions, sounds) so they collect data about videos posted by other Dunder Mifflin branches (e.g., Utica, Stamford) as part of a company-wide challenge.
	The data are put into a table called TIKTOK_TBL (previewed in the Table Reference Section).
	(a) Write a Python expression that will return the three branches that earned the largest total number of likes.
	Hint: Your answer should return an array.

5. Define a function count_elem that takes two arguments: an array a and a value x. It should return

(b) Write a Python expression that will visualize the branch distribution of videos whose hashtags include $\TAG"$.

(c)	Rather than focusing on the trending challenges, Dwight's colleague, Jim, thinks a better strategy is to understand which branch has grown the most since its first post.
	He defines a branch's <i>growth</i> as the difference between the number of views on their first video and the number of views on their latest video.
	Suppose Jim writes the following partially completed code, which returns the name of the branch that has experienced the most <i>growth</i> :
	def growth(branch):
	latest_views =(1)
	first_views =(2)
	return latest_views - first_views
	<pre>branches = TIKTOK_TBL.group("Branch").select("Branch")</pre>
	growths =(3) branches.with_column("Growth", growths)(4)(4)
	branches.with_column(drowth , growths)(1/(1/
	i. Write a Python expression that should go in blank (1).
	The first of the state of the state (2)
	ii. Write a Python expression that should go in blank (2).

11.	Write a Python expression that should go in blank (3).
iv.	Write a Python expression that should go in blank (4).
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7.	Rotten Tomatoes, a movie review website, is measuring which of the two movies - Oppenheimer of Barbie - has higher reviews among Berkeley students. They believe that Berkeley students will give higher reviews to the Oppenheimer movie.
	Researchers at Rotten Tomatoes randomly sample 1000 Berkeley students and show each student both movies under identical viewing conditions. Immediately after watching each movie, every student is asked to rate that movie on an integer scale from 1 (worst) up to, and including 10 (best).
	The reviews are collected in a table named reviews; previewed in the Table Reference section.
	(a) Which of the following is a correct null hypothesis that Rotten Tomatoes should use to assess their claim? Select one.
	The Oppenheimer movie has a different distribution of reviews than the Barbie movie among the given sample of Berkeley students.
	The Oppenheimer movie has the same distribution of reviews as the Barbie movie among the given sample of Berkeley students.
	The Oppenheimer movie has a different distribution of reviews than the Barbie movie among Berkeley students.
	The Oppenheimer movie has the same distribution of reviews as the Barbie movie among Berkeley students.
	(b) Please state a clear and complete alternative hypothesis that Rotten Tomatoes should use to assess their claim.

(c) Rotten Tomatoes uses the **difference of means** as their test statistic. Complete the function below so that it returns the difference of mean reviews between the two movies. Larger values of the test statistic should favor the alternative hypothesis.

Note: Assume that the reviews_table argument resembles the reviews table above.

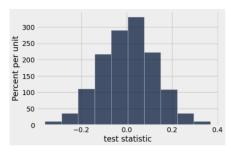
Hint: The group function will return a table that is sorted alphabetically based on the values in the column used for grouping.

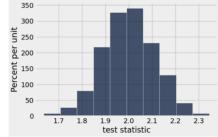
def test_statistic(reviews_table):

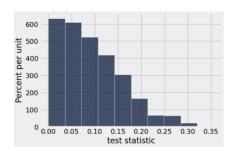
```
means_col = _____(A)______
return _____(B)_____
```

i. Fill in the blank (A)

- ii. Which of the following options is most appropriate for blank (B)? Choose one.
 - means_col.item(0) means_col.item(1)
 - means_col.item(1) means_col.item(0)
- (d) Which of the following may be used to create simulations under the null hypothesis? **Select all that apply.**
 - \square Shuffle the values of only the 'movie' column.
 - \square Shuffle the values of only the 'review' column.
 - □ Shuffle the values of the 'movie' column, then shuffle the values of the 'review' column.
 - □ Randomly sample all of the rows of the reviews table with replacement.
 - □ Randomly sample all of the rows of the reviews table without replacement.
 - \square None of the above.
- (e) Suppose we simulate 10,000 values of the test statistic under the null hypothesis. Which of the following will our distribution of simulated test statistics most closely resemble? **Choose one.**





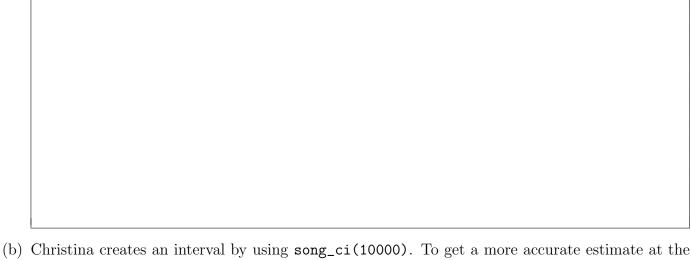


- The left graph
- The middle graph
- O The right graph

(f)	You obtain a p -value of 0.37 from your experiment above. Which of the following statements are true? Select all that apply.
	Note: Recall that larger values of your test statistic should favor the alternative hypothesis.
	☐ Your observed test statistic lies at the 63rd percentile of the distribution of test statistics simulated under the null hypothesis.
	\square 37% of the test statistics simulated under the null hypothesis were as, or less extreme than the observed test statistic.
	☐ The Barbie movie has higher reviews than the Oppenheimer movie among Berkeley students.
	\square With a p-value cutoff of 5%, our data are consistent with the null hypothesis.
	\square None of the above.
(g)	Which of the following statements are true? Select all that apply.
	☐ If Rotten Tomatoes repeats the same experiment, but instead, they sample 10,000 Berkeley students, the observed test statistic will more accurately reflect whether Oppenheimer is reviewed higher than Barbie among Berkeley students.
	☐ If Rotten Tomatoes repeats the same experiment, but instead, they sample 10,000 Berkeley students, the distribution of test statistics simulated under the null hypothesis will have a smaller standard deviation.
	☐ If Rotten Tomatoes repeats the same experiment, but instead, they simulate 1000 values of the test statistic under the null hypothesis , the distribution of these simulated test statistics will have a larger standard deviation.
	\square None of the above.

- 8. Christina is interested in learning more about the duration of songs on Spotify. She collects a random sample of 400 songs listed on the platform and stores the data in the table songs, which has one column labelled "Duration". The average song duration in the sample is 185 seconds and the standard deviation is 25 seconds. Christina wants to use this sample of songs to make some estimates about the population of songs and their durations.
 - (a) Define a function song_ci that constructs a 95% confidence interval for the population mean as follows and returns it as an array. The function takes in the argument reps, the number of bootstrap repetitions wanted.

```
def song_ci(reps):
    stats = _____(a)____
    for ____(b)____:
        resample = ____(c)____
        new_mean = ____(d)_____
        stats = _____(e)____
    left_end = ____(f)____
    right_end = ____(g)____
    return _____(h)_____
```



- (b) Christina creates an interval by using song_ci(10000). To get a more accurate estimate at the same level of confidence, Christina would like to create a new 95% confidence interval that is half as wide as this one. Which one of the following do you think is the best advice for her?
 - She should use song_ci(20000).
 - O She should use a sample of size 800.
 - \bigcirc She should use song_ci(40000).
 - \bigcirc She should use a sample of size 1600.

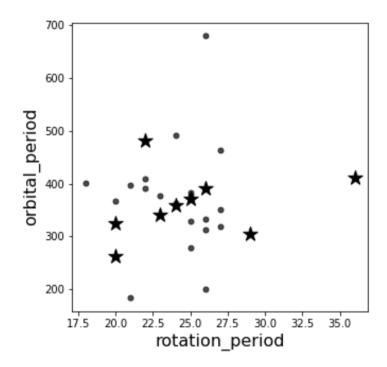
- 9. Waystar is an organization that owns businesses and trades stocks in a variety of sectors including media, entertainment, tech, etc. Its executive team wants to understand the performance of its businesses. Waystar executives Siobhan and Roman put together a table called performance (previewed in the Table Reference section), which contains randomly sampled public information about the various businesses' performance over the last 40 years.
 - (a) For the next three questions, assume you know the following:
 - The 'Profit' column has a mean of 50 and a standard deviation of 10.

The 'Year' column has a mean of 2000 and a standard deviation of 5.
The correlation between the 'Profit' and 'Year' columns is 0.5.
Suppose Siobhan wants to predict profit from year and decides to fit a regression line. Which of the follow is the regression line for this data? Select one
<pre>predicted_profit = 1 * year - 2050</pre>
<pre> predicted_profit = 1 * year - 1950 </pre>
<pre> predicted_profit = 1 * year </pre>
<pre> predicted_profit = 1 * year + 2050 </pre>
<pre> predicted_profit = 1 * year + 2050 </pre>
○ None of the above
For Waystar businesses in 2008, what would this regression line predict as the profit? Select
one.
\bigcirc 50 \bigcirc 52 \bigcirc 54 \bigcirc 58 \bigcirc 66 \bigcirc None of the above
Should Siobhan make a prediction using this regression line for the year 2023? They decide
to use a policy that the model should not be used for prediction if the input value is more
than 3 standard deviations above or below the average for that value. Select one.
Yes, the year is within 3 standard deviations of the sampled years.
Yes, the year is not within 3 standard deviations of the sampled years.
O No, the year is within 3 standard deviations of the sampled years.
O No, the year is not within 3 standard deviations of the sampled years.

(b) To forecast Waystar's performance, Siobhan wants to understand what the profits for the businesses might be in future years. She first creates a function called correlation, which returns the correlation between two numerical arrays. Complete her predict_profit function, which takes in a year_of_interest (int), years (np.array), profits (np.array), and returns the predicted profit for that provided year of interest. Note that the arrays years and profits can be assumed to have come from a table like performance (same columns and data types).

```
def predict_profit(year_of_interest, years, profits):
    r = correlation(___(a)___)
    slope = r * np.std(profits) / np.std(years)
    intercept = ___(b)___
    predicted_profit = ___(c)___
    return predicted_profit
```

10. Use a k-NN classifier to predict whether or not a planet in the Star Wars universe contains a temperate climate. The following scatter plot indicates data points associated with planets that contain a temperate climate with a solid dot and data points associated with planets without a temperate climate with a star. Each planet's rotation and orbital periods were used to plot the dots and stars.



(a) The planet Dorin has a rotation period of 22 and an orbital period of 409. The planet Endor has a rotation period of 18 and an orbital period of 402. Based on these values, write an arithmetic expression that Python can evaluate to calculate the distance between these two data points. (Optionally, provide a short explanation to help us consider partial credit in scoring.)

- (b) What has_temperate_climate label (True corresponds with a dot, False corresponds with a star) would a k-NN classifier with k = 5 assign to a planet with a rotation period of 22.5 and an orbital period of 600?
 - True
 - \bigcirc False

(c)	The tables training_planets and testing_planets are randomly created from all the available planets that have a column labeled as temperate with values True or False. The data in the training_planets table is visualized in the above scatter plot. All of the test data is shown in the testing_planets table.
	The k-NN classifier with $k=5$ predicated a True label (predicting that they would have a temperate climate on at least part of the planet) for all the planets in the provided test data. What would be the accuracy of the classifier in this case? Express your answer as a fraction or decimal that Python can evaluate. (Optionally, provide a short explanation to help us consider partial credit in scoring.)
	lassifier is considered to be overfitting if it performs very well on the training set, but not very well the test set. Select one.
	○ True
	○ False

12. In the year 2031, Rebecca and Sarah are excited to see Frank Ocean perform at a festival. Based on historical data, they know there's a 30% chance he will be on time, a 60% chance he will be late, and a 10% chance he doesn't show up at all.

Thankfully, they have found a website, willfrankbeontime.com, that attempts to predict the outcome of Frank Ocean's arrival. It returns one of the following:

- 'yes', if Frank will show up on time
- 'no', if Frank will show up late or will not show up at all

The website returns 'yes' 85% of the time when he was actually on time. The website returns 'yes' 11% of the time when he was actually late. The website returns 'yes' 8% of the time when he didn't actually show up.

Hint: it will help to draw a tree diagram.

Vou can larve your answer as a mathematical or python expression
You can leave your answer as a mathematical or python expression.
What is the probability that Frank is on time and the website returns 'no'?
You can leave your answer as a mathematical or python expression.
Suppose the website returns "yes". Which of the following represents the probability that Frank
was on time, given that the website returned 'yes'? Select one.
$\bigcirc 0.30 \times 0.85$
$\bigcirc 0.30 \times 0.85 \times 0.11 \times 0.08$
$ \bigcirc \frac{0.30 \times 0.85}{(0.30 \times 0.85) + (0.60 \times 0.11) + (0.11 \times 0.08)} $ $ \bigcirc 0.89 $
$\bigcirc \frac{0.85 \times 0.11 \times 0.08}{(0.30 \times 0.85) + (0.60 \times 0.11) + (0.11 \times 0.08)}$
Suppose Frank shows up late. What is the probability that the website correctly predicted that
he was not on time?
You can leave your answer as a mathematical or python expression.

Table Reference

characters

Here is a preview of the table characters:

name	height	mass	homeworld	human
Luke Skywalker	172	77	Tatooine	True
C-3P0	167	75	Tatooine	False
R2-D2	96	32	Naboo	False

... (45 rows omitted)

• name: (str) the name of the character

• height: (float) the height (cm) of the character

• mass: (float) the mass (kg) of the character

• homeworld: (str) the homeworld of the character

• human: (bool) an indicator if the character is human or not

TIKTOK_TBL

Here is a preview of the table TIKTOK_TBL:

	Branch	CHALLE	NGE	Day	Views	Likes	Shares	Hashtags
Stamford	d inve	erted	21	10324	4921	873	1 # inv	vert #symmetri
Utica	bur	y a friend	23	4021	189	276	1 # bil	lie #TAG #for
New Yor	k deja	a vu	27	32384	1029	59	1 #ny	c #doubletake
Stamford	d inve	erted	35	9349	2492	342	9 #inv	$\operatorname{vert} \# \operatorname{take2}$
Utica	inve	erted	24	8747	7803	581	2 #inv	vert #classic

... (NUM ROWS rows omitted)

The table has the following columns:

- Branch: (string) the branch that posted the video
- CHALLENGE: (string) the name of the trending challenge the video was created for
- Day: (int) the day of the post (1 = January 1, 32 = February 1, etc.)
- Views: (int) the number of unique users who viewed the post
- Likes: (int) the number of likes the post received
- Shares: (int) the number of times the post was shared by other users
- Hashtags: (string) the hashtags included in the post

reviews

Here is a preview of the table reviews:

movie	review
Oppenheimer	8
Barbie	9
Oppenheimer	6
Barbie	8

... (1996 rows omitted)

performance

Here is a preview of the table performance:

Name	Year	Revenue	Profit	Sector	Advice
Brightstar Cruises	2019	52.3	18.9	Entertainment	Hold
Adventure Parks	2018	42.8	16.3	Entertainment	Sell
Vaulter	2021	150.9	80.2	Tech	Buy

- ... (160 rows omitted)
 - Name: (str) the name of the business
 - Year: (int) the year of the financial performance
 - Revenue: (float) the business's revenue (in millions of USD)
 - **Profit:** (float) the business's profit margin (a percentage between 0 and 100)
 - Sector: (str) the business's sector in the industry
 - Advice: (str) Wall Street's stock purchase advice ('Buy', 'Hold', 'Sell')

$testing_planets$

Here is a preview of the table ${\tt testing_planets}$:

name	rotation_period	orbital_period	has_temperate_climate
Polis Massa	24	590	True
Hoth	23	549	False
Ryloth	30	305	True
Glee Anselm	33	206	True
Kashyyyk	26	381	False
Tatooine	23	304	False
Felucia	34	231	False
Muunilinst	28	412	True
Geonosis	30	256	True
Cerea	27	386	True