Wearable polyimide—PDMS electrodes for intrabody communication

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PDMS Electrodes

- silicone elastomer, poly(dimethylsiloxane)
 [PDMS] also known as Sylgard® (Dow Corning Corp.)
 - Excellent dielectrical properties
 - Flexible
 - Biocompatible
 - Good water and gas permiability

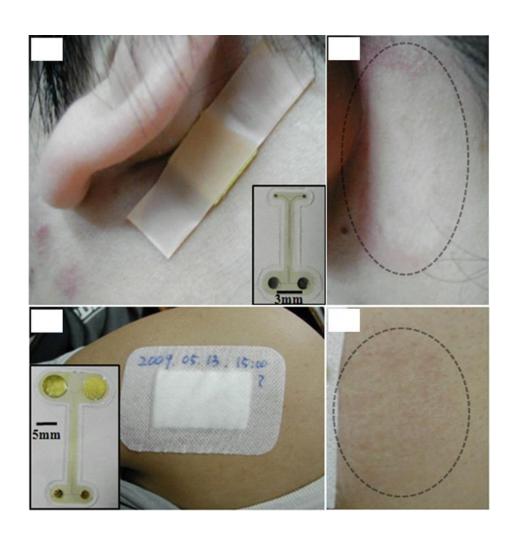
Electrode design

- Electrodes
 - Use for communication as I-BAN electrode
 - Wearable on body for more than a week
 - Does not damage skin
- Made of flexible polyimide (PI) encapsulated with polydimethylsiloxane(PDMS)

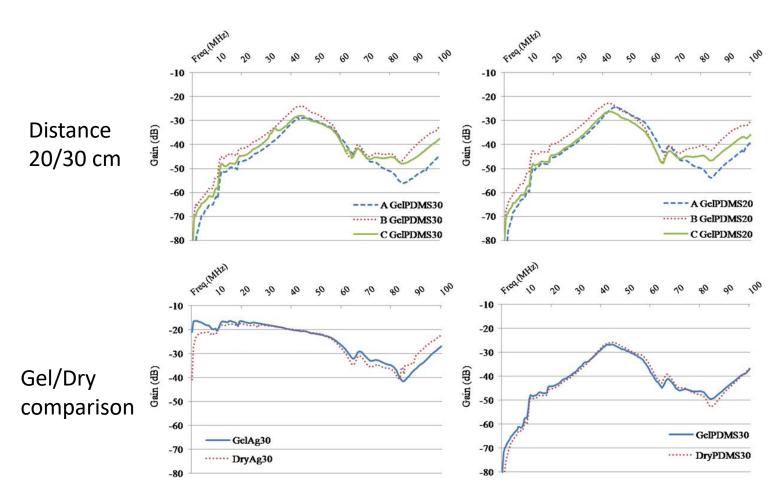
Testing

- Toxicity test on human mesenchymal stem cells shows that electrodes were non-toxic
- Sinusoidal signals of 45 MHz were successfully transmitted through the skin with high fidelity between dry electrodes separated by 30 cm. This is less affected by separation than AgCl electrodes.
- Durability electrodes were bent 700 000 times at an angle of 90

Wearing the electrode for one week



Testing comparisons in gain



Gain (dB) =
$$20 \log \left(\frac{RX \text{ signal's amplitude}}{TX \text{ signal's amplitude}} \right)$$

Impedance of electrodes

